25.1003.04000

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SECOND ENGROSSMENT

REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1176

Introduced by

Representatives Nathe, Hagert, Headland, Lefor, Porter, Stemen, Swiontek, Vigesaa Senators Bekkedahl, Hogue, Weber, Rummel

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact two new sections to chapter 54-27, a new section to 2 chapter 57-02, and a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 3 to a legacy earnings fund, a legacy property tax relief fund, a primary residence certification, 4 and a limitation on property tax levies without voter approval; to amend and reenact section 5 6-09.4-10.1, subsection 1 of section 21-10-06, sections 40-40-06, 54-27-19.3, and 57-02-01, 6 subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1, subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 7 57-02-08.1, section 57-02-08.9 as amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved 8 by the sixty-ninth legislative assembly, sections 57-02-08.10, 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1, 57-02-53, 9 57-09-04, 57-11-03, 57-12-06, 57-15-02.2, and 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, 10 relating to funds invested by the state investment board, property tax definitions, the homestead 11 tax credit and renters refund, the primary residence credit, property classifications, assessment 12 and budget hearing notices to property owners, and the property tax statement; to repeal 13 sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to legacy fund 14 definitions and the legacy earnings fund; to provide an appropriation; to provide a transfer; to 15 provide an effective date; to provide an expiration date; and to declare an emergency.

16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 6-09.4-10.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
amended and reenacted as follows:

6-09.4-10.1. Legacy sinking and interest fund - Debt service requirements - Public finance authority.

There is created in the state treasury the legacy sinking and interest fund. The fund consists of all moneys deposited in the fund under section 21-10-135 of this Act. Moneys in the fund may

1 be spent by the public finance authority pursuant to legislative appropriations to meet the debt 2 service requirements for evidences of indebtedness issued by the authority for transfer to the 3 Bank of North Dakota for allocations to infrastructure projects and programs. 4 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 21-10-06 of the North Dakota Century 5 Code is amended and reenacted as follows: Subject to the provisions of section 21-10-02, the board shall invest the following 6 1. 7 funds: 8 State bonding fund. a. 9 b. Teachers' fund for retirement. 10 C. State fire and tornado fund. 11 d. Workforce safety and insurance fund. 12 Public employees retirement system. e. 13 f. Insurance regulatory trust fund. 14 State risk management fund. g. 15 h. Budget stabilization fund. 16 i. Water projects stabilization fund. 17 j. Health care trust fund. 18 k. Cultural endowment fund. 19 Ι. Petroleum tank release compensation fund. 20 Legacy fund. m. 21 Legacy earnings fund. n. 22 Opioid settlement fund. 0. 23 A fund under contract with the board pursuant to subsection 3. р.о. 24 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 40-40-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 25 amended and reenacted as follows: 26 40-40-06. Notice of preliminary budget statement - Contents - How givenpublic 27 budget hearing date. 28 4. On or before August tenth of each year, after the governing body has prepared the 29 preliminary budget statement, the auditor of the municipality shall: 30 Provide the county auditor with a copy of the preliminary budget statement. a.

Sixty-ninth

	Legislat		ssembly		
1	b.<u>1.</u>	Set	a public budget hearing date no earlier than September seventh and no later than		
2		Oct	tober seventh for the purpose of adopting the final budget and making the annual		
3		tax	levy.		
4	c.<u>2.</u>	Pro	wide notice of the public budget hearing date to the county auditor.		
5	2.	For	municipalities anticipating levying less than one hundred thousand dollars in the		
6		cur	rent year, notice must:		
7		a.	Contain a statement of the total proposed expenditures for each fund in the		
8			preliminary budget, but need not contain any detailed statement of the proposed-		
9			expenditures;		
10		b.	Be published at least once, not less than six days prior to the budget hearing, in a		
11			newspaper published in the municipality, if there is one, and if no newspaper is		
12			published in the municipality, the notice must be published not less than six days		
13			prior to the meeting in the official city newspaper as provided by section		
14			40-01-09; and		
15		C.	Provide that any taxpayer may appear and discuss with the governing body any		
16			item of proposed expenditures or may object to any item or amount.		
17	SEC	СТЮ	N 4. AMENDMENT. Section 54-27-19.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
18	amende	ed an	d reenacted as follows:		
19	54-2	27-19	9.3. Legacy earnings highway distribution fund.		
20	A legacy earnings highway distribution fund is created as a special fund in the state treasury				
21	into whi	ch m	ust be deposited any allocations of legacy fund earnings made under section		
22	21-10-1	3 5 of	f this Act. Any moneys in the legacy earnings highway distribution fund must be		
23	allocated and transferred by the state treasurer, as follows:				

- Sixty percent must be transferred to the department of transportation for deposit in the
 state highway fund;
- 26 2. Ten percent must be transferred to the legacy earnings township highway aid fund;
- 27 3. One and five-tenths percent must be transferred to the public transportation fund; and
- 4. Twenty-eight and five-tenths percent must be allocated to cities and counties using the
- formula established in subsection 4 of section 54-27-19. Moneys received by counties
- 30 and cities must be used for roadway purposes in accordance with section 11 of
- 31 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.

1	SECTION 5. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
---	---

2 and enacted as follows:

3	Leg	acy o	earnings fund - State treasurer - Legacy fund distribution - Allocations.					
4	<u>1.</u>	There is created in the state treasury the legacy earnings fund. The fund consists of all						
5		moneys distributed by the state treasurer from the legacy fund pursuant to section 26						
6		<u>of a</u>	of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. The distribution from the legacy fund					
7		<u>on .</u>	on July first of each odd-numbered year must be equal to seven percent of the					
8		<u>five</u>	-year average value of the legacy fund balance as reported by the state investment					
9		<u>boa</u>	rd. The average value of the legacy fund balance must be calculated using the					
10		<u>fun</u>	d balance at the end of each fiscal year for the five-year period ending with the					
11		mos	st recently completed even-numbered fiscal year.					
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>Fro</u>	m the amount distributed to the legacy earnings fund under subsection 1, the state					
13		<u>trea</u>	asurer shall allocate funding in July of each odd-numbered year in the following					
14		ord	er:					
15		<u>a.</u>	The first one hundred two million six hundred twenty-four thousand dollars or an					
16			amount equal to the amount appropriated from the legacy sinking and interest					
17			fund for debt service payments for a biennium, whichever is less, to the legacy					
18			sinking and interest fund under section 6-09.4-10.1.					
19		<u>b.</u>	The next one hundred million dollars to the legacy earnings highway distribution					
20			fund for allocations under section 54-27-19.3.					
21		<u>c.</u>	The remaining amount to the legacy property tax relief fund under section 6 of					
22			this Act.					
23	SEC	СТІО	N 6. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
24	and ena	acted	as follows:					
25	Leg	acy	property tax relief fund.					
26	The	ere is	created in the state treasury the legacy property tax relief fund. The fund consists					
27	<u>of all m</u>	oneys	allocated to the fund under section 5 of this Act and all moneys transferred to the					
28	<u>fund by</u>	the le	egislative assembly.					
29	SEC	стю	N 7. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
30	amende	ed and	d reenacted as follows:					

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 **57-02-01**. Definitions.

