25.8033.02006 Title.

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO FIRST ENGROSSMENT

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2129

Introduced by

Workforce Development Committee

(At the request of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners)

In place of the amendments (25.8033.02003) adopted by the House, Engrossed Senate Bill
 No. 2129 is amended by amendment (25.8033.02006) as follows:

3 A BILL for an Act to create and enact <u>nineten</u> new sections to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota

4 Century Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and, veterinary technology, and

5 recognized animal services; to amend and reenact section 43-29-01.1, subsection 1 of section

6 43-29-02, sections 43-29-03, 43-29-04, 43-29-05, 43-29-05.1, 43-29-06, 43-29-07, 43-29-07.1,

7 43-29-07.2, 43-29-07.3, 43-29-08.1, 43-29-13, 43-29-14, and 43-29-15, subsection 2 of section

8 43-29-16, sections 43-29-16.1 and 43-29-17, and subsection 2 of section 43-29-19 of the North

9 Dakota Century Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology;

10 to repeal sections 43-29-09, 43-29-10, 43-29-11, and 43-29-12.1 of the North Dakota Century

11 Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; and to provide a

12 penalty.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

14 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is

15 amended and reenacted as follows:

16 **43-29-01.1. Definitions.**

- 17 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 18 1. <u>"Accepted livestock management practice" means a procedure that is commonly</u>
- 19 preformed performed as part of the routine management of livestock which includes
- 20 vaccination, implantation of growth hormones, branding, castration, dehorning,
- 21 docking, earmarking, semen collection, nonsurgical artificial insemination, and
- 22 <u>assisting in a nonsurgical birthing process.</u>

1	<u>2.</u>	<u>"Animal" means anya member of the animal kingdom other than a human being</u>
2		whether living or dead.
3	<u>3.</u>	"AccreditedApproved college of veterinary medicine" means anya veterinary college or
4		division of a university or college which offers the degree of doctor of veterinary
5		medicine or its equivalent and which conforms to the standards required for
6		accreditation by the council on education of the American veterinary medical
7		associationan accrediting entity approved by the board, if the entity is nationally
8		recognized and develops and maintains accreditation standards for veterinary
9		education.
10	2.<u>4.</u>	"AccreditedApproved program in veterinary technology" means any postsecondary
11		educational program of two or more academic years that is accredited by the
12	I	committee on veterinary technician education and activities of the American veterinary-
13		medical association which that offers a degree in veterinary technology or its equivalent
14		and has been approved by the board by rule.
15	3.	"Animal" means any animal other than a human being. The term includes any
16		mammal, bird, fish, reptile, or fowl, whether wild or domestic, living or dead.
17	<u>4.5.</u>	"Board" means the board of veterinary medical examiners.
18	<u>5.6.</u>	"Certificate" means a certificate issued by the educational commission for foreign
19		veterinary graduates or the educational equivalence program of the American
20		association of veterinary state boards, indicating the holder has demonstrated
21		knowledge and skill equivalent to that possessed by a graduate of an accredited
22		college of veterinary medicine.
23	6.	"Licensed veterinarian" means a person who is licensed by the board to practice
24		veterinary medicine.
25	7.	"Licensed veterinary technician" means a person who has graduated from an
26		accredited program in veterinary technology or an equivalent program as determined
27		by the board, and who has passed an examination prescribed by the board.
28	8.	"Client" means the patient's owner, owner's agent, or other individual presenting the
29		patient for care.

1	<u>7.</u>	"Complementary, integrative, and alternative therapies" means a heterogeneous group
2		of preventative, diagnostic, and therapeutic philosophies and practices not considered
3		part of conventional veterinary medicine practiced by most veterinarians.
4	<u>8.</u>	"Consent" means the veterinarian has informed the client of the diagnostic and
5		treatment options, risk assessment, and prognosis, and the client has authorized the
6		recommended services.
7	<u>9.</u>	"Consultation" means that a veterinarian receives advice or assistance received by a
8		veterinarian in person, or by any method of communication, from a veterinarian or
9		other individual whose expertise, in the opinion of the veterinarian, would benefit a
10		patient.
11	<u>10.</u>	"Direct supervision" means the supervisingsupervision by a veterinarian who is readily
12		available on the premises where the patient is being treated and has assumed
13		responsibility for the veterinary care given to the patient by an individual working under
14		the direction of the veterinarian.
15	<u>11.</u>	"Foreign practitioner" has the same meaning as defined under section 43-51-01.
16	<u>12.</u>	"Immediate supervision" means the supervising supervision by a veterinarian who is in
17		the immediate area and within audible and visual range of the patient and the
18		individual treating the patient and has assumed responsibility for the veterinary care
19		given to the patient by an individual working under the direction of the veterinarian.
20	<u>13.</u>	"Impaired veterinarian" means a veterinarian who is unable to practice veterinary
21		medicine with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability or
22		the use of alcohol, drugs, or other habit-forming chemicals.
23	<u>14.</u>	"Impaired veterinary technician" means a veterinary technician who is unable to
24		practice veterinary technology with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical
25		or mental disability or the use of alcohol, drugs, or other habit-forming chemicals.
26	<u>15.</u>	<u>"Indirect supervision" means the supervising supervision by a veterinarian who is not</u>
27		on the premises where the patient is being treated but has given written or oral
28		instructions for the treatment of the patient, is readily available for communication, and
29		has assumed responsibility for the veterinary care given to the patient by an individual
30		working under the direction of the veterinarian.

1	<u>16.</u>	<u>"Ju</u>	risdiction" means any commonwealth, state, or territory of the United States of
2		<u>Am</u>	erica, including the District of Columbia, or any province of Canada.
3	<u>17.</u>	<u>"Pa</u>	tient" means an animal or group of animals examined or treated by a veterinarian.
4	<u>18.</u>	"Pra	actice of veterinary medicine" means to<u>the</u>:
5		a.	Diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve, or prevent animalDiagnosis, prognosis,
6			correction, supervision, recommendation, or performance of any medical or
7			surgical treatment, including complementary, integrative or alternative therapies,
8			for the diagnosis, prevention, cure, or relief of a wound, disease, deformity,
9			defect, <u>fracture, bodily</u> injury, or other<u>dental,</u> physical<u>, behavioral,</u> or mental
10			conditions. The term includes the prescription or administration of any drug,-
11			medicine, biologic, apparatus, application, anesthetic, or other therapeutic or
12			diagnostic substance or technique, the use of any manual or mechanical
13			procedure for testing for pregnancy, or for correcting sterility or infertility, or to
14			render advice or recommendation with regard to any of the above.condition of an
15			animal:
16		b.	RepresentPrescription, distribution, or administration of a drug, medicine,
17			anesthetic, biologic, appliance, apparatus, application, or treatment to an animal;
18		<u>C.</u>	Provision of any manual or mechanical procedure for the diagnosis or treatment
19			of pregnancy, sterility, or infertility of an animal;
20		<u>d.</u>	Determination of the health, fitness, or soundness of an animal;
21		<u>e.</u>	Representation of oneself, directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and
22			willingness to do an act described in subdivision a.as engaging in the practice of
23			veterinary medicine; or
24		c.<u>f.</u>	Use of any title, word, abbreviation, or letter in a manner or under circumstances
25			that induce the belief the person<u>that the individual</u> using the<u>such</u> title, word,
26			abbreviation, or letter is qualified to do any act described in subdivision a
27			authorized to practice veterinary medicine under this chapter.
28		d.	Apply principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection, environmental
29			pollution control, animal nutrition, zoonotic disease control, and disaster medicine-
30			in the promotion and protection of public health.
31	<u>19.</u>	<u>a.</u>	"Practice of veterinary technology" means the:

