Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# SECOND ENGROSSMENT with Senate Amendments REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1176

Introduced by

Representatives Nathe, Hagert, Headland, Lefor, Porter, Stemen, Swiontek, Vigesaa Senators Bekkedahl, Hogue, Weber, Rummel

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact two new sections to chapter 54-27, a new section to 2 chapter 57-02, and a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 3 to a legacy earnings fund, a legacy property tax relief fund, a primary residence certification, 4 and a limitation on property tax levies without voter approval; to amend and reenact section 5 6-09.4-10.1, subsection 1 of section 21-10-06, sections 40-40-06, 54-27-19.3, and 57-02-01, 6 subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1, subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 7 57-02-08.1, section 57-02-08.9 as amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved 8 by the sixty-ninth legislative assembly, sections 57-02-08.10, 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1, 57-02-53, 9 57-09-04, 57-11-03, 57-12-06, 57-15-02.2, and 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, 10 relating to funds invested by the state investment board, property tax definitions, the homestead 11 tax credit and renters refund, the primary residence credit, property classifications, assessment 12 and budget hearing notices to property owners, and the property tax statement; to repeal 13 sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to legacy fund 14 definitions and the legacy earnings fund; to provide a statement of legislative intent; to provide 15 an appropriation; to provide an effective date; to provide an expiration date; and to declare an 16 emergency.

## 17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 6-09.4-10.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	6-09.4-10.1. Legacy sinking and interest fund - Debt service requirements - Public								
2	finance authority.								
3	There is created in the state treasury the legacy sinking and interest fund. The fund consists								
4	of all moneys deposited in the fund under section 21-10-135 of this Act. Moneys in the fund may								
5	be spent by t	he public finance authority pursuant to legislative appropriations to meet the debt							
6	service requi	rements for evidences of indebtedness issued by the authority for transfer to the							
7	Bank of North	n Dakota for allocations to infrastructure projects and programs.							
8	SECTION	N 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 21-10-06 of the North Dakota Century							
9	Code is amer	nded and reenacted as follows:							
10	1. Sub	ject to the provisions of section 21-10-02, the board shall invest the following							
11	func	ds:							
12	a.	State bonding fund.							
13	b.	Teachers' fund for retirement.							
14	С.	State fire and tornado fund.							
15	d.	Workforce safety and insurance fund.							
16	e.	Public employees retirement system.							
17	f.	Insurance regulatory trust fund.							
18	g.	State risk management fund.							
19	h.	Budget stabilization fund.							
20	i.	Water projects stabilization fund.							
21	j.	Health care trust fund.							
22	k.	Cultural endowment fund.							
23	I.	Petroleum tank release compensation fund.							
24	m.	Legacy fund.							
25	n.	Legacy earnings fund.							
26	<del>0.</del>	Opioid settlement fund.							
27	<del>p.<u>o.</u></del>	A fund under contract with the board pursuant to subsection 3.							
28	SECTION	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 40-40-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
29	amended and	d reenacted as follows:							

1	40-4	10-06	. Notice of <del>preliminary budget statement - Contents - How givenpublic</del>						
2	budget hearing date.								
3	1. On or before August tenth of each year, after the governing body has prepared the								
4	preliminary budget statement, the auditor of the municipality shall:								
5		<del>a.</del>	Provide the county auditor with a copy of the preliminary budget statement.						
6	<del>b.<u>1.</u></del>	Set	a public budget hearing date no earlier than September seventh and no later than						
7		Oct	ober seventh for the purpose of adopting the final budget and making the annual						
8		tax	levy.						
9	<del>c.<u>2.</u></del>	Pro	vide notice of the public budget hearing date to the county auditor.						
10	<del>2.</del>	For	municipalities anticipating levying less than one hundred thousand dollars in the						
11		curi	r <del>ent year, notice must:</del>						
12		<del>a.</del>	Contain a statement of the total proposed expenditures for each fund in the						
13			preliminary budget, but need not contain any detailed statement of the proposed						
14			expenditures;						
15		<del>b.</del>	Be published at least once, not less than six days prior to the budget hearing, in a						
16			newspaper published in the municipality, if there is one, and if no newspaper is						
17			published in the municipality, the notice must be published not less than six days-						
18			prior to the meeting in the official city newspaper as provided by section						
19			<del>40-01-09; and</del>						
20		<del>C.</del>	Provide that any taxpayer may appear and discuss with the governing body any						
21			item of proposed expenditures or may object to any item or amount.						
22	SEC	стіоі	N 4. AMENDMENT. Section 54-27-19.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
23	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:						
24	54-2	27-19	0.3. Legacy earnings highway distribution fund.						
25	A le	gacy	earnings highway distribution fund is created as a special fund in the state treasury						
26	into which must be deposited any allocations of legacy fund earnings made under section								
27	<del>21-10-1</del> 3	<del>3</del> 5 of	this Act. Any moneys in the legacy earnings highway distribution fund must be						
28	allocate	d and	transferred by the state treasurer, as follows:						
29	1.	Sixt	ty percent must be transferred to the department of transportation for deposit in the						
30		stat	e highway fund;						
31	2.	Ten	percent must be transferred to the legacy earnings township highway aid fund;						

1	3.	One	and five-tenths percent must be transferred to the public transportation fund; and										
2	4.	Twe	Twenty-eight and five-tenths percent must be allocated to cities and counties using the										
3		form	ormula established in subsection 4 of section 54-27-19. Moneys received by counties										
4		and	nd cities must be used for roadway purposes in accordance with section 11 of										
5		artic	ele X of the Constitution of North Dakota.										
6	SEC	SECTION 5. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created											
7	and ena	cted	as follows:										
8	<u>Leg</u>	<u>acy e</u>	earnings fund - State treasurer - Legacy fund distribution - Allocations.										
9	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	re is created in the state treasury the legacy earnings fund. The fund consists of all										
10		mor	neys distributed by the state treasurer from the legacy fund pursuant to section 26										
11		<u>of a</u>	rticle X of the Constitution of North Dakota. The distribution from the legacy fund										
12		<u>on J</u>	luly first of each odd-numbered year must be equal to seven percent of the										
13		five-	year average value of the legacy fund balance as reported by the state investment										
14		<u>boa</u>	rd. The average value of the legacy fund balance must be calculated using the										
15		<u>func</u>	und balance at the end of each fiscal year for the five-year period ending with the										
16		mos	st recently completed even-numbered fiscal year.										
17	<u>2.</u>	<u>Fror</u>	m the amount distributed to the legacy earnings fund under subsection 1, the state										
18		<u>trea</u>	surer shall allocate funding in July of each odd-numbered year in the following										
19		orde	er:										
20		<u>a.</u>	The first one hundred two million six hundred twenty-four thousand dollars or an										
21			amount equal to the amount appropriated from the legacy sinking and interest										
22			fund for debt service payments for a biennium, whichever is less, to the legacy										
23			sinking and interest fund under section 6-09.4-10.1.										
24		<u>b.</u>	The next one hundred million dollars to the legacy earnings highway distribution										
25			fund for allocations under section 54-27-19.3.										
26		<u>C.</u>	The remaining amount to the legacy property tax relief fund under section 6 of										
27			this Act.										
28	SECTION 6. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created												
29	and enacted as follows:												

- 1 Legacy property tax relief fund.
- 2 There is created in the state treasury the legacy property tax relief fund. The fund consists
- 3 of all moneys allocated to the fund under section 5 of this Act and all moneys transferred to the
- 4 fund by the legislative assembly.
- 5 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 6 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 7 **57-02-01**. Definitions.

