Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1316

Introduced by

Representatives Mock, Christy, Ista, Koppelman, Louser, D. Ruby, Wagner, Warrey Senators Conley, Meyer

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 39-10.1 of the North Dakota
Century Code, relating to autocycles:multipassenger bicycles; to amend and reenact sections
39-01-01, 39-08-01, 39-08-18, and 39-10.1-08 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to
definitions relating to autocycles:multipassenger bicycles, driving while under the influence of
intoxicating liquor, open container prohibition, and exempting autocycles:multipassenger
bicycles from the point system; and-to-provide-a-penalty; and to declare an emergency.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 8 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 39-01-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 9 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 10 **39-01-01. Definitions.**

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- 11 In this title, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
 - "Appropriate licensed addiction treatment program" means an addiction treatment
 program conducted by an addiction facility licensed by the department of health and
 human services or conducted by a licensed individual specifically trained in addiction
 treatment.
 - 2. "Authorized emergency vehicles":
 - a. "Class A" authorized emergency vehicles means:
 - (1) Vehicles of a governmentally owned fire department.
 - (2) Vehicles when operated by or under the control of a police officer having authority to enforce the provisions of this title or by a salaried employee of a municipal police department within the municipality or by a sheriff or deputy sheriff not including special deputy sheriffs, or by the director of the department of corrections and rehabilitation and the director's authorized

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1		agents who have successfully completed training in the operation of class A
2		authorized emergency vehicles.
3	(3)	Vehicles clearly identifiable as property of the department of corrections and
4		rehabilitation when operated or under the control of the director of the
5		department of corrections and rehabilitation.
6	(4)	Ambulances and other vehicles authorized by licensure granted under
7		chapter 23-27.
8	(5)	Vehicles operated by or under the control of the director, district deputy
9		director, or a district deputy game warden of the game and fish department.
10	(6)	Vehicles owned or leased by the United States and used for law
11		enforcement purposes.
12	(7)	Vehicles designated for the use of the adjutant general or assistant adjutant
13		general in cases of emergency.
14	(8)	Vehicles operated by or under the control of the director of the parks and
15		recreation department.
16	(9)	Vehicles operated by or under the control of a licensed railroad police officer
17		and used for law enforcement purposes.
18	(10)	Vehicles operated by or under the control of the state forester.
19	(11)	Vehicles operated by or under the control of the bureau of criminal
20		investigation and used for law enforcement purposes.
21	(12)	Vehicles operated by or under the department of health and human services
22		in cases of emergencies.
23	(13)	Vehicles used or operated by governmental search and rescue personnel
24		while performing emergency operations or duties. As used in this paragraph,
25		"search and rescue" means deployment, coordination, and use of available
26		resources and personnel in locating, relieving the distress, and preserving
27		the life of and removing an individual who is missing, trapped, or lost in the
28		backcountry, remote areas, or waters of the state. The term includes water
29		and dive rescue.
30	b. "Cla	ss B" authorized emergency vehicles means wreckers and such other
31	eme	ergency vehicles as are authorized by the local authorities.

1 "Class C" authorized emergency vehicles means: C. 2 Vehicles used by the state division of homeland security or local division of 3 emergency management organizations. 4 (2) Vehicles used by volunteer firefighters while performing their assigned 5 disaster and emergency responsibilities. 6 (3) Vehicles, other than ambulances, used by emergency medical services 7 personnel. 8 (4) Vehicles used by volunteer search and rescue personnel if performing an 9 emergency operation or duty upon the request of a state entity, political 10 subdivision, or volunteer fire department. A volunteer organization may 11 classify a personal vehicle as a class C emergency vehicle if needed to 12 assist in a search and rescue operation in accordance with this paragraph. 13 As used in this paragraph, "search and rescue" means deployment, 14 coordination, and use of available resources and personnel in locating. 15 relieving the distress, and preserving the life of and removing an individual 16 who is missing, trapped, or lost in the backcountry, remote areas, or waters 17 of the state. The term includes water and dive rescue. 18 "Autocycle" means a vehicle that: 19 Has fully operative pedals for propulsion entirely by human power; 20 Has at least four wheels and is operated in a manner similar to a bicycle; 21 Has at least five seats for passengers; 22 Has been designed to be occupied by a driver and powered either by passengers-23 providing pedal power to the drive train of the vehicle or by a motor capable of 24 propelling the vehicle in the absence of human power; 25 Is used for commercial purposes; 26 <u>Is operated by the owner of the vehicle or an employee of the owner of the</u> 27 vehicle; 28 Is equipped with antilock brakes; and 29 <u>Is equipped with a steering wheel that gives the driver exclusive control of the</u> 30 direction of the vehicle.