1			<u>(1)</u>	Provision of professional medical care, monitoring, or treatment on the basis
2				of written or oral instructions from a veterinarian;
3			<u>(2)</u>	Representation of oneself, directly or indirectly, as engaging in the practice
4				of veterinary technology; or
5			<u>(3)</u>	Use of any title, word, abbreviation, or letter in a manner or under
6				circumstances that induceinducing the belief that the individual using such
7				title is authorized to practice veterinary technology under this chapter.
8		<u>b.</u>	<u>This</u>	s section may not be construed to permit a veterinary technician to do the
9			<u>follo</u>	owing:
10			<u>(1)</u>	Surgery, except when acting as a surgical assistant to a veterinarian;
11			<u>(2)</u>	Diagnose;
12			<u>(3)</u>	Prognose; or
13			<u>(4)</u>	Prescribe.
14	<u>20.</u>	<u>"Sta</u>	ate bo	pard examination" means the jurisprudence examination administered by the
15		<u>boa</u>	<u>ird.</u>	
16	<u>21.</u>	<u>"Su</u>	pervis	sing veterinarian" means a veterinarian who has a valid veterinarian-client-
17		pati	ient re	elationship and assumes responsibility for the veterinary care provided to the
18		<u>pati</u>	ient by	y an individual working under the direction of the veterinarian.
19	<u>22.</u>	<u>"Tel</u>	leadvi	ice" means the provision of any health information, opinion, or guidance that
20		<u>is n</u>	<u>ot spe</u>	ecific to a particular animal's health, illness, or injury and is not intended to
21		<u>dia</u> g	gnose	e, prognose, or treat an animal.
22	<u>23.</u>	"Tel	lehea	Ith" means the use of technology to gather and deliver health information,
23		<u>adv</u>	<u>vice, e</u>	ducation, or patient care remotely.
24	<u>24.</u>	<u>"Tel</u>	letriag	ge" means electronic communication with the client to determine urgency and
25		nee	ed for	immediate referral to a veterinarian.
26	<u>25.</u>	<u>"Ve</u>	terina	rian" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary medicine
27		und	ler thi	s chapter.
28	9.<u>26.</u>	"Ve	terina	rian-client-patient relationship" means :
29		a.	А <u>а</u>	relationship in which the veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for
30			mak	king medical judgments regarding the health of an animal and the need for

1		medical treatment, <u>a patient</u> and the client, who is the owner or other caretaker,
2		has agreed to follow the instructions of the veterinarian.
3		b. There is sufficient knowledge of the animal by the veterinarian to initiate at least a
4		general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal.
5		c. The practicing veterinarian is readily available for followup in the case of adverse-
6		reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy. This relationship exists only when
7		the veterinarian has recently seen and is personally acquainted with the keeping-
8		and care of the animal by virtue of an examination of the animal and by medically
9		appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal is kept.
10	10.<u>27.</u>	"Veterinary medicine" includes veterinary surgery, obstetrics, dentistry, chiropractic,
11		acupuncture, and all other branches or specialties of veterinary medicine.
12	<u>28.</u>	"Veterinary premises" means any premises or facility where the practice of veterinary
13		medicine is performed but may not include the premises of a client, research facility,
14		military base, or an approved college of veterinary medicine.
15	<u>29.</u>	"Veterinary technician" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary
16		technology under this chapter.
17	<u>30.</u>	"Veterinary technology" includes all branches or specialties of veterinary technology.
18	<u>31.</u>	"Veterinary telemedicine" means the virtual practice of veterinary medicine over the
19		telecommunications infrastructure.
20	SEC	CTION 2. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
21	and ena	cted as follows:
22	<u>Req</u>	uirements of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.
23	<u>1.</u>	A veterinarian-client-patient relationship may not be established unless the
24		veterinarian has sufficient knowledge of the patient to initiate a general or preliminary
25		diagnosis of the medical condition of the patient. To establish a veterinarian-client-
26		patient relationship, the veterinarian must be personally acquainted with the keeping
27		and care of the patient by virtue of a medically appropriate and timely in-person
28		examination of the patient by the veterinarian, or by a timely in-person visit to the
29		premises where the patient is managed or resides.
30	<u>2.</u>	The veterinarian must be reasonably available for patient followup care after a
31		veterinarian-client-patient relationship is established.

1	<u>3.</u>	The veterinarian shall provide oversight of patient treatment.
2	<u>4.</u>	Patient records must be maintained according to rules promulgated by the board.
3	<u>5.</u>	A veterinarian-client-patient relationship may not be established solely through
4	1	veterinary telemedicine.
5	<u>6.</u>	A veterinarian seeking consultation mustshall maintain the veterinarian-client-patient
6		relationship.
7	<u>7.</u>	A veterinarian may terminate a veterinarian-client-patient relationship by notifying the
8		client that the veterinarian no longer wishes to serve the patient and client.
9	<u>8.</u>	The veterinarian shall provide medical records to the client, another veterinarian, or a
10		foreign practitioner designated by the client if the veterinarian-client-patient
11		relationship has been terminated. The veterinarian mustshall allow the client a
12		reasonable amount of time to arrange care with another veterinarian unless the
13		circumstance, patient, or client threatens the safety of the veterinarian or the staff.
14	<u>9.</u>	A veterinarian who in good faith engages in the practice of veterinary medicine by
15		rendering or attempting to render emergency care may not be subject to penalty
16		based solely on the inability to establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.
17	<u>10.</u>	The veterinarian-client-patient relationship may extend to all veterinarians within the
18		same practice with access to the patient records.
19	SEC	TION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 43-29-02 of the North Dakota Century
20	Code is	amended and reenacted as follows:
21	1.	The state board of veterinary medical examiners consists of five gubernatorially
22		appointed members. In appointing the board members, the governor shall appoint
23		three veterinarians, one veterinarianveterinary technician, and one individual
24		representing the public. In appointing the veterinarian members of the board, the
25		governor shall make an effort to appoint:
26		a. One veterinarian whose practice has a predominant focus on large animals;
27		b. One veterinarian whose practice has a predominant focus on small animals; and
28		c. One veterinarian whose practice focuses on both large and small animals.
29	SEC	TION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amende	d and reenacted as follows:

