23.0697.02001

FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2284

Introduced by

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Senators Schaible, Elkin

Representatives Heinert, Nathe

9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:
0	exemption, to provide for a transfer, and to provide an encouve date.
8	exemption; to provide for a transfer; and to provide an effective date.
7	management study; to provide a report; to provide an appropriation; to provide for an
6	transition maximums, and an increase in per student payments; to provide for a legislative
5	"probationary teacher", the definition of "weapon", modification of weighting factors and
4	Code, relating to the state board of public school education members, the definition of
3	section 15.1-27-04.1, and subsection 5 of section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota Century
2	subsection 6 of section 15.1-19-10, section 15.1-27-03.1, subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-03.2,
1	A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 15.1-01-01, subsection 8 of section 15.1-15-02,

10 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-01-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 11 amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-01-01. State board of public school education - Composition.

- The state board of public school education consists of the superintendent of public instruction and:
 - An individual representing Barnes, Cass, Grand Forks, Griggs, Nelson, Steele, and Traill Counties legislative districts ten, eleven, thirteen, sixteen, twenty-one, forty-one, forty-four, and forty-six;
 - An individual representing Benson, Bottineau, Cavalier, McHenry, Pembina, b. Pierce, Ramsey, Renville, Rolette, Towner, and Walsh Counties legislative districts nine, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, forty-two, and forty-three;
 - An individual representing Dickey, Emmons, LaMoure, Logan, McIntosh, Ransom, Richland, and Sargent Counties egislative districts twelve, twenty-two, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, and forty-five;

- d. An individual representing Burleigh, Eddy, Foster, Kidder, McLean, Sheridan,
 Stutsman, and Wells Counties legislative districts seven, eight, thirty, thirty-one,
 thirty-two, thirty-four, thirty-five, and forty-seven;
 - e. An individual representing Burke, Divide, McKenzie, Mountrail, Ward, and Williams Counties legislative districts three, four, five, six, fourteen, thirty-three, thirty-eight, and forty; and
 - f. An individual representing Adams, Billings, Bowman, Dunn, Golden Valley, Grant, Hettinger, Mercer, Morton, Oliver, Sioux, Slope, and Stark Countieslegislative districts one, two, twenty-three, twenty-six, thirty-six, thirty-seven, and thirty-nine.
 - 2. All board members other than the superintendent of public instruction must be qualified electors and must reside in one of the counties districts they represent.
 - 3. The governor shall appoint new board members from a list of three names submitted by a committee consisting of the president of North Dakota united or the president's designee, the president of the North Dakota council of educational leaders or the president's designee, and the president of the North Dakota school boards association or the president's designee. Two of the state board members must be members of the North Dakota school boards association. Two of the state board members must be Two of the North Dakota association of school administrators.
 - 4. Appointees serve for six-year terms, staggered so that the terms of two members expire on June thirtieth of each even-numbered year.
 - 5. If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint an individual to serve for the duration of the unexpired term.
 - 6. Each member of the board is entitled to receive, from the biennial appropriation for the superintendent of public instruction, compensation in the amount of sixty-two dollars and fifty cents per day and reimbursement for expenses, as provided by law for state officers, if the member is attending board meetings or performing duties directed by the board. The compensation provided for in this section may not be paid to any member who receives a salary or other compensation as an employee or official of this state if the individual is serving on the board by virtue of the individual's state office or state employment.