1 "Bicycle" means every device propelled solely by human power upon which any 2 person may ride, having two tandem wheels or two parallel wheels and one forward or 3 rearward wheel. The term includes an electric bicycle and an autocycle a 4 multipassenger bicycle. 5 4.<u>5.</u> "Bus" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying more than ten passengers and 6 used for the transportation of persons, and every motor vehicle, other than a taxicab, 7 designed and used for the transportation of persons for compensation. Provided, 8 every motor vehicle designed for carrying not more than fifteen persons and used for a 9 ridesharing arrangement, as defined in section 8-02-07, is not a "bus". 10 5.6. "Business district" means the territory contiguous to a highway when fifty percent or 11 more of the frontage thereon for a distance of three hundred feet [91.44 meters] or 12 more is occupied by buildings in use for business. 13 6.7. "Camping trailer" means a vehicular portable unit mounted on wheels and constructed 14 with collapsible partial side walls that fold for towing by another vehicle and unfold at 15 the campsite to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel 16 use. 17 7.8. "Cancellation" means a license is annulled and terminated because of an error or 18 defect or because the licensee is no longer entitled to the operator's license, but the 19 cancellation of a license is without prejudice and application for a new license may be 20 made at any time after the cancellation. 21 8.9. "Child restraint system" means a specifically designed device, built-in seating system, 22 or belt-positioning booster that meets the federal motor vehicle safety standards and is 23 permanently affixed to a motor vehicle, is affixed to the vehicle by a safety belt or 24 universal attachment system, or is combined with a federally compliant safety belt 25 system. 26 9.10. "Commercial freighting" means the carriage of things other than passengers, for hire, 27 except that such term does not include: 28 The carriage of things other than passengers within the limits of the same city; a. 29 Carriage by local dray lines of baggage or goods to or from a railroad station from b. 30 or to places in such city or in the immediate vicinity thereof, in this state, and not

1		to exceed two miles [3.22 kilometers] from the corporate or recognized limits of
2		said city; or
3		c. Hauling done by farmers for their neighbors in transporting agricultural products
4		to or from market.
5	10. 11.	"Commercial passenger transportation" means the carriage of passengers for hire,
6		except that the term does not include:
7		a. The carriage of passengers within the limits of a city.
8		b. The carriage by local buslines of passengers to or from a railroad station from or
9		to places within any city or within two miles [3.22 kilometers] of the limits of the
10		city.
11		c. The carriage of passengers under a ridesharing arrangement, as defined in
12	I	section 8-02-07.
13	11. <u>12.</u>	"Commissioner" means the director of the department of transportation of this state,
14	I	acting directly or through authorized agents as provided by section 24-02-01.3.
15	12. <u>13.</u>	"Controlled-access highway" means every highway, street, or roadway in respect to
16		which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no legal right of
17		access to or from the same except at such points only and in such manner as may be
18		determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over such highway, street, or
19	1	roadway.
20	13. <u>14.</u>	"Conviction" means a final order or judgment or conviction by the North Dakota
21		supreme court, any lower court having jurisdiction, a tribal court, or a court in another
22		state if an appeal is not pending and the time for filing a notice of appeal has elapsed.
23		Subject to the filing of an appeal, the term includes:
24		a. An imposed and suspended sentence;
25		b. A deferred imposition of sentence under subsection 4 of section 12.1-32-02; or
26		c. A forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure a defendant's appearance in
27	I	court and the forfeiture has not been vacated.
28	14. <u>15.</u>	"Crosswalk" means that part of a roadway at an intersection included within the
29		connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway
30		measured from the curbs, or, in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the

1 traversable roadway; or any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere 2 distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface. 3 15.<u>16.</u> "Dealer" means every person, partnership, corporation, or limited liability company 4 engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging motor vehicles, or who 5 advertises, or holds out to the public as engaged in the buying, selling, or exchanging 6 of motor vehicles, or who engages in the buying of motor vehicles for resale. Any 7 person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or association doing 8 business in several cities or in several locations within a city must be considered a 9 separate dealer in each such location. 10 "Department" means the department of transportation of this state as provided by 16.17. 11 section 24-02-01.1. 12 17.18. "Director" means the director of the department of transportation of this state as 13 provided by section 24-02-01.3. 14 18.19. "Driver" means every person who drives or is in actual physical control of a vehicle. 15 19.20. "Electric bicycle" means a bicycle equipped with fully operable pedals, a saddle or 16 seat for the rider, and an electric motor of seven hundred fifty or fewer watts which 17 meets the requirements of one of the following three classes: 18 a. A class 1 electric bicycle if the motor provides assistance only when the individual 19 is pedaling and the motor ceases to provide assistance when a speed of twenty 20 miles [32 kilometers] per hour is achieved. 21 b. A class 2 electric bicycle if the motor is capable of propelling the bicycle without 22 the individual pedaling and the motor ceases to provide assistance when a speed 23 of twenty miles [32 kilometers] per hour is achieved. 24 A class 3 electric bicycle if the motor provides assistance only when the individual C. 25 is pedaling and the motor ceases to provide assistance when a speed of 26 twenty-eight miles [45 kilometers] per hour is achieved. 27 20.21. "Electronic communication device" means an electronic device, including a wireless 28 telephone, personal digital assistant, a portable or mobile computer or other device, 29 and video display equipment. The term does not include a global positioning system or 30 navigation system or a device that is physically or electronically integrated into the 31 motor vehicle.