2 As used in this title, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

- 3 1. "Agricultural property" means platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural 4 crops or grazing farm animals, except lands platted and assessed as agricultural 5 property prior to March 30, 1981, shall continue to be assessed as agricultural 6 property until put to a use other than raising agricultural crops or grazing farm animals. 7 Agricultural property includes land on which a greenhouse or other building is located 8 if the land is used for a nursery or other purpose associated with the operation of the 9 greenhouse. The time limitations contained in this section may not be construed to 10 prevent property that was assessed as other than agricultural property from being 11 assessed as agricultural property if the property otherwise gualifies under this 12 subsection.
- a. Property platted on or after March 30, 1981, is not agricultural property when any
 four of the following conditions exist:
 - (1) The land is platted by the owner.
 - (2) Public improvements, including sewer, water, or streets, are in place.
 - (3) Topsoil is removed or topography is disturbed to the extent that the property cannot be used to raise crops or graze farm animals.
 - (4) Property is zoned other than agricultural.
 - (5) Property has assumed an urban atmosphere because of adjacent residential or commercial development on three or more sides.
 - (6) The parcel is less than ten acres [4.05 hectares] and not contiguous to agricultural property.
 - (7) The property sells for more than four times the county average true and full agricultural value.
- b. Land that was assessed as agricultural property at the time the land was put to
 use for extraction of oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals as defined in section
 38-12-01 must continue to be assessed as agricultural property if the remainder
 of the surface owner's parcel of property on which the subsurface mineral activity
 is occurring continues to qualify for assessment as agricultural property under
 this subsection.

1	2.	"Air carrier transportation property" means the operative property of each airline
2		whose property is assessed for taxation purposes pursuant to chapters 57-06 and
3		57-32.
4	3.	"Assessed valuation" means fifty percent of the true and full value of property.
5	4.	"Centrally assessed property" means all property which is assessed by the state board
6		of equalization under chapters 57-05, 57-06, and 57-32.
7	5.	"Commercial property" means all property, or portions of property, not included in the
8		classes of property defined in subsections 1, 4, 11,10, 12, 13, and 1214 .

- 9 6. "Credits" means and includes every claim and demand for money or other valuable
 10 thing, and every annuity or sum of money receivable at stated periods, due or to
 11 become due, and all claims and demands secured by deeds or mortgages, due or to
 12 become due.
- 7. "Governing body" means a board of county commissioners, city council, board of city
 commissioners, school board, or board of education, or the similarly constituted and
 acting board of any other municipality.
- 8. "Money" or "moneys" means gold and silver coin, treasury notes, bank notes, and
 every deposit which any person owning the same or holding in trust and residing in
 this state is entitled to withdraw as money or on demand.
- "Municipality" or "taxing district" means a county, city, township, school district, water
 conservation and flood control district, Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, county
 park district, joint county park district, irrigation district, park district, rural fire protection
 district, or any other subdivision of the state empowered to levy taxes.
- 10. <u>"Nonprimary residential property" means residential property, or portions of residential</u>
 property, not included in the class of property defined in subsection 12.
- 25 <u>11.</u> "Person" includes a firm, corporation, or limited liability company.
- 26 <u>11.12.</u> "Primary residential property" means residential property certified as a primary
 27 residence under section 14 of this Act.
- 13. "Railroad property" means the operating property, including franchises, of each
 railroad operated in this state, including any electric or other street or interurban
 railway.

1	12.<u>14.</u>	"Residential property" means all property, or portions of property, used by an individual							
2		or group of individuals as a dwelling, including property upon which a mobile home is							
3		located but not including hotel and motel accommodations required to be licensed							
4		under chapter 23-09 nor structures providing living accommodations for four or more							
5		separate family units nor any tract of land upon which four or more mobile homes are							
6		located. The term includes nonprimary residential property and primary residential							
7		property.							
8	13.<u>15.</u>	"Taxable valuation" signifies the valuation remaining after deducting exemptions and							
9		making other reductions from the original assessed valuation, and is the valuation							
10		upon which the rate of levy finally is computed and against which the taxes finally are							
11		extended.							
12	14.<u>16.</u>	"Tract", "lot", "piece or parcel of real property", or "piece or parcel of land" means any							
13		contiguous quantity of land in the possession of, owned by or recorded as the property							
14		of, the same claimant, person, or company.							
15	15.<u>17.</u>	"True and full value" means the value determined by considering the earning or							
16		productive capacity, if any, the market value, if any, and all other matters that affect the							
17		actual value of the property to be assessed. This shall include, for purposes of arriving							
18		at the true and full value of property used for agricultural purposes, farm rentals, soil							
19		capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis.							
20	16.<u>18.</u>	"Unencumbered cash" means the total cash on hand in any fund, less the amount							
21		belonging to the fund in closed banks and less the amount of outstanding warrants,							
22		bills, accounts, and contracts which are chargeable against the fund.							
23	17.<u>19.</u>	There shall be a presumption that a unit of land is not a farm unless such unit contains							
24		a minimum of ten acres [4.05 hectares], and the taxing authority, in determining							
25		whether such presumption shall apply, shall consider such things as the present use,							
26		the adaptability to use, and how similar type properties in the immediate area are							
27		classified for tax purposes.							
28	SEC	CTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1 of the							
29	North D	akota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:							
30		c. The exemption must be determined according to the following schedule:							

25.1003.04000

1	(1) If the person's income is not in excess of forty <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars, a
2	reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's
3	homestead up to a maximum reduction of nine thousand dollars of taxable
4	valuation.
5	(2) If the person's income is in excess of forty <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars and not in
6	excess of seventyeighty thousand dollars, a reduction of fifty percent of the
7	taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of
8	four thousand five hundred dollars of taxable valuation.
9	SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
10	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
11	b. For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of
12	any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture,
13	furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of
14	the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be
15	considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty
16	percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a
17	qualified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state
18	general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual
19	income, but the refund may not be in excess of four hundredsix hundred dollars.
20	If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars
21	must be sent to the qualifying applicant.
22	SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code as
23	amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved by the sixty-ninth legislative
24	assembly, is amended and reenacted as follows:
25	57-02-08.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the
26	first two taxable years year beginning after December 31, 2023<u>2024</u>)
27	1. A taxpayer is entitled to a credit of five hundred dollars against the property tax due on
28	the taxpayer's primary residence as provided in this section. The credit may:
29	a. Is limited to one thousand four hundred fifty dollars.
30	b. May not reduce the property tax due on voter-approved levies.
31	c. May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.