31

1 The superintendent of public instruction shall serve as the executive director and 2 secretary of the board. The superintendent shall call meetings as necessary, carry out 3 the policies of the board, and employ personnel necessary to perform the board's 4 duties. 5 8. The board shall annually elect one member to serve as the chairman. 6 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 8 of section 15.1-15-02 of the North Dakota 7 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 8 For purposes of this section, "probationary teacher" means an individual teaching for 9 less than two years in the school district. 10 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 6 of section 15.1-19-10 of the North Dakota 11 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 12 For purposes of this section: 13 "Firearm" has the meaning provided in Public Law No. 90-351 [82 Stat. 197; 14 18 U.S.C. 9211. 15 b. "School property" includes all land within the perimeter of the school site and all 16 school buildings, structures, facilities, and school vehicles, whether owned or 17 leased by a school district, and the site of any school-sponsored event or activity. 18 "Weapon" includes any switchblade or gravity knife, machete, scimitar, stiletto, <u>C.</u> 19 sword, dagger, or knife with a blade of five inches [12.7 centimeters] or more; any 20 throwing star, nunchaku, or other martial arts weapon; any billy, blackjack, sap, 21 bludgeon, cudgel, metal knuckles, or sand club; any slungshot; any bow and 22 arrow, crossbow, or spear; any weapon that will expel, or is readily capable of 23 expelling, a projectile by the action of a spring, compressed air, or compressed 24 gas, including any such weapon, loaded or unloaded, commonly referred to as a 25 BB gun, air rifle, or CO2 gun; and any projector of a bomb or any object 26 containing or capable of producing and emitting any noxious liquid, gas, or 27 substance. The term does not include a spray or aerosol containing CS, also 28 known as ortho-chlorobenzamalonitrile; CN, also known as alpha-29 chloroacetophenone; or other irritating agent intended for use in the defense of

an individual, nor does the term include a device that uses voltage for the

defense of an individual, unless the device uses a projectile and voltage or the

1			<u>dev</u>	rice uses a projectile and may be used to apply multiple applications of voltage
2			dur	ing a single incident, then the term includes the device for an individual who is
3			pro	hibited from possessing a firearm under this title.
4	SEC	СТІО	N 4. A	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5	amende	ed an	d ree	nacted as follows:
6	15.	1-27-	03.1.	Weighted average daily membership - Determination.
7	1.	For	each	school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
8		a.	1.00	0 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
9			edu	cational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
10		b.	0.60	O the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
11			pro	gram, including a migrant summer education program;
12		C.	0.40	0 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
13			(1)	On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
14				public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
15				of six categories of proficiency; and
16			(2)	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
17		d.	0.28	8 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
18			(1)	On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
19				public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
20				in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
21				of six categories of proficiency; and
22			(2)	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
23		e.	0.2	5 the number of full-time equivalent students under the age of twenty-one
24			enr	olled in grades nine through twelve in an alternative high school;
25		f.	0.20	0 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
26			edu	cation program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
27		g.	0.1	7 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
28			spe	cial education program;
29		h.	0.1	5 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight
30			enr	olled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen
31			hou	ırs per week;

1 0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district 2 has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and 3 the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square 4 miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area 5 greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than 6 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an 7 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership; 8 0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to 9 support the provision of special education services; 10 k. 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who: 11 On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of 12 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed 13 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the 14 third of six categories of proficiency; 15 (2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and 16 Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than (3)17 three years; 18 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of 19 students in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year 20 average percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for 21 free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act 22 [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.]; 23 0.002 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school m. 24 district that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting 25 the requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1; 26 0.601.0 the number of students by which the district's September tenth n. 27 enrollment report exceeds the number of students in the prior year's average 28 daily membership increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00; and 29 For districts paid based on September tenth enrollment in the prior year, 0.500.70 30 the number of students determined by deducting the number of students in the 31 prior year's September tenth enrollment from the prior year's average daily

- membership, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00. If the prior year's September tenth enrollment exceeds the prior year's average daily membership, then a deduction of 0.50 the number of excess students, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.
 - 2. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted average daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the district's average daily membership.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subdivision o of subsection 1 of section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

o. For districts paid based on September tenth enrollment in the prior year, 0.701.00 the number of students determined by deducting the number of students in the prior year's September tenth enrollment from the prior year's average daily membership, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00. If the prior year's September tenth enrollment exceeds the prior year's average daily membership, then a deduction of 0.501.00 the number of excess students, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted student units. For the 2022-23 school year, for school districts that operate multiple-kindergarten through grade twelve buildings at least nineteen miles [30.58 kilometers] apart, or multiple buildings at least nineteen miles [30.58 kilometers] apart with no-replicated grades, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine the school-size weighting factor for each building separately. The superintendent of public-instruction shall multiply the school size weighting factor for each building by the school district's weighted average daily membership to determine each building's weighted student units. The superintendent of public instruction shall combine the weighted student units of all buildings in the school district to determine the school district's weighted student units.