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- 8 As used in this title, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
- 9 1. "Agricultural property" means platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural
- 10 crops or grazing farm animals, except lands platted and assessed as agricultural
- 11 property prior to March 30, 1981, shall continue to be assessed as agricultural
- 12 property until put to a use other than raising agricultural crops or grazing farm animals.
- 13 Agricultural property includes land on which a greenhouse or other building is located
- 14 if the land is used for a nursery or other purpose associated with the operation of the
- 15 greenhouse. The time limitations contained in this section may not be construed to
- prevent property that was assessed as other than agricultural property from being
  assessed as agricultural property if the property otherwise qualifies under this
  subsection.
- a. Property platted on or after March 30, 1981, is not agricultural property when any
  four of the following conditions exist:
  - (1) The land is platted by the owner.
  - (2) Public improvements, including sewer, water, or streets, are in place.
  - (3) Topsoil is removed or topography is disturbed to the extent that the property cannot be used to raise crops or graze farm animals.
    - (4) Property is zoned other than agricultural.
  - (5) Property has assumed an urban atmosphere because of adjacent residential or commercial development on three or more sides.
  - (6) The parcel is less than ten acres [4.05 hectares] and not contiguous to agricultural property.
- 30(7)The property sells for more than four times the county average true and full31agricultural value.

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1		b. Land that was assessed as agricultural property at the time the land was put to
2		use for extraction of oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals as defined in section
3		38-12-01 must continue to be assessed as agricultural property if the remainder
4		of the surface owner's parcel of property on which the subsurface mineral activity
5		is occurring continues to qualify for assessment as agricultural property under
6		this subsection.
7	2.	"Air carrier transportation property" means the operative property of each airline
8		whose property is assessed for taxation purposes pursuant to chapters 57-06 and
9		57-32.
10	3.	"Assessed valuation" means fifty percent of the true and full value of property.
11	4.	"Centrally assessed property" means all property which is assessed by the state board
12		of equalization under chapters 57-05, 57-06, and 57-32.
13	5.	"Commercial property" means all property, or portions of property, not included in the
14		classes of property defined in subsections 1, 4, <del>11, 10, 12, 13,</del> and <del>1214</del> .
15	6.	"Credits" means and includes every claim and demand for money or other valuable
16		thing, and every annuity or sum of money receivable at stated periods, due or to
17		become due, and all claims and demands secured by deeds or mortgages, due or to
18		become due.
19	7.	"Governing body" means a board of county commissioners, city council, board of city
20		commissioners, school board, or board of education, or the similarly constituted and
21		acting board of any other municipality.
22	8.	"Money" or "moneys" means gold and silver coin, treasury notes, bank notes, and
23		every deposit which any person owning the same or holding in trust and residing in
24		this state is entitled to withdraw as money or on demand.
25	9.	"Municipality" or "taxing district" means a county, city, township, school district, water
26		conservation and flood control district, Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, county
27		park district, joint county park district, irrigation district, park district, rural fire protection
28		district, or any other subdivision of the state empowered to levy taxes.
29	10.	"Nonprimary residential property" means residential property, or portions of residential
30		property, not included in the class of property defined in subsection 12.
31	<u>11.</u>	"Person" includes a firm, corporation, or limited liability company.

1	<del>11.<u>12.</u></del>	"Primary residential property" means residential property certified as a primary
2		residence under section 14 of this Act.
3	<u>13.</u>	"Railroad property" means the operating property, including franchises, of each
4		railroad operated in this state, including any electric or other street or interurban
5		railway.
6	<del>12.<u>14.</u></del>	"Residential property" means all property, or portions of property, used by an individual
7		or group of individuals as a dwelling, including property upon which a mobile home is
8		located but not including hotel and motel accommodations required to be licensed
9		under chapter 23-09 nor structures providing living accommodations for four or more
10		separate family units nor any tract of land upon which four or more mobile homes are
11		located. The term includes nonprimary residential property and primary residential
12		property.
13	<del>13.<u>15.</u></del>	"Taxable valuation" signifies the valuation remaining after deducting exemptions and
14		making other reductions from the original assessed valuation, and is the valuation
15		upon which the rate of levy finally is computed and against which the taxes finally are
16		extended.
17	<del>14.<u>16.</u></del>	"Tract", "lot", "piece or parcel of real property", or "piece or parcel of land" means any
18		contiguous quantity of land in the possession of, owned by or recorded as the property
19		of, the same claimant, person, or company.
20	<del>15.<u>17.</u></del>	"True and full value" means the value determined by considering the earning or
21		productive capacity, if any, the market value, if any, and all other matters that affect the
22		actual value of the property to be assessed. This shall include, for purposes of arriving
23		at the true and full value of property used for agricultural purposes, farm rentals, soil
24		capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis.
25	<del>16.<u>18.</u></del>	"Unencumbered cash" means the total cash on hand in any fund, less the amount
26		belonging to the fund in closed banks and less the amount of outstanding warrants,
27		bills, accounts, and contracts which are chargeable against the fund.
28	<del>17.<u>19.</u></del>	There shall be a presumption that a unit of land is not a farm unless such unit contains
29		a minimum of ten acres [4.05 hectares], and the taxing authority, in determining
30		whether such presumption shall apply, shall consider such things as the present use,

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- the adaptability to use, and how similar type properties in the immediate area are
   classified for tax purposes.
- 3 SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
  4 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - c. The exemption must be determined according to the following schedule:
- 6 (1) If the person's income is not in excess of fortyfifty thousand dollars, a
  7 reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's
  8 homestead up to a maximum reduction of nine thousand dollars of taxable
  9 valuation.
- 10(2)If the person's income is in excess of fortyfifty thousand dollars and not in11excess of seventyeighty thousand dollars, a reduction of fifty percent of the12taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of13four thousand five hundred dollars of taxable valuation.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

16 For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of b. 17 any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, 18 furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of 19 the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be 20 considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty 21 percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a 22 gualified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state 23 general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual 24 income, but the refund may not be in excess of four hundredsix hundred dollars. 25 If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars 26 must be sent to the qualifying applicant.

SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code as
 amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved by the sixty-ninth legislative
 assembly, is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	57-0	02-08	3.9. Pi	rimary	residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the			
2	first <del>two</del> taxable <del>years<u>year</u> beginning after December 31, <del>2023</del>2024)</del>							
3	1.	A ta	axpay	er is e	ntitled to a credit <del>of five hundred dollars</del> against the property tax due on			
4		the	taxpa	ayer's	primary residence as provided in this section. The credit may:			
5		<u>a.</u>	<u>Is li</u>	mited	to seventy-five percent of the property tax due, but the credit may not			
6			<u>be l</u>	<u>ess th</u>	an five hundred dollars or more than one thousand two hundred fifty			
7			<u>doll</u>	<u>ars.</u>				
8		<u>b.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>y not r</u>	educe the property tax due on voter-approved levies, except the			
9			limi	tation	under this subdivision may not be applied to reduce the credit to an			
10			<u>amo</u>	ount of	less than five hundred dollars.			
11		<u>C.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>y not r</u>	educe the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.			
12		<u>d.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>ı</u> not e	xceed the amount of property tax due <u>against the primary residence</u> .			
13			The	credit	must			
14		<u>e.</u>	<u>Mus</u>	<u>st</u> be a	pplied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's primary			
15			resi	dence	after other exemptions or credits under this chapter have been applied.			
16	2.	For	. purp	oses c	f this section:			
17		a.			neans an individual holds a present ownership interest, including			
18			owr	nership	o in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present			
19			owr	nership	o interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a			
20			•		under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of			
21			000	•	y or a tenancy under a lease.			
22		b.	(1)	"Prin	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,			
23				аррі	irtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the			
24				dwel	ling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:			
25				(a)	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a			
26					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;			
27				(b)	Designed or adapted for human residence;			
28				(c)	Used as a residence; and			
29				(d)	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an			
30					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned			

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1					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
2					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
3			(2)	For <sub>I</sub>	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
4				(a)	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
5				(b)	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter
6					57-55.
7		C.	"Qu	alifyin	g trust" means a trust:
8			(1)	In w	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
9				trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
10				the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
11				has	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
12				resic	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
13				expe	enses specified in the instrument or court order:
14				(a)	For life;
15				(b)	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
16				(c)	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
17					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
18					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
19					which the property is located; and
20			(2)	That	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
21				that:	
22				(a)	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
23					interest acquired; and
24				(b)	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
25					property is located.
26		d.	"Tru	ustor" ı	means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
27			pro	perty t	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
28			or t	he indi	ividual's spouse.
29	3.	An	indivi	dual w	ho does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
30		uno	der thi	is sect	ion if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
31		hos	spital,	or oth	er care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of

- the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
   person.
- 3 4. Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied 4 against any primary residence. A trust may not claim a credit for more than one 5 primary residence under this section. If a credit under this section is applied against 6 the property tax due on a primary residence subject to a real estate transaction, any 7 proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on 8 the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section. 9 5. An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under 10 subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section. 11 The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any 6. 12 property. 13 7. To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax 14 commissioner, by April first of each year, an application containing a verified statement 15 of facts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the claimapplication on a 16 form and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be 17 filed: 18 <u>a.</u> By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence 19 taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55. 20 By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary b. 21 residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55. 22 8. The tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design, 23 and make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax 24 commissioner shall make these forms available upon request. 25 SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows: 27 57-02-08.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the 28 first taxable year beginning after December 31, 2024) 29 A taxpayer is entitled to a credit against the property tax due on the taxpayer's parcel 1. 30 of primary residenceresidential property as provided in this section. The credit:

1		a.	ls li	nited	to seventy-five percent of the property tax due, but the credit may not
2			be l	ess th	an five hundred dollars or more than one thousand two hundred fifty
3			dolla	ars.	
4		b.	Мау	not r	educe the property tax due on voter-approved levies, except the
5			limit	ation	under this subdivision may not be applied to reduce the credit to an
6			amo	ount of	f less than five hundred dollars.
7		C.	Мау	not r	educe the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.
8		d.	Мау	/ not e	xceed the amount of property tax due against the <u>parcel of</u> primary
9			resi	dence	residential property.
10		e.	Mus	st be a	pplied to reduce the property tax owed on the <del>taxpayer's</del> parcel of
11			prim	nary <del>re</del>	esidenceresidential property after other exemptions or credits under this
12			cha	pter ha	ave been applied.
13	2.	For	purpe	o <del>ses c</del>	of this section:
14		<del>a.</del>	<del>"Ом</del>	/ned" I	means an individual holds a present ownership interest, including-
15			own	ership	o in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
16			own	ership	o interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
17			pure	chaser	under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
18			OCC	upanc	y or a tenancy under a lease.
19		<del>b.</del>	<del>(1)</del>	<del>"Prin</del>	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
20				appi	urtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
21				dwel	ling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:
22				<del>(a)</del>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
23					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
24				<del>(b)</del>	Designed or adapted for human residence;
25				<del>(c)</del>	Used as a residence; and
26				<del>(d)</del>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
27					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned-
28					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
29					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
30			<del>(2)</del>	For (	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
31				<del>(a)</del>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.

1				<del>(b)</del>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter-
2					<del>57-55.</del>
3		<del>C.</del>	<del>"Qu</del>	alifyinę	<del>g trust" means a trust:</del>
4			<del>(1)</del>	<del>In wl</del>	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
5				trans	ferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
6				the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust-
7				<del>has t</del>	he right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
8				resid	ence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
9				expe	nses specified in the instrument or court order:
10				<del>(a)</del>	<del>For life;</del>
11				<del>(b)</del>	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
12				<del>(c)</del>	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
13					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
14					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in-
15					which the property is located; and
16			<del>(2)</del>	That	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order-
17				<del>that:</del>	
18				<del>(a)</del>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
19					interest acquired; and
20				<del>(b)</del>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
21					property is located.
22		<del>d.</del>	<del>"Tru</del>	<del>istor" r</del>	neans an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal-
23			prop	perty to	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
24			<del>or t</del> ł	<del>ne indi</del>	vidual's spouse.
25	<del>3.</del>	An	indivie	<del>dual w</del>	ho does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
26		une	ler thi	<del>s sect</del> i	on if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
27		hos	<del>pital,</del>	<del>or oth</del>	er care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
28		the	prima	<del>ary res</del>	idence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
29		per	<del>son.</del>		
30	4 <del>.</del>	Onl	y one	credit	under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
31		aga	inst a	iny <u>pai</u>	r <u>cel of</u> primary <del>residence<u>residential property</u>. A trust may not claim a</del>

1		credit for more than one <u>parcel of</u> primary residenceresidential property under this	
2		section. If a credit under this section is applied against the property tax due on a	
3		parcel of primary residenceresidential property subject to a real estate transaction, any	
4		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on	
5		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.	
6	<del>5.</del>	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under-	
7		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.	
8	<del>6.</del>	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any	
9		<del>property.</del>	
10	<del>7.</del>	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax-	
11		commissioner, an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the	
12		applicant's eligibility as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner	
13		prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be filed:	
14		a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence-	
15		taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.	
16		b. By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary	
17		residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.	
18	<del>8.<u>3.</u></del>	The tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,	
19		and make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax-	
20		commissioner shall make these forms available upon request.	
21	SEC	CTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
22	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:	
23	57-0	02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through	
24	June 30	<del>), 2026<u>May</u> 31, 2026</del> )	
25	1.	By June first of each yearJune 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:	
26		a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the	
27		sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for	
28		taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify	
29		to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of	
30		credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year	
31		<u>2024;</u>	

