Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

### **SENATE BILL NO. 2037**

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Water Drainage Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 61-16.1 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to calculations of costs and benefits for assessment projects; to amend
- 3 and reenact sections 61-16.1-02, 61-16.1-09.1, 61-16.1-12.1, 61-16.1-15, 61-16.1-17,
- 4 61-16.1-18, 61-16.1-19, 61-16.1-20, 61-16.1-21, 61-16.1-22, and 61-16.1-23 of the North
- 5 Dakota Century Code, relating to costs, benefits, and special assessments for water projects; to
- 6 repeal section 61-16.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to legislative intent; and to
- 7 provide a penalty.

### 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 9 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 11 **61-16.1-02. Definitions.**
- 12 In this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise provides:
- "Affected land" or "affected property" means land or property subject to special
   assessment or condemnation for a project.
- 2. "Affected landowners" means landowners whose land is subject to special
   assessment or condemnation for a project.
- 17 2-3. "Assessment drain" means any natural watercourse opened, or proposed to be
  18 opened, and improved for the purpose of drainage, and any artificial drain of any
  19 nature or description constructed for the purpose of drainage, including dikes and
  20 appurtenant works, which are financed in whole or in part by special assessment. This
  21 definition may include more than one watercourse or artificial channel constructed for
  22 the purpose of drainage when the watercourses or channels drain land within a
  23 practical drainage area.

- 3.4. "Assessment project" means any project financed in whole or in part by a special
   assessment.
- 3 <u>5.</u> "Benefited property" means property that accrues benefits from a project.
- 4 <u>6.</u> "Benefits" means the extent to which society and economies impacted by a project are made better off through lower costs, fewer damages, or enhancements.
- 6 <u>7.</u> "Commission" means the state water commission.
- 7 4.8. "Conservation" means planned management of water resources to prevent exploitation, destruction, neglect, or waste.
- 9 <del>5.</del>9. "Costs of the frivolous complaint" means all reasonable costs associated with the 10 requisite proceedings regarding the removal of obstructions to a drain, removal of a 11 noncomplying dike or dam, or closing a noncomplying drain, including all reasonable 12 construction costs; all reasonable attorney's fees and legal expenses; all reasonable 13 engineering fees, including investigation and determination costs; compliance 14 inspections; and necessary technical memorandum and deficiency review; and all 15 costs associated with any hearing conducted by a district, including preparation and 16 issuance of any findings of fact and any final closure order.
- 17 6.10. "District" means a water resource district.

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- 18 7.11. "Frivolous" means allegations and denials in any complaint filed with a district made without reasonable cause and not in good faith.
- 20 8-12. "Project" means any undertaking for water conservation; flood control; water supply; water delivery; erosion control and watershed improvement; drainage of surface waters; collection, processing, and treatment of sewage, or; discharge of sewage effluent; or any combination thereof, including purposes in this subsection, and includes incidental features of any suchthe undertaking.
- 25 9.13. "Water resource board" means the water resource district's board of managers.
- 26 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-09.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

### 61-16.1-09.1. Watercourses, bridges, and low-water crossings.

 A water resource board may undertake the snagging, clearing, and maintaining of natural watercourses and the debrisment of bridges and low-water crossings. The board may finance the project in whole or in part with funds raised through the

- collection of a special assessment levied against the land and premises benefited by the project. The benefits of a project must be determined in the manner provided in section 61-16.1-176 of this Act. Revenue from an assessment under this section may not be used for construction of a drain or reconstruction or maintenance of an existing assessment drain. Any question as to whether the board is maintaining a natural watercourse or is constructing a drain or reconstructing or maintaining an existing assessment drain must be resolved by the department of water resources. All provisions of this chapter apply to assessments levied under this section except:

  a. An assessment may not exceed fifty cents per acre [.40 hectare] annually on
  - a. An assessment may not exceed fifty cents per acre [.40 hectare] annually on agricultural lands and may not exceed fifty cents annually for each five hundred dollars of taxable valuation of nonagricultural property; and
  - b. If the assessment is for a project costing less than one hundred thousand dollars, no action is required for the establishment of the assessment district or the assessments except the board must approve the project and assessment by a vote of two-thirds of the members and the board of county commissioners of the county in which the project is located must approve and levy the assessments to be made by a vote of two-thirds of its members.
    - (1) If a board that undertakes a project finds the project will benefit lands outside water resource district boundaries, the board shall provide notice to the water resource board where the benefited lands are located together with the report prepared under section 61-16.1-17.
    - (2) The board of each water resource district containing lands benefited by a project must approve the project and assessment by a vote of two-thirds of its members. The board of county commissioners in each county that contains lands benefited by a project must approve and levy the assessment to be made by a vote of two-thirds of its members.
    - (3) If a project and assessment is not approved by all affected water resource boards and county commission boards, the board of each water resource district and the board of county commissioners of each county shall meet to ensure all common water management problems are resolved pursuant to section 61-16.1-10. In addition, the water resource board that undertakes

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- the project may proceed with the project if the board finances the cost of the project and does not assess land outside the boundaries of the district.
  - c. All revenue from an assessment under this section must be exhausted before a subsequent assessment covering any portion of lands subject to a prior assessment may be levied.
  - 2. Before an assessment may be levied under this section, a public hearing must be held and attended by a quorum of the affected water resource boards and a quorum of the affected boards of county commissioners. The hearing must be preceded by notice as to date, time, location, and subject matter published in the official newspaper in the county or counties in which the proposed assessment is to be levied. The notice must be published at least ten days but not more than thirty days before the public hearing.
  - **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-12.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 61-16.1-12.1. Water resource boards - Agreements with state or federal agencies for certain improvements.

A water resource board may enter into an agreement with any federal or state agency, or any combination thereofof federal or state agencies, for the construction of a project, under the terms of which the contract for the work is to be let by the federal or state agency or any combination thereofof federal or state agencies. If under the terms of the agreement at least fifty percent of the total cost of constructing the project is to be paid by the agency or agencies and if any portion of the cost of the project is to be paid by the levy of special assessments, the board may by resolution may create a project assessment district for the purpose of levyingto levy special assessments to finance the amount that the district will be obligated to pay in accordance with the agreement, over and above any other funds which are on hand and properly available for that purpose. The assessment district must <del>be of a size and form as to</del> include all properties which in the judgment of benefited property as determined by the board, after consultation with a registered engineer designated by the board for that purpose, will be benefited by the construction of the proposed project, and the board shall direct the engineer to prepare a map showing the boundaries of the proposed assessment district.

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- 1 The board by resolution shall by resolution declare the necessity of the project, set 2 forth the general nature and purpose of the proposed project, estimate the total cost of 3 the project, and the approximate amount or fraction of the cost which the district will be 4 obligated to pay under the agreement, and the fact that this amount, or a lesser 5 amount as the board may specify, is proposed to be paid by the levy of special 6 assessments upon benefited property within the assessment district determined to be-7 benefited by the project. The board shall causemail the resolution of necessity 8 together with, a copy of the map showing the boundaries of the assessment district, 9 and a notice stating the date and time by which the owners of any property liable to be 10 specially assessed for the proposed project must file their cast votes on the proposed 11 project with the secretary of the board to be mailed to each affected landowner 12 affected by the proposed project as determined by the tax rolls of the county in which 13 the affected property is located. The board may send the material by certified mail or 14 by regular mail attested by an affidavit of mailing signed by the attorney or secretary of 15 the board. The notice must also set forth the time and place where the board shall 16 meet to determine whether the project is approved. The notice must also be published 17 once in a newspaper of general circulation in the district and once in the official county 18 newspaper of each county in which the benefited lands areaffected property is located. 19 Within five days after the first mailing of the resolution the board shall causeserve a 20 copy of the resolution to be personally served upon any county, city, or township, in its 21 corporate capacity which may be benefited directly or indirectly from the construction 22 of the proposed project and upon any county which that may become liable for any 23 deficiency in the fund to be created for the project, by delivering a copy of the 24 resolution to any member of the governing body thereofof the county, city, or township.
  - 3. The meeting must be held not less than thirty days after the mailing of the resolution, at which time the board shall determine whether the project is approved. If the board finds that fifty percent or more of the total votes filed are against a proposed project, then the board may not proceed further with the proposed project. If the board finds that less than fifty percent of votes filed are against the proposed project, the board may proceed with the project. In any assessment district created under this section.