1	SECTIO	N 7. A	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended an	d reei	nacted as follows:
3	15.1-27-	04.1.	Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective
4	through Jun	e 30,	2025)
5	1. To 0	deterr	mine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of
6	pub	lic ins	struction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline
7	fun	ding d	consists of:
8	a.	Alls	state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
9		201	8-19 school year;
10	b.	An	amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public
11		inst	ruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
12	C.	An a	amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school
13		dist	rict during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
14		(1)	Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district
15			financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
16			superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
17		(2)	Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from
18			the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota
19			school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by
20			the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section
21			15.1-02-08;
22		(3)	Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district
23			financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
24			superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08,
25			with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an
26			educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition
27			received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and
28			beginning in the 2021-22 school year, seventeen percent of tuition received
29			under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an
30			air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, and an

additional seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to

1 educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding 2 received through federal impact aid each school year thereafter, until the 3 2024-25 school year when sixty-eight percent of tuition received under an 4 agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base 5 with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the 6 tuition calculation under this paragraph; 7 (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission 8 of electric power; 9 (5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from 10 sources other than coal; and 11 (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which 12 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); 13 An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the d. 14 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 15 Mobile home tax revenue: 16 (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and 17 (3) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the 18 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit; and 19 Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the e. 20 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district 21 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must 22 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are 23 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted 24 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district 25 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the 26 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district 27 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that 28 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the 29 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for 30 the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.

- a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in
 subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the
 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
 - b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter.
 - c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3.
 - 3. a. For the 2021-222023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
 - (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred thirty-six five hundred forty-four dollars;
 - (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's

1			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
2			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
3			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
4			one hundred thirty-sixfive hundred forty-four dollars; or
5		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
6			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
7			then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
8	b.	For	the 2022-23 <u>2024-25</u> school year and each school year thereafter, the
9		sup	erintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
0		(1)	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred
11			thirty-seveneight hundred sixty dollars;
2		(2)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
3			student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
4			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
5			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
6			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
17			two hundred thirty-seveneight hundred sixty dollars; or
8		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
9			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
20			2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
21			percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
22			and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
23	C.	The	superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to
24		ens	ure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
25		(1)	For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred-
26			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-
27			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
28			units from the previous school year.
29		(2)	For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
30			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-

1 established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student 2 units from the previous school year. 3 (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 4 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-5 established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between 6 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and 7 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 8 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the 9 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1-10 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units-11 from the previous school year. 12 (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 13 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-14 established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the 15 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred 16 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The 17 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum 18 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 19 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous-20 school year. 21 (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 22 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-23 established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the 24 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred 25 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The 26 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum 27 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 28 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous-29 school year. 30 For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 31 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-

1				esta	blished in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between
2				the r	ate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and
3				one	hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
4				stud	ent unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
5				trans	sition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1
6				of su	ubdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units
7				from	the previous school year.
8	4.	Afte	er det	ermini	ng the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
9		pub	lic ins	structi	on shall:
10		a.	Sub	otract a	an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
11			sch	ool dis	strict, except the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this
12			sub	divisio	on may not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for
13			pur	poses	of this subdivision by more than twelve percent, adjusted pursuant to
14			sec	tion 1	5.1-27-04.3; and
15		b.	Sub	otract a	an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
16			sub	divisio	ons c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
17			sev	enty-fi	ve percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
18			sha	ll adju	st revenues as follows:
19			(1)	Tuiti	on revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
20				(a)	In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
21					operation of an educational program provided at a residential
22					treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult
23					farm management program, and tuition received under an agreement
24					to educate students from a school district on an air force base with
25					funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school
26					year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the
27					superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition
28					reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue
29					received for the education of students not residing in the state and for
30					which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract;