1	21. <u>22.</u>	"Essential parts" means all integral and body parts of a vehicle of a type required to be		
2		registered hereunder, the removal, alteration, or substitution of which would tend to		
3		conceal the identity of the vehicle or substantially alter its appearance, model, type, or		
4		mode of operation and includes all integral parts and body parts, the removal,		
5		alteration, or substitution of which will tend to conceal the identity or substantially alter		
6		the appearance of the vehicle.		
7	22. <u>23.</u>	"Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical mixture that is commonly		
8		used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any		
9		oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or		
10		packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by		
11		detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden		
12		generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of		
13		producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or by destroying life or limb.		
14	23. <u>24.</u>	"Farm tractor" includes every motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a farm		
15		implement for drawing plows, moving machines, and other implements of husbandry.		
16	24. <u>25.</u>	"Farm trailer" includes those trailers and semitrailers towed by a bona fide resident		
17		farmer hauling the farmer's own agricultural, horticultural, dairy, and other farm		
18		products if the gross weight, not including the towing vehicle, does not exceed		
19		twenty-four thousand pounds [10886.22 kilograms].		
20	25. <u>26.</u>	"Fifth-wheel travel trailer" means a vehicular unit mounted on wheels, designed to		
21		provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, of such size		
22		or weight as not to require a special highway movement permit and designed to be		
23		towed by a motorized vehicle that contains a towing mechanism that is mounted		
24		above or forward of the tow vehicle's rear axle.		
25	26. <u>27.</u>	"Flammable liquid" means any liquid which has a flash point of seventy degrees		
26		Fahrenheit [21.11 degrees Celsius], or less, as determined by a tagliabue or		
27		equivalent closed-cup test device.		
28	27. <u>28.</u>	"Foreign vehicle" means every motor vehicle which is brought into this state other than		
29		in the ordinary course of business by or through a manufacturer or dealer and which		
30		has not been registered in this state.		

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1 28.29. "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle without load plus the weight of any load 2 thereon. 3 29.30. "Guest" means and includes a person who accepts a ride in any vehicle without giving 4 compensation therefor. 5 30.31. "Highway" means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way publicly 6 maintained when any part thereof is open to the use of the public for purposes of 7 vehicular travel and of every way privately maintained within a mobile home park, 8 trailer park, or campground containing five or more lots for occupancy by mobile 9 homes, travel trailers, or tents when any part thereof is open for purposes of vehicular 10 travel. 11 31.32. "House car" or "motor home" means a motor vehicle which has been reconstructed or 12 manufactured primarily for private use as a temporary or recreational dwelling and 13 having at least four of the following permanently installed systems: 14 Cooking facilities. a. 15 b. Icebox or mechanical refrigerator. 16 Potable water supply including plumbing and a sink with faucet either C. 17 self-contained or with connections for an external source, or both. 18 d. Self-contained toilet or a toilet connected to a plumbing system with connection 19 for external water disposal, or both. 20 Heating or air-conditioning system, or both, separate from the vehicle engine or e. 21 the vehicle engine electrical system. 22 A 110-115 volt alternating current electrical system separate from the vehicle 23 engine electrical system either with its own power supply or with a connection for 24 an external source, or both, or a liquefied petroleum system and supply. 25 32.33. "Implement of husbandry" means every vehicle designed and adapted exclusively for 26 agricultural, horticultural, or livestock raising operations or for lifting or carrying an 27 implement of husbandry and in either case not subject to registration if used upon the 28 highway. 29 33.34. "Intersection" means the area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the 30 lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two 31 highways which join one another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area

1 within which vehicles traveling upon different highways joining at any other angle may 2 come in conflict. Where a highway includes two roadways thirty feet [9.14 meters] or 3 more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such divided highway by an 4 intersecting highway must be regarded as a separate intersection. In the event such 5 intersecting highway also includes two roadways thirty feet [9.14 meters] or more 6 apart, then every crossing of two roadways of such highways must be regarded as a 7 separate intersection. 8 34.<u>35.</u> "Intoxicating liquor" means and includes any beverage containing alcohol. 9 35.36. "Judgment" means any judgment which has become final by expiration without appeal 10 of the time within which an appeal might have been perfected, or by final affirmation 11 on appeal, rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction of any state of the United 12 States, upon a claim for relief arising out of ownership, maintenance, or use of any 13 motor vehicle, for damages, including damages for care and loss of services, because 14 of bodily injury to or death of any person, or for damages because of injury to or 15 destruction of property, including the loss of use thereof, or upon a claim for relief on 16 an agreement of settlement for such damages. 17 36.37. "Legal owner" means a person who holds the legal title to a vehicle. 18 37.38. "Licensed health care provider" means doctor of medicine, doctor of osteopathy, 19 doctor of chiropractic, optometrist, psychologist, advanced practice registered nurse, 20 or physician assistant who is licensed, certified, or registered in accordance with laws 21 and regulations in this or another state. 22 38.39. "Lienholder" means a person holding a security interest in a vehicle. 23 39.<u>40.</u> "Local authorities" includes every county, municipal, and other local board or body 24 having authority to adopt local police regulations under the constitution and laws of 25 this state. 26 40.41. "Mail" means to deposit mail properly addressed and with postage prepaid with the 27 United States postal service. 28 41.42. "Manifest injustice" means a specific finding by the court that the imposition of 29 sentence is unreasonably harsh or shocking to the conscience of a reasonable 30 person, with due consideration of the totality of circumstances.