1		<u>d.</u>	<u>May</u>	not e	xceed the amount of property tax due <u>against the primary residence</u> .
2			The	credit	must
3		<u>e.</u>	<u>Mus</u>	<u>t</u> be a	pplied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's primary
4			resid	dence	after other exemptions or credits under this chapter have been applied.
5	2.	For	purpo	oses o	f this section:
6		a.	"Ow	ned" r	neans an individual holds a present ownership interest, including
7			own	ership	in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
8			own	ership	interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
9			purc	haser	under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
10			οςςι	upancy	y or a tenancy under a lease.
11		b.	(1)	"Prim	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
12				appu	rtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
13				dwel	ling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:
14				(a)	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
15					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
16				(b)	Designed or adapted for human residence;
17				(c)	Used as a residence; and
18				(d)	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
19					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
20					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
21					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
22			(2)	For p	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
23				(a)	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
24				(b)	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter
25					57-55.
26		C.	"Qua	alifying	g trust" means a trust:
27			(1)	In wh	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
28				trans	ferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
29				the tr	ustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
30				has t	he right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary

1		residence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
2		expenses specified in the instrument or court order:
3		(a) For life;
4		(b) For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
5		(c) Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
6		court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
7		identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
8		which the property is located; and
9		(2) That acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
10		that:
11		(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
12		interest acquired; and
13		(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
14		property is located.
15		d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
16		property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
17		or the individual's spouse.
18	3.	An individual who does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
19		under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
20		hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
21		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
22		person.
23	4.	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
24		against any primary residence. A trust may not claim a credit for more than one
25		primary residence under this section. If a credit under this section is applied against
26		the property tax due on a primary residence subject to a real estate transaction, any
27		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
28		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
29	5.	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under
30		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.

1	6.	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any								
2		property.								
3	7.	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax								
4		com	commissioner , by April first of each year, an application containing a verified statement							
5		of fa	acts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the claimapplication on a							
6		form	form and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be							
7		filed	<u>1:</u>							
8		<u>a.</u>	By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence							
9			taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.							
10		<u>b.</u>	By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary							
11			residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.							
12	8.	The	tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,							
13		and	make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax							
14		com	nmissioner shall make these forms available upon request.							
15	SEC		N 11. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
16	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:							
17	57-0	2-08	.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application . (Effective for the							
18	first tax	able	year beginning after December 31, 2024)							
19	1.	A ta	A taxpayer is entitled to a credit against the property tax due on the taxpayer's parcel							
20		<u>of</u> p	rimary residence<u>residential property</u> as provided in this section. The credit:							
21		a.	Is limited to one thousand four hundred fifty dollars.							
22		b.	May not reduce the property tax due on voter-approved levies.							
23		C.	May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.							
24		d.	May not exceed the amount of property tax due against the <u>parcel of</u> primary							
25			residenceresidential property.							
26		e.	Must be applied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer'sparcel of							
27			primary residenceresidential property after other exemptions or credits under this							
28			chapter have been applied.							
29	2.	For	purposes of this section:							
30		a.	"Owned" means an individual holds a present ownership interest, including							
31			ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present							

1			orshir	o interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a				
2			purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of					
2		•	occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.					
-	Ŀ		•					
4	b.	(1)		nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,				
5			•••	irtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the				
6			dwe	ling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:				
7			(a)	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a				
8				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;				
9			(b)	Designed or adapted for human residence;				
10			(c)	Used as a residence; and				
11			(d)	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an				
12				individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned				
13				through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or				
14				beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.				
15		(2)	For	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:				
16			(a)	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.				
17			(b)	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter				
18				57-55.				
19	c.	"Qu	alifyin	g trust" means a trust:				
20		(1)	ln w l	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument				
21			trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on				
22			the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust				
23			has ⁻	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary-				
24			resic	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and				
25			ехре	enses specified in the instrument or court order:				
26			(a)	For life;				
27			(b)	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or				
28			(c)	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or				
29				court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to-				
30				identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in-				
31				which the property is located; and				

1		(2) That acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
2		that:
3		(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
4		interest acquired; and
5		(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
6		property is located.
7		d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
8		property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
9		or the individual's spouse.
10	3.	An individual who does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
11		under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
12		hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
13		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another-
14		person.
15	4 .	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
16		against any <u>parcel of</u> primary residence<u>residential property</u>. A trust may not claim a
17		credit for more than one <u>parcel of</u> primary residence<u>residential property</u> under this
18		section. If a credit under this section is applied against the property tax due on a
19		parcel of primary residenceresidential property subject to a real estate transaction, any
20		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
21		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
22	5.	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under-
23		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
24	6.	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any
25		property.
26	7.	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax
27		commissioner an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the-
28		applicant's eligibility as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner-
29		prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be filed:
30		a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence-
31		taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.

1		b.	By S	September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary-
2			resi	dence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
3	8.<u>3.</u>	The	tax o	commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
4		and	mak	e available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax-
5		com	miss	ioner shall make these forms available upon request.
6	SEC		N 12.	AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	amende	d and	d reer	nacted as follows:
8	57-0)2-08	.10. F	Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through
9	June 30) , 202	<u>6May</u>	<u>y 31, 2026</u>)
10	1.	By .	June	first of each yearJune 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
11		a.	<u>Rev</u>	view a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the
12			<u>sum</u>	n of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for
13			<u>taxa</u>	able year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify
14			<u>to th</u>	ne state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of
15			<u>crec</u>	dits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year
16			<u>202</u>	<u>4.</u>
17		<u>b.</u>	Rev	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be
18			<u>app</u>	lied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025
19			and	determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section
20			57-0	02-08.9 <u>for taxable year 2025;</u> and
21	ł	b.<u>c.</u>	Prov	vide to each county auditor:
22			(1)	A copy of each approved application under subdivision ab which identifies a
23				primary residence located in the county; and
24			(2)	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for
25				t he current taxable year <u>2025</u> .
26	2.	<u>By I</u>	love	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
27		<u>a.</u>	<u>Rev</u>	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
28			resi	dences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied
29			<u>aga</u>	inst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify
30			<u>for t</u>	he credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and
31		b.	Prov	vide to each county auditor:

1			<u>(1)</u>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a
2				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and
3			<u>(2)</u>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
4				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.
5	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2025:
6			<u>(1)</u>	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each
7				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the
8				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding
9				property tax statement.
10			<u>(2)</u>	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
11				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
12				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
13				residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
14				an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
15				county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
16				taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
17				county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this
18				paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay
19				according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
20				and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
21				sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
22				abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.
23		<u>b.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2026, the county auditor shall apply the credit under section
24			<u>57-(</u>	02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
25			<u>57-</u> ;	55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence
26			<u>on t</u>	he corresponding mobile home tax statement.
27	3.<u>4.</u>	Ву	Janua	ary first of each year<u>January 15, 2026</u>, the county auditor shall certify to the
28		tax	comn	nissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under
29		sub	osectio	on 1 <u>subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and under subsection 2</u> which were
30		app	olied ŧ	owardagainst property taxes owed on primary residences in the county for the
31		pre	cedin	g yearas provided in subsection 3.

