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FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2065

Introduced by

Energy and Natural Resources Committee

(At the request of the Industrial Commission)

1	A BILL for an Act to create and enact section 15-05-09.1 and a new subdivision to subsection 2
2	of section 28-32-01 and chapter 38-25 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the
3	authority of the board of university and school lands to lease lands under its control for the
4	underground storage of oil or gas and the definition of an administrative agency and the
5	jurisdiction of the industrial commission to regulate the permitting and amalgamation of the
6	underground storage of oil or gas; and to amend and reenact sections 15-05-09 and 15-05-10
7	of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to oil and gas leases and royalties from oil leases.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9	SECTION 1. Section 15-05-09.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
10	as follows:
11	15-05-09.1. Authorization to lease for the underground storage of oil or gas.
12	The board of university and school lands may lease any lands under the board's control for
13	the underground storage of oil, natural gas, including hydrogen, and any other liquid
14	hydrocarbons and may establish any rules and regulations necessary concerning the leasing of
15	such rights.
16	SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15-05-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended and reenacted as follows:
18	15-05-09. Leases for oil, gas, and other products.
19	The board of university and school lands may lease any lands under its control believed to
20	contain oil, gas, coal, cement materials, sodium sulfate, sand and gravel, road material, building
21	stone, chemical substances, metallic ores, or colloidal or other clays, or other naturally
22	occurring elements and their compounds, and may make and establish rules and regulations for
23	development and , drilling <u>, and mining</u> operations.

1	4. 5.	"Oil" includes crude petroleum oil and other hydrocarbons regardless of gravity which
2		are produced at the wellhead in liquid form and the liquid hydrocarbons known as
3		distillate or condensate recovered or extracted from gas, other than gas produced in
4	ı	association with oil and commonly known as casinghead gas.
5	5. 6.	"Permit" means a permit issued by the commission allowing a person to operate an
6	, ,,	underground storage facility.
7	6. 7.	"Pore space" has the same meaning as in section 47-31-02.
8	7. 8.	"Prevent waste" means the locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or
9		producing of any oil or gas storage well or facility in a manner that increases the
10		quantity of oil or gas stored, or which decreases unnecessary loss or destruction of oil
11		or gas.
12	9.	"Reservoir" means a subsurface sedimentary stratum, formation, aquifer, or void,
13		whether natural or artificially created, including oil and gas reservoirs and saline
14		formations suitable for or capable of being made suitable for injecting, storing, and
15	I	withdrawing oil or gas. The term does not include salt caverns.
16	8. 10.	"Salt cavern" means a natural occurring cavity contained within a salt formation or a
17		cavity created in a salt formation by solution mining, suitable for injecting, storing, and
18	I	withdrawing oil or gas.
19	9. 11.	"Solution mining" means the process of injecting fluid into a well to dissolve rock salt
20		or other readily soluble rock to create a salt cavern for underground storage of oil or
21	I	gas.
22	10. 12.	"Storage facility" means the reservoir, salt cavern, underground equipment, and
23		surface facilities and equipment used or proposed to be used in an underground
24		storage operation. The term does not include a pipeline used to transport oil or gas to
25	I	the storage facility.
26	11. 13.	"Storage operator" means a person holding or applying for a permit.
27	14.	"Waste" means the inefficient storing of oil or gas.
28	<u>38-2</u>	25-02. Commission authority.
29	The	commission has authority:

1		kilometer] of the reservoir's or salt cavern's boundaries. The notice of hearing must be
2		mailed to an owner's last known address.
3	<u>4.</u>	If the proposed storage facility contemplates storage of oil or gas in an oil and gas
4		reservoir, notice of the hearing also must be givenmailed to each mineral lessee,
5		mineral owner of record, and pore space owner of record within the storage reservoir
6		and within one-half mile [0.80 kilometer] of the storage reservoir's boundaries.
7	<u>5.</u>	If the proposed storage facility contemplates storage of oil or gas in a salt cavern,
8		notice of the hearing must be givenmailed to each salt mineral lessee, salt mineral
9		owner of record, and pore space owner of record within the salt cavern outer
10		boundaries and within one-half mile [0.80 kilometer] of the outer boundaries of the salt
11		cavern, or as otherwise may be required by the commission.
12	<u>6.</u>	If the storage facility contemplates storage of oil or gas in a saline formation or aquifer,
13		notice of hearing must be givenmailed to each pore space owner of record within the
14		storage reservoir and within one-half mile [0.80 kilometer] of the storage reservoir's
15		boundaries.
16	<u>7.</u>	Hearing notices required by this section must comply with the deadlines set by the
17		commission and must contain the information the commission requires.
18	<u>38-2</u>	25-05. Permit requirements - Storage in oil and gas reservoir.
19	<u>Befo</u>	ore issuing a permit for storage in an oil and gas reservoir, the commission shall find:
20	<u>1.</u>	The storage operator has or will obtain the consent by lease, purchase, or other
21		agreement from all surface owners where surface disturbance activities are necessary
22		and surface facilities will be located.
23	<u>2.</u>	The storage operator has complied with all requirements set by the commission.
24	<u>3.</u>	The storage facility is suitable and feasible for the injection, storage, and withdrawal of
25		oil or gas.
26	<u>4.</u>	The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to get the consent of all persons
27		that own the storage reservoir's pore space.
28	<u>5.</u>	The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons
29		that own oil and gas minerals and oil and gas leases.
30	<u>6.</u>	The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least fifty-five
31		percent of the storage reservoir's pore space unless the percentage required to unitize