1	43-2	9-03	. Officers of board - Seal - Meetings - Limitations on meetings -	
2	ExaminationsDuties of board - Rules - Code of ethics - Inspection of facilities -			
3	Educational requirements - ReciprocityFees.			
4	1.	The	board shall elect a president and a secretary. The board shall have a seal, and	
5		the	president and the secretary may administer oaths<u>vice president</u>. The board shall	
6		hold	I meetings semiannually in the spring and fall of each year for the	
7		exa	minationapproval of candidates at a time and place specified by the	
8		boa	rd <u>applicants for licensure</u> . The board may hold any other meeting it determines	
9		nece	essary at the time and place it designates. No session of the board may exceed	
10		two	days. A quorum of the board consists of two members and such quorum is	
11		suff i	i cient<u>must be present</u> to conduct the business and proceedings of the board,	
12		exce	ept that any changes in the rules must be taken at a meeting at which all the	
13		men	nbers are present.	
14	2.	The	board may adopt and enforce reasonable rules, and orders that it determines to	
15		be r	necessary to the performance of its duties and the regulation of the practice of	
16		vete	erinary medicine; establish standards for professional conduct, inspection of	
17		facil	ities, and educational requirements for renewal and granting of licenses; prescribe	
18		form	ns for application for examination; prepare and supervise examination of applicants-	
19		for l i	icense to practice veterinary medicine; obtain the services of professional-	
20		exai	mination agencies in lieu of its own preparation of such examinations; and issue-	
21		and	revoke licenses as provided in this chapter. All rules must be submitted to the	
22		atto	rney general in accordance with chapter 28-32., veterinary technology, and	
23		<u>vete</u>	erinary telemedicine, including to:	
24		<u>a.</u>	Establish standards for professional conduct and inspection of veterinary	
25			premises;	
26		<u>b.</u>	Establish requirements for granting of licenses and temporary licenses;	
27		<u>C.</u>	Establish requirements for renewal of licenses and continuing education;	
28		<u>d.</u>	Prepare application forms for licensure and renewal;	
29		<u>e.</u>	Administer the state board examination for qualified applicants;	
30		<u>f.</u>	Obtain the services of professional examination agencies to administer national	
31			examinations; and	

1		<u>g.</u>	Issue, suspend, revoke, or place on probationary status licenses and temporary
2			licenses as provided in this chapter.
3	<u>3.</u>	<u>All r</u>	ules must be submitted to the attorney general in accordance with chapter 28-32.
4	3.<u>4.</u>	The	board may, in its discretion, enter reciprocal agreements with the examining-
5		boa	rds of other states and nations, governing the granting of licenses to practice
6		vete	erinary medicine and surgery in this state without the applicant taking a written
7		exa	mination. Under no circumstances, however, may any reciprocal agreement be-
8		ente	ered with the board of another state or nation unless the requirements for the
9		gra i	nting of licenses in the other state or nation are on an equal or higher standard to
10		the	requirements of this state. The board may prescribe by rule any other terms or
11		con	ditions to be contained in the agreements. The board shall determine the fee for
12		lice	nse by reciprocity agreement.shall set the following by rule:
13		<u>a.</u>	Application fee;
14		<u>b.</u>	License fee;
15		<u>C.</u>	Temporary license fee:
16		<u>d.</u>	Renewal fee;
17		<u>e.</u>	Late renewal fee; and
18		<u>f.</u>	Continuing education fee.
19	SEC		N 5. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
20	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
21	43-2	29-04	. Record of proceedings of board - Register of applicants kept by board -
22	Record	s and	l register as evidence.
23	The	state	e board of veterinary medical examiners shall keep a record of all its proceedings
24	and a re	egiste	r of applicants for licenses showing the name of each applicant, the time spent by
25	each ap	plica	nt in the study and practice of veterinary medicine , surgery, or dentistry <u>or</u>
26	<u>veterina</u>	<u>ry teo</u>	<u>chnology</u> , and the name and location of the school, college, or universityprogram
27	which g	rante	d the applicant a degree or diploma. Such books and records are prima facie
28	evidenc	e of t	he matters recorded therein.
29	SEC		N 6. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:

1	43-29-05. Compensation and expenses of members of board.
2	Members of the board may receive for each day during which they the members are actually
3	engaged in the performance of the duties of their office such <u>the</u> per diem as must be fixed by
4	the board. They may also The members also may be reimbursed for necessary travel expenses
5	and meals and lodging expenses at the same rate and in the same manner as are elected
6	officials and employees of the state.
7	The board may select one of its members to attend the annual meeting of the national
8	organization of state examining boards. The member so selected may be reimbursed for-
9	necessary travel expenses and meals and lodging expenses at the same rate and in the same-
10	manner as are elected officials and employees of the state.
11	The board may incur no expense exceeding the sum received as fees, as hereinafter
12	provided.
13	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amended and reenacted as follows:
15	43-29-05.1. Executive secretary director.
16	The board may employ an executive secretary<u>director</u> and such other personsindividuals as
17	it deems advisablenecessary to carry out the purpose of this chapter at such salaries as it may
18	determine.
19	Each biennium the executive secretary shall prepare the budget of the board for
20	presentation to the executive office of the budget. The executive secretary shall also carry out-
21	all routine secretarial and other duties as directed by the board.
22	SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amended and reenacted as follows:
24	43-29-06. Graduation from recognized school and certificate or permit from
25	board<u>License</u> required.
26	Only a graduate of the veterinary course offered in a veterinary school, college, or university
27	recognized by the board, and who possesses a certificate of registrationAn individual must have
28	<u>a license or temporary license</u> issued by the board which is in effect, may engage in the <u>to</u>
29	practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.
30	SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- ·	

31 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 43-29-07. Application for license - Change of address - Display of certificate of

2 registrationRequirements for veterinarian licensure.

3 1. A person desiring

4 The board may grant a license to practice veterinary medicine in this state shall make-5 written application to the board. The application must show the applicant is a graduate of an-6 accredited college of veterinary medicine or the holder of a certificate. The application must also 7 show the applicant is a person of good moral character and any other information and proof the 8 board may require. The application must be accompanied by a fee in the amount established by-9 the board. If the board determines an applicant possesses the proper qualifications, the board 10 shall admit the applicant to the next examination. If the applicant is eligible for license without 11 examination under section 43-29-07.2, the board may grant the applicant a license. If an 12 applicant is found not qualified to take the examination or for a license without examination, the 13 board shall immediately notify the applicant in writing of this finding and the grounds of this-14 finding. An applicant found ungualified may request a hearing on the guestion of the applicant's-15 qualifications. 16 Each veterinarian licensed by the board, whether a resident or not, shall notify the 2. 17 secretary of any change in that person's office address or employment within sixty-18 days after the change has taken place. Any person licensed to practice veterinary 19 medicine after the fifteenth day of April, or any person issued a temporary permit to 20 practice veterinary medicine after that date, is exempt from this requirement to pay the 21 annual registration fee until the first day of July of the year following licensure. 22 3. Registration is a condition precedent to the practice of veterinary medicine and 23 surgery in this state, and a certificate of registration currently in effect must be on-24 display at all times in the office of each veterinarian engaged in active practice.to an 25 applicant who: 26 Is a graduate of an approved college of veterinary medicine or has completed an <u>1.</u> 27 equivalency program of veterinary medicine as established by the board by rule; 28 2. Passes the national board examination and clinical competency test, or the North 29 American veterinary licensing examination; 30 3. Passes the state board examination;