1	<u>4.5.</u>	By June first of each year after 2024May 31, 2026, the tax commissioner shall review					
2		a sampling of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the					
3		application of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county					
4		the aggregate dollar amount of credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in each					
5		county for the preceding yearapplied against property taxes owed on primary					
6		residences in the county as provided in subsection 3.					
7	5.<u>6.</u>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later					
8		than June thirtieth of each year after 2024, the county treasurer shall apportion and					
9		distribute the payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the					
10		same basis as property taxes for the preceding yearand mobile home taxes were					
11		apportioned and distributed for the taxable year in which the taxes were levied.					
12	6.<u>7.</u>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and					
13		supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed					
14		in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.					
15	7.<u>8.</u>	The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to					
16		effectuate this section.					
17	8. 9.	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary					
18		to effectuate this section.					
19	SEC	SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
20	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:					
21	57-0	02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through					
22	May 31 ,	, 2026)					
23	1.	By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:					
24		a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the					
25		sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for					
26		taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify-					
27		to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of					
28		credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year					
29		2024.					
30		b. Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be-					
31		applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year-					

25.1003.04000

1			20 2	25and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section
2			57 -	02-08.9 for taxable year 2025; and
3		C.	Pre	wide to each county auditor:
4			(1)	A copy of each approved application under subdivision b which identifies a
5				primary residence located in the county; and
6			(2)	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for-
7				taxable year 2025.
8	2.	By	Nove	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
9		a.	Re	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary-
10			res	idences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied
11			aga	ainst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify
12			for	the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and
13		b.	Pre	wide to each county auditor:
14			(1)	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a
15				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and
16			(2)	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary-
17				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.
18	3.	a.	For	taxable year 2025:
19			(1)	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each
20				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the
21				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding-
22				property tax statement.
23			(2)	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
24				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
25				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
26				residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for-
27				an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
28				county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
29				taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
30				county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this-
31				paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay

	according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,					
	and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and					
	sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for-					
	abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.					
	b. For taxable year 2026, the The county auditor shall apply the credit under section					
	57-02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter-					
	57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary					
	residenceparcel of primary residential property on the corresponding property tax					
	statement or mobile home tax statement.					
<u>4.2.</u>	By January 15, 2026 fifteenth of each year, the county auditor shall certify to the tax					
	commissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under-					
	subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and subsection 2 which that were applied against					
	property taxes owed on primary residences in the county as provided in-					
	subsection 3 for:					
	a. The preceding taxable year for primary residential property taxed as real estate					
	under this title.					
	b. The current taxable year for primary residential property taxed as a mobile home					
	under chapter 57-55.					
5.<u>3.</u>	By May 31, 2026<u>thirty-first of each year</u>, the tax commissioner shall review a sampling					
	of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the application-					
	of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county the					
	aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against property taxes owed on primary					
	residences in the county as provided <u>certified by the counties</u> in subsection <u>32</u> .					
<u>6.4.</u>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later					
	than June thirtieth of each year, the county treasurer shall apportion and distribute the					
	payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the same basis as					
	property taxes and mobile home taxes were apportioned and distributed for the					
	taxable year in which the taxes were levied.					
7.<u>5.</u>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and					
	supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed					
	in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.					
	5. 3. 6. 4.					

1	8.<u>6.</u>	The	e coun	ty auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to				
2		effe	ctuate	e this section.				
3	9.<u>7.</u>	The	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms nee					
4		to e	ffectu	ate this section.				
5	SECTION 14. A new section to chapter 57-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created							
6	and ena	cted	as fol	lows:				
7	<u>Prin</u>	nary	resid	ence certification - Eligibility for primary residential property				
8	<u>classifi</u>	catio	<u>n - A</u> p	oplication.				
9	<u>1.</u>	<u>To k</u>	be elig	yible for a primary residential property classification under this chapter, a				
10		prin	nary r	esidence must be certified by the county director of tax equalization as				
11		prov	vided	in this section.				
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>A d</u>	wellin	g does not lose its character as a primary residence if the owner of the				
13		dwe	elling	does not reside in the primary residence because the individual is confined in				
14		<u>a ni</u>	ursing	home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts				
15		and	l the p	ortion of the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not				
16		rent	ted to	another person.				
17	<u>3.</u>	<u>To k</u>	<u>be cer</u>	tified as a primary residence and eligible for the primary residential property				
18		<u>clas</u>	sifica	tion under this chapter, an owner shall sign and file with the tax commissioner				
19		<u>an a</u>	applic	ation containing a verified statement of facts establishing the owner's				
20		pro	perty	meets the eligibility requirements to be considered a primary residence under				
21		<u>this</u>	section	on as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner prescribed by				
22		<u>the</u>	tax co	ommissioner.				
23		<u>a.</u>	<u>An a</u>	application for primary residence certification must be filed by February first of				
24			<u>eac</u> l	n year to request a primary residence certification for:				
25			<u>(1)</u>	The taxable year during which the application is filed for a primary residence				
26				taxed as real estate under this title.				
27			<u>(2)</u>	The taxable year succeeding the taxable year during which the application				
28				is filed for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter				
29				<u>57-55.</u>				
30		<u>b.</u>	<u>As s</u>	oon as practicable after receiving the applications, no later than February				
31			twer	nty-eighth of each year, the tax commissioner shall:				

1			(1) Review the applications received under this subsection and determine
2			which applicants qualify for the primary residence certification; and
3			(2) Provide to each county director of tax equalization a copy of each approved
4			or rejected application received under this subsection which identifies
5			property located in the county.
6		<u>C.</u>	Within fifteen days of receipt of the applications from the tax commissioner under
7			paragraph 2 of subdivision b, no later than March fifteenth of each year, the
8			county director of tax equalization shall notify the applicant of the approval or
9			denial of the application and reflect the appropriate classification of the property
10			on the assessment list.
11		<u>d.</u>	The tax commissioner may request additional documentation from the applicant
12			when making the determination of eligibility.
13		<u>e.</u>	Determinations of eligibility under this subsection may be appealed through the
14			informal equalization process and formal abatement process.
15	<u>4.</u>	<u>A p</u>	rimary residence certification under this section is valid for the entire taxable year
16		<u>for</u>	which the application for certification was approved, without regard to any change
17		<u>of c</u>	ownership of the property which occurs after the application for certification was
18		<u>app</u>	proved.
19	<u>5.</u>	<u>The</u>	e tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
20		<u>to e</u>	effectuate this section. Application forms must include the full name and address of
21		<u>the</u>	applicant and any other information prescribed by the tax commissioner. The
22		<u>col</u>	inty director of tax equalization shall make these forms available to applicants upon
23		<u>req</u>	<u>uest.</u>
24	<u>6.</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of this section:
25		<u>a.</u>	"Owned" means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including
26			ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
27			ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
28			purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
29			occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.
30		<u>b.</u>	(1) "Primary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
31			appurtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the