1 42.43. "Manufactured home" means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, that, 2 in the traveling mode, is eight body feet [2.44 meters] or more in width or forty body 3 feet [12.19 meters] or more in length, or, when erected onsite, is three hundred twenty 4 square feet [29.73 square meters] or more, and which is built on a permanent chassis 5 and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when 6 connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, 7 and electrical systems contained therein. The term includes any structure that meets 8 all of the requirements of this subsection except the size requirements and with 9 respect to whether the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the 10 United States secretary of housing and urban development and complies with the 11 standards established under title 42 of the United States Code. 12 **43.44**. "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures, assembles, or imports and sells 13 new motor vehicles to new motor vehicle dealers for resale in the state; but such term 14 does not include a person who assembles or specially builds interior equipment on a 15 completed vehicle supplied by another manufacturer, distributor, or supplier. 16 44.45. "Metal tires" includes all tires the surface of which in contact with the highway is wholly 17 or partly of metal or other hard, nonresilient material except that this provision does 18 not apply to pneumatic tires. 19 45.<u>46.</u> "Mobile home" means a structure, either single or multisectional, which is built on a 20 permanent chassis, ordinarily designed for human living quarters, either on a 21 temporary or permanent basis, owned or used as a residence or place of business of 22 the owner or occupant, which is either attached to utility services or is twenty-seven 23 feet [8.23 meters] or more in length. 24 46.47. "Modular unit" includes every factory fabricated transportable building unit designed to 25 be incorporated with similar units at a building site into a modular structure to be used 26 for residential, commercial, educational, or industrial purposes. 27 47.<u>48.</u> "Motor vehicle" includes every vehicle that is self-propelled, every vehicle that is 28 propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated 29 upon rails, and, for purposes of motor vehicle registration, title registration, and 30 operator's licenses, motorized bicycles. The term does not include a snowmobile as

1		defined in section 39-24-01 or, an electric bicycle, or an autocycle multipassenger			
2		bicycle.			
3	48. <u>49.</u>	"Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of the			
4		rider and designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground,			
5		but excluding implements of husbandry. The term does not include an electric bicycle.			
6	49. <u>50.</u>	"Motorized bicycle" means a vehicle equipped with two or three wheels, foot pedals to			
7		permit muscular propulsion or footrests for use by the operator, a power source			
8		providing up to a maximum of two brake horsepower having a maximum piston or			
9		rotor displacement of 3.05 cubic inches [49.98 milliliters] if a combustion engine is			
0		used, which will propel the vehicle, unassisted, at a speed not to exceed thirty miles			
11		[48.28 kilometers] per hour on a level road surface, and a power drive system that			
2		functions directly or automatically only, not requiring clutching or shifting by the			
3		operator after the drive system is engaged, and the vehicle may not have a width			
4		greater than thirty-two inches [81.28 centimeters]. The term does not include an			
5		electric bicycle.			
6	50. <u>51.</u>	"Motor-powered recreational vehicle" means a motorcycle, unconventional vehicle, or			
7		off-highway vehicle as defined in section 39-29-01, or a snowmobile as defined in			
8		section 39-24-01. The term does not include an electric bicycle.			
9	51.	"Multipassenger bicycles" means a vehicle that:			
20		a. Has fully operative pedals for propulsion entirely by human power;			
21		b. Has at least four wheels and is operated in a manner similar to a bicycle;			
22		c. Has at least five seats for passengers;			
23		d. Has been designed to be occupied by a driver and powered either by passengers			
24		providing pedal power to the drive train of the vehicle or by a motor capable of			
25		propelling the vehicle in the absence of human power;			
26		e. Is used for commercial purposes;			
27		f. Is operated by the owner of the vehicle or an employee of the owner of the			
28		vehicle;			
29		g. Is equipped with a steering wheel that gives the driver exclusive control of the			
30		direction of the vehicle;			
31		h. Is equipped with at least one taillamp in accordance with section 39-21-04;			

1		i. Is equipped with a stop lamp in accordance with subsection 1 of section		
2		39-21-19; and		
3		j. Is equipped with headlamps in accordance with section 39-27-17.1.		
4	51. <u>52.</u>	"Nonresident" means any person who is not a resident of this state.		
5	52. <u>53.</u>	"Nonresident's operating privilege" means the privilege conferred upon a nonresident		
6		by the laws of this state pertaining to the operation by such person of a motor vehicle,		
7		or the use of a vehicle owned by such person, in this state.		
8	53. <u>54.</u>	"Official traffic-control devices" means all signs, signals, markings, and devices not		
9		inconsistent with this title placed or erected by authority of a public body or official		
10		having jurisdiction, for the purpose of regulating, warning, or guiding traffic.		
11	54. <u>55.</u>	"Operator" means every person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor		
12		vehicle upon a highway or who is exercising control over or steering a vehicle being		
13		towed by a motor vehicle.		
14	55. <u>56.</u>	"Operator's license", "driver's license", or "license to operate a motor vehicle" means		
15		any operator's or driver's license or any other license or permit to operate a motor		
16		vehicle issued under, or granted by, the laws of this state, including:		
17		a. Any temporary license or instruction permit;		
18		b. The privilege of any person to drive a motor vehicle whether such person holds a		
19		valid license; or		
20		c. Any nonresident's operating privilege as defined in this section.		
21	56. <u>57.</u>	"Owner" means a person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to a		
22		vehicle. The term includes a person entitled to the use and possession of a vehicle		
23		subject to a security interest in another person, but excludes a lessee under a lease		
24		not intended as security.		
25	57. <u>58.</u>	"Park", when prohibited, means the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not,		
26		otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or		
27		unloading.		
28	58. <u>59.</u>	"Passenger motor vehicle" means every motor vehicle designed principally for the		
29		transportation of persons and includes vehicles which utilize a truck chassis, but have		
30		a seating capacity for four or more passengers.		
31	59. 60.	"Pedestrian" means any person afoot.		

