

**FIRST ENGROSSMENT  
with Conference Committee Amendments****ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1462**

Introduced by

Representatives Timm, Dorso

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact section 57-43.2-38 of the North Dakota Century Code,  
2 relating to use of dyed special fuel in a licensed motor vehicle and penalties; to amend and  
3 reenact sections 57-43.1-26, 57-43.1-27, 57-43.2-01, 57-43.2-03, and 57-43.2-21 of the North  
4 Dakota Century Code, relating to definitions for special fuels tax purposes and inventory gains  
5 and losses for motor vehicle fuels and special fuels tax purposes; to repeal section  
6 57-43.2-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to refund of special fuels taxes; to  
7 provide for a legislative council study; and to provide an effective date.

8 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

9 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-43.1-26 of the North Dakota Century Code is  
10 amended and reenacted as follows:

11 **57-43.1-26. Inventory gains - Losses ~~-Deductions allowed to dealer - Remedies.~~**  
12 ~~Each dealer of motor vehicle fuel may deduct the actual shrinkage of the total gallonage of~~  
13 ~~motor fuel received during each calendar month from the statement submitted as required in~~  
14 ~~section 57-43.1-16, but the allowance may not exceed one percent of the total received during~~  
15 ~~that month.~~

16 1. A supplier or distributor shall take a physical inventory reading of all motor vehicle  
17 fuel located in a terminal, underground tank, aboveground tank, railcar, storage  
18 tank of a truck, and the storage tank of a bulk delivery truck on a regular basis and  
19 shall report the physical readings, inventory gains, and inventory losses to the  
20 commissioner in increments not to exceed a twelve-month period. The inventory  
21 reconciliation must include motor vehicle fuel at retail locations and motor vehicle  
22 fuel stored in a barrel, drum, or other receptacle.

- 1           2. When sold or used by a supplier or distributor, a gain in motor vehicle fuel  
2           inventories is subject to the tax imposed by this chapter in the same manner as  
3           motor vehicle fuel purchased, imported, or otherwise acquired.
- 4           3. A supplier or distributor who experiences an actual physical inventory loss due to  
5           shrinkage or evaporation is responsible for the tax imposed by this chapter on any  
6           such loss that is in excess of one-half of one percent of the motor vehicle fuel  
7           received during the period covered by the inventory reconciliation.
- 8           4. For purposes of this chapter, it is presumed that all motor vehicle fuel received by  
9           ~~each dealer~~ above ~~this~~ the one-half of one percent allowance, except that  
10           gallons shown as inventory based on physical inventory readings at the end of  
11           ~~each calendar month~~ the time period covered by the inventory reconciliation, and  
12           other allowances provided in this chapter, has been sold, delivered, or used, and  
13           the ~~dealer~~ supplier or distributor is liable for the amount of the motor vehicle fuel  
14           tax on each gallon [liter] of motor vehicle fuel not accounted for. For purposes of  
15           this chapter, motor vehicle fuel refined at a refinery in this state and placed in  
16           storage at the refinery, and motor vehicle fuel brought into the state by pipeline  
17           and placed in storage at a pipeline terminal, is not deemed received until it is  
18           withdrawn from the refinery or terminal storage for sale or use in this state, or for  
19           shipment or delivery to destinations in this state.
- 20           5. The commissioner may allow a tax credit to a supplier or distributor for actual  
21           inventory losses due to a casualty loss, based on proof of the loss as required by  
22           the commissioner.

23           **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-43.1-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is  
24           amended and reenacted as follows:

25           **57-43.1-27. Sales of motor vehicle fuels to retail outlets - Tax imposed - Credit for**  
26           **losses.** When a ~~wholesale dealer~~ supplier or distributor in motor vehicle fuels makes a sale to  
27           a retail outlet the ~~wholesale dealer~~ supplier or distributor shall credit the retail outlet with  
28           one-half of one percent of the total state motor vehicle fuel tax applied to the gallons sold.  
29           This must appear on the face of the delivery invoice at the time of delivery of the motor vehicle  
30           fuel in consideration of evaporation and shrinkage losses and the retail outlet's cost of  
31           collection of the tax. On making payments to the commissioner as provided in this chapter, the

1 ~~dealer~~ supplier or distributor shall deduct the total credit allowance granted on sales to retail  
2 outlets in motor vehicle fuels under the provisions of this section, in addition to other deductions  
3 allowed, from the amount of tax due.