and

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly

1		(b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
2		tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements
3		of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
4		of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
5	ı	adjacent school district.
6		(2) Revenues received under section 57-51-15 must be adjusted to reflect the
7		average amount received by the school district for the five-year period
8		ending with the most recently completed even-numbered fiscal year before
9		the start of each biennium.
0		(3) After adjusting tuition revenue and revenues received under section
11		57-51-15 as provided in paragraph 1 paragraphs 1 and 2, the superintendent
2		shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types by the
3		percentage of mills levied in 20202022 by the school district for sinking and
4		interest relative to the total mills levied in 2020202 by the school district for
5		all purposes.
6	5.	The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
7		amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
8		requirements or limitations.
9	6.	On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
20		superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
21		school year.
22	7.	For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
23		with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
24		instruction on an annual basis:
25		a. The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
26		previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
27		subsection 1;
28		b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
29		district for all purposes; and
30		c. The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
31		for sinking and interest fund purposes.

Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective after June 30, 2025)

- To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline funding consists of:
 - All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
 2018-19 school year;
 - An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
 - c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
 - (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - (3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and beginning in the 2025-26 school year, eighty-five percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, until the 2026-27 school year, and each school year thereafter, when all tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1 an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be 2 excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph; 3 (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission 4 of electric power; 5 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from (5) 6 sources other than coal; and 7 (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which 8 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); and 9 d. An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the 10 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 11 Mobile home tax revenue: 12 (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and 13 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the 14 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit. 15 e. Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the 16 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district 17 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must 18 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are 19 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted 20 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district 21 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the 22 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district 23 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that 24 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the 25 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for 26 the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter. 27 2. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in a. 28 subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the 29 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. 30 b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 31 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the

29

- 1 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. 2 The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in 3 subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district 4 becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline 5 funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's 6 adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid 7 for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary 8 district and for each year thereafter. 9 Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the C. 10 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student 11 unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the 12 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per 13 weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce 14 the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the 15 amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds 16 the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each 17 year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen 18 percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after 19 the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit 20 provided in subsection 3. 21 3. a. For the 2021-222023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid 22 as the greater of: 23 The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred-(1) 24 thirty-sixfive hundred forty-four dollars; 25 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 26 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's 27
 - weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred thirty-sixfive hundred forty-four dollars; or

1		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
2			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
3			then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
4	b.	For	the 2022-23 <u>2024-25</u> school year and each school year thereafter, the
5		sup	erintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
6		(1)	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred-
7			thirty-seveneight hundred sixty dollars;
8		(2)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
9			student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
10			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
11			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
12			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
13			two hundred thirty-seveneight hundred sixty dollars; or
14		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
15			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
16			2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
17			percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
18			and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
19	C.	The	superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to
20		ens	ure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
21		(1)	For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
22			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
23			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student-
24			units from the previous school year.
25		(2)	For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
26			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
27			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student-
28			units from the previous school year.
29		(3)	For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
30			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
31			established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between

1 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and 2 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 3 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the 4 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 5 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units-6 from the previous school year. 7 (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 8 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-9 established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the 10 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred 11 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The 12 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum 13 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 14 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous 15 school year. 16 (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 17 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-18 established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the 19 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred 20 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The 21 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum 22 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 23 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous-24 school year. 25 For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 26 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-27 established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between-28 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and 29 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 30 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the

transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1

ı				or su	balvision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units
2				from	the previous school year.
3	4.	After	dete	erminiı	ng the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
4		publi	ic ins	tructic	on shall:
5		a.	Sub	tract a	n amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
6			scho	ool dis	trict; and
7		b.	Sub	tract a	in amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
8			subo	oisivib	ns c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
9			seve	enty-fiv	ve percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
0			shal	l adjus	st revenues as follows:
11			(1)	Tuitio	on revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
2				(a)	In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
3					operation of an educational program provided at a residential
4					treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult
5					farm management program, and tuition received under an agreement
6					to educate students from a school district on an air force base with
7					funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school
8					year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the
9					superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition
20					reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue
21					received for the education of students not residing in the state and for
22					which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract;
23					and
24				(b)	The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
25					tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements
26					of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
27					of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in ar
28					adjacent school district.
29			(2)	Reve	enues received under section 57-51-15 must be adjusted to reflect the
30				avera	age amount received by the school district for the five-year period