1			dwel	ling, which is not exempt from property taxes as a farm residence and,
2			<u>subj</u>	ect to subsection 2 and paragraph 2, as of the assessment date of the
3			<u>taxa</u>	<u>ble year, is:</u>
4			<u>(a)</u>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
5				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
6			<u>(b)</u>	Designed or adapted for human residence;
7			<u>(c)</u>	Used as a residence; and
8			<u>(d)</u>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, an individual
9				who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned through a
10				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or beneficiary of the
11				trust who qualifies for the certification.
12		<u>(2)</u>	For [ourposes of the term:
13			<u>(a)</u>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
14			<u>(b)</u>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under
15				chapter 57-55.
16	<u>C.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	<u>alifyin</u>	<u>g trust" means a trust:</u>
47				
17		(1)	<u>In w</u>	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
17 18		(<u>1</u>)		nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
		(1)	trans	
18		(<u>1</u>)	<u>trans</u> the t	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
18 19		(1)	trans the t	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
18 19 20		(1)	trans the t has resid	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the trust of the trust of the trust or beneficiary's primary.
18 19 20 21		(1)	trans the t has resid	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
18 19 20 21 22		(1)	trans the t has resid	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order:
18 19 20 21 22 23		(1)	trans the t has resic expe (a)	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life;
18 19 20 21 22 23 24		(1)	trans the t has resic expe (a) (b)	Seferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		(1)	trans the t has resic expe (a) (b)	Seferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary. Hence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		(1)	trans the t has resic expe (a) (b)	Seferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust. The right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary. The rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		<u>(1)</u>	trans the t has resic expe (a) (b) (c)	eferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life: For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28			trans the t has resic expe (a) (b) (c)	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary. Ience rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life: For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the property is located; and acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order.

1			<u>(a)</u>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
2				interest acquired; and
3			<u>(b)</u>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
4				property is located.
5		<u>d.</u>	<u>"Trustor" n</u>	neans an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
6			property to	a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
7			or the indiv	<u>vidual's spouse.</u>
8	SEC		15. AMEN	DMENT. Section 57-02-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amende	d and	reenacted	as follows:
10	57-0	2-27.	Property	to be valued at a percentage of assessed value - Classification of
11	property	y - Lii	mitation or	valuation of annexed agricultural lands.
12	<u>1.</u>	All p	roperty sub	ject to taxation based on the value thereof must be valued as follows:
13	1.	<u>a.</u>	All primary	residential property and nonprimary residential property to be valued
14			at nine per	cent of assessed value. If any property is used for both residential and
15			nonreside	ntial purposes, the valuation must be prorated accordingly.
16	2.	<u>b.</u>	All agricult	ural property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value as
17			determine	d pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
18	3.	<u>C.</u>	All comme	rcial property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value.
19	4.	<u>d.</u>	All centrall	y assessed property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value
20			except as	provided in section 57-06-14.1.
21	<u>2.</u>	The	resulting a	mounts must be known asresulting from the calculation under
22		<u>subs</u>	section 1 ar	e the taxable valuation.
23	<u>3.</u>	In de	etermining t	he assessed value of real and personal property, except agricultural
24		prop	erty, the as	sessor may not adopt a lower or different standard of value because
25		the s	same is to s	serve as a basis of taxation, nor may the assessor adopt as a criterion
26		of va	alue the prio	ce at which said property would sell at auction, or at forced sale, or in
27		the a	aggregate v	vith all the property in the town or district, but the assessor shall value
28		each	n article or o	description by itself, and at such sum or price as the assessor believes
29		the s	same to be	fairly worth in money. In assessing any tract or lot of real property,
30		ther	e must be d	letermined the value of the land, exclusive of improvements, and the
31		valu	e of all taxa	ble improvements and structures thereon, and the aggregate value of

1 the property, including all taxable structures and other improvements, excluding the 2 value of crops growing upon cultivated lands. In valuing any real property upon which 3 there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry, the same must be valued at 4 such a price as such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair 5 voluntary sale for cash. Agricultural lands within the corporate limits of a city which are 6 not platted constitute agricultural property and must be so classified and valued for 7 ad valorem property tax purposes until such lands are put to another use. Agricultural 8 lands, whether within the corporate limits of a city or not, which were platted and 9 assessed as agricultural property prior to March 30, 1981, must be assessed as 10 agricultural property for ad valorem property tax purposes until put to another use. 11 Such valuation must be uniform with the valuation of adjoining unannexed agricultural 12 land. 13 SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 57-02-27.1. Property to be valued at true and full value. 16 All assessors and boards of equalization shall place the values of all items of taxable 1.

- property at the true and full value of the property except as otherwise specifically
 provided by law, and the amount of taxes that may be levied on such property must be
 limited as provided in this chapter. For the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1,
- 57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04, the term "true and full value" has the same meaning as
 provided in subsection 15 of section 57-02-01, except that "true and full value" of
 agricultural lands must be as determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
- 23 <u>2.</u> The governing body of the city or township may establish valuations that recognize the
 24 supply of vacant lots available for sale.

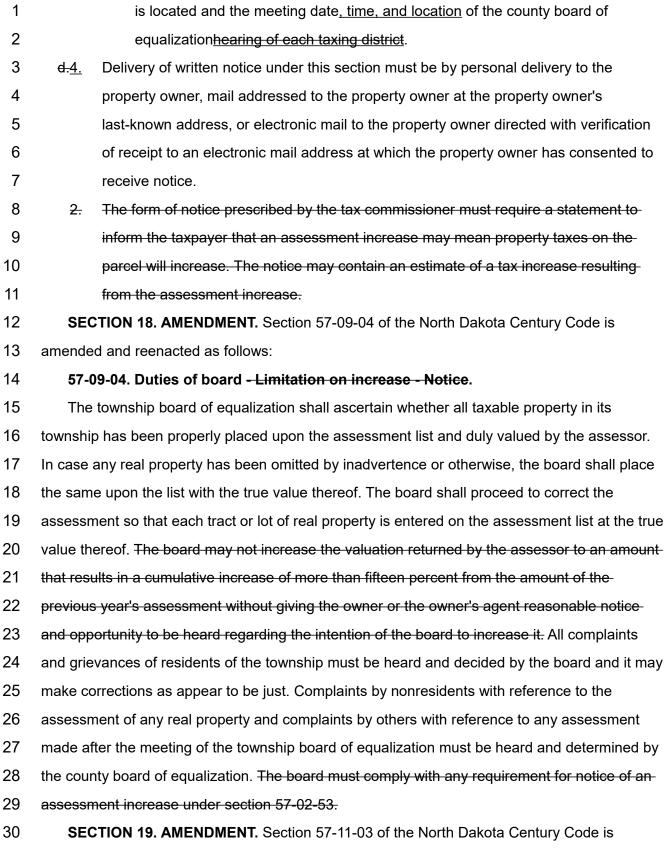
25 **SECTION 17. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-02-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows:

27 **57-02-53.** Assessment increasenotice to property owner.