31 <u>4.</u> Has no grounds for license refusal under section 43-29-14; and

1	<u>5.</u>	Meets any additional requirements for licensure established by the board by rule.			
2	SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
3	amended and reenacted as follows:				
4	43-2	29-07.1. Veterinary technicians - ExaminationsRequirements for veterinary			
5	<u>technic</u>	ian licensure.			
6	1.	An			
7	<u>The</u>	board may grant a license to practice veterinary technology to an applicant for-			
8	licensur	e as a veterinary technician must have an examination date offered at least annually at			
9	a time, p	place, and date determined by the board at least ninety days before the scheduled			
10	examina	ation.			
11	2.	An applicant for licensure as a veterinary technician must pass the veterinary			
12		technician national examination with a score approved by the board.			
13	3.	An applicant for licensure as a veterinary technician who has successfully passed the			
14		veterinary technician national examination shall request that the applicant's			
15		examination scores be forwarded to the board. An applicant is eligible for licensure			
16		upon meeting the licensure requirements set by the board.who:			
17	<u>1.</u>	Is a graduate of an approved program of veterinary technology or completed an			
18		equivalency program of veterinary technology as established by the board by rule;			
19	<u>2.</u>	Passes the veterinary technician national examination;			
20	<u>3.</u>	Passes the state board examination;			
21	<u>4.</u>	Has no grounds for license refusal under section 43-29-14; and			
22	<u>5.</u>	Meets any additional requirements for licensure established by the board by rule.			
23	SEC	CTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
24	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:			
25	43-2	29-07.2. Examination - License without examination - Temporary permitlicense.			
26	1.	The board shall hold at least two examinations a year. The board shall adopt rules			
27		governing preparation, administration, and grading of examinations. Examinations-			
28		must be designed to test the examinee's knowledge of and proficiency in the subjects			
29		and techniques commonly taught in veterinary schools. To pass the examination, the			
30		examinee must demonstrate scientific and practical knowledge sufficient to prove-			
31		competency to practice veterinary medicine in the judgment of the board. An examinee			

1		must be tested by written examination, supplemented by any oral interview and
2		practical demonstration the board determines necessary. The board may adopt and
3		use the examination prepared by the national board of veterinary medical examiners.
4		After each examination, the board shall notify each examinee of the result of the
5		examination, and the board shall issue a license to each person who passed the
6		examination. The board shall record each new license and issue a certificate of
7		registration to each new licensee. Any person failing an examination may be admitted
8		to any subsequent examination on approval by the board and payment of the
9		application fee.
10	2.	The board may issue a license without a written examination to a qualified applicant
11		who furnishes satisfactory proof of graduation from an accredited or approved college-
12		of veterinary medicine, or holds a certificate, and who:
13		a. Has for the five years immediately before filing of the application been a
14		practicing veterinarian licensed in a state having license requirements at the time
15		the applicant was first licensed which were substantially equivalent to the
16		requirements of this chapter;
17		b. Has within the three years immediately before filing the application successfully
18		completed the examinations provided by the national board of veterinary medical
19		examiners; or
20		c. Currently holds a license to practice in at least one state, has active diplomat
21		status in a specialty organization recognized by the American veterinary medical
22		association, and whose practice is limited to the certified specialty in the state in-
23		which the specialist is licensed without examination.
24	3.	The board may issue without examination a temporary permitlicense to practice
25		veterinary medicine in this state to:
26		a. A qualified applicant for license pending examination, if the temporary permit-
27		expires the day after the notice of results of the first examination given after the
28		permit is issued. A temporary permit may not be issued to an applicant who-
29		previously has failed the examination in this or any other state or a foreign-
30		country.

25.8033.02006

1	b.	A nonresident veterinarian validly licensed in another state or a foreign country-
2		who pays the fee established and published by the board if the temporary permit
3		is issued for a period of no more than sixty days and no more than one permit is-
4		issued to a person during each calendar year.
5	C.	A senior veterinary student who practices in the office of and under the direct
6		supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A temporary student permit may not
7		exceed six months from its date of issuance and is granted without payment of a
8		f ce.
9	d.	A graduate of a nonaccredited college of veterinary medicine, who has
10		satisfactorily completed the fourth year of clinical study at an accredited or
11		approved college of veterinary medicine, has successfully passed the
12		examination provided by the national board of veterinary medical examiners, and
13		is enrolled in the educational commission for foreign veterinary graduates
14		program. The holder of a temporary permit issued under this subdivision must-
15		practice under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A temporary permit-
16		issued under this subdivision is valid until the holder obtains a certificate or for-
17		two years a qualified applicant who has met the requirements established by the
18		board.
19	SECTIO	N 12. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is
20	amended an	d reenacted as follows:
21	43-29-07	7.3. LicenseVeterinarian - License renewal - Continuing education
22	requiremen	ts.
23	1. All	licenses expire <u>A veterinarian license expires</u> annually as of July first but may be
24	ren	ewed by registration with the board and payment of the registration renewal fee
25	est	ablished by the board. On June first of each year, the board shall mail a notice to
26	ead	ch licensed veterinarian that the licensee's license will expire as of July first and
27	pre	vide the licensee with a form for registration. The board shall issue a new certificate
28	of r	egistration to a person reregistering under this section. Any person who willfully or-
29	by	neglect fails to renew a license and who practices veterinary medicine after the
30	exp	piration of the license is practicing in violation of this chapteron June thirtieth.

1	<u>2.</u>	A veterinarian license may be renewed by submission of the following to the board, no
2		later than June thirtieth:
3		a. A complete renewal application:
4		b. Payment of the renewal fee established by the board; and
5		c. Proof of completion of board required continuing education.
6	<u>3.</u>	An individual who neglects or willfully fails to renew a license and practices veterinary
7		medicine after the expiration of the license, is practicing veterinary medicine in
8		violation of this chapter.
9	2.<u>4.</u>	Any qualified personAn individual may renew an expired license within twofive years of
10		the date of its expiration by making written completing an application for renewal and,
11		paying the current renewal fee plus all delinquent renewal fees, and completing all
12		required continuing education. After twofive years have elapsed since the date of
13		expiration, a license may not be renewed, but the holder may make application apply
14		for a new license and take the license examination. The board may by rule waive the
15		payment of the registration renewal fee of a licensed veterinarian during the period-
16		when the veterinarian is on active duty with any branch of the armed services of the
17		United States, not to exceed the longer of three years or the duration of active duty.
18	3.<u>5.</u>	The board may adopt rules establishing requirements for the continuing education of
19		veterinarians and veterinary technicians. The board may refuse to renew or may
20		suspend, revoke, or place on probationary status any license issued under this
21		chapter upon proof the licenseeveterinarian has failed to meet the applicable
22		continuing education requirements. Applicants for accreditation of continuing-
23		education courses, classes, or activities may be charged a reasonable fee determined
24		by the board.
25	SEC	TION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
27	43-2	9-08.1. Veterinary technician - Renewal of license <u>- Continuing education</u>
28	<u>requirer</u>	<u>nents</u> .
29	1.	A license issued to a veterinary technician under this chapter expireslicense expires
30		annually on December thirty-first.