1			ending with the most recently completed even-numbered fiscal year before
2			the start of each biennium.
3			(3) After adjusting tuition revenue and revenues received under section
4			57-51-15 as provided in paragraph 1paragraphs 1 and 2, the superintendent
5			shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types by the
6			percentage of mills levied in 20202022 by the school district for sinking and
7			interest relative to the total mills levied in 20202022 by the school district for
8			all purposes.
9	5.	The	e amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
10		am	ount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
11		req	uirements or limitations.
12	6.	On	or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
13		sup	erintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
14		sch	ool year.
15	7.	For	purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
16		with	the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
17		inst	ruction on an annual basis:
18		a.	The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
19			previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
20			subsection 1;
21		b.	The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
22			district for all purposes; and
23		C.	The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
24			for sinking and interest fund purposes.
25	SEC	СТІО	N 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 5 of section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota
26	Century	Cod	e is amended and reenacted as follows:
27	5.	If th	e superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the Bank of North Dakota
28		sha	ll issue a loan from the school construction assistance revolving loan fund. For a
29		loai	n made under this section:
30		a.	The If the school construction project totals less than seventy-five million dollars,
31			the maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is ten million

- dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's cost up to a maximum loan amount of eight million dollars;
 - b. If the school construction project totals seventy-five million dollars or more, the maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is fifty million dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's cost up to a maximum loan amount of forty million dollars;
 - <u>c.</u> The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and
 - e.d. The interest rate of the loan may not exceed two percent per year.

SECTION 9. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION
SERVICES FUNDING. During the 2023-25 interim, the legislative management shall study school transportation services funding. The study must include a review of the formula for funding school transportation services and an assessment of whether a factor-based model would fund school transportation more appropriately. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-ninth legislative assembly.

SECTION 10. APPROPRIATION - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION - SCIENCE OF READING - REPORT. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the public instruction fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$1,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public instruction for the purpose of supporting professional learning related to the science of reading and implementing systematic direct literacy instruction, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. The superintendent of public instruction shall collaborate with the regional education associations to ensure continuity of access to science of reading training opportunities and develop support processes to deepen science of reading implementation. The superintendent of public instruction shall provide quarterly reports to the legislative management on the implementation and effectiveness of this appropriation on improving

- 1 educational outcomes, including the number of teachers trained, an anticipated timeline of
- 2 results trends, and any results trends available.
- 3 SECTION 11. EXEMPTION TRANSFER PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND.
- 4 Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if, after the superintendent of public instruction complies
- 5 with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2021-23 biennium, any moneys remain in
- 6 the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of chapter 13 of the 2021
- 7 Session Laws, the lesser of \$1,000,000 or the remaining amount must be continued into the
- 8 2023-25 biennium and the office of management and budget shall transfer this amount into the
- 9 public instruction fund for the purpose of funding professional learning related to the science of
- 10 reading and implementing systematic direct literacy instruction as appropriated in section 10 of
- 11 this Act.
- 12 SECTION 12. TRANSFER FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND TO SCHOOL
- 13 CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE REVOLVING LOAN FUND. The office of management and
- 14 budget shall transfer the sum of \$75,000,000 from the foundation aid stabilization fund to the
- school construction assistance revolving loan fund during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023,
- 16 and ending June 30, 2025.
- 17 **SECTION 13. EFFECTIVE DATE.** Section 5 of this Act becomes effective on July 1, 2024.