- 28 1. a. When any assessor has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract-
- 29 of land and improvements to an amount that is an increase of three thousand dollars
- 30 or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the previous year's assessment,-
- 31 the<u>An</u> assessor shall deliver written notice of the amount of increase and the</u>amount of

1		the	previoustrue and full value of each parcel of taxable property for the current year's						
2		asse	assessment to the property owner at the expense of the assessment district for which						
3		the a	the assessor is employed and previous year, including improvements, which have been						
4		asse	assessed by the assessor.						
5	<u>2.</u>	Deli	very of written notice to a property owner under this subdivisionsection must be						
6		com	pleted at least fifteen days before the meeting of the local board of equalization.						
7		b.	If written notice by the assessor was not required under subdivision a and action						
8			by the township, city, or county board of equalization or order of the state board						
9			of equalization has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract of land-						
10			and improvements to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of three-						
11			thousand dollars or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the						
12			previous year's assessment, written notice of the amount of increase and the						
13			amount of the previous year's assessment must be delivered to the property						
14			owner. The written notice under this subdivision must be mailed or delivered at						
15			the expense of the township, city, or county that made the assessment increase						
16			or at the expense of the township, city, or county that was ordered to make the						
17			increase by the state board of equalization. Delivery of written notice to a						
18			property owner under this subdivision must be completed within fifteen days after-						
19			the meeting of the township, city, or county board of equalization that made or-						
20			ordered the assessment increase and within thirty days after the meeting of the						
21			state board of equalization, if the state board of equalization ordered the						
22			assessment increase.						
23	c.<u>3.</u>	The	tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this						
24		sube	sectionsection. The written notice under subdivision athis section must show						
25		the <u>contain:</u>							
26		<u>a.</u>	The true and full value of the parcel of taxable property, including improvements,						
27			that the assessor determined for the current year and for the previous year and						
28			must also show the.						
29		<u>b.</u>	The date prescribed by law, time, and location for the meeting of the local board						
30			of equalization of the assessment district in which the parcel of taxable property						

25.1003.04000



31 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	57-1	1-03. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice.						
2	At it	At its meeting, the board of equalization shall proceed to equalize and correct the						
3	assessment roll. It may change the valuation and assessment of any real property upon the roll							
4	by increasing or diminishing the true and full valuation thereof as is reasonable and just to							
5	render ta	axation uniform, except that the board may not increase the valuation of any property						
6	returned	by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen						
7	percent	from the amount of the previous year's assessment without first giving the owner or the						
8	owner's	agent reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the						
9	board to	increase it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the city must be heard and						
10	decided	by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by						
11	nonresio	lents with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints by others						
12	with refe	erence to any assessment made after the meeting of the city board of equalization must						
13	be heard	d and determined by the county board of equalization. The board shall comply with any						
14	requiren	nent for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.						
15	SEC	TION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-12-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
16	amende	d and reenacted as follows:						
17	57-1	2-06. County board of equalization - Equalizing between assessment districts						
18	and bet	ween properties - Limitation on increase - Notice.						
19	1.	The rules prescribed in section 57-12-05 apply when the board of county						
20		commissioners is equalizing assessments between the several assessment and taxing						
21		districts in the county provided that in such case, except as otherwise provided in						
22		subsection 2, the board may raise or lower the valuation of classes of property only so						
23		as to equalize the assessments as between districts. If the board orders an increase						
24		under this subsection, the board must comply with any requirement for notice of an						
25		assessment increase under section 57-02-53.						
26	2.	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section:						
27		a. The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization						
28		may reduce the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real estate even						
29		though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local board of						
30		equalization. The county board of equalization may not reduce any such						
31		assessment unless the owner of the property or the person to whom it was						

1			assessed first appeals to the county board of equalization, either by appearing
2			personally or by a representative before the board or by mail or other
3			communication to the board, in which the owner's reasons for asking for the
4			reduction are made known to the board. The proceedings of the board shall show
5			the manner in which the appeal was made known to the board and the reasons
6			for granting any reduction in any such assessment.
7		b.	The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization
8			may increase the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real property
9			even though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local
10			board of equalization. The county board of equalization may not increase the
11			valuation returned by the assessor or the local board of equalization to an
12			amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the
13			amount of the previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the
14			owner's agent notice by mail to the owner of the property that such person may-
15			appear before the board on the date designated in the notice, which date must be
16			at least five days after the mailing of the notice. The county auditor as clerk of the
17			board shall send such notice to the person or persons concerned. If the board
18			orders an increase under this subdivision, the board must comply with any
19			requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
20		C.	If the county board of equalization during the course of its equalization sessions
21			determines that any property of any person has been listed and assessed in the
22			wrong classification, it shall direct the county auditor to correct the listing so as to
23			include such assessment in the correct classification.
24	3.	The	owner of any separate piece or parcel of real estate that has been assessed may
25		app	eal the assessment thereon to the state board of equalization as provided in
26		sec	tion 57-13-04; provided, however, that such owner has first appealed the
27		ass	essment to the local equalization board of the taxing district in which the property
28		was	assessed and to the county board of equalization of the county in which the
29		prop	perty was assessed. Notwithstanding this requirement, an owner of property which
30		has	been subjected to a new assessment authorized under section 57-14-08 may

appeal the new assessment to the state board of equalization in the manner provided
 for in section 57-14-08.

3 SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 57-15-02.2. Estimated property tax and budgetBudget hearing notice.