1	2.	A veterinary technician shall submit renewal fees and current mailing address
2		beforelicense may be renewed by submission of the following to the board, no later
3		than December thirty-first on an application form provided and mailed to the
4		licenseholder by the board:
5		a. <u>A complete renewal application;</u>
6		b. Payment of a renewal fee established by the board; and
7		c. Proof of completion of board required continuing education.
8	3.	A veterinary technician shall submit evidence of completion of required continuing-
9		education credits in the veterinary field during the calendar year in order to apply for a
10		license renewalAn individual who neglects or willfully fails to renew a license and
11		practices veterinary technology after the expiration of the license, is practicing
12		veterinary technology in violation of this chapter.
13	4.	Failure to submit the appropriateAn individual may renew an expired license renewal
14		fee every year results in forfeiture of all rights and privileges under this chapter and the
15		veterinary technician may not perform veterinary technician services unless the
16		veterinary technician pays a delinquency fee in addition to the licensewithin five years
17		of the date of its expiration by completing an application for renewal, paying the
18		current renewal fee plus all delinquent renewal fees, and completing all required
19		continuing education. After five years have elapsed since the date of expiration, a
20		license may not be renewed, but the holder may apply for a new license.
21	<u>5.</u>	The board may refuse to renew or may suspend, revoke, or place on probationary
22		status any license issued under this chapter upon proof the veterinary technician has
23		failed to meet the applicable continuing education requirements.
24	SEC	TION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is
25	amende	and reenacted as follows:
26	43-2	9-13. Practices excepted from chapterExceptions to the unlicensed practice of
27	<u>veterina</u>	ry medicine.
28	<u>1.</u>	The following persons individuals may not be considered to be engaging in the practice
29		of veterinary medicine in this state:
30	1.	a. Those An individual who administer to livestock treat treats animals, the title to
31		which rests in <u>owned by</u> themselves , or i n their the individual's regular employer,

1			except when theif ownership of the animal was transferred or otherwise
2			manipulated to avoid the requirements of this chapter, or those who perform
3			gratuitous services.
4	2.	<u>b.</u>	AnyoneAn individual who conducts experiments in scientific research in the
5			development of methods, techniques, or treatment, directly or indirectly
6			applicable to the problems of medicine, and who in connection with these
7			activities uses animals.
8	3.	<u>C.</u>	Anyone who is a regular <u>A</u> student <u>enrolled</u> in an accredited or approved college
9			of veterinary medicine performing duties or actions assigned by an instructor or
10			working under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian during a school
11			vacation period.
12	4 .	<u>d.</u>	Anyone licensed in another state or nation whenAn individual engaged in this
13			state in consultation with veterinarians legally practicing herein.
14	5.	<u>e.</u>	A senior student who is in an approved school of veterinary medicine and who
15			obtains from the board a student permit to practice in the office and under the
16			direct supervision of any veterinarian practicing within this state.
17	6.	Any	<u>An</u> employee of the United States or this state while in the performance of duties
18		as	employees <u>an employee</u> .
19	7.	<u>f.</u>	AnyA merchant or manufacturer selling nonprescription medicine, feed, an
20			appliance, or any other product used<u>for</u> use as labeled in the prevention or
21			treatment of animal diseases.
22	8.	<u>g.</u>	Any veterinary technician or other <u>An</u> employee of a licensed veterinarian
23			performing duties under the direction andor supervision of the veterinarian
24			responsible for the technician's or other employee's performance, except the
25			following duties:
26			(1) <u>Performing surgery;</u>
27			(2) <u>Diagnosing;</u>
28			(3) Prognosing; or
29			(4) Prescribing.
30	9.	<u>h.</u>	Any member of the faculty of an accredited college of veterinary medicine-
31			performing regular functions or a person <u>An individual</u> lecturing or giving

1			instructions or demonstrations within the individual's area of professional
2			expertiseat an accredited college of veterinary medicine or in connection with a
3			continuing education course or seminar.
4	10.	<u>i.</u>	Any personAn individual selling or applying any pesticide, insecticide, or
5			herbicide.
6	11.	<u>j.</u>	AnyAn individual who is not a graduate of a foreignan approved college of
7			veterinary medicine who <u>, and</u> is in the process of obtaining a certificate and is
8			enrolled in an equivalency program of veterinary medicine as approved by the
9			board, performing duties or actions assigned by the graduate's instructorsan
10			instructor in an accredited approved college of veterinary medicine.
11	12.	<u>k.</u>	Any personAn individual performing a direct embryo transfer procedure on a
12			recipient cow. Except as provided in this subsection, a personan individual
13			performing a direct embryo transfer procedure on a recipient cow may not
14			administer prescription drugs to the cow during, or as part of, the procedure. The
15			owner of the recipient cow, however, may administer or cause the administration
16			of prescription drugs to the recipient cow during, or as part of, the procedure if a
17			veterinarian-client-patient relationship existsas prescribed by a veterinarian.
18		<u>l.</u>	An individual who administers medication or treatment as prescribed by a
19			veterinarian.
20		<u>m.</u>	An individual who performs gratuitous services for an animal in a life-threatening
21			situation.
22		<u>n.</u>	An individual who engages in any of these acts if the individual is not diagnosing,
23			prescribing, or treating a condition that has not been previously diagnosed by a
24			veterinarian who has referred the animal for treatment:
25			(<u>1) Grooming;</u>
26			-(2) <u>Training or conditioning;</u>
27			(3) Horseshoeing or farrier work;
28			(4) Massage therapy or acupressure;
29			- <u>(5) Microchip implantation; or</u>
30			(6) An accepted livestock management practice.

1	<u>2.</u>	<u>This</u>	section may not be construed to protect individuals from animal cruelty laws in
2		<u>this</u>	<u>state.</u>
3	SEC		15. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
4	and ena	cted a	as follows:
5	Exc	<u>eptio</u>	ns to unlicensed practice of veterinary technology.
6	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	following individuals may not be considered to be engaging in the practice of
7		<u>vete</u>	rinary technology in this state:
8		<u>a.</u>	An individual who treats an animal owned by the individual or the individual's
9			regular employer, except when if ownership of the animal was transferred or
10			otherwise manipulated to avoid the requirements of this chapter.
11		<u>b.</u>	An individual who conducts experiments in scientific research in the development
12			of methods, techniques, or treatment, directly or indirectly applicable to the
13			problems of medicine, and who in connection with these activities uses animals.
14		<u>C.</u>	A student enrolled in an approved program of veterinary technology performing
15			duties or actions assigned by an instructor or working under the direct
16			supervision of a veterinarian.
17		<u>d.</u>	An employee of the United States or this state while in the performance of duties
18			as employees.
19		<u>e.</u>	An employee of a veterinarian performing duties under the direction or
20			supervision of the veterinarian responsible for the employee's performance.
21		<u>f.</u>	An individual lecturing or giving instructions or demonstrations within the
22			individual's area of professional expertise in connection with a continuing
23			education course or seminar.
24		<u>g.</u>	An individual who is not a graduate of an approved program of veterinary
25			technology, enrolled in an equivalency program of veterinary technology as
26			approved by the board, performing duties or actions assigned by an instructor in
27			an approved program of veterinary technology.
28		<u>h.</u>	An individual who administers medication or treatment as prescribed by a
29			veterinarian.
30		<u>i.</u>	An individual who performs gratuitous services for an animal in a life-threatening
31			situation.