1		<u>b.</u>	Rev	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be
2			<u>app</u>	lied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025
3			and	determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section
4			57-0	02-08.9 <u>for taxable year 2025;</u> and
5		<del>b.<u>c.</u></del>	Pro	vide to each county auditor:
6			(1)	A copy of each approved application under subdivision ab which identifies a
7				primary residence located in the county; and
8			(2)	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for
9				<del>the current</del> taxable year <u>2025</u> .
10	2.	By	Nove	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
11		<u>a.</u>	<u>Rev</u>	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
12			<u>resi</u>	dences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied
13			<u>aga</u>	inst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify
14			<u>for t</u>	the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and
15		<u>b.</u>	<u>Pro</u>	vide to each county auditor:
16			<u>(1)</u>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a
17				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and
18			<u>(2)</u>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
19				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.
20	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2025:
21			<u>(1)</u>	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each
22				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the
23				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding
24				property tax statement.
25			<u>(2)</u>	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
26				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
27				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
28				residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
29				an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
30				county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
31				taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The

1		county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this					
2		paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay					
3		according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,					
4		and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and					
5		sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for					
6		abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.					
7		b. For taxable year 2026, the county auditor shall apply the credit under section					
8		57-02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter					
9		57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence					
10		on the corresponding mobile home tax statement.					
11	<del>3.<u>4.</u></del>	By January first of each yearJanuary 15, 2026, the county auditor shall certify to the					
12		tax commissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under					
13		subsection 1subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and under subsection 2 which were					
14		applied towardagainst property taxes owed on primary residences in the county for the					
15		preceding yearas provided in subsection 3.					
16	<u>4.5.</u>	By <del>June first of each year after 2024<u>May 31, 2026</u>, the tax commissioner shall review</del>					
17		a sampling of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the					
18		application of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county					
19		the aggregate dollar amount of credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in each-					
20		<del>county for the preceding yearapplied against property taxes owed on primary</del>					
21		residences in the county as provided in subsection 3.					
22	<del>5.<u>6.</u></del>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later					
23		than June thirtieth of each year after 2024, the county treasurer shall apportion and					
24		distribute the payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the					
25		same basis as property taxes for the preceding yearand mobile home taxes were					
26		apportioned and distributed for the taxable year in which the taxes were levied.					
27	<del>6.<u>7.</u></del>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and					
28		supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed					
29		in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.					
30	<del>7.<u>8.</u></del>	The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to					
31		effectuate this section.					

1	<del>8.</del> 9.	The	e tax c	commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary					
2		to e	ffectu	ate this section.					
3	SEC	SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
4	amende	d an	d reer	nacted as follows:					
5	57-0	02-08	5.10. F	Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. <del>(Effective through</del>					
6	<del>May 31</del> ,	<del>, 202</del> (	<del>6)</del>						
7	1.	<del>By ,</del>	June	1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:					
8		<del>a.</del>	Rev	iew a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the					
9			sum	of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for					
10			taxa	ble year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify-					
11			<del>to t</del> ∤	ne state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of					
12			crea	lits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year					
13			<del>202</del> -	<del>4.</del>					
14		<del>b.</del>	Rev	iew the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be					
15			app	lied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year					
16			<del>202</del>	5and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section					
17			<del>57-</del> (	02-08.9 for taxable year 2025; and					
18		<del>C.</del>	Prov	vide to each county auditor:					
19			<del>(1)</del>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision b which identifies a					
20				primary residence located in the county; and					
21			<del>(2)</del>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for					
22				taxable year 2025.					
23	<del>2.</del>	<del>By</del>	Novei	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:					
24		<del>a.</del>	Rev	iew the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary					
25			resi	dences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied					
26			aga	inst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify-					
27			for t	he credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and					
28		<del>b.</del>	Prov	vide to each county auditor:					
29			<del>(1)</del>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a					
30				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and					

1			<del>(2)</del>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
2				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.
3	<del>3.</del>	<del>a.</del>	For	taxable year 2025:
4			<del>(1)</del>	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each
5				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the
6				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding-
7				property tax statement.
8			<del>(2)</del>	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
9				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
10				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
11				residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
12				an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
13				county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
14				taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
15				county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this-
16				paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay-
17				according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
18				and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
19				sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
20				abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.
21		<del>b.</del>	For	taxable year 2026, the <u>The</u> county auditor shall apply the credit under section
22			57-0	02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
23			<del>57-</del>	55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
24			resi	denceparcel of primary residential property on the corresponding property tax
25			<u>stat</u>	ement or mobile home tax statement.
26	<u>4.2.</u>	Ву	Janua	ary <del>15, 2026<u>fifteenth of each year,</u> the county auditor shall certify to the tax</del>
27		con	nmiss	ioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under
28		sub	divisi	<del>ons b and c of subsection 1 and subsection 2 which<u>that</u> were applied against</del>
29		pro	perty	taxes owed on primary residences in the county as provided in
30		sub	sectio	<del>on 3<u>for:</u></del>

1		a. The preceding taxable year for primary residential property taxed as real estate
2		under this title.
3		b. The current taxable year for primary residential property taxed as a mobile home
4		under chapter 57-55.
5	<del>5.<u>3.</u></del>	By May <del>31, 2026thirty-first of each year,</del> the tax commissioner shall review a sampling-
6		of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the application
7		of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county the
8		aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against property taxes owed on primary-
9		residences in the county as providedcertified by the counties in subsection 32.
10	<del>6.<u>4.</u></del>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later-
11		than June thirtieth of each year, the county treasurer shall apportion and distribute the
12		payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the same basis as
13		property taxes and mobile home taxes were apportioned and distributed for the
14		taxable year in which the taxes were levied.
15	<del>7.<u>5.</u></del>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and
16		supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed
17		in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.
18	<u>8.6.</u>	The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to
19		effectuate this section.
20	<del>9.<u>7.</u></del>	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
21		to effectuate this section.
22	SEC	TION 14. A new section to chapter 57-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
23	and ena	cted as follows:
24	<u>Prin</u>	nary residence certification - Eligibility for primary residential property
25	<u>classific</u>	cation - Application.
26	<u>1.</u>	To be eligible for a primary residential property classification under this chapter, a
27		primary residence must be certified by the county director of tax equalization as
28		provided in this section.
29	<u>2.</u>	A dwelling does not lose its character as a primary residence if the owner of the
30		dwelling does not reside in the primary residence because the individual is confined in
31		a nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts

1		and	the portion of the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not
2		ren	ted to another person.
3	<u>3.</u>	<u>To l</u>	be certified as a primary residence and eligible for the primary residential property
4		clas	ssification under this chapter, an owner shall sign and file with the tax commissioner
5		an a	application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the owner's
6		pro	perty meets the eligibility requirements to be considered a primary residence under
7		<u>this</u>	section as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner prescribed by
8		<u>the</u>	tax commissioner.
9		<u>a.</u>	An application for primary residence certification must be filed by February first of
10			each year to request a primary residence certification for:
11			(1) The taxable year during which the application is filed for a primary residence
12			taxed as real estate under this title.
13			(2) The taxable year succeeding the taxable year during which the application
14			is filed for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
15			<u>57-55.</u>
16		<u>b.</u>	As soon as practicable after receiving the applications, no later than February
17			twenty-eighth of each year, the tax commissioner shall:
18			(1) Review the applications received under this subsection and determine
19			which applicants qualify for the primary residence certification; and
20			(2) Provide to each county director of tax equalization a copy of each approved
21			or rejected application received under this subsection which identifies
22			property located in the county.
23		<u>C.</u>	Within fifteen days of receipt of the applications from the tax commissioner under
24			paragraph 2 of subdivision b, no later than March fifteenth of each year, the
25			county director of tax equalization shall notify the applicant of the approval or
26			denial of the application and reflect the appropriate classification of the property
27			on the assessment list.
28		<u>d.</u>	The tax commissioner may request additional documentation from the applicant
29			when making the determination of eligibility.
30		<u>e.</u>	Determinations of eligibility under this subsection may be appealed through the
31			informal equalization process and formal abatement process.

1	<u>4.</u>	<u>A p</u>	rimary	<u>y resic</u>	lence certification under this section is valid for the entire taxable year
2		for	which	the a	pplication for certification was approved, without regard to any change
3		<u>of c</u>	owner	ship o	f the property which occurs after the application for certification was
4		<u>ap</u> r	oroveo	<u>1.</u>	
5	<u>5.</u>	The	e tax o	comm	issioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
6		<u>to e</u>	effectu	iate th	is section. Application forms must include the full name and address of
7		<u>the</u>	appli	<u>cant a</u>	nd any other information prescribed by the tax commissioner. The
8		<u>cor</u>	<u>unty di</u>	irector	of tax equalization shall make these forms available to applicants upon
9		req	<u>uest.</u>		
10	<u>6.</u>	For	<u>r purp</u>	oses d	of this section:
11		<u>a.</u>	<u>"Ow</u>	/ned"	means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including
12			owr	ershi	o in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
13			owr	ershi	o interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
14			pure	chase	r under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
15			000	upanc	y or a tenancy under a lease.
16		<u>b.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>"Prir</u>	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
17				<u>appı</u>	urtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
18				<u>dwe</u>	lling, which is not exempt from property taxes as a farm residence and,
19				<u>subj</u>	ect to subsection 2 and paragraph 2, as of the assessment date of the
20				<u>taxa</u>	ble year, is:
21				<u>(a)</u>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
22					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
23				<u>(b)</u>	Designed or adapted for human residence;
24				<u>(c)</u>	Used as a residence; and
25				<u>(d)</u>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, an individual
26					who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned through a
27					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or beneficiary of the
28					trust who qualifies for the certification.
29			<u>(2)</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of the term:
30				<u>(a)</u>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.

1				<u>(b)</u>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under
2					<u>chapter 57-55.</u>
3	<u>(</u>	<u>C.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	alifyin	<u>g trust" means a trust:</u>
4			<u>(1)</u>	<u>In wl</u>	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
5				trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
6				<u>the t</u>	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
7				<u>has t</u>	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
8				<u>resic</u>	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
9				<u>expe</u>	enses specified in the instrument or court order:
10				<u>(a)</u>	<u>For life;</u>
11				<u>(b)</u>	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
12				<u>(c)</u>	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
13					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
14					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
15					which the property is located; and
16			<u>(2)</u>	<u>That</u>	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
17				<u>that:</u>	
18				<u>(a)</u>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
19					interest acquired; and
20				<u>(b)</u>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
21					property is located.
22	<u>c</u>	<u>d.</u>	<u>"Tru</u>	<u>istor" i</u>	means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
23			prop	<u>perty t</u>	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
24			<u>or t</u>	<u>ne indi</u>	vidual's spouse.
25	SECT	101	N 15.		NDMENT. Section 57-02-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amended	and	d reer	nacted	l as follows:
27	<b>57-0</b> 2	-27	. Pro	perty	to be valued at a percentage of assessed value - Classification of
28	property ·	- Li	mitat	tion o	n valuation of annexed agricultural lands.
29	<u>1.</u> A	All p	orope	rty sul	pject to taxation based on the value thereof must be valued as follows:

- 11.a.All primary residential property and nonprimary residential property to be valued2at nine percent of assessed value. If any property is used for both residential and3nonresidential purposes, the valuation must be prorated accordingly.
- 4 2. b. All agricultural property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value as
  5 determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
- 6 <u>3.</u> <u>c.</u> All commercial property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value.
- 4. <u>d.</u> All centrally assessed property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value
  except as provided in section 57-06-14.1.
- 9 <u>2.</u> The resulting amounts must be known as resulting from the calculation under
  10 <u>subsection 1 are</u> the taxable valuation.
- 11 In determining the assessed value of real and personal property, except agricultural <u>3.</u> 12 property, the assessor may not adopt a lower or different standard of value because 13 the same is to serve as a basis of taxation, nor may the assessor adopt as a criterion 14 of value the price at which said property would sell at auction, or at forced sale, or in 15 the aggregate with all the property in the town or district, but the assessor shall value 16 each article or description by itself, and at such sum or price as the assessor believes 17 the same to be fairly worth in money. In assessing any tract or lot of real property, 18 there must be determined the value of the land, exclusive of improvements, and the 19 value of all taxable improvements and structures thereon, and the aggregate value of 20 the property, including all taxable structures and other improvements, excluding the 21 value of crops growing upon cultivated lands. In valuing any real property upon which 22 there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry, the same must be valued at 23 such a price as such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair 24 voluntary sale for cash. Agricultural lands within the corporate limits of a city which are 25 not platted constitute agricultural property and must be so classified and valued for 26 ad valorem property tax purposes until such lands are put to another use. Agricultural 27 lands, whether within the corporate limits of a city or not, which were platted and 28 assessed as agricultural property prior to March 30, 1981, must be assessed as 29 agricultural property for ad valorem property tax purposes until put to another use. 30 Such valuation must be uniform with the valuation of adjoining unannexed agricultural 31 land.