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- the board may dispense with <u>all otherthe</u> requirements of this chapter, other than those stated in this section.
  - 4. After the contract for the work has been let, the board may issue warrants on the fund of the project for the total amount of the cost thereofof the project, and the board, without holding the hearing required by section 61-16.1-18, shall proceed to determine and levy any assessments against benefited property benefited by the project and prepare an assessment list all in accordance with the procedures required by section 6 of this Act and sections 61-16.1-2161-16.1-22 through 61-16.1-24. The provisions of sections 61-16.1-25 through 61-16.1-36 are applicable to the assessments and the special warrants issued pursuant to this section.

**SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

# 61-16.1-15. Financing project through revenue bonds, general taxes, or special assessments - Apportionment of benefits Initiating an assessment project - Policy.

A water resource board shall have the authority, either upon request or by its own motion, temay acquire needed interest in property and provide for the cost of construction, alteration, repair, operation, and maintenance of a project through issuance of improvement warrants or with funds raised by special assessments, general tax levy, issuance of revenue bonds, or by a combination of general ad valorem tax, special assessments, and revenue bonds. Whenever a water resource board decides to acquire property or interests in property to construct, operate, alter, repair, or maintain a project with funds raised in whole or in part through specialassessments, such assessments shall be apportioned to and spread upon lands or premisesbenefited by the project in proportion to and in accordance with benefits accruing thereto. The board shall assess the proportion of the cost of the project, or the part of the cost to be financed with funds raised through levy and collection of special assessments which any lot, piece, orparcel of land shall bear in proportion to the benefits accruing thereto and any county, city, or township which is benefited thereby. In determining assessments, the water resource board shall carry out to the maximum extent possible the water management policy of this chapter that upstream landowners must share with downstream landowners the responsibility to provide for the proper management of surface waters.

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- SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 61-16.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 3 **61-16.1-17. Financing of special improvements Procedure.**
- 4 When it is proposed to finance in whole or in part the construction of a project with funds-5 raised through the collection of special assessments levied against lands and premises-6 benefited by construction and maintenance of such projectan assessment project is proposed, 7 the water resource board shall examine the proposed project, and if in its opinion. If the water 8 resource board decides further proceedings are warranted, it the board shall adopt a resolution 9 and declare that itdeclaring constructing and maintaining the proposed project is necessary to-10 construct and maintain the project. The resolution shall briefly state, identifying the nature and 11 purpose of the proposed project, and shall designated designating a registered engineer to assist 12 the board. For the purpose of making examinations or surveys, the board or its employeesthe 13 board's agents, after written notice to each landowner, may enter upon any land on which the 14 proposed project is located or any other lands necessary to gain access. The engineer shall 15 prepare profiles, plans, and specifications of the proposed project and estimates of the 16 proposed project's total cost thereof. The estimate of costs prepared by the engineer shall-17 include acquisition of must include the cost to acquire right of way and shall be in sufficient detail-18 to allowsufficiently detailed for the board to determine the probable share of the total costs that 19 willto be assessed against each of the affected landowners in the proposed project assessment 20 district under section 6 of this Act.
  - **SECTION 6.** A new section to chapter 61-16.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- Determining costs and benefits for assessment projects Limitations on assessments.
  - 1. For each proposed assessment project, the board or the board's agents shall inspect all lots, pieces, and parcels of land which may be subject to assessment for the proposed project to gather information necessary to calculate the benefits, in dollars, of the project to each lot, piece, or parcel. The calculation of benefits must occur before the hearing on the project under section 61-16.1-18.
  - 2. For each proposed assessment project that will cost one million dollars or more, the water resource board shall prepare a cost-benefit analysis of the project before the