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1	<u>16.</u>	The method of underground storage is reasonably necessary to effectively carry on
2		the joint effort, will prevent waste, protect correlative rights of the mineral and surface
3		estate, and, with reasonable probability, will result in the increased storage and
4		recovery of more oil and gas.
5	17	The time, conditions, and method by which the storage facility must be dissolved and
6		the facility's affairs wound up. A storage facility may be dissolved ten years after the
7		storage facility permit is issued upon a petition to the commission by the pore space
8		owners and mineral owners that are credited with at least the percentage of interest of
9		the pore space required to ratify the storage facility amalgamation agreement, and a
10		subsequent hearing and order by the commission.
11	18.	All nonconsenting owners are or will be compensated equitably.
12	<u>38-2</u>	25-06. Permit requirements - Storage in saline reservoir or aquifer.
13	<u>Befo</u>	ore issuing a permit for storage in a saline reservoir or aquifer, the commission shall
14	<u>find:</u>	
15	<u>1.</u>	The storage operator has or will obtain the consent by lease, purchase, or other
16		agreement from all surface owners where surface disturbance activities are necessary
17		and surface facilities will be located.
18	<u>2.</u>	The storage operator has complied with all requirements set by the commission.
19	<u>3.</u>	The storage facility is suitable and feasible for the injection, storage, and withdrawal of
20		oil or gas.
21	<u>4.</u>	The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons
22		that own the storage reservoir's pore space.
23	<u>5.</u>	The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least
24		fifty-fivesixty percent of the storage reservoir's pore space.
25	<u>6.</u>	The proposed storage facility will not affect adversely surface waters or formations
26		containing fresh water.
27	<u>7.</u>	The injected oil or gas will not escape from the storage reservoir.
28	<u>8.</u>	The storage facility will not endanger health or unduly endanger the environment.
29	<u>9.</u>	The storage facility is in the public interest.
30	<u>10.</u>	The vertical boundaries of the storage reservoir are defined to include any necessary
31		or reasonable buffer zones for the purpose of ensuring the safe operations of the

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1	<u>4.</u>	The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons
2		that own the salt cavern's pore space.
3	<u>5.</u>	The storage operator has made a good-faith effort to obtain the consent of all persons
4		that own the salt cavern's salt minerals and salt leases.
5	<u>6.</u>	The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least
6		fifty-fivesixty percent of the salt cavern's pore space.
7	<u>7.</u>	The storage operator has obtained the consent of persons that own at least fifty-five
8		percent of the salt cavern's salt minerals and salt leases.
9	<u>8.</u>	The proposed storage facility will not affect adversely surface waters or formations
10		containing fresh water.
11	<u>9.</u>	The injected oil or gas will not escape from the salt cavern.
12	<u>10.</u>	The storage facility will not endanger health or unduly endanger the environment.
13	<u>11.</u>	The storage facility is in the public interest.
14	<u>12.</u>	The horizontal and vertical boundaries of the salt cavern are defined to include a
15		buffer zone from the outer walls of the cavern for the purpose of ensuring the safe
16		operation of the storage facility and to protect the storage facility against pollution,
17		invasion, and escape or migration of gas therefrom.
18	<u>13.</u>	The storage operator will establish monitoring facilities and protocols to assess the
19		location and migration of oil and gas, if any, injected for storage and to ensure
20		compliance with all permit, statutory, and administrative requirements.
21	<u>14.</u>	The method of underground storage is reasonably necessary to effectively carry on
22		the joint effort, will prevent waste, protect correlative rights of the mineral and surface
23		estate, and, with reasonable probability, will result in the increased storage and
24		recovery of more oil and gas.
25	15.	The time, conditions, and method by which the storage facility must be dissolved and
26		the facility's affairs wound up. A storage facility may be dissolved ten years after the
27		storage facility permit is issued upon a petition to the commission by the pore space
28		owners and mineral owners that are credited with at least the percentage of interest of
29		the pore space required to ratify the storage facility amalgamation agreement, and a
30	-	subsequent hearing and order by the commission.
31	16.	That all nonconsenting owners are or will be equitably compensated.

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1	2. The owner shall file the notice of appeal with the district court within sixty days of
2	notice of the commission's decision.
3	a. The notice of appeal must specify the compensation determination appealed
4	from and describe the real property valued.
5	b. The notice of appeal also must be served on the storage operator by certified
6	mail.
7	3. In a proceeding in district court under this section, the amount of equitable
8	compensation must be made by a jury, unless a jury is waived by the owner.
9	a. The appeal may be noticed for trial and tried as in the case of a civil action and
10	the court may direct issues to be framed, and require other parties to be joined
11	and to plead therein when necessary for the proper determination of equitable
12	compensation.
13	b. The owner shall present evidence, has the burden of proof, and has the right to
14	an opening and closing statement.
15	c. The amount of equitable compensation must be reassessed de novo and
16	apportion the same as the evidence and justice may require.
17	4. After a verdict has been rendered of an appeal under this section, the court may
18	award attorney fees and expenses to the owner in accordance with chapter 32-15.
19	5. The remedy provided in this section is cumulative and does not replace the right to
20	appeal under section 38-08-14 or chapter 28-32.
21	a. An appeal under this section is limited to the amount of equitable compensation
22	owed to a nonconsenting surface or pore space owner whose property is being
23	amalgamated under this chapter.
24	b. The commission's decision remains in effect when an appeal is taken under this
25	section.
26	38-25-11 38-25-12. Application.
27	This chapter does not apply to applications filed with the commission which propose to use
28	produced gas for an enhanced oil or gas recovery project. Those applications must be
29	processed under chapter 38-08.