1	<u>2.</u>	<u>This</u>	s section may not be construed to protect individuals from animal cruelty laws in
2		<u>this</u>	<u>state.</u>
3	SEC		N 16. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amende	ed and	d reenacted as follows:
5	43-2	29-14	. Refusal, suspension, and revocation of license and certificate -
6	Reinsta	teme	ent and relicense.
7	1.	The	e state board of veterinary medical examiners may refuse to issue a license or
8		cert	ificate of registrationtemporary license, or may suspend or revoke a license and
9		cert	ificate of registrationor temporary license, upon any of the following grounds:
10		a.	Fraud or deception in procuring the license, including conduct that violates the
11			security or integrity of any licensing examination.
12		b.	The use of advertising or solicitation that is false, misleading, or otherwise
13			determined unprofessional under rules adopted by the board.
14		C.	Habitual intemperance in the use of intoxicating liquors, or habitual addiction to
15			the use of morphine, cocaine, or other habit-forming drugs <u>AnThe determination</u>
16			that an individual is determined to be an impaired veterinarian as defined by
17			section 43-29.01.1 or an impaired veterinary technician as defined by section 43-
18			<u>29-01.1</u> .
19		d.	Immoral, unprofessional, or dishonorableUnprofessional conduct manifestly
20			disqualifying the licensee from practicing veterinary medicineas defined by the
21			rules adopted by the board, or violating the code of ethics adopted by the board
22			by rule.
23		e.	Incompetence, gross negligence, or other malpractice in the practice of
24			veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.
25		f.	Employment of unlicensed personsindividuals to perform work that under this
26			chapter can lawfully be done only by personsindividuals licensed to practice
27			veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.
28		g.	Fraud or dishonest conduct in applying or reporting diagnostic biological tests,
29			inspecting foodstuffs, or in issuing health certificatesregulatory documents.
30		h.	Failure of the licensee to keep the premises and equipment used in the licensee's-
31			practice in a reasonably clean and sanitary condition and failure to use

1			reasonably sanitary methods in the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary
2			technology.
3		i.	Violation of the rules adopted by the board.
4		j.	Conviction of an offense determined by the board to have a direct bearing upon a-
5			person's<u>the</u> ability <u>of an individual</u> to serve the public as a veterinarian <u>or</u>
6			veterinary technician, or when the board determines, following conviction of any
7			offense, that a personan individual is not sufficiently rehabilitated under section
8			12.1-33-02.1.
9		k.	Willful or repeated violations of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board.
10		I.	Failure to report, as required by law, or making false report of, any contagious or
11			infectious disease.
12		m.	Cruelty to animals as defined under chapter 36-21.2.
13		n.	Revocation of a license to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology
14			by another statejurisdiction on grounds other than nonpayment of a
15			registrationrenewal fee.
16		0.	The use, prescription, or dispensing of any veterinary prescription drug, or the
17			prescription or extra-label use of any over-the-counter drug, in the absence of a
18			valid veterinarian-client-patient relationship, except as provided by section
19			43-29-19.
20	2.	Any	personAn individual whose license has been revoked may apply to the board for
21		reins	statement and relicensure one year after the date of revocation. The board may
22		reiss	sue a license if the board is satisfied the applicant is qualified to practice veterinary
23		med	licine or veterinary technology, meets the existing requirements for licensure, and
24		will	comply with the rules regarding the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary
25		<u>tech</u>	nology.
26	SEC		17. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
27	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:
28	43-2	29-15.	Complaints - Investigations.
29	1.	Any	person <u>An individual</u> may file a written complaint with the board setting forth the
30		speo	cific charges upon which the complaint is made. Upon receiving a complaint, the
31		boa	rd shall notify the veterinarian <u>or veterinary technician</u> of the complaint and request

1 a written response from the veterinarian or veterinary technician. The board may adopt 2 rules establishing a peer review committee for the purpose of investigating complaints 3 and providing recommendations to the board. A veterinarian or veterinary technician 4 who is the subject of an investigation by the board shall cooperate fully with the 5 investigation. Cooperation includes responding fully and promptly to any reasonable 6 question raised by or on behalf of the board relating to the subject of the investigation 7 and providing copies of records when reasonably requested by the board. Failure to 8 cooperate in the investigative process may be grounds for disciplinary action against 9 the veterinarian or veterinary technician. 10 2. To pursue the investigation, the board may subpoena and examine witnesses and 11 records, including medical records, copy, photograph, or take samples. The board may-12 require the veterinarian to give statements under oath, to submit to a physical or-13

14 professional selected by the board if it appears to be in the best interest of the public

psychological examination, or both, by a physician or other gualified evaluation

- 15 that this evaluation be secured. After review of the complaint, the veterinarian's
- 16 response, and information obtained in the investigation, the board shall determine if
- 17 there is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and that the allegations-
- 18 constitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board. If the board determines-
- 19 there is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and the allegations
- 20 constitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board, the board shall take
- 21 appropriate action. If a reasonable basis is not found by the board, the board shall-22 notify the complaining party and the veterinarian in writing:
- 23 Subpoena and examine witnesses, records, medical records, copy, photograph, <u>a.</u> 24 or take samples;
- 25 b. Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to give statements under oath;
- 26 Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to submit to a physical <u>C.</u> 27 examination, chemical dependency evaluation, or psychological examination by a 28 physician or other qualified evaluation professional selected by the board if there
- 29 is reasonable cause to believe the veterinarian or veterinary technician is
- 30 impaired as defined by 43-29-01.1; and

1		d. Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to enroll in a treatment or
2		monitoring program approved by the board if the board determines in good faith
3		enrollment would be beneficial to the veterinarian or veterinary technician or to
4		protect the public.
5		(1) Failure to satisfactorily undergo an examination or enroll in a treatment and
6		monitoring program must be reported to the board by the treating
7		professional.
8		(2) The veterinarian or veterinary technician shall consent to the approved
9		evaluation, examination, or the progress of the treatment or monitoring
10		program, at such intervals the board deems necessary.
11		(3) The treating professional may release examination information, or treatment
12		and monitoring program information, to the board so the board may
13		evaluate the results of the examination or the progress and effectiveness of
14		the treatment or monitoring program.
15		(4) Absent a release on file from the veterinarian or veterinary technician, all
16		records released to the board are confidential and are not public records.
17		(5) The veterinarian or veterinary technician must be responsible for all
18		expenses related to evaluation and treatment.
19	<u>3.</u>	After review of the complaint, the response from the veterinarian or veterinary
20		technician, and information obtained in the investigation, the board shall determine if
21		there is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and if the allegations
22		constitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board. If the board determines
23		there is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and the allegations
24		constitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board, the board shall take
25		appropriate action. If a reasonable basis is not found by the board, the board shall
26		notify the complaining party and the veterinarian or veterinary technician in writing.
27	<u>4.</u>	Unless the board proceeds with a disciplinary action, the complaint, the response, and
28		any records received by the board during an investigation of a complaint under this
29		section are exempt records, as defined in section 44-04-17.1.
30	<u>5.</u>	A veterinarian or veterinary technician shall report in good faith any impaired
31		veterinarian or impaired veterinary technician as defined by 43-29-01.1.