- board may hold a hearing on the project under section 61-16.1-18. To prepare the
  cost-benefit analysis, the board shall use the economic analysis process developed
  under section 61-03-21.4 and calculate, in dollars, the total benefits anticipated from
  the project and the total costs anticipated for the project. If the calculated dollar
  amount of benefits does not exceed the calculated dollar amount of costs, the board
  may not levy special assessments for the project.
  - 3. Although the costs of a project must be assessed against property in proportion to benefits received from the project, a water resource board may not assess any lot, piece, or parcel of land or any county, city, or township an amount exceeding the dollar amount of benefits anticipated to accrue to the lot, piece, parcel, county, city, or township from a project.
  - 4. Property belonging to the United States is exempt from assessment for projects unless the United States has provided for the payment of any assessment that may be levied against the property for benefits received. Benefited property belonging to counties, cities, school districts, park districts, and townships is not exempt from assessment, and political subdivisions whose property is assessed shall provide for the payment of the assessments, installments, and interest by the levy of taxes according to law. Any county, township, or city assessed in its corporate capacity for benefits received shall provide for the payment of the assessments, installments, and interest from the political subdivision's general fund or by levy of a general property tax against all the taxable property in the political subdivision in accordance with law. A tax limitation provided by any statute of this state does not apply to tax levies made by a political subdivision for the purpose of paying any special assessments made in accordance with this chapter.

**SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 61-16.1-18. Hearing - Notice - Contents - Results of cost and benefit calculations.

Upon the filing of the engineer's report provided for in section 61-16.1-17, and after satisfying the requirements of section 61-16.1-216 of this Act, the water resource board shall fix a date and place for <u>a</u> public hearing on the proposed project. The place of hearing must be in the vicinity of the proposed project and must be

1 convenient and accessible for the majority of theaffected landowners subject to-2 assessment for the project or whose property is subject to condemnation for the 3 proposed project. The board shall cause a complete list of the benefits and 4 assessments to be made, setting forth each county, township, or city assessed in its-5 corporate capacity as well as each lot, piece, or parcel of land assessed, the amount 6 each is benefited by the improvement and the amount assessed against each. 7 At least ten days before the hearing, the board shall file with the county auditor of each 8 county or counties in which the project is or will be located the list showing the 9 percentage assessment against each parcel of land benefited by the proposed project 10 and the approximate assessment in terms of money apportioned thereto results, in 11 dollars, of the calculations required under section 6 of this Act and the engineer's 12 calculation of costs for the project. A certificate signed by a majority of the members of 13 the board attesting the calculations constitute a true and correct valuation of the 14 anticipated benefits of the proposed project described to the best of the members' 15 judgment and identifying the several costs for the project must be attached to the 16 results. Notice of the filing must be included in the notice of hearing. Notices 17 <u>3.</u> The water resource board shall provide notice of the hearing which must contain: 18 <u>Include</u> a copy of the resolution of the board as well asto proceed with the <u>a.</u> 19 project. 20 <u>b.</u> Specify the time and place where the board will conduct of the hearing. The notice-21 of hearing must specify 22 Specify the general nature of the project as finally determined by the engineer C. 23 and the board. The notice of hearing must also specify 24 <u>d.</u> Specify when and where votes concerning the proposed project may be filed. The 25 assessment list showing the percentage assessment against each parcel of land-26 benefited by the proposed project and the approximate assessment in terms of 27 money apportioned thereto, along with 28 Include cost and benefit calculations a copy of the notice of the hearing, muste. 29 <del>be</del>. 30 Be mailed to each affected landowner at the landowner's address as shown by <u>f.</u>

the tax rolls of the county or counties in which the affected property is located.

- The board may send the assessment listcost and benefit calculations and notice by regular mail attested by an affidavit of mailing signed by the attorney or secretary of the board. The board shall cause the notice of hearing to be
  - g. <u>Be</u> published once a week for two consecutive weeks in the newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the area in which the affected landowners reside and in the official county newspaper of each county in which the benefited affected lands are located.
  - 4. The date set for the hearing must not be less than twenty days after the mailing of the notice. A record of the hearing must be made by the board, including include a list of affected landowners present in person or by agent, and the record must be preserved in the minutes of the meeting. Affected landowners, Each affected landowner and the governing body of any county, township, or city to be assessed, must be informed at the hearing of the probable total cost of the project and their individual share of the cost and the portion of their property, if any, to be condemned for the project cost and benefit calculations.

**SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

### 61-16.1-19. Voting on proposed projects.

At the hearing <u>under section 61-16.1-18</u>, the affected landowners, and any county, township, or city to be assessed, must also be informed when and where votes concerning the proposed project may be filed. Affected landowners, and the governing body of any county, township, or city to be assessed, have thirty days after the date of the hearing to file theirthe votes for or against the project with the secretary of the water resource board <del>concerning the project</del>. Once the deadline for filing votes has been reached, <del>no more</del> votes may <u>not</u> be filed and no person may withdraw a voteor withdrawn. Any withdrawal of a vote concerning the proposed project before that time must be in writing. When the votes have been filed and the deadline for filing votes has passed, the board <u>immediately</u> shall <u>immediately</u> determine whether the project is approved. If the board finds that fifty percent or more of the total votes filed are against the proposed project, then the vote constitutes a bar against proceeding further with the project. If the board finds that the number of votes filed against the proposed project is less than fifty percent of the votes filed, the board shall issue an order establishing the proposed

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- 1 project and may proceed, after complying with the requirements of sections 61-16.1-21 section 6
- 2 of this Act and section 61-16.1-22, tomay contract or provide for the construction or
- 3 maintenance of the project in substantially the manner and according to the forms and
- 4 procedure provided in title 40 for the construction of sewers within municipalities. The board
- 5 may enter into an agreement with any federal or state agency under the terms of which the
- 6 contract for the project is to be let by the federal agency, the state agency, or a combination-
- 7 thereofboth. In projects in which If there is an agreement that for a party other than the board
- 8 willto let the contract, the board may dispense with all of the requirements of title 40. Upon
- 9 making an order establishing or denying establishment of a project, the board shall publish
- 10 notice of the order in a newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the affected
- 11 landowners reside and in the official county newspaper of each county in which the
- 12 <u>benefited affected</u> lands are located. Any right of appeal begins to run on the date of publication
- of the notice. As used in this section, "board" means water resource board.
  - **SECTION 9. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
    - 61-16.1-20. Voting right or powers of landowners.
- 17 In order that there may be a fair relation between the amount of liability for assessments
- and the power of objecting to the establishment of a proposed project, the voting rights of
- affected landowners on the question of establishing the project are as provided in this section.
- 20 The landowner or landowners of tracts of land affected by the project Affected landowners have
- 21 one vote for each dollar of assessment that to which the land is subject to or one vote for each
- dollar of the assessed valuation of land condemned for the project, as determined in
- accordance with title 57. The governing body of any county, township, or city to be assessed
- 24 also has one vote for each dollar of assessment against such the county, township, or city. There
- 25 may be only one vote for each dollar of assessment, regardless of the number of owners of
- 26 suchthe tract of land. Where If more than one owner of suchthe land exists, the votes must be
- 27 prorated among themthe owners in accordance with each owner's property interest. A written
- power of attorney authorizes an agent to protest a project on behalf of anythe affected
- 29 landowner or landowners that executed the power of attorney.
  - **SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 31 amended and reenacted as follows:

### 1 61-16.1-21. Assessment of cost of project.

#### Whenever

- 1. If the water resource board proposes to make any special assessment under the provisions of this chapter, the board, prior tobefore the hearing required under section 61-16.1-18, shall inspect any and all lots and parcels of land, which may be subject to assessment and shall determine from the inspection the particular lots and parcels of landsland which, in the opinion of the board, will be especially benefited by the construction of the work for which the assessment is made and. The board shall assess the proportion of the total cost of acquiring right of way and constructing and maintaining such improvement in accordance with the assessment project in proportion to the benefits received but not exceeding such benefits, against:
- Any any county, township, or city, in its corporate capacity, which may be benefited directly or indirectly thereby.
- 2. Any and any lot, piece, or parcel of land which is directly benefited by such improvement. However, no political subdivision or landowner may be assessed an amount that exceeds the benefits the political subdivision or lands owned by the landowner will derive from the assessment project.
- 2. In determining benefits the board shall consider, among other factors, property values, degree of improvement of properties, and productivity, and the water management policy as expressed in section 61-16.1-15. Property belonging to the United States shall beis exempt from suchthe assessment, unless the United States has provided for the payment of any assessment which mayto be levied against its property for benefits received. Benefited property belonging to counties, cities, school districts, park districts, and townships shall not beis not exempt from suchthe assessment, and political subdivisions whose property is so assessed shall provide for the payment of suchthe assessments, installments thereof, and interest thereon, by the levy of taxes according to law. Any county, township, or city assessed in its corporate capacity for benefits received shall provide for the payment of suchthe assessments, installments thereof, and interest thereon from itsthe political subdivision's general fund or by levy of a general property tax against all the taxable property thereinin the political subdivision in accordance with law. No tax limitation Tax limitations provided by any