1 60.61. "Person" includes every natural person, firm, copartnership, association, corporation, 2 or limited liability company. 3 61.62. "Pneumatic tires" includes all tires inflated with compressed air. 4 62.63. "Pole trailer" means every vehicle without motive power designed to be drawn by 5 another vehicle and attached to the towing vehicle by means of a reach, or pole, or by 6 being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle, and ordinarily used for 7 transporting long or irregularly shaped loads such as poles, pipes, or structural 8 members capable, generally, of sustaining themselves as beams between the 9 supporting connections. 10 63.64. "Police officer" means every officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to make 11 arrests for violations of traffic regulations. 12 64.65. "Primary source identity document" means documentary evidence of an individual's 13 name, date of birth, and legal presence required in chapters 39-06 and 39-06.2 related 14 to the issuance of permits, licenses, and nondriver photo identification cards, and 15 retained in the driver record. 16 "Private road or driveway" means every way or place in private ownership and used 65.66. 17 for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from 18 the owner, but not by other persons. 19 66.67. "Proof of financial responsibility" means proof of ability to respond in damages for 20 liability, on account of accidents occurring after the effective date of the proof, arising 21 out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, in the amount of 22 twenty-five thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any 23 one accident, and, subject to the limit for one person, in the amount of fifty thousand 24 dollars because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one 25 accident, and in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars because of injury to or 26 destruction of property of others in any one accident. 27 67.68. "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property upon cars, other than streetcars, 28 operated upon stationary rails. 29 68.69. "Railroad sign or signal" means any sign, signal, or device erected by authority of a 30 public body or official or by a railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of 31 railroad tracks or the approach of a railroad train.

1 69.70. "Reconstructed vehicle" means any vehicle, of a type required to be registered, 2 materially altered from its original construction by the removal, addition, or substitution 3 of new or used essential parts. 4 "Recreational vehicle" means any motorcycle not qualified for registration, off-highway 70.71. 5 vehicle, snowmobile, vessel, or personal watercraft. The term does not include an 6 electric bicycle. 7 71.72. "Residence district" means territory contiguous to a highway not comprising a 8 business district, when the frontage on such highway for a distance of three hundred 9 feet [91.44 meters] or more is occupied mainly by dwellings, or by dwellings and 10 buildings in use for business. 11 72.73. "Revocation" means that the operator's license is terminated and may not be renewed 12 or restored, except on application for a new license presented to and acted upon by 13 the director after the expiration of the period of revocation. 14 73.74. "Right of way" means the privilege of the immediate use of a roadway. 15 74.75. "Road tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used for drawing other 16 vehicles and not so constructed as to carry any load thereon either independently or 17 any part of the weight of a vehicle or load so drawn. 18 75.76. "Roadway" means that portion of a highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for 19 vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder. In the event a highway includes two 20 or more separate roadways, the term "roadway" as used herein refers to any such 21 roadway separately but not to all such roadways collectively. 22 76.77. "Saddle mount" means placing the front wheels of the drawn vehicle upon the bed of 23 the drawing vehicle. 24 77.78. "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set aside within a highway for the 25 exclusive use of pedestrians and which is so plainly marked or indicated by proper 26 signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set aside as a safety zone. 27 78.79. "Salvage certificate of title" means a document issued by the department for purposes 28 of proof of ownership of a salvage or destroyed vehicle and not acceptable for motor 29 vehicle registration purposes. 30 79.80. "Schoolbus" means a motor vehicle designed or used to carry more than ten 31 passengers in addition to the driver, and is used for the purpose of transporting

1		preprimary, primary, or secondary school students from home to school, from school to
2		home, or to and from school-related events. For the purposes of chapter 39-21,
3		"schoolbus" means any motor vehicle that is owned or leased by a public or
4		governmental agency and used to transport preprimary, primary, or secondary school
5		students to or from school or to or from school-related events, or is privately owned
6		and operated for compensation to transport preprimary, primary, or secondary school
7		students to or from school or to or from school-related events. Schoolbus does not
8		include a bus used as a common carrier.
9	80. <u>81.</u>	"Semitrailer" includes every vehicle of the trailer type so designed and used in
10		conjunction with a truck or truck tractor that some part of its own weight and that of its
11		own load rests upon or is carried by a truck or truck tractor, except that it does not
12		include a "housetrailer" or "mobile home".
13	81. <u>82.</u>	"Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb lines, or the lateral lines of
14		a roadway, and the adjacent property lines, intended for use of pedestrians.
15	82. <u>83.</u>	"Solid tire" includes every tire made of rubber or other resilient material other than a
16		pneumatic tire.
17	83. <u>84.</u>	"Special mobile equipment" means every vehicle not designed or used primarily for
18		the transportation of persons or property and only incidentally operated or moved over
19		a highway.
20	84. <u>85.</u>	"Specially constructed vehicle" means any vehicle which was not constructed
21		originally under the distinct name, make, model, or type by a generally recognized
22		manufacturer of vehicles.
23	85. <u>86.</u>	"Stand" or "standing" means the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not,
24		otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving
25		or discharging passengers.
26	86. <u>87.</u>	"State" means a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of
27		Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a province of the Dominion of
28		Canada.
29	87. <u>88.</u>	"Stop", when required, means complete cessation from movement.
30	88. <u>89.</u>	"Stop" or "stopping", when prohibited, means any halting, even momentarily, of a
31		vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other