4 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-43.2-01 of the 1997 Supplement to the North  
5 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

6 **57-43.2-01. Definitions.** As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise  
7 requires:

- 8 1. "Agricultural purpose" means the science, art, and business of farming. It includes  
9 raising crops, ranching, beekeeping, tree nurseries, agricultural units of colleges  
10 and universities, custom combining, manure spreading, and stack moving  
11 operations. Fuel used for an agricultural purpose includes fuel used in a vehicle,  
12 engine, or machine, movable or immovable, operated in whole or in part by internal  
13 combustion. It does not include fuel used to operate a licensed motor vehicle.
- 14 2. "Commissioner" means the state tax commissioner.
- 15 3. "Consumer" means a user of special fuel including any person purchasing special  
16 fuel in this state for use in a licensed motor vehicle; any person importing special  
17 fuel into this state or purchasing special fuel in this state for use as heating fuel, or  
18 for an agricultural, industrial, or railroad purpose; or any person purchasing special  
19 fuel in this state for use in recreational or any other types of motor vehicles. It  
20 does not include a dealer or a retailer importing or purchasing special fuel for  
21 resale.
- 22 4. "Dealer" means any special fuel dealer, special fuel wholesaler, or wholesale  
23 dealer of liquefied petroleum gas.
- 24 5. "Director" means the director of the department of transportation.
- 25 6. "Dyed special fuel" means special fuel to which an indelible dye meeting United  
26 States environmental protection agency and internal revenue service regulations  
27 has been added before or upon withdrawal at a terminal or refinery rack.
- 28 7. "Heating fuel use" means use of special fuel to heat homes, private and public  
29 office buildings, or private and public commercial buildings or use of special fuel in  
30 stoves or burners or for any other heating purposes.

1       ~~7.~~ 8. "Highway purpose" means any use of special fuel in any motor vehicle in any  
2                   phase of construction, reconstruction, repair, or maintenance of public roads or  
3                   highways, but does not include that special fuel used for heating of oils, gravel,  
4                   bituminous mixture, or in any equipment used in the preparation of any materials to  
5                   be used on any type of road or highway surfacing.

6       ~~8.~~ 9. "Importer for use" means any person importing fuel into this state in the fuel supply  
7                   tank or tanks of any motor vehicle or combination of vehicles used, designed, or  
8                   maintained for transportation of persons or property; and having two axles and a  
9                   gross weight exceeding twenty-six thousand pounds [1179.3401 kilograms]; or  
10                  having three or more axles regardless of weight; is used in combination when the  
11                  weight of such combination exceeds twenty-six thousand pounds [1179.3401  
12                  kilograms] gross vehicle weight. In the case of motor vehicles that are leased or  
13                  rented, the importer for use means the lessee or renter unless the commissioner  
14                  has designated the lessor, renter, or some other person as the importer for use.

15      ~~9.~~ 10. "Industrial purpose" means:  
16                  a. A manufacturing, warehousing, or loading dock operation;  
17                  b. Construction;  
18                  c. Sand and gravel processing;  
19                  d. Well drilling, well testing, or well servicing;  
20                  e. Maintenance of business premises, golf courses, or cemeteries;  
21                  f. A commercial or contract painting operation;  
22                  g. Electrical services;  
23                  h. A refrigeration unit on a truck;  
24                  i. A power take-off unit; and  
25                  j. Other similar business activity.

26                  Fuel used for an industrial purpose includes fuel used in a vehicle, engine, or  
27                  machine, movable or immovable, operated in whole or in part by internal  
28                  combustion. It does not include heating fuel, fuel used for an agricultural purpose,  
29                  fuel used for a railroad purpose, or fuel used to operate a licensed motor vehicle.

30      ~~10.~~ "~~Kerosene~~" ~~means a light flammable hydrocarbon fuel or solvent which, for special~~  
31                  ~~fuel purposes, is used as heating fuel.~~

