ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AID DISTRIBUTION FUND FOR THE 2009-11 AND 2011-13 BIENNIUMS



	2009-11 Biennium Actual		2011-13 Biennium Estimated	
Beginning balance		\$0		\$0
Add estimated revenues Sales, use, and motor vehicle excise taxes (based on four-tenths of 1 percent)	\$124,852,401		\$159,956,252	
Total revenues		124,852,401		
Total available		\$124,852,401		\$159,956,252
Less estimated expenditures and transfers Payments to political subdivisions				
County share (53.7 percent)	\$67,045,739		\$85,896,507	
City share (46.3 percent)	57,806,662		74,059,745	
Total estimated expenditures and transfers		124,852,401		159,956,252
Estimated ending balance		\$0		\$0

NOTE: Through April 2012 state aid distribution fund receipts have exceeded estimates made at the end of the 2011 legislative session by approximately \$23,815,050 due to sales, use, and motor vehicle excise tax collections exceeding estimates. The total estimated revenues and payments to political subdivisions shown above reflect the 2011-13 revenue forecast as approved by the Legislative Assembly of \$136,141,202 adjusted by the additional revenues received through April 2012.

FUND HISTORY

North Dakota Century Code Section 57-39.2-26.1 provided, prior to January 1999, for a portion of sales, use, and motor vehicle excise tax collections equal to 60 percent of an equivalent one-cent sales tax to be deposited by the State Treasurer in the state aid distribution fund. The Tax Commissioner certified to the State Treasurer the portion of sales, use, and motor vehicle excise tax net revenues that were deposited in the state aid distribution fund. The state aid distribution fund had historically been allocated, subject to legislative appropriation, with 50 percent of revenues for state revenue sharing and 50 percent for personal property tax replacement.

The Legislative Assembly in 1997 amended Section 57-39.2-26.1 to provide that, effective January 1, 1999, deposits into the state aid distribution fund are based on an amount equal to 40 percent of an equivalent one-cent sales tax instead of an amount equal to 60 percent of an equivalent one-cent sales tax. In addition, a continuing appropriation was added which appropriates all revenues deposited in the state aid distribution fund for payments to political subdivisions.

The Legislative Assembly in 1997 also changed the allocation of the state aid distribution fund from 50 percent for personal property tax replacement and 50 percent for revenue sharing to 53.7 percent for counties and 46.3 percent for cities. The allocation for each county includes townships, rural fire protection districts, rural ambulance districts, soil conservation districts, county recreation service districts, county hospital districts, the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, the Southwest Water Authority, and other taxing districts within the county, excluding school districts, cities, and taxing districts within the city, excluding school districts. The county allocation to townships must be based on the same percentage allocation that a township received in calendar year 1996.

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House Bill No. 1025 (2003), which became effective on August 1, 2003, revised the state aid distribution formula for cities and counties to account for population changes resulting from the 2000 federal census. The bill provides for total distribution percentages to cities and counties to remain at 53.7 percent to counties and 46.3 percent to cities; however, the allocation formula to specific counties and cities is:

Population Category Through June 30, 2011					
Counties	Percentage	Cities (Based on Population)	Percentage		
17 counties with the largest population (allocated equally)	20.48%	80,000 or more	19.4%		
17 counties with the largest population (allocated based on population)	43.52%	20,000 or more but less than 80,000	34.5%		
Remaining counties (allocated equally)	14.40%	10,000 or more but less than 20,000	16.0%		
Remaining counties (allocated based on population)	21.60%	5,000 or more but less than 10,000	4.9%		
		1,000 or more but less than 5,000	13.1%		
		500 or more but less than 1,000	6.1%		
		200 or more but less than 500	3.4%		
		Less than 200	2.6%		
Total	100.00%		100.0%		

Senate Bill No. 2253 (2011), which became effective July 1, 2011, revised the state aid distribution formula for cities to provide that distributions be based upon the proportion each city's population bears to the total population of all cities. The bill does not change the total distribution percentages to cities and counties which remain at 53.7 percent to counties and 46.3 to cities. The allocation formula for specific counties and cities is:

Population Category Effective July 1, 2011						
Counties	Percentage	Cities				
17 counties with the largest population (allocated equally)	20.48%	Based upon the proportion each city's population bears to total				
17 counties with the largest population (allocated based on population)	43.52%	population.				
Remaining counties (allocated equally)	14.40%					
Remaining counties (allocated based on population)	21.60%					
Total	100.00%					