Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4034

Introduced by

Senators Tomac, Freborg

Representatives Grosz, Mahoney

1	A concurrent resolution urging the United States Army Corps of Engineers to include provisions
2	for the protection of recreation, municipal, industrial, irrigation, and other interests on the
3	Missouri River in North Dakota in developing a revised master manual for the future operation
4	of the Pick-Sloan Project.
5	WHEREAS, the Flood Control Act of 1944, as amended, assured benefits to all 10
6	states within the Missouri River Basin under a control and management program that came to
7	be commonly known as the Pick-Sloan Project; and
8	WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States has directed the United States Army
9	Corps of Engineers to build, operate, and maintain all the features of the Pick-Sloan Project;
10	and
11	WHEREAS, the Pick-Sloan Project provides major flood control benefits, recreational
12	benefits, water supply benefits, hydropower benefits, and navigational benefits for the
13	downstream states of Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, and Kansas through construction of large
14	reservoirs in states lying upstream from these states, and by channelizing the Missouri River
15	from Sioux City, Iowa, to St. Louis, Missouri, at federal expense; and
16	WHEREAS, the Pick-Sloan Project reservoirs have been in place for many years, thus
17	providing the downstream states in the Missouri River Basin all of the benefits promised in the
18	Pick-Sloan Project; and
19	WHEREAS, construction of facilities under the Pick-Sloan Project has, to date, resulted
20	in \$10.6 billion of flood protection to downstream interests and has allowed these downstream
21	interests to develop the original floodplain of the Missouri River for industrial, municipal, and
22	agricultural uses; and
23	WHEREAS, under the Pick-Sloan Project, North Dakota has sacrificed over 550,000
24	acres of land, which has meant the permanent loss of 2,641 jobs, \$45 million of annual
25	personal income, and \$131 million of annual gross business volume; and

1	WHEREAS, the United States Army Corps of Engineers is now in the process of
2	revising its master manual for the operation of the entire Pick-Sloan Project in future years; and
3	WHEREAS, the construction of the Pick-Sloan Project has divided the Missouri River in
4	North Dakota into four distinct regions, namely, the Missouri River reach above Williston, Lake
5	Sakakawea, the Missouri River reach from Garrison Dam to the headwaters of Lake Oahe, and
6	Lake Oahe; and
7	WHEREAS, as the recreation industry on the Missouri River mainstem in North Dakota,
8	which has developed into a \$67 million per year industry, suffered severely when the United
9	States Army Corps of Engineers allowed lake levels to drop drastically during the drought of the
10	late 1980s and the early 1990s; and
11	WHEREAS, the United States Army Corp of Engineers, in its new proposed operation
12	plan called the Missouri River Master Manual Preferred Alternative, is planning to allow Lake
13	Sakakawea to drop to 1,775 feet mean sea level and Lake Oahe to 1,540 feet mean sea level
14	in future drought years, thereby again severely damaging North Dakota's recreation industry;
15	and
16	WHEREAS, the riverbanks in the Garrison Dam to Oahe Reservoir reach consist of
17	ancient floodplain deposits that have been and will be severely eroded with great loss of
18	valuable land whenever high water flows are released from Garrison Dam; and
19	WHEREAS, the irrigators, fishermen, boaters, industrial, and municipal water intakes,
20	dredged channels, and marinas have all utilized the moderate summer river levels of the
21	Garrison to Oahe reach both before and after the construction of the Garrison Dam; and
22	WHEREAS, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, in its proposed master manual,
23	is proposing high spring releases every third year and these releases will cause severe bank
24	erosion and loss of much valuable land; and
25	WHEREAS, the United States Army Corps of Engineers is also proposing very low
26	water releases during the summer to allow endangered shore birds to nest, which will seriously
27	affect many irrigators, recreation users, water intakes, dredged channels, and marinas;
28	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, THE
o o	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN:

1 That the Fifty-fifth Legislative Assembly requests the United States Army Corps of 2 Engineers to respect the large sacrifice North Dakota has made in order that the Pick-Sloan 3 Project could be built; and 4 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that the United States Army Corps of Engineers, in its 5 new master manual, provide for Lake Sakakawea minimum levels of at least 1,802 feet mean 6 sea level and Lake Oahe levels of at least 1,569 feet mean sea level, so that North Dakota's 7 flourishing recreation industry may continue to operate; and 8 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that the United States Army Corps of Engineers, in its 9 master manual, delay any unnecessary high and very high water releases on the free flowing 10 reaches of the Missouri River, which cause the unnecessary loss of valuable land and an 11 increase in flood damage until such time when the riverbanks are protected; and 12 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the United States Army Corps of Engineers more 13 evenly balance the needs of endangered species in the Upper Missouri River Basin with the 14 requirements for water supply, the reduction of bank erosion, recreation, and flood control in the 15 free flowing stretches of the Missouri River; and 16 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Governor, members of the North Dakota 17 Congressional Delegation, the State Engineer and staff, director of the Game and Fish 18 Department and staff, and many others be commended for their efforts to date and be urged to 19 continue to work diligently at the local and national levels to influence the United States Army 20 Corps of Engineers to adopt a master manual for the future operation of the Missouri River that 21 is acceptable to all areas and interests on the Missouri River in North Dakota; and 22 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that the Secretary of State forward copies of this 23 resolution to the Division Commander of the Missouri River Division of the United States Army 24 Corps of Engineers in order to be part of the public record for the Missouri River Master Manual 25 Draft Environmental Impact Statement; the Secretary of the Army; the Secretary of the Interior; 26 the District Engineer, Omaha District, United States Army Corps of Engineers; the Governor; 27 each member of the State Water Commission; and each member of the North Dakota, South 28 Dakota, Wyoming, and Montana Congressional Delegations.