

**Fifty-sixth Legislative Assembly, State of North Dakota, begun in the
Capitol in the City of Bismarck, on Tuesday, the fifth day of January,
one thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine**

HOUSE BILL NO. 1052
(Legislative Council)
(Taxation Committee)

AN ACT to amend and reenact section 57-02-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to income limitations to qualify for the homestead credit for persons sixty-five years of age or older with limited income; and to provide an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-02-08.1. Property tax credits for persons sixty-five years of age or older with limited income.

1. Any person sixty-five years of age or older in the year in which the tax was levied, or any person who is permanently and totally disabled in the year in which the tax was levied, as certified by a licensed physician approved by the local governing body, with an income of ~~thirteen~~ fourteen thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars or less per annum from all sources, including the income of any dependent person, including any county, state, or federal public assistance benefits, social security, or other retirement benefits, ~~shall~~ is entitled to receive a reduction in the assessment on the taxable valuation on the homestead as defined in section 47-18-01, except that this exemption applies to any person who otherwise qualifies under ~~the provisions of~~ this subsection regardless of whether the person is the head of a family. The exemption under this subsection continues to apply if the person does not reside in the homestead and the person's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as the portion of the homestead previously occupied by the person is not rented to another person. The exemption to which any person may be entitled must be determined according to the following schedule:
 - a. If the person's income is not in excess of ~~seven eight~~ seven thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars, a reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of two thousand dollars of taxable valuation.
 - b. If the person's income is in excess of ~~seven eight~~ seven thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars and not in excess of nine thousand five hundred dollars, a reduction of eighty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of one thousand six hundred dollars of taxable valuation.
 - c. If the person's income is in excess of nine thousand five hundred dollars and not in excess of ~~ten~~ eleven thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars, a reduction of sixty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of one thousand two hundred dollars of taxable valuation.
 - d. If the person's income is in excess of ~~ten~~ eleven thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars and not in excess of twelve thousand five hundred dollars, a reduction of forty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of eight hundred dollars of taxable valuation.
 - e. If the person's income is in excess of twelve thousand five hundred dollars and not in excess of ~~thirteen~~ fourteen thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars, a reduction of twenty

percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of four hundred dollars of taxable valuation.

In no case may a husband and wife who are living together both be entitled to the credit as provided for in this subsection upon their homestead. The provisions of this subsection may not reduce the liability of any person for special assessments levied upon any property. Any person eligible for the exemption herein provided shall sign a statement that the person is sixty-five years of age or older or is permanently and totally disabled, that the person's income, including that of any dependent, as determined in this chapter does not exceed ~~thirteen~~ fourteen thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars per annum and that the value of the person's assets, excluding the value of the person's "homestead" as defined in section 47-18-01, does not exceed fifty thousand dollars including the value of any assets divested within the last three years. The term "dependent" includes the spouse, if any, of the person claiming the exemption. The assessor shall attach the statement to the assessment sheet and shall show the reduction on the assessment sheet. All benefits available in this section terminate at the end of the taxable year of the death of the applicant.

2. Any person sixty-five years of age or older, or any person who is permanently and totally disabled as certified by a licensed physician approved by the local governing body, with an income of ~~thirteen~~ fourteen thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars or less per annum from all sources, including the income of any dependent person, including any county, state, or federal public assistance benefits, social security, or other retirement benefits, but excluding any federal rent subsidy, and who rents living quarters is eligible for refund for that part of the annual rent which is deemed by this subsection to constitute the payment of property tax and which is further deemed to represent a burdensome share of the person's income. For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a qualified applicant, ~~said the applicant shall~~ is entitled to receive a refund from the state general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual income, but the refund may not be in excess of two hundred forty dollars. If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars must be sent to the qualifying applicant. In no case may a husband and wife who are living together both be entitled to the refund as provided for in this subsection. Each application for refund under this subsection must be made to the tax commissioner before the first day of June of each year by the person claiming the refund, but the tax commissioner may grant an extension of time to file an application for good cause. The tax commissioner shall certify to the state treasurer the amount of the refund due, if any, and the state treasurer shall issue the refund from the state general fund to the applicant. In no case may this subsection apply to rents or fees paid by a person for any living quarters, including a nursing home licensed pursuant to section 23-16-01, if that living quarter has been declared exempt from property taxation and is not making a payment in lieu of property taxes.
3. All forms necessary to effectuate this section must be prescribed and designed by the tax commissioner who shall distribute annually ~~distribute~~ an adequate supply of them to each county director of tax equalization. The county directors of tax equalization shall make these forms available upon request.
4. In determining a person's income for eligibility under this section, the amount of medical expenses actually incurred by that person or any dependent person and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise must be deducted. For purposes of this section, the term "medical expenses" has the same meaning as it has for state income tax purposes.

5. No person whose homestead as defined in section 47-18-01 is a farm structure exempt from taxation under subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 may receive any property tax credit under this section.
6. For the purposes of this section, "permanently and totally disabled" means the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months.

SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999.

Speaker of the House

President of the Senate

Chief Clerk of the House

Secretary of the Senate

This certifies that the within bill originated in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota and is known on the records of that body as House Bill No. 1052.

House Vote: Yeas 98 Nays 0 Absent 0

Senate Vote: Yeas 46 Nays 0 Absent 3

Chief Clerk of the House

Received by the Governor at _____ M. on _____, 1999.

Approved at _____ M. on _____, 1999.

Governor

Filed in this office this _____ day of _____, 1999,

at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Secretary of State