1		traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic-control sign or
2		signal.
3	89. <u>90.</u>	"Street" means the entire width between boundary lines of every way publicly
4		maintained when any part thereof is open to the use of the public for purposes of
5		vehicular travel.
6	90. <u>91.</u>	"Superintendent" means the superintendent of the North Dakota state highway patrol,
7		acting directly or through authorized employees of the superintendent.
8	91. <u>92.</u>	"Suspension" means that the operator's license is temporarily withdrawn but only
9		during the period of the suspension.
10	92. <u>93.</u>	"Through highway" means every highway or portion thereof on which vehicular traffic
11		is given preferential right of way, and at the entrances to which vehicular traffic from
12		intersecting highways is required by law to yield right of way to vehicles on such
13		through highway and in obedience to either a stop sign or yield sign, when such signs
14		are erected by law.
15	93. <u>94.</u>	"Trackless trolley coach" means every motor vehicle which is propelled by electric
16		power obtained from overhead trolley wires but not operated upon rails.
17	94. <u>95.</u>	"Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, streetcars, and other
18		conveyances either singly or together while using any highway for purposes of travel.
19	95. <u>96.</u>	"Traffic-control signal" means any device, whether manually, electrically, or
20		mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and to proceed.
21	96. <u>97.</u>	"Trailer" includes every vehicle without motive power designed to carry property or
22		passengers wholly on its own structure and to be drawn by a motor vehicle, except
23		that it does not include a "housetrailer" or "mobile home", which terms mean a vehicle
24		as defined in this subsection which is designed and intended for use as living or
25		sleeping quarters for people and which is not used for commercial hauling of
26		passengers.
27	97. <u>98.</u>	"Travel trailer" means a vehicular unit mounted on wheels, designed to provide
28		temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, and of such size or
29		weight as not to require a special highway movement permit when towed by a
30		motorized vehicle.

1	98. <u>99.</u>	"Truck" includes every motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for				
2		trar	sport	ation of property.		
3	99. <u>100.</u>	"Tru	uck ca	mper" means a portable unit that is constructed to provide temporary living		
4		qua	rters	for recreational, camping, or travel use; consists of a roof, floor, and sides;		
5	and is designed to be loaded onto and unloaded from the bed of a pickup truck.					
6	100. 101.	<u>.</u> "Τrι	uck tra	actor" includes every motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing		
7	other vehicles and not so constructed as to carry a load other than a part of the weight					
8		of the vehicle and load so drawn.				
9	101. 102.	<u>.</u> "Url	ban di	strict" means the territory contiguous to and including any street which is built		
0		up v	with s	tructures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses situated at		
11	intervals of less than one hundred feet [30.48 meters] for a distance of a quarter of a					
2	mile [402.34 meters] or more.					
3	102.103. "Used vehicle" means a motor vehicle which has been sold, bargained, exchanged,					
4	given away, or the title to which has been transferred to another, by the person who					
5	first acquired it from the manufacturer or importer, dealer, or agent of the manufacturer					
6	or importer.					
7	103.104. "Vehicle" includes every device in, upon, or by which any person or property may be					
8	transported or drawn upon a public highway, except devices moved by human power					
9	or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks. The term does not include an					
20	electric bicycle.					
21	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 39-08-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
22	amended and reenacted as follows:					
23	39-0	8-01	. Pers	sons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other drugs or		
24	substan	ces	not to	o operate vehicle - Penalty.		
25	1.	<u>a.</u>	A pe	erson may not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle upon a		
26			high	way or upon public or private areas to which the public has a right of access		
27			for v	rehicular use in this state if any of the following apply:		
28		a.	<u>(1)</u>	That person has an alcohol concentration of at least eight one-hundredths		
29				of one percent by weight at the time of the performance of a chemical test		
30				within two hours after the driving or being in actual physical control of a		
31				vehicle.		

1 That person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor. <u>(2)</u> 2 <u>(3)</u> That person is under the influence of any drug or substance or combination C. 3 of drugs or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of 4 safely driving. 5 That person is under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drugs d. (4) 6 or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of safely 7 driving. 8 <u>(5)</u> That individual refuses to submit to any of the following: 9 (1) A chemical test, or tests, of the individual's blood, breath, or urine to 10 determine the alcohol concentration or presence of other drugs, or 11 combination thereof, in the individual's blood, breath, or urine, at the 12 direction of a law enforcement officer under section 39-06.2-10.2 if the 13 individual is driving or is in actual physical control of a commercial 14 motor vehicle; or 15 (2) (b) A chemical test, or tests, of the individual's blood, breath, or urine to 16 determine the alcohol concentration or presence of other drugs, or 17 combination thereof, in the individual's blood, breath, or urine, at the 18 direction of a law enforcement officer under section 39-20-01. 19 f. Subdivision e 20 Paragraph 5 does not apply to an individual unless the individual has been <u>(6)</u> 21 advised of the consequences of refusing a chemical test consistent with the 22 Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of North Dakota. 23 <u>b.</u> The fact any person charged with violating this section is or has been legally 24 entitled to use alcohol or other drugs or substances is not a defense against any 25 charge for violating this section. It is an affirmative defense that a drug was used 26 only as directed or cautioned by a practitioner who legally prescribed or 27 dispensed the drug to that person. If the individual violated subdivisions a, b, c, or-28 d of this subsection and subdivision e of this subsection paragraphs 1, 2, 3, or 4 29 of subdivision a of this subsection and paragraph 5 of subdivision a of this 30 subsection and the violations arose from the same incident, for purposes of 31 suspension or revocation of an operator's license, the violations are deemed a

- single violation and the court shall forward to the department of transportation only the conviction for driving under the influence or actual physical control.
- c. AThe driver of a multipassenger bicycle is subject to a violation of this section but a multipassenger bicycle passenger on an autocycle may not be charged with a violation of this section.