1	SEC	TION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
3	57-0	2-27.1. Property to be valued at true and full value.
4	<u>1.</u>	All assessors and boards of equalization shall place the values of all items of taxable
5		property at the true and full value of the property except as otherwise specifically
6		provided by law, and the amount of taxes that may be levied on such property must be
7		limited as provided in this chapter. For the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1,
8		57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04, the term "true and full value" has the same meaning as
9		provided in <del>subsection 15 of</del> section 57-02-01, except that "true and full value" of
10		agricultural lands must be as determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
11	<u>2.</u>	The governing body of the city or township may establish valuations that recognize the
12		supply of vacant lots available for sale.
13	SEC	TION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
15	57-0	2-53. Assessment increasenotice to property owner.
16	1.	a. When any assessor has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract-
17		of land and improvements to an amount that is an increase of three thousand dollars-
18		or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the previous year's assessment,
19		theAn assessor shall deliver written notice of the amount of increase and theamount of
20		the previoustrue and full value of each parcel of taxable property for the current year's-
21		assessment to the property owner at the expense of the assessment district for which-
22		the assessor is employed and previous year, including improvements, which have been
23		assessed by the assessor.
24	<u>2.</u>	Delivery of written notice to a property owner under this subdivisionsection must be
25		completed at least fifteen days before the meeting of the local board of equalization.
26		b. If written notice by the assessor was not required under subdivision a and action
27		by the township, city, or county board of equalization or order of the state board-
28		of equalization has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract of land
29		and improvements to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of three-
30		thousand dollars or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the
31		previous year's assessment, written notice of the amount of increase and the

1		amount of the previous year's assessment must be delivered to the property-
2		owner. The written notice under this subdivision must be mailed or delivered at
3		the expense of the township, city, or county that made the assessment increase
4		or at the expense of the township, city, or county that was ordered to make the
5		increase by the state board of equalization. Delivery of written notice to a
6		property owner under this subdivision must be completed within fifteen days after
7		the meeting of the township, city, or county board of equalization that made or
8		ordered the assessment increase and within thirty days after the meeting of the
9		state board of equalization, if the state board of equalization ordered the
10		assessment increase.
11	<del>c.<u>3.</u></del>	The tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
12		subsectionsection. The written notice under subdivision athis section must show-
13		the <u>contain:</u>
14		a. The true and full value of the parcel of taxable property, including improvements,
15		that the assessor determined for the current year and for the previous year and
16		must also show the.
17		b. The date prescribed by law, time, and location for the meeting of the local board
18		of equalization of the assessment district in which the <u>parcel of taxable</u> property
19		is located and the meeting date, time, and location of the county board of
20		equalizationhearing of each taxing district.
21	<del>d.<u>4.</u></del>	Delivery of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the
22		property owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's
23		last-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification
24		of receipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to
25		receive notice.
26	<del>2.</del>	The form of notice prescribed by the tax commissioner must require a statement to
27		inform the taxpayer that an assessment increase may mean property taxes on the
28		parcel will increase. The notice may contain an estimate of a tax increase resulting-
29		from the assessment increase.
30	SEC	CTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 57-09-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
31	amende	d and reenacted as follows:

### 1 57-09-04. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice.

2 The township board of equalization shall ascertain whether all taxable property in its 3 township has been properly placed upon the assessment list and duly valued by the assessor. 4 In case any real property has been omitted by inadvertence or otherwise, the board shall place 5 the same upon the list with the true value thereof. The board shall proceed to correct the 6 assessment so that each tract or lot of real property is entered on the assessment list at the true 7 value thereof. The board may not increase the valuation returned by the assessor to an amount 8 that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the 9 previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the owner's agent reasonable notice 10 and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the board to increase it. All complaints 11 and grievances of residents of the township must be heard and decided by the board and it may 12 make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by nonresidents with reference to the 13 assessment of any real property and complaints by others with reference to any assessment 14 made after the meeting of the township board of equalization must be heard and determined by 15 the county board of equalization. The board must comply with any requirement for notice of an 16 assessment increase under section 57-02-53. 17 SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 57-11-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 18 amended and reenacted as follows: 19 57-11-03. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice.

20 At its meeting, the board of equalization shall proceed to equalize and correct the 21 assessment roll. It may change the valuation and assessment of any real property upon the roll 22 by increasing or diminishing the true and full valuation thereof as is reasonable and just to 23 render taxation uniform, except that the board may not increase the valuation of any property-24 returned by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen-25 percent from the amount of the previous year's assessment without first giving the owner or the 26 owner's agent reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the-27 board to increase it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the city must be heard and 28 decided by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by 29 nonresidents with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints by others 30 with reference to any assessment made after the meeting of the city board of equalization must

- 1 be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. The board shall comply with any-
- 2 requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
- 3 SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-12-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 57-12-06. County board of equalization - Equalizing between assessment districts

6 and between properties - Limitation on increase - Notice.

- The rules prescribed in section 57-12-05 apply when the board of county
   commissioners is equalizing assessments between the several assessment and taxing
   districts in the county provided that in such case, except as otherwise provided in
   subsection 2, the board may raise or lower the valuation of classes of property only so
   as to equalize the assessments as between districts. If the board orders an increase under this subsection, the board must comply with any requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
- 14 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section:
- 15 The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization a. 16 may reduce the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real estate even 17 though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local board of 18 equalization. The county board of equalization may not reduce any such 19 assessment unless the owner of the property or the person to whom it was 20 assessed first appeals to the county board of equalization, either by appearing 21 personally or by a representative before the board or by mail or other 22 communication to the board, in which the owner's reasons for asking for the 23 reduction are made known to the board. The proceedings of the board shall show 24 the manner in which the appeal was made known to the board and the reasons 25 for granting any reduction in any such assessment.
- b. The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization
  may increase the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real property
  even though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local
  board of equalization. The county board of equalization may not increase the
  valuation returned by the assessor or the local board of equalization to anamount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the

1		amount of the previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the
2		owner's agent notice by mail to the owner of the property that such person may-
3		appear before the board on the date designated in the notice, which date must be
4		at least five days after the mailing of the notice. The county auditor as clerk of the
5		board shall send such notice to the person or persons concerned. If the board
6		orders an increase under this subdivision, the board must comply with any
7		requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
8		c. If the county board of equalization during the course of its equalization sessions
9		determines that any property of any person has been listed and assessed in the
10		wrong classification, it shall direct the county auditor to correct the listing so as to
11		include such assessment in the correct classification.
12	3.	The owner of any separate piece or parcel of real estate that has been assessed may
13		appeal the assessment thereon to the state board of equalization as provided in
14		section 57-13-04; provided, however, that such owner has first appealed the
15		assessment to the local equalization board of the taxing district in which the property
16		was assessed and to the county board of equalization of the county in which the
17		property was assessed. Notwithstanding this requirement, an owner of property which
18		has been subjected to a new assessment authorized under section 57-14-08 may
19		appeal the new assessment to the state board of equalization in the manner provided
20		for in section 57-14-08.
21	SEC	TION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
22	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
23	57-1	5-02.2. Estimated property tax and budgetBudget hearing notice.
24	1.	On or before August tenth of each year, the governing body of a taxing district shall
25		provide to the county auditor in each county in which the taxing district has taxable
26		property a preliminary budget statement and the date, time, and location of the taxing
27		district's public hearing on its property tax levy, which may be no earlier than
28		September seventh. A taxing district that fails to provide the information required under
29		this subsection on or before August tenth may not impose a property tax levy in a
30		greater amount of dollars than was imposed by the taxing district in the prior year.