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- statute of this state shalldo not apply to tax levies made by any sucha political subdivision for the purpose of paying any special assessments made in accordance with the provisions of under this chapter. There shall be attached to the
  - 3. Each list of assessments afor an assessment project under this chapter must have an attached certificate signed by a majority of the members of the board certifying that the same the list of assessments is a true and correct assessment of the benefit thereinproject's benefits described to the best of their the board members' judgment and stating. The certificate also must identify the several items of expense included in the assessment.

**SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

61-16.1-22. <u>Assessment listCost and benefit calculations</u> to be published - Notice of hearing <u>on assessments</u> - Alteration of assessments - Confirmation of assessment list - Filing.

After entering an order establishing thean assessment project, the water resource board shall cause the assessment list to be published publish a notice including the results, in dollars, of the calculations required under section 6 of this Act and the calculations of costs prepared by the engineer once each week for three successive weeks in the newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the district and in the official county newspaper of each county area in which the benefited affected lands are located together with a notice of. The published notice also must specify the time when, and place where, the board will meet to hear objections to any assessment by any interested party, or an agent or attorney for that party. The board also shall mail a copy of the <u>published</u> notice of the hearing in an envelope clearly marked "ASSESSMENT NOTICE" to each affected landowner at the landowner's address as shown by the tax rolls of the county or counties in which the affected property is located. The date set for the hearing may not be less than thirty days after the mailing of the notice. At the hearing, the board may make such alterations in alter the assessments as in its opinion may be the board deems just and necessary to correct any error in the assessment but must make the aggregateof all assessments equal to the total amount required to pay the entire cost of the work for which the assessments are made, or the part of the cost to be paid by special assessment. An assessment may not exceed the benefit as determined by the board to the parcel of land or

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- 1 political subdivision assessed. The board shall then confirm thean assessment list and theat the
- 2 <u>hearing. The</u> secretary shall attach to the list a certificate that the same stating the list is correct
- 3 as confirmed by the board and shall file the list in the office of the secretary.
- 4 **SECTION 12. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-23 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 61-16.1-23. Appeal to department of water resources.

After the hearing provided for in section 61-16.1-22, affected landowners and any political subdivision subject to assessment, having not less than twenty percent of the possible votes as determined by section 61-16.1-20, who which believe the assessment was not made fairly or equitably or the project is not located or designed properly, may appeal to the department of water resources by petition, within ten days after the hearing on assessments, to make a review of the assessments and to examine the location and design of the proposed project. Upon receipt of the petition the department shall examine the lands assessed and the location and design of the proposed project, and if it appears the assessments were not made equitably, the department may correct the assessments, subject to section 6 of this Act, and the department's correction and adjustment of the assessment is final. If the department believes the project was located or designed improperly, the department may order a relocation and redesign that must be followed in the construction of the proposed project. Upon filing a bond for two hundred fifty dollars with the board for the payment of the costs of the department in the matter, any landowner or political subdivision claiming the landowner or political subdivision will receive no benefit from the construction of a new project may appeal that issue to the department within ten days after the hearing on assessments. Upon an appeal by an individual landowner or political subdivision, the department may determine whether there is any benefit to the landowner or political subdivision, but not the specific amount of benefit. The determination of the department regarding whether there is a benefit is final.

**SECTION 13. REPEAL.** Section 61-16.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.