2. An individual who operates a motor vehicle on a highway or on public or private areas to which the public has a right of access for vehicular use in this state who refuses to submit to a chemical test, or tests, required under section 39-06.2-10.2 or 39-20-01, is guilty of an offense under this section.

3. An individual violating this section or equivalent ordinance is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for the first or second offense in a seven-year period, of a class A misdemeanor for a third offense in a seven-year period, and of a class C felony for any fourth or subsequent offense within a fifteen-year period. The minimum penalty for violating this section is as provided in subsection 5. The court shall take judicial notice of the fact that an offense would be a subsequent offense if indicated by the records of the director or may make a subsequent offense finding based on other evidence.

Upon conviction of a second or subsequent offense within seven years under this section or equivalent ordinance, the court may order the motor vehicle number plates of all of the motor vehicles owned and operated by the offender at the time of the offense to be destroyed by the office of the police officer that made the arrest. The offender shall deliver the number plates to the court without delay at a time certain as ordered by the court following the conviction. The court shall deliver the number plates to the office and notify the department of the order. An offender who does not provide the number plates to the court at the appropriate time is subject to revocation of probation. The court may make an exception to this subsection, on an individual basis, to avoid undue hardship to an individual who is completely dependent on the motor vehicle for the necessities of life, including a family member of the convicted individual

and a co-owner of the motor vehicle, or if the offender is participating in the twenty-

5. A person convicted of violating this section, or an equivalent ordinance, must be sentenced in accordance with this subsection.

four seven sobriety program.

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- 1 For a first offense, the sentence must include both a fine of at least five a. (1) 2 hundred dollars and an order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate 3 licensed addiction treatment program. 4 (2) In addition, for a first offense when the convicted person has an alcohol 5 concentration of at least sixteen one-hundredths of one percent by weight, 6 the offense is an aggravated first offense and the sentence must include a 7 fine of at least seven hundred fifty dollars and at least two days' 8 imprisonment. 9 b. For a second offense within seven years, the sentence must include at least ten 10 days' imprisonment, of which forty-eight hours must be served consecutively; a 11 fine of one thousand five hundred dollars; an order for addiction evaluation by an 12 appropriate licensed addiction treatment program; and at least three hundred 13 sixty days' participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program under chapter 14 54-12 as a mandatory condition of probation. 15 For a third offense within seven years, the sentence must include at least one C. 16 hundred twenty days' imprisonment; a fine of at least two thousand dollars; an 17 order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction treatment 18 program; at least three hundred sixty days' supervised probation; and at least 19 three hundred sixty days' participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program 20 under chapter 54-12 as a mandatory condition of probation. 21 d. For a fourth or subsequent offense within fifteen years, the sentence must include 22 at least one year and one day's imprisonment; a fine of at least two thousand 23 dollars; an order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate licensed treatment 24 program; at least two years' supervised probation; and participation in the twenty-25 four seven sobriety program under chapter 54-12 as a mandatory condition of 26 probation. 27 e.
 - e. The imposition of sentence under this section may not be deferred under subsection 4 of section 12.1-32-02 for an offense subject to this section.
 - f. If the offense is subject to subdivision a or b, a municipal court or district court may not suspend a sentence, but may convert each day of a term of imprisonment to ten hours of community service for an offense subject to

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paragraph 2 of subdivision a. If the offense is subject to subdivision c, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for sixty days' imprisonment, under subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the offense is subject to subdivision d, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for one year's imprisonment, under subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the defendant is found to be in need of alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation, the district court may order the defendant placed under the supervision and management of the department of corrections and rehabilitation and is subject to the conditions of probation under section 12.1-32-07. The district court may require the defendant to complete alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation under the direction of the drug court program as a condition of probation in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court. The district court may terminate probation under this section when the defendant completes the drug treatment program. If the district court finds that a defendant has failed to undergo an evaluation or complete treatment or has violated any condition of probation, the district court shall revoke the defendant's probation and shall sentence the defendant in accordance with this subsection.