1	2.	By A	August thirty-first of each year, the county treasurer shall provide a written notice to
2		the	owner of each parcel of taxable property with a total estimated property tax of at
3		leas	st one hundred dollars. The text of the notice must contain:
4		a.	The date, time, and location of the public budget hearing for each of the taxing
5			districts in which the property owner's parcel is located <del>, which anticipate levying</del>
6			in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in the current year, and the location at
7			which the taxing district's budget is available for review; and
8		b.	The true and full value of the property based on the best information available;
9		<del>C.</del>	A column showing the actual property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the
10			taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding
11			taxable year and a column showing the estimated property tax levy in dollars
12			against the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which
13			the notice applies based on the preliminary budget statements of all taxing-
14			jurisdictions;
15		<del>d.</del>	A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's total levy from the
16			previous year and the taxing district's estimated levy with the word "INCREASE"
17			printed in boldface type if the proposed tax levy is larger in dollars than the levy in
18			dollars in the previous year;
19		<del>e.</del>	Information identifying the estimated property tax savings that will be provided
20			pursuant to section 57-20-07.1 based on the best information available;
21		<del>f.</del>	A statement that there will be an opportunity for citizens to present oral or written
22			comments regarding each taxing district's property tax levy <del>; and</del>
23		<del>g.</del>	The actual amount of the special assessment installment payable against the
24			parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year.
25	3.	Deli	ivery of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the
26		prop	perty owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's
27		last	-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification
28		of re	eceipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to
29		rece	eive notice. If a parcel of taxable property is owned by more than one owner, notice
30		mus	st be sent to only one owner of the property. Failure of an owner to receive a notice
31		und	er this section will not relieve the owner of property tax liability or modify the

1		qua	lifying date under section 57-20-09 for which an owner may receive a discount for
2		earl	y payment of tax.
3	4.	The	tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
4		sec	tion.
5	5.	The	direct cost of providing taxpayer notices under this section may be allocated in a
6		mar	nner proportionate to the number of notices mailed on behalf of each taxing district
7		that	intends to levy in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in property taxes in the
8		curr	<del>ent year</del> .
9	SEC	TIOI	<b>1 22.</b> A new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
10	and ena	cted	as follows:
11	<u>Lim</u>	itatic	n on levies by taxing districts without voter approval.
12	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Notwithstanding that a taxing district may have unused or excess levy authority
13			under any other provision of law, this section supersedes and limits that authority.
14			This section may not be interpreted as authority to increase any property tax levy
15			authority otherwise provided by law and must be applied to limit any property tax
16			levy authority to which a taxing district may otherwise be entitled. Property taxes
17			levied in dollars by a taxing district may not exceed the greater of the base year
18			levy increased by the allowable percentage limit or the adjusted year levy
19			increased by the allowable percentage limit.
20		<u>b.</u>	Excluding any negative excess percentage increase, a taxing district may carry
21			forward an excess percentage increase to be used in any of the five succeeding
22			taxable years. An excess percentage increase may be used only once to
23			increase the limitation under subdivision a and may not be carried forward
24			beyond five taxable years. The oldest unused excess percentage increase must
25			be applied first.
26	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	limitation under subsection 1 does not apply to:
27		<u>a.</u>	New or increased property tax levy authority that becomes available to the taxing
28			district in the current taxable year resulting from:
29			(1) <u>A change in state law.</u>
30			(2) Approval by the electors of the taxing district.

	-		
1		<u>b.</u>	Property tax levy authority increased above zero mills in the current taxable year
2			by the governing board of the taxing district, provided the levy authority was not
3			previously used.
4		<u>C.</u>	Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of
5			article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
6		<u>d.</u>	The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X
7			of the Constitution of North Dakota.
8		<u>e.</u>	The levy, not to exceed one mill, for the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District,
9			authorized by section 57-15-26.8.
10		<u>f.</u>	Taxes or special assessments levied to pay the principal and interest on any
11			obligations of any political subdivision, including taxes levied for deficiencies in
12			special assessment and improvement district funds and revenue bond and
13			reserve funds.
14		<u>g.</u>	Taxes levied pursuant to law for the proportion of the cost to any taxing district for
15			a special improvement project by general taxation.
16		<u>h.</u>	Taxes levied under sections 40-24-10, 40-43-01, 57-15-28, 57-15-41, and
17			57-15-48 and chapter 61-16.1.
18		<u>i.</u>	Taxes levied, up to eighteen mills, under section 57-15-20.
19	<u>3.</u>	<u>A m</u>	najority of the qualified electors in a taxing district voting on the question at a
20		<u>stat</u>	ewide general election may approve a property tax levy exceeding the limitation
21		und	ler subsection 1 for four taxable years at a time, beginning with the taxable year
22		<u>afte</u>	er the general election during which the ballot measure was approved. The ballot
23		mea	asure must state the proposed percentage increase and the proposed dollar
24		amo	ount increase exceeding the limitation under subsection 1.
25	<u>4.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2025, a city may levy an amount equal to the amount levied in dollars
26		<u>in t</u> l	ne preceding taxable year under sections 40-05-19 and 57-15-42 as part of the levy
27		und	ler section 57-15-08 without including the dollars levied for this purpose as part of
28		<u>the</u>	limitation under subsection 1.
29	<u>5.</u>	<u>A ci</u>	ity or county may not supersede or modify the application of this section under
30		<u>hon</u>	ne rule authority.
31	<u>6.</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of this section:

1	<u>a.</u>	<u>"Ad</u>	justed	year levy" means amount of property tax levied in dollars by the taxing
2		district in the preceding taxable year adjusted as follows:		
3		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n property and improvements to property which were not taxable in the
4			prec	eding taxable year are taxable in the current year, the amount levied in
5			<u>dolla</u>	rs in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be increased
6			<u>to re</u>	flect the taxes that would have been imposed against the additional
7			<u>taxa</u>	ble valuation attributable to that property at the mill rate applied to all
8			prop	erty in the preceding taxable year, excluding the mill rate associated
9			with:	
10			<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under
11				section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
12			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
13				authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
14				Dakota.
15		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n a property tax exemption existed in the preceding taxable year which
16			has	been reduced or no longer exists for the current taxable year, the
17			<u>amo</u>	unt levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district
18			mus	t be increased to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed
19			<u>agai</u>	nst the portion of the taxable valuation of the property which is no
20			long	er exempt at the mill rate applied to all property in the preceding taxable
21			year	, excluding the mill rate associated with:
22			<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under
23				section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
24			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
25				authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
26				Dakota.
27		<u>(3)</u>	Whe	n property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable
28			for th	ne current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding
29			taxa	ble year by the taxing district must be reduced by the amount of taxes
30			that	were imposed against the taxable valuation of that property in the
31			prec	eding taxable year.

