Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Senate Amendments ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1511

Introduced by

Representatives Novak, Bosch, Hagert, Headland, Ista, Mock, Porter Senators Kannianen, Kreun, Patten

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subdivision to subsection 3 of section 54-35-26, a
- 2 new section to chapter 57-39.2, a new subdivision to subsection 3 of section 57-40.2-03.3, and
- 3 a new section to chapter 57-61 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to evaluation of
- 4 economic development tax incentives, a sales and use tax exemption for materials used to
- 5 construct or expand a coal processing facility that utilizes coal as a feedstock, and severance
- 6 and sales and use tax exemptions for coal used in a coal processing facility that utilizes coal as
- 7 a feedstock; and to provide an effective date.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 9 **SECTION 1.** A new subdivision to subsection 3 of section 54-35-26 of the North Dakota
- 10 Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 11 Sales and use tax exemption for materials used to construct or expand a coal
- 12 processing facility that utilizes coal as a feedstock.
- SECTION 2. A new section to chapter 57-39.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
 and enacted as follows:

15 Sales and use tax exemption for materials used to construct or expand a coal

- 16 processing facility that utilizes coal as a feedstock.
- 17 <u>1.</u> <u>Gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property used to construct or expand a</u>
- 18 <u>coal processing facility that utilizes coal as a feedstock in this state are exempt from</u>
- 19 taxes under this chapter. To be exempt, the tangible personal property must be
- 20 incorporated in the structure of the facility or used in the construction process to the
- 21 point of having no residual economic value.
- 22 <u>2.</u> For purposes of this section:

24

- 23 <u>a.</u> <u>"Coal processing facility that utilizes coal as a feedstock" means a facility that:</u>
 - (1) Extracts critical minerals or rare earth elements from lignite coal; or

23.0961.03000

1			(2) Creates tangible personal property other than electricity, water, gas, or			
2			steam from lignite coal, including lignite coal from which critical minerals or			
3			rare earth elements have been extracted.			
4		<u>b.</u>	"Critical mineral" means a nonfuel mineral or mineral material essential to the			
5			economic or national security of the United States and which has a supply chain			
6			vulnerable to disruption. The term includes aluminum, antimony, arsenic, barite,			
7			bauxite, beryllium, bismuth, cesium, chromium, cobalt, fluorspar, gallium,			
8			germanium, graphite, hafnium, helium, indium, lithium, magnesium, manganese,			
9			niobium, platinum group metals, potash, the rare earth elements group, rhenium,			
10			rubidium, scandium, strontium, tantalum, tellurium, tin, titanium, tungsten,			
11			uranium, vanadium, and zirconium.			
12		<u>C.</u>	"Rare earth elements" means any of a series of metallic elements of which the			
13			oxides are classed as rare earths and which include the elements of the			
14			lanthanide series, yttrium and scandium.			
15	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	owner of the facility must receive from the tax commissioner a certificate that the			
16		<u>tanc</u>	ble personal property used to construct or expand a facility qualifying under this			
17		<u>sect</u>	on which the owner intends to purchase qualifies for the exemption.			
18	SEC		3. A new subdivision to subsection 3 of section 57-40.2-03.3 of the North Dakota			
19	O Century Code is created and enacted as follows:					
20			Tangible personal property as authorized or approved for exemption by the tax			
21			commissioner as provided in section 2 of this Act.			
22	SEC		4. A new section to chapter 57-61 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
23	and ena	cted	s follows:			
24	Sev	erand	e and sales and use tax exemptions for coal used in a coal processing			
25	<u>facility t</u>	<u>hat ι</u>	tilizes coal as a feedstock.			
26	<u>1.</u>	<u>Sev</u>	erance tax may not be imposed on the first one million tons [907,184.74 metric			
27		tons	of coal per year used as a feedstock by a coal processing facility that utilizes			
28		<u>coa</u>	as a feedstock in this state as defined in section 2 of this Act.			
29	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	owner or operator of a coal processing facility that utilizes coal as a feedstock			
30		<u>sha</u>	certify to the coal mine owner or operator the amount of coal measured in tons:			
31		<u>a.</u>	Purchased for use as a feedstock by the facility.			

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1		<u>b.</u>	Used as a feedstock by the facility for extraction of critical minerals or rare earth			
2			elements from lignite coal.			
3		<u>C.</u>	Used as a feedstock by the facility to create tangible personal property other than			
4			electricity, water, gas, or steam from lignite coal, including lignite coal from which			
5			critical minerals or rare earth elements have been extracted.			
6		<u>d.</u>	Resold or used in any manner other than as a feedstock at the facility, including			
7			use in an electrical generating plant or coal gasification facility.			
8	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	coal mine owner or operator shall report the amounts certified under subsection 2.			
9		<u>The</u>	amount of coal certified under subdivision d of subsection 2 is not eligible for the			
10		<u>exe</u>	mption in this section. The coal mine owner or operator shall report the amount of			
11		<u>coa</u>	l certified under subdivision d of subsection 2 on its return for the month following			
12		<u>the</u>	month of certification and shall remit the severance tax due with the return. The tax			
13		<u>con</u>	missioner shall waive penalty and interest under section 57-61-05 for severance			
14		<u>tax</u>	remitted in accordance with this subsection.			
15	15 SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 2, 3, and 4 of this Act are effective for taxable					
16	events occurring after June 30, 2023.					