FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2238

Introduced by

Senators Luick, Cook, Unruh

Representatives D. Johnson, Mitskog, Schreiber-Beck

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subsection to section 11-11-14 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to powers of the board of county commissioners; and to amend and

3 reenact section 32-15-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to limitations on eminent

4 domain authority.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 6 **SECTION 1.** A new subsection to section 11-11-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is 7 created and enacted as follows:
- 8 <u>To approve or deny the exercise of eminent domain authority by a state entity or</u>
- 9 political subdivision when the property to be condemned exceeds three hundred and
- 10 twenty acres [129.499 hectares] and is within the county governed by the board. For
- 11 purposes of this subsection, the term "political subdivision" does not include a
- 12 <u>municipality that exercises the municipality's eminent domain or extraterritorial</u>
- 13 <u>authority within the county where the municipality is located.</u>
- 14 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 32-15-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is

15 amended and reenacted as follows:

16 32-15-01. Eminent domain defined - How exercised - Condemnor defined -

17 <u>Limitations - Exceptions.</u>

- 18 1. Eminent domain is the right to take private property for public use.
- 19 2. Private property may not be taken or damaged for public use without just
- 20 compensation first having been made to or paid into court for the owner. When private
- 21 property is taken by a person, no benefit to accrue from the proposed improvement
- 22 may be allowed in ascertaining the compensation to be made therefor. Private
- 23 property may not be taken for the use of, or ownership by, any private individual or
- 24 entity, unless that property is necessary for conducting a common carrier or utility

Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly

- business. A determination of the compensation must be made by a jury, unless a jury
 is waived. The right of eminent domain may be exercised in the manner provided in
 this chapter.
- 4 3. <u>Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a state entity or political subdivision may</u>
- 5 not acquire private property in excess of three hundred and twenty acres [129.499
- 6 <u>hectares] through the use of eminent domain without prior approval from the county</u>
- 7 <u>commission of the county where the property is located. For purposes of this</u>
- 8 <u>subsection, the term "political subdivision" does not include a municipality that</u>
- 9 <u>exercises the municipality's eminent domain or extraterritorial authority within the</u>
- 10 <u>county where the municipality is located.</u>
- <u>4.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a public use or a public purpose does not
 include public benefits of economic development, including an increase in tax base,
 tax revenues, employment, or general economic health.
- 4.5. For the purpose of this chapter, "condemnor" means a person empowered to take
 property under the power of eminent domain.