- g. For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this section.
- h. If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement upon conviction of a violation of this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an addiction evaluation has indicated that the defendant needs treatment, the court may order the defendant to undergo treatment at an appropriate licensed addiction treatment program under subdivision g of subsection 1 of section 12.1-32-02 and the time spent by the defendant in the treatment must be credited

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- as a portion of a sentence of imprisonment or placement under this section. A

 court may not order the department of corrections and rehabilitation to be

 responsible for the costs of treatment in a private treatment facility.
 - If the court sentences an individual to the legal and physical custody of the i. department of corrections and rehabilitation, the department may place the individual in an alcohol treatment program designated by the department. Upon the individual's successful completion of the alcohol treatment program, the department shall release the individual from imprisonment to begin the court-ordered period of probation. If there is not any court-ordered period of probation, the court may order the individual to serve the remainder of the sentence of imprisonment on supervised probation and the terms and conditions must include participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program and any terms and conditions of probation previously imposed by the court. Probation under this subsection may include placement in another facility or treatment program. If an individual is placed in another facility or treatment program after release from imprisonment, the remainder of the individual's sentence of imprisonment must be considered time spent in custody. Individuals incarcerated under this section subsequent to a second probation revocation are not eligible for release from imprisonment upon the successful completion of treatment.
 - j. If the individual has participated in the twenty-four seven sobriety program as a condition of pretrial release or for the purpose of receiving a temporary restricted operator's license under section 39-06.1-11, the sentencing court may give credit for the time the individual has already served on the twenty-four seven sobriety program when determining the amount of time the individual must serve on the twenty-four seven sobriety program for the purposes of probation, if that individual has not violated the twenty-four seven sobriety program before sentencing.
 - 6. As used in subdivisions b and c of subsection 5, the term "imprisonment" includes house arrest. As a condition of house arrest, a defendant may not consume alcoholic beverages. The house arrest must include a program of electronic home detention and the defendant shall participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety program. The

- defendant shall defray all costs associated with the electronic home detention. For an offense under subdivision b or c of subsection 5, no more than ninety percent of the sentence may be house arrest.
 - 7. As used in this title, participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program under chapter 54-12 means compliance with sections 54-12-27 through 54-12-31, and requires sobriety breath testing twice per day seven days per week or electronic alcohol monitoring, urine testing, or drug patch testing. The offender is responsible for all twenty-four seven sobriety program fees and the court may not waive the fees. For purposes of this section, the twenty-four seven sobriety program is a condition of probation and a court may not order participation in the program as part of the sentence. If an individual ordered to participate in the twenty-four seven program is not a resident of this state, that individual shall enroll in a twenty-four seven program or an alcohol compliance program if available in that individual's state of residence and shall file proof of such enrollment.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-08-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-08-18. Open container law - Penalty.

1. A person may not drink or consume alcoholic beverages, as defined in section 5-01-01, in or on any motor vehicle when the vehicle is upon a public highway or in an area used principally for public parking. A person may not have in that person's possession on that person's person while in or on a private motor vehicle upon a public highway or in an area used principally for public parking, any bottle or receptacle containing alcoholic beverages which has been opened, or the seal broken, or the contents of which have been partially removed. It is unlawful for the owner of any private motor vehicle or the driver, if the owner be not then present in or on the motor vehicle, to keep or allow to be kept in a motor vehicle when such vehicle is upon the public highway or in an area used principally for public parking any bottle or receptacle containing such alcoholic beverages which has been opened, or the seal broken, or the contents of which have been partially removed except when such bottle or receptacle is kept in the trunk of the motor vehicle when such vehicle is equipped with a trunk, or kept in some other area of the vehicle not normally occupied by the

driver or passengers, if the motor vehicle is not equipped with a trunk. A utility compartment or glove compartment must be deemed to be within the area occupied by the driver and passengers. This subsection does not prohibit the consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages in a house car if the consumption or possession occurs in the area of the house car used as sleeping or living quarters and that area is separated from the driving compartment by a solid partition, door, curtain, or some similar means of separation; however, consumption is not authorized while the house car is in motion. Any person violating this subsection must be assessed a fee of fifty dollars; however, the licensing authority may not record the violation against the person's driving record unless the person was the driver of the motor vehicle at the time that the violation occurred.

- 2. Subsection 1 does not apply to a public conveyance that has been commercially chartered for group use, any passenger for compensation in a for-hire motor vehicle, or a privately owned motor vehicle operated by a person in the course of that person's usual employment transporting passengers at the employer's direction. This subsection does not authorize possession or consumption of an alcoholic beverage by the operator of any motor vehicle described in this subsection while upon a public highway or in an area used principally for public parking.
- 3. The driver of a multipassenger bicycle may not:
 - a. Drink or consume alcoholic beverages, as defined in section 5-01-01, while
 operating the multipassenger bicycle on any public street, road, path, or highway
 or while in an area used principally for parking; or
 - b. Have in the driver's possession on the driver's person while operating the multipassenger bicycle on a public street, road, path, or highway or while in an area used principally for parking, any bottle or receptacle containing any alcoholic beverage which has been opened, or the seal broken, or the contents of which have been partially removed.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 39-10.1-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	39-10.1-08. Point system not applicable.
2	Any violation of this chapter, or any moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, or
3	any nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08 when committed on a bicycle er, an
4	electric bicycle, or an autocycle a multipassenger bicycle, as defined in section 39-01-01, is not
5	cause for the licensing authority to assess points against the driving record of the violator
6	pursuant to section 39-06.1-10. Any other legally authorized penalty for a criminal traffic offense
7	or noncriminal traffic violation is applicable to bicyclists.
8	SECTION 5. A new section to chapter 39-10.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
9	and enacted as follows:
10	Autocycles Multipassenger bicycles.
11	Unless otherwise allowed by a governmental entity having jurisdiction, an autocyclea
12	multipassenger bicycle may not be operated on any bicycle path or multi-use path.
13	SECTION 6. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.