- 1           11. "Licensed motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle licensed for operation upon  
2                   public roads or highways, but does not include a vehicle with a permanently  
3                   mounted manure spreader or stack moving unit.
- 4           12. "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle, engine, or machine, movable or immovable,  
5                   operated in whole or in part by internal combustion using one or more of the  
6                   special fuels defined in this chapter but does not include aircraft.
- 7           13. "Person" means every natural person, fiduciary, association, corporation, or limited  
8                   liability company. Whenever used in any cause prescribing and imposing a fine or  
9                   imprisonment, or both, the term "person" as applied to an association means and  
10                  includes the partners or members thereof, as applied to corporations, the officers  
11                  thereof, and as applied to limited liability companies, the managers thereof.
- 12          14. "Public road or highway" means every way or place generally open to the use of  
13                  the public as a matter of right, for the purpose of motor vehicle travel,  
14                  notwithstanding that it may be temporarily closed or subject to restricted travel due  
15                  to construction, reconstruction, repair, or maintenance.
- 16          15. "Railroad purpose" means the operation of railroad locomotives and the  
17                  construction, reconstruction, repair, and maintenance of railroads. Fuel used for a  
18                  railroad purpose includes fuel used to operate a railroad locomotive, and fuel used  
19                  in a motor vehicle for purposes of construction, reconstruction, repair, and  
20                  maintenance of railroads. It does not include fuel used in a licensed motor vehicle.
- 21          16. "Sale" means the transfer of title or possession, exchange, or barter, conditional or  
22                  otherwise, in any manner or by any means, for a consideration, of special fuels  
23                  between special fuel dealers or between a special fuel dealer and a retailer or a  
24                  consumer.
- 25          17. "Special fuel" means all combustible gases and liquids suitable for the generation  
26                  of power for propulsion of motor vehicles and includes compressed natural gas,  
27                  kerosene, all gases and liquids which meet the specifications as determined by the  
28                  state department of health pursuant to the provisions of section 19-10-10, as well  
29                  as all liquids determined by the state department of health to be heating oil  
30                  pursuant to the provisions of section 19-10-10, except that it does not include

1           either motor vehicle fuels as defined in section 57-43.1-01, aviation fuels as  
2           defined in section 57-43.3-01, or antifreeze as defined by section 19-16.1-02.

3           18. "Special fuel dealer" means any person in the business of handling special fuel  
4           who delivers or sells any special fuel to a special fuel user.

5           19. "Special fuel wholesaler" means any person who produces, refines, manufactures,  
6           blends, or compounds special fuel, or who imports or exports special fuel, other  
7           than in the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle, for distribution to a special fuel  
8           dealer for sale and use.

9           20. "Wholesale dealer of liquefied petroleum gas" means any person who delivers or  
10          sells that fuel known as liquefied petroleum gas, commonly called "propane" or  
11          "butane", to any retail dealer, or user of liquefied petroleum gas.

12          **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-43.2-03 of the 1997 Supplement to the North  
13          Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

14          **57-43.2-03. Special excise tax levied.**

15          1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a special excise tax of two percent is  
16          imposed on all sales of special fuels; which are exempted from the tax imposed  
17          under section 57-43.2-02.

18          2. ~~The special excise tax applies to all special fuels taxed under section 57-43.2-02~~  
19          ~~for which taxes are later refunded to any consumer.~~

20          ~~3.~~ A consumer importing special fuel into this state, for a purpose for which the  
21          special fuel is taxable under this section, is liable for the tax. The commissioner  
22          shall collect the tax from the consumer importing the fuel.

23          4. ~~3.~~ If any fuel subject to tax by this section was subject to tax in any other state or its  
24          political subdivisions, the tax in this section applies but at a rate measured by the  
25          difference between the rate imposed in this section and the rate imposed by the  
26          other state or its political subdivisions. If the tax imposed by the other state or its  
27          political subdivisions is the same or greater than the tax imposed by this section,  
28          no tax is due.

29          ~~5.~~ 4. An invoice, sales ticket, or other sales document issued or created covering a sale  
30          taxable under this section must identify the consumer to whom the sale was made,

1 specify the purpose for which the special fuel was sold, and specify whether the  
2 fuel was dyed for tax exemption purposes.

3 ~~6.~~ 5. The dealer shall remit the tax imposed by this section on all sales to a consumer.

4 **SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-43.2-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is  
5 amended and reenacted as follows:

6 **57-43.2-21. Inventory gains - Losses-Deductions allowed to dealer—Remedies.**

- 7 1. ~~Each dealer of special fuel other than liquefied petroleum gas is allowed to deduct~~  
8 ~~the actual shrinkage of the total gallonage of special fuel received during each~~  
9 ~~calendar month from the statement submitted as required in section 57-43.2-12,~~  
10 ~~but such allowance may not exceed one percent of the total received during the~~  
11 ~~month. Each wholesale dealer of liquefied petroleum gas may deduct the actual~~  
12 ~~shrinkage of the total gallonage received during each calendar month from the~~  
13 ~~statement submitted as required in section 57-43.2-12, but this allowance may not~~  
14 ~~exceed two percent of the total received during the month. A supplier or distributor~~  
15 shall take a physical inventory reading of all special fuel located in a terminal,  
16 underground tank, aboveground tank, railcar, storage tank of a truck, and the  
17 storage tank of a bulk delivery truck on a regular basis and shall report the physical  
18 readings, inventory gains, and inventory losses to the commissioner in increments  
19 not to exceed a twelve-month period. The inventory reconciliation must include  
20 special fuel at retail locations and special fuel stored in a barrel, drum, or other  
21 receptacle.
- 22 2. When sold or used by a supplier or distributor, a gain in special fuel inventories is  
23 subject to the tax imposed by this chapter in the same manner as special fuel  
24 purchased, imported, or otherwise acquired.
- 25 3. A supplier or distributor who experiences an actual physical inventory loss due to  
26 shrinkage or evaporation is responsible for the tax imposed by this chapter on any  
27 loss in excess of two percent of liquefied petroleum gases and one-half of one  
28 percent of all other special fuel received during the period covered by the inventory  
29 reconciliation.
- 30 ~~2.~~ 4. For the purposes of this chapter, it is presumed that all special fuel received by  
31 ~~each dealer over and above the one percent allowance, or the two percent~~