- On or before August tenth of each year, the governing body of a taxing district shall
 provide to the county auditor in each county in which the taxing district has taxable
 property a preliminary budget statement and the date, time, and location of the taxing
 district's public hearing on its property tax levy, which may be no earlier than
 September seventh. A taxing district that fails to provide the information required under
 this subsection on or before August tenth may not impose a property tax levy in a
 greater amount of dollars than was imposed by the taxing district in the prior year.
- By August thirty-first of each year, the county treasurer shall provide a written notice to
 the owner of each parcel of taxable property with a total estimated property tax of at
 least one hundred dollars. The text of the notice must contain:
- 16a.The date, time, and location of the public budget hearing for each of the taxing17districts in which the property owner's parcel is located, which anticipate levying-18in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in the current year, and the location at19which the taxing district's budget is available for review; and
- 20 b. The true and full value of the property based on the best information available;
- c. A column showing the actual property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the
 taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding
 taxable year and a column showing the estimated property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies based on the preliminary budget statements of all taxing jurisdictions;
- A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's total levy from the
 previous year and the taxing district's estimated levy with the word "INCREASE"
 printed in boldface type if the proposed tax levy is larger in dollars than the levy in
 dollars in the previous year;

1		e.	Information identifying the estimated property tax savings that will be provided
2			pursuant to section 57-20-07.1 based on the best information available;
3		f.	A statement that there will be an opportunity for citizens to present oral or written
4			comments regarding each taxing district's property tax levy; and
5		g.	The actual amount of the special assessment installment payable against the
6			parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year.
7	3.	Deli	very of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the
8		prop	perty owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's
9		last-	known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification
10		of re	eceipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to
11		rece	eive notice. If a parcel of taxable property is owned by more than one owner, notice
12		mus	t be sent to only one owner of the property. Failure of an owner to receive a notice
13		und	er this section will not relieve the owner of property tax liability or modify the
14		qua	lifying date under section 57-20-09 for which an owner may receive a discount for
15		earl	y payment of tax.
16	4.	The	tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
17		sect	tion.
18	5.	The	direct cost of providing taxpayer notices under this section may be allocated in a
19		mar	nner proportionate to the number of notices mailed on behalf of each taxing district
20		that	intends to levy in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in property taxes in the
21		curr	ent year.
22	SEC		1 22. A new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
23	and ena	cted a	as follows:
24	Lim	itatio	n on levies by taxing districts without voter approval.
25	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Notwithstanding that a taxing district may have unused or excess levy authority
26			under any other provision of law, this section supersedes and limits that authority.
27			This section may not be interpreted as authority to increase any property tax levy
28			authority otherwise provided by law and must be applied to limit any property tax
29			levy authority to which a taxing district may otherwise be entitled. Property taxes
30			levied in dollars by a taxing district may not exceed the greater of the base year

1			levy increased by the allowable percentage limit or the adjusted year levy
2			increased by the allowable percentage limit.
3		<u>b.</u>	Excluding any negative excess percentage increase, a taxing district may carry
4			forward an excess percentage increase to be used in any of the five succeeding
5			taxable years. An excess percentage increase may be used only once to
6			increase the limitation under subdivision a and may not be carried forward
7			beyond five taxable years. The oldest unused excess percentage increase must
8			be applied first.
9	<u>2.</u>	The	e limitation under subsection 1 does not apply to:
10		<u>a.</u>	New or increased property tax levy authority that becomes available to the taxing
11			district in the current taxable year resulting from:
12			(1) <u>A change in state law.</u>
13			(2) Approval by the electors of the taxing district.
14		<u>b.</u>	Property tax levy authority increased above zero mills in the current taxable year
15			by the governing board of the taxing district, provided the levy authority was not
16			previously used.
17		<u>C.</u>	Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of
18			article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
19		<u>d.</u>	The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X
20			of the Constitution of North Dakota.
21		<u>e.</u>	The levy, not to exceed one mill, for the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District,
22			authorized by section 57-15-26.8.
23		<u>f.</u>	Taxes or special assessments levied to pay the principal and interest on any
24			obligations of any political subdivision, including taxes levied for deficiencies in
25			special assessment and improvement district funds and revenue bond and
26			reserve funds.
27		<u>g.</u>	Taxes levied pursuant to law for the proportion of the cost to any taxing district for
28		-	a special improvement project by general taxation.
29		<u>h.</u>	<u>Taxes levied under sections 40-24-10, 40-43-01, 57-15-28, 57-15-41, and</u>
30		<u></u>	57-15-48 and chapter 61-16.1.
31		<u>i.</u>	Taxes levied, up to eighteen mills, under section 57-15-20.
01		<u>L</u> .	

1	<u>3.</u>	<u>A major</u>	<u>ty of th</u>	e qualified electors in a taxing district voting on the question at a	
2		<u>statewic</u>	le gene	eral election may approve a property tax levy exceeding the limitation	
3		<u>under s</u>	ubsecti	on 1 for four taxable years at a time, beginning with the taxable year	
4		after the	gener	al election during which the ballot measure was approved. The ballot	
5		measure	<u>e must</u>	state the proposed percentage increase and the proposed dollar	
6		<u>amount</u>	increa	se exceeding the limitation under subsection 1.	
7	<u>4.</u>	For taxa	ble ye	ar 2025, a city may levy an amount equal to the amount levied in dollars	
8		<u>in the pr</u>	ecedin	g taxable year under sections 40-05-19 and 57-15-42 as part of the levy	
9		under se	ection	57-15-08 without including the dollars levied for this purpose as part of	
10		the limit	ation u	nder subsection 1.	
11	<u>5.</u>	<u>A city or</u>	A city or county may not supersede or modify the application of this section under		
12		<u>home ru</u>	le auth	nority.	
13	<u>6.</u>	For purp	For purposes of this section:		
14		<u>a. "Ao</u>	ljusted	year levy" means amount of property tax levied in dollars by the taxing	
15		<u>dis</u>	trict in	the preceding taxable year adjusted as follows:	
16		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n property and improvements to property which were not taxable in the	
17			prec	eding taxable year are taxable in the current year, the amount levied in	
18			dolla	ars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be increased	
19			<u>to re</u>	flect the taxes that would have been imposed against the additional	
20			<u>taxa</u>	ble valuation attributable to that property at the mill rate applied to all	
21			prop	erty in the preceding taxable year, excluding the mill rate associated	
22			<u>with</u>		
23			<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under	
24				section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.	
25			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center	
26				authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North	
27				Dakota.	
28		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	en a property tax exemption existed in the preceding taxable year which	
29			<u>has</u>	been reduced or no longer exists for the current taxable year, the	
30			<u>amo</u>	unt levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district	
31			<u>mus</u>	t be increased to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed	

 longer exempt at the mill rate applied to all property in the preceding taxable year, excluding the mill rate associated with: (a) Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. (b) A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center. authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North. Dakota. (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding. taxable year by the taxing district must be reduced by the amount of taxes 	<u>r</u>
4 (a) Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under 5 section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. 6 (b) A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center. 7 authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North 8 Dakota. 9 (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable 10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding.	le_
5 section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. 6 (b) A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center 7 authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North 8 Dakota. 9 (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable 10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding.	le_
6 (b) A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center 7 authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North 8 Dakota. 9 (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable 10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding.	
7 authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North 8 Dakota. 9 (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable 10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding.	
8 Dakota. 9 (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable 10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding.	
9 (3) When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxabl 10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding	
10 for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding	
	-
11 toyohla year by the toying district must be reduced by the ensure of tayon	-
11 taxable year by the taxing district must be reduced by the amount of taxes	
12 that were imposed against the taxable valuation of that property in the	
13 preceding taxable year.	
14 (4) When a temporary mill levy increase, excluding an increase under this	
15 section, authorized by the electors of the taxing district or mill levy	
16 imposition authority under state law existed in the preceding taxable year	
17 but is no longer applicable or has been reduced, the amount levied in	
18 dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be adjusted	<u>t</u>
19 to reflect the expired temporary mill levy increase and the eliminated or	
20 reduced mill levy under state law before the percentage increase allowable	<u>ə</u>
21 <u>under this subsection is applied.</u>	
22 b. "Allowable percentage limit" means three percent.	
23 <u>c.</u> "Base year levy" means the highest amount of property tax levied in dollars by a	<u>a</u>
24 <u>taxing district in the three taxable years immediately preceding the current</u>	
25 <u>taxable year.</u>	
26 <u>d.</u> "Excess percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest	
27 <u>hundredth of a percent, between:</u>	
28 (1) The allowable percentage limit; and	
29 . (2) The difference between the actual amount of property tax levied in dollars	
30 and the greater of the base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the	