1	<u>6.</u>	<u>The</u>	board may adopt rules as necessary to carry out this section.
2	SEC	стю	N 18. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
3	and ena	cted	as follows:
4	<u>Self</u>	-repo	orting and self-referral.
5	<u>1.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinarian or veterinary technician may voluntarily self-report or self-refer to a
6		<u>trea</u>	tment or monitoring program approved or contracted by the board to seek
7		ass	istance for a potential or existing impairment due to a mental health or substance
8		<u>use</u>	disorder.
9	<u>2.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinarian or veterinary technician who under this section voluntarily seeks
10		ass	istance from a treatment or monitoring program in assessing or treating a potential
11		<u>or e</u>	xisting impairment will not be reported to the board solely on the basis of self-
12		repo	orting or self-referral.
13	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	e identity of the veterinarian or veterinary technician and findings of the evaluation
14		<u>only</u>	/ may be reported to the board when:
15		<u>a.</u>	A veterinarian or veterinary technician refuses to undergo an evaluation by the
16			program;
17		<u>b.</u>	The evaluation reveals evidence of an impairment that could affect the ability of
18			the veterinarian or veterinary technician to practice, or constitutes a threat to the
19			safety of a patient or the public; or
20		<u>C.</u>	The veterinarian or veterinary technician refuses to cooperate with a treatment
21			plan, monitoring and followup, or aftercare directed by the program, including a
22			recommendation about continuing practice.
23	<u>4.</u>	Par	ticipation in the program does not protect a veterinarian or veterinary technician
24		fron	n disciplinary action resulting from a complaint.
25	<u>5.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinarian or veterinary technician who self-reports or self-refers to the board for a
26		pote	ential or existing impairment may be referred by the board to a treatment or
27		mor	nitoring program in a manner prescribed by the board by rule, and subsequent
28		repo	orting by the program to the board is at the discretion of and in the manner
29		pres	scribed by the board.
30	<u>6.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinarian or veterinary technician who has completed a treatment or monitoring
31		prog	gram and is in full compliance with all parts of the treatment or monitoring plan and

1		afte	ercare, may answer in the negative to a question on an application to the board for
2		lice	nsure or licensure renewal regarding current impairment by the condition for which
3		<u>the</u>	veterinarian or veterinary technician completed treatment. However, any
4		rec	urrence of the impairment or the existence of other potential impairments that are
5		<u>not</u>	currently known to the program must be reported on the application.
6	<u>7.</u>	<u>Not</u>	withstanding section 44-04-18, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all
7		rec	ords related to participation in a treatment or monitoring program established under
8		<u>this</u>	section containing identifying information about a veterinarian or veterinary
9		<u>tec</u>	nnician are confidential and only may be disclosed when:
10		<u>a.</u>	Disclosure is reasonably necessary for the accomplishment of the purposes of
11			intervention, rehabilitation, referral assistance, or supportive services;
12		<u>b.</u>	Disclosure is required by law in a legal or administrative hearing or requested by
13			the board for a formal disciplinary action;
14		<u>C.</u>	Disclosure is necessary regarding a veterinarian's or veterinary technician's
15			noncompliance with the program;
16		<u>d.</u>	A staff member is handling records for administrative purposes as provided under
17			this section; and
18		<u>e.</u>	A person is participating in treatment or program monitoring, evaluations, or
19			followup.
20	<u>8.</u>	<u>Ар</u>	erson in attendance at any meeting of a treatment or monitoring program is not
21		<u>req</u>	uired to testify as to the content of any findings, committee discussions, or
22		pro	ceedings, unless requested by the board for a disciplinary proceeding or regarding
23		nor	compliance with the program.
24	SEC	СТІО	N 19. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
25	and ena	cted	as follows:
26	<u>Imn</u>	nunit	y from liability.
27	<u>The</u>	follo	wing individuals must beare immune from liability in any civil or criminal proceeding
28	<u>brought</u>	agai	nst the individual for any action occurring while the individual was acting in good
29	<u>faith wit</u>	<u>hin th</u>	ne scope of the individual's respective capacity:
30	<u>1.</u>	<u>A m</u>	nember of the board;
31	<u>2.</u>	<u>A m</u>	nember of a peer review committee;

1	<u>3.</u>	A witness testifying in a proceeding or hearing authorized under this chapter or
2		administrative proceeding held under chapter 28-32;
3	<u>4.</u>	A treating professional;
4	<u>5.</u>	An individual who files a complaint pursuant to this Act; and
5	<u>6.</u>	An individual reporting an impaired veterinarian or impaired veterinary technician as
6		defined by section 43-29-01.1.
7	SEC	TION 20. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 43-29-16 of the North Dakota
8	Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
9	2.	In any order or decision issued by the board in which disciplinary action is imposed
10		against a licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician, the board may direct the
11		licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician to pay the board a sum not to exceed the
12		reasonable and actual costs, including attorney's fees, incurred by the board in the
13		investigation and prosecution of the case. When applicable, the licensee's license may-
14		be suspended until the costs are paid to the board.
15	SEC	TION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-16.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
16	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
16 17		d and reenacted as follows: 9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner<u>client</u> - Disposal of remains .
17	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner<u>client</u> - Disposal of remains .
17 18	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains . Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary
17 18 19	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains . Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its -
17 18 19 20	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its - owner or its owner's agent<u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written
17 18 19 20 21	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner<u>client - Disposal of remains</u>. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary medicine<u>veterinarian</u> for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its- owner or its owner's agent<u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is <u>givenmailed</u> to the
17 18 19 20 21 22	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner<u>client - Disposal of remains</u>. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its- owner or its owner's agent<u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is given<u>mailed</u> to the owner or its owner's agent<u>client</u> at the last-known address, may be turned over to the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner<u>client - Disposal of remains</u>. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary- medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its- owner or its owner's agent<u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is given<u>mailed</u> to the owner or its owner's agent<u>client</u> at the last-known address, may be turned over to the custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	43-2 1.	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains . Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary . medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its - owner or its owner's agent<u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is given<u>mailed</u> to the owner or its owner's agent<u>client</u> at the last-known address, may be turned over to the custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as such custodian may deem proper.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	43-2 1.	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary- medicine<u>veterinarian</u> for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its- owner or its owner's agent<u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is given<u>mailed</u> to the owner or its owner's agent<u>client</u> at the last-known address, may be turned over to the custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as such custodian may deem proper. The givingservice of notice to the owner, or the agent of the owner<u>client</u>, of such
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	43-2 1.	 9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary- medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its- owner or its owner's agentthe client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is givenmailed to the owner or its owner's agentclient at the last-known address, may be turned over to the custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as such custodian may deem proper. The givingservice of notice to the owner, or the agent of the ownerclient, of such animal by the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian, as provided in subsection 1,
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	43-2 1.	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by ownerclient - Disposal of remains. Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its owner or its owner's agent <u>the client</u> for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is givenmailed to the owner or its owner's agent <u>client</u> at the last-known address, may be turned over to the custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as such custodian may deem proper. The givingservice of notice to the owner, or the agent of the ownerclient , of such animal by the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian , as provided in subsection 1, shall relieve the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian and any custodian to whom