1		<u>(4)</u>	When a temporary mill levy increase, excluding an increase under this
2			section, authorized by the electors of the taxing district or mill levy
3			imposition authority under state law existed in the preceding taxable year
4			but is no longer applicable or has been reduced, the amount levied in
5			dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be adjusted
6			to reflect the expired temporary mill levy increase and the eliminated or
7			reduced mill levy under state law before the percentage increase allowable
8			under this subsection is applied.
9	<u>b.</u>	<u>"Alle</u>	owable percentage limit" means three percent.
10	<u>C.</u>	"Base year levy" means the highest amount of property tax levied in dollars by a	
11		<u>taxi</u>	ng district in the three taxable years immediately preceding the current
12		taxa	able year.
13	<u>d.</u>	<u>"Ex</u>	cess percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest
14		<u>hun</u>	dredth of a percent, between:
15		<u>(1)</u>	The allowable percentage limit; and
16		<u>(2)</u>	The difference between the actual amount of property tax levied in dollars
17			and the greater of the base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the
18			resulting difference under this paragraph divided by the greater of the base
19			<u>year levy or adjusted year levy.</u>
20	<u>e.</u>	<u>"Pro</u>	pposed percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest
21		<u>hun</u>	dredth of a percent, between:
22		<u>(1)</u>	The difference between the amount of property tax in dollars proposed to be
23			levied by the governing board of the taxing district and the greater of the
24			base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the resulting difference under
25			this paragraph divided by the greater of the base year levy or adjusted year
26			levy; and
27		<u>(2)</u>	The allowable percentage limit.
28	<u>f.</u>	<u>"Tax</u>	king district" means any political subdivision empowered to levy taxes.
29	SECTION 23. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
30	amended and	d reei	nacted as follows:

1	57-2	20-07	.1. Co	ounty treasurer to mail real estate tax statement - Contents of statement.			
2	1.	On	or be	fore December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail a			
3		real	al estate tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's				
4		last	last-known address. The form of the real estate tax statement to be used in every				
5		cou	county must be prescribed and approved for use by the tax commissioner. The				
6		stat	statement must be provided in a manner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed				
7		reco	record of the obligation for payment of taxes and special assessments as provided in				
8		the	he statement. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the				
9		cou	county treasurer shall send only one statement to one of the owners of that property.				
10		Add	additional copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their				
11		requ	equest and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. The				
12		tax	tax statement must:				
13		a.	Inclu	ude a dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the			
14			prop	perty and the total mill levy applicable.			
15		b.	Incl	ude, or be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns showing, for			
16			the	taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately			
17			prec	ceding taxable years <del>, the</del> :			
18			<u>(1)</u>	The property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school			
19				district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel.			
20			<u>(2)</u>	The amount of property tax levied as a result of voter-approved levy			
21				authority, which must be separately stated for each taxing district that levied			
22				property tax as a result of voter-approved levy authority.			
23		C.	Prov	vide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of			
24			Nor	th Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled			
25			"leg	islative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings			
26			real	ized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019,			
27			cha	pter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27.			
28			(1)	For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27			
29				is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each			
30				parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy			
31				reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the			

1			num	ber of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill-
2			rate	of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of one
3			<u>hunc</u>	dred twenty-five mills or the sum of:
4			(a)	Fifty mills The number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under
5				chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year; orand
6			(b)	The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minusexcluding
7				sixty mills.
8		(2)	Legi	slative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the
9			taxa	ble value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax
10			state	ement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount
11			calc	ulated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by
12			the t	axable value of taxable property in the zone for the taxable year.
13	<u>d.</u>	Pro	vide ir	formation identifying the primary residence credit, including information
14		rega	arding	the portion of the credit derived from funding distributed from the
15		lega	acy fur	<u>nd.</u>
16		<u>(1)</u>	<u>The</u>	statement must include a separate line item identifying the primary
17			resid	dence credit realized by the taxpayer for each taxable year shown.
18		<u>(2)</u>	<u>The</u>	statements must include a separate line item or conspicuous
19			desc	cription identifying the portion of the credit derived from funding
20			<u>distr</u>	ibuted from the legacy fund.
21			<u>(a)</u>	The dollar amount of the primary residence credit derived from
22				funding distributed from the legacy fund is calculated as the product of
23				the total amount of the primary residence credit realized by the
24				taxpayer in a taxable year multiplied by the applicable percent.
25			<u>(b)</u>	By November first of each year, the tax commissioner shall notify
26				each county auditor of the applicable percent to be used for the
27				calculation in paragraph a for the current and prior two taxable years.
28			<u>(c)</u>	For purposes of this paragraph, "applicable percent" means the
29				percent, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, calculated as
30				the quotient of the amount allocated to the legacy property tax relief
31				fund from the legacy earnings fund for the primary residence credit

1		pursuant to section 5 of this Act divided by the total amount		
2		appropriated from the legacy property tax relief fund for the primary		
3		residence credit, using the allocations and appropriations for the		
4		<u>relevant tax years.</u>		
5	2.	Failure of an owner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor		
6		extend the discount privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.		
7	SEC	CTION 24. REPEAL. Sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century		
8	Code ar	re repealed.		
9	SEC	CTION 25. LEGISLATIVE INTENT - CONSIDERATION OF FUTURE PROPERTY TAX		
10	RELIEF	. It is the intent of the sixty-ninth legislative assembly that the seventieth legislative		
11	assemb	ly consider using any funding available from the legacy property tax relief fund		
12	exceedi	ng the amount needed for the primary residence credit to provide property tax relief to		
13	other pr	operty classifications, including agricultural property.		
14	SEC	CTION 26. APPROPRIATION - TAX COMMISSIONER - PRIMARY RESIDENCE		
15	CREDIT	- INFORMATION ON PROPERTY TAX STATEMENTS.		
16	1.	There is appropriated out of any moneys in the legacy property tax relief fund, not		
17		otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$398,398,207, or so much of the sum as may be		
18		necessary, to the tax commissioner for the state reimbursement under the primary		
19		residence credit, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027.		
20	2.	Pursuant to section 57-20-07.1, the tax commissioner shall notify each county auditor		
21		that the applicable percent for taxable years 2025 and 2026 is 100 percent, which		
22		reflects the portion of the primary residence credit derived from funding distributed		
23		from the legacy fund.		
24	SECTION 27. EFFECTIVE DATE.			
25	1.	Sections 8, 9, 10, and 22 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after		
26		December 31, 2024.		
27	2.	Sections 7, 11, 14, 15, and 16 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after		
28		December 31, 2025.		
29	3.	Section 12 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2025.		
30	4.	Section 13 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2026.		

## 1 SECTION 28. EMERGENCY. Sections 10 and 12 of this Act are declared to be an

2 emergency measure.