1		resulting difference under this paragraph divided by the greater of the base				
2		<u>year levy or adjusted year levy.</u>				
3	<u>e.</u>	"Proposed percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest				
4	_	hundredth of a percent, between:				
5		(1) The difference between the amount of property tax in dollars proposed to be				
6		levied by the governing board of the taxing district and the greater of the				
7		base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the resulting difference under				
8		this paragraph divided by the greater of the base year levy or adjusted year				
9		levy; and				
10		(2) The allowable percentage limit.				
11	f.	<u>"Taxing district" means any political subdivision empowered to levy taxes.</u>				
12	_	N 23. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
13		id reenacted as follows:				
14						
15	1. On or before December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail a					
16	real estate tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's					
17	last-known address. The form of the real estate tax statement to be used in every					
18		county must be prescribed and approved for use by the tax commissioner. The				
19	statement must be provided in a manner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed					
20	record of the obligation for payment of taxes and special assessments as provided in					
21	the statement. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the					
22						
23	Additional copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their					
24	request and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. The					
25						
26	a.	Include a dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the				
27		property and the total mill levy applicable.				
28	b.	Include, or be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns showing, for				
29		the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately				
30		preceding taxable years , the :				

1		(1)	<u>The</u> p	property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school
2			distri	ct and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel.
3		<u>(2)</u>	The a	amount of property tax levied as a result of voter-approved levy
4			autho	prity, which must be separately stated for each taxing district that levied
5			prope	erty tax as a result of voter-approved levy authority.
6	C.	Pro	/ide in	formation identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of
7		Nort	h Dak	ota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled
8		"legi	slative	e tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings
9		reali	zed by	y the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019,
10		chap	oter 50	-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27.
11		(1)	For p	ourposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27
12			is de	termined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each
13			parce	el shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy
14			reduc	ction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the
15			numł	per of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill-
16			rate o	of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of <u>one</u>
17			<u>hund</u>	red twenty-five mills or the sum of:
18			(a)	Fifty millsThe number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under
19				chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year; orand
20			(b)	The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minusexcluding
21				sixty mills.
22		(2)	Legis	slative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the
23			taxab	ble value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax
24			state	ment by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount
25			calcu	lated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by
26			the ta	axable value of taxable property in the zone for the taxable year.
27	<u>d.</u>	<u>Prov</u>	<u>vide in</u>	formation identifying the primary residence credit, including information
28		regarding the portion of the credit derived from funding distributed from the		
29		<u>lega</u>	<u>cy fun</u>	<u>d.</u>
30		(1)	<u>The</u> s	statement must include a separate line item identifying the primary
31			<u>resid</u>	ence credit realized by the taxpayer for each taxable year shown.

1		<u>(2)</u>	<u>The</u>	statements must include a separate line item or conspicuous		
2			desc	ription identifying the portion of the credit derived from funding		
3			<u>distr</u>	distributed from the legacy fund.		
4			<u>(a)</u>	The dollar amount of the primary residence credit derived from		
5				funding distributed from the legacy fund is calculated as the product of		
6				the total amount of the primary residence credit realized by the		
7				taxpayer in a taxable year multiplied by the applicable percent.		
8			<u>(b)</u>	By November first of each year, the tax commissioner shall notify		
9				each county auditor of the applicable percent to be used for the		
10				calculation in paragraph a for the current and prior two taxable years.		
11			<u>(c)</u>	For purposes of this paragraph, "applicable percent" means the		
12				percent, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, calculated as		
13				the quotient of the amount allocated to the legacy property tax relief		
14				fund from the legacy earnings fund for the primary residence credit		
15				pursuant to section 5 of this Act divided by the total amount		
16				appropriated from the legacy property tax relief fund for the primary		
17				residence credit, using the allocations and appropriations for the		
18				<u>relevant tax years.</u>		
19	2.	Failure of	f an o	wner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor		
20		extend th	ie disc	count privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.		
21	SECTION 24. REPEAL. Sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century					
22	2 Code are repealed.					
23	SECTION 25. APPROPRIATION - TRANSFER - GENERAL FUND TO LEGACY					
24	4 PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FUND - INFORMATION ON PROPERTY TAX STATEMENTS - TAX					
25	25 COMMISSIONER.					
26	1.	There is appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not				
27		otherwise	e appr	opriated, the sum of \$74,601,793, which the office of management and		
28		budget sl	hall tra	ansfer to the legacy property tax relief fund, during the biennium		
29		beginning	g July	1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027. For legislative council budget		
30		status re	porting	g purposes, the transfer under this subsection is considered an ongoing		
31		funding it	em.			

1	2.	There is appropriated out of any moneys in the legacy property tax relief fund, not				
2		otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$473,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be				
3		necessary, to the tax commissioner for the state reimbursement under the primary				
4		residence credit for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2				
5		Of the \$473,000,000, \$74,601,793 is from the general fund pursuant to subsection 1,				
6		and \$398,398,207 is from the legacy earnings fund.				
7	3.	Pursuant to section 57-20-07.1, the tax commissioner shall notify each county auditor				
8		that the applicable percent for taxable years 2025 and 2026 is 84.23 percent, which				
9		reflects the portion of the primary residence credit derived from funding distributed				
10		from the legacy fund.				
11	SECTION 26. APPROPRIATION - TAX COMMISSIONER - HOMESTEAD TAX CREDIT.					
12	2 There is appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise					
13	appropriated, the sum of \$5,450,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the tax					
14	4 commissioner for the purpose of the state reimbursement of the homestead tax credit, for the					
15	5 biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027.					
16	SECTION 27. EFFECTIVE DATE.					
17	1.	Sections 8, 9, 10, and 22 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after				
18		December 31, 2024.				
19	2.	Sections 7, 11, 14, 15, and 16 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after				
20		December 31, 2025.				
21	3.	Section 12 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2025.				
22	4.	Section 13 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2026.				
23	SEC	CTION 28. EMERGENCY. Sections 10 and 12 of this Act are declared to be an				
24	emergency measure.					