2 neglect or refuse to provide or perform the care and support of an animal by its 3 or its owner's agentthe client; such abandonment constitutes the relinquishment 4 rights and claim by the owner of such animal. 5 4. Any animal remains that are left in the possession of a veterinarian and have not claimed by the client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper. 9 SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. 12 Any person whe 13 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 16 2: b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterinamedical examiners; or 19 3: c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completed of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university	t of all <u>ot been</u>
 rights and claim by the owner of such animal. Any animal remains that are left in the possession of a veterinarian and have no claimed by the client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper, SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterinary medical examiners; or c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compilation of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	<u>ot been</u>
 Any animal remains that are left in the possession of a veterinarian and have no claimed by the client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper. SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registration[icense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterination of veterination of the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compiliance of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	-
 claimed by the client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper. SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 4. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 4. a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterin medical examiners; or c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compliance in a school, college, or university- 	-
 registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper. SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14. a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterin 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completed or graduate of the or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completed or diploma showing the satisfactory c	
 known address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper. SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14. a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veteri medical examiners; or 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compliance in a school, college, or university 	<u>e last-</u>
 9 SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. 12 Any person who 13 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 4. a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 16 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veteri medical examiners; or 19 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compliance of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university 	
 amended and reenacted as follows: 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14. a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registration/license or temporary license issued by the state board of veterin medical examiners; or 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completed of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	
 43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy. Any person who 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: An individual is guilty of a class P misdemeanor is sugery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compliance of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	
 Any person who 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 14 1. An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: 14 15 compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 16 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterin medical examiners; or 19 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completed of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university-of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	
 An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual: a. Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veteri medical examiners; or c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compl of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	
 14 1. <u>a.</u> Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 16 2. <u>b.</u> Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterine medical examiners; or 19 3. <u>c.</u> Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compliance of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university- 	
 15 compliance with the provisions of this chapter; 16 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registration license or temporary license issued by the state board of veteri medical examiners; or 19 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completed of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university 	
 2. b. Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veteri medical examiners; or 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory compton of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university 	
 registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veteri medical examiners; or 3. c. Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completion of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university 	
18medical examiners; or193. c.20graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory complete21of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university	
193.c.Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to20graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory complete21of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university	ìary -
20 graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory comp 21 of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university	
21 of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university	be a
	etion -
<u> </u>	
22 recognized from a program of veterinary medicine approved by the board;-	
23 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.	
24 <u>2.</u> In addition to the criminal penalty provided, the civil remedy of injunction is avai	able to
25 restrain and enjoin violations of any provisions of this chapter without proof of a	
26 damages sustained by any personan individual, upon application and unanimou	ctual
of all members of the state board of veterinary medical examiners.	
28 SECTION 23. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is c	
29 and enacted as follows:	s vote
30 Unlawful practice of veterinary technology - Penalty - Civil remedy.	s vote

31 <u>1.</u> <u>An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual:</u>

1		<u>a.</u>	Practices veterinary technology in this state without compliance with the		
2			provisions of this chapter;		
3		<u>b.</u>	Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a license issued by the		
4			board; or		
5		<u>C.</u>	Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to be a		
6			graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma from, a program of veterinary		
7			technology approved by the board.		
8	<u>2.</u>	<u>In a</u>	ddition to the criminal penalty provided, the civil remedy of injunction is available to		
9		<u>rest</u>	rain and enjoin violations of any provisions of this chapter without proof of actual		
10		<u>dan</u>	nages sustained by an individual, upon application and unanimous vote of all		
11		mer	mbers of the board.		
12	SECTION 24. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 43-29-19 of the North Dakota				
13	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
14	2.	Oth	er than a controlled substance, a licensed veterinarian may dispense a veterinary		
15		pres	scription drug without establishing a veterinarian-client-patient relationship if:		
16		a.	The drug is prescribed by a licensed veterinarian or by a veterinarian licensed in-		
17			another jurisdiction foreign practitioner who has established a		
18			veterinarian-client-patient relationship;		
19		b.	The prescribing veterinarian or foreign practitioner has an inadequate supply of		
20			the drug, failure to dispense the drug would interrupt a therapeutic regimen, or		
21			failure to dispense the drug would cause an animal to suffer; and		
22		C.	The dispensing veterinarian verifies the prescription with the prescribing		
23			veterinarian <u>or foreign practitioner</u> .		
24		<u>d.</u>	The dispensing veterinarian is not presumptively aware of any disciplinary action		
25			against the prescribing veterinarian or foreign practitioner.		
26	SECTION 25. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created				
27	and enacted as follows:				
28	Veterinary telemedicine - Teleadvice and teletriage.				
29	<u>1.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinarian shall establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship by virtue of a		
30		med	dically appropriate and timely in-person examination of a patient by the		

1		veterinarian, or by a timely in-person visit to the premises where the patient is	
2	managed or resides before the provision of veterinary telemedicine services.		
3		a. The veterinarian has established a veterinarian-client-patient relationship before	
4		the provision of veterinary telemedicine services;	
5		<u>b. The veterinarian employs sound professional judgement to determine whether</u>	
6		the use of veterinary telemedicine is medically appropriate;	
7		<u>c. The veterinarian obtains appropriate consent from the client;</u>	
8		d. The veterinarian conducts all necessary patient evaluations consistent with	
9		currently acceptable standards of care;	
10		e. The veterinarian maintains patient records according to rules promulgated by the	
11		board; and	
12		f. The veterinarian ensures the client is aware of the veterinarian's identity, location,	
13		license number, and licensure status.	
14	<u>2.</u>	The provision of teleadvice or teletriage by a veterinarian does not require the prior	
15		establishment of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.	
16	<u>3.</u>	A veterinary technician may perform teleadvice and teletriage without instructions from	
17		<u>a veterinarian.</u>	
18	<u>4.</u>	The board may adopt rules as necessary to carry out this section.	
19	SEC	CTION 26. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created	
20	and enacted as follows:		
21	Source of data.		
22	The board shall be authorized to rely upon the expertise of and verified data gathered and		
23	stored by not for profit organizations that share in the public protection mission of the board		
24	including the American association of veterinary state boards to make determinations under this		
25	chapter and to promote uniformity and administrative efficiencies.		
26	SECTION 27. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created		
27	and enacted as follows:		
28	Location of the practice of veterinary medicine.		
29	The provision of veterinary services to a patient in this state which fall within the standard of		
30	practice of veterinary medicine regardless of the means by which the services are provided or		

1	the phy	sical location of the person providing those services, constitutes the practice of			
2	veterina	ry medicine in this state and is subject to regulation by the board.			
3	SEC	SECTION 28. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
4	and ena	acted as follows:			
5	Indirect practice without a license for foreign practitioners.				
6	<u>A fo</u>	A foreign practitioner may provide veterinary services in this state which fall within the			
7	scope of practice designated by the foreign practitioner's license and by this chapter without				
8	obtaining a license from the board if the services are provided through telehealth and are a				
9	continuation of a previously established an existing veterinarian-client-patient relationship as				
10	defined	established under this chapter.			
11	SEG	CTION 29. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
12	and ena	acted as follows:			
13	Rec	cognized animal services - Exceptions.			
14	1.	The provision of a recognized animal service does not constitute the practice of			
15		veterinary medicine if provided by an individual who is not a veterinarian or veterinary			
16		technician and not otherwise excepted from the practice of veterinary medicine under			
17		section 43-29-13.			
18	2.	For purposes of this section, "recognized animal service" means:			
19		a. Grooming:			
20		b. Training or conditioning;			
21		c. Horseshoeing or farrier work;			
22		d. Massage therapy or acupressure;			
23		e. Microchip implantation; and			
24		f. An accepted livestock management practice.			
25	3.	This section does not permit an individual who is not a veterinarian to diagnose,			
26		prescribe, or perform surgical procedures, other than surgical procedures considered			
27		to be an accepted livestock management practice.			
28	4.	The exceptions provided under this section do not extend to any other animal			
29		services.			
30	SEC	CTION 30. REPEAL. Sections 43-29-09, 43-29-10, 43-29-11, and 43-29-12.1 of the			

31 North Dakota Century Code are repealed.