1 ~~allowance for liquefied petroleum gas, not otherwise accounted for, but not above~~  
2 ~~these allowances, except that~~ gallonage shown as actual inventory based on  
3 physical inventory readings at the end of every calendar month the time period  
4 covered by the inventory reconciliation, and other allowances provided in this  
5 chapter, has been sold, delivered, or used. ~~The dealer, and the supplier or~~  
6 distributor is liable for the amount of the special fuel tax on each gallon [3.79 liters]  
7 of special fuel not accounted for. For purposes of this chapter, special fuel refined  
8 at a refinery in this state and placed in storage at the refinery, and special fuel  
9 brought into the state by pipeline and placed in storage at a pipeline terminal, is  
10 not deemed received until it is withdrawn from the refinery or terminal storage for  
11 sale or use in this state, or for shipment or delivery to destinations in this state.

12 5. The commissioner may allow a tax credit to a supplier or distributor for actual  
13 inventory losses due to casualty loss subject to the discretion of the commissioner  
14 and based on proof of the loss as required by the commissioner.

15 **SECTION 6.** Section 57-43.2-38 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and  
16 enacted as follows:

17 **57-43.2-38. Dyed special fuel - Administrative fees - Inspections.**

- 18 1. Special fuel dyed for federal motor fuel tax exemption purposes is subject to the  
19 tax imposed by section 57-43.2-03 and, unless otherwise provided in this section,  
20 may not be used in the fuel supply tank of a licensed motor vehicle. The owner or  
21 operator of a licensed motor vehicle found to contain dyed special fuel in the fuel  
22 supply tank of that vehicle is subject to the tax imposed by section 57-43.2-02 to  
23 be determined based on the capacity of the fuel supply tank of the licensed vehicle  
24 involved and is subject to administrative fees as follows:
- 25 a. A two hundred fifty dollar fee for the first violation.
  - 26 b. A five hundred dollar fee for a second violation occurring within three years of  
27 a previous violation.
  - 28 c. A one thousand dollar fee for a third violation occurring within three years of  
29 two previous violations.
  - 30 d. A five thousand dollar fee for the fourth and subsequent violations occurring  
31 within three years of three or more previous violations.

- 1           2. Special fuel found in the fuel supply tank of a licensed motor vehicle shall be  
2                   considered dyed if the fuel contains traces of the dye in an amount sufficient to be  
3                   found in violation of federal laws and rules.
- 4           3. For purposes of enforcing the provisions of this section, the highway patrol, by  
5                   agreement with the commissioner, may:
- 6                   a. Stop, detain, and inspect a licensed motor vehicle and withdraw a sample of  
7                           fuel from the fuel supply tank of the vehicle in a manner and in a quantity  
8                           sufficient to determine whether the fuel is a special fuel and to determine the  
9                           dye content of the fuel.
- 10                   b. Physically inspect, examine, or otherwise search any tank, reservoir, or other  
11                           container that can or may be used for the production, storage, or  
12                           transportation of any type of fuel for coloration, markers, and shipping papers.  
13                   Any attempt by a person to prevent, stop, or delay an inspection of fuel or shipping  
14                   papers by the highway patrol is subject to a civil penalty of not more than one  
15                   thousand dollars per occurrence.
- 16           4. The highway patrol may issue a citation covering any violation of this section, and  
17                   the person receiving a citation has the right to a hearing before the tax  
18                   commissioner in the manner provided in chapter 28-32 if, within thirty days after  
19                   receiving a citation, the person requests a hearing.
- 20           5. This section does not apply to:
- 21                   a. A person who purchased dyed special fuel in another state or Canadian  
22                           province and imported that fuel into the state in the supply tank of a licensed  
23                           motor vehicle provided the state or Canadian province where the fuel was  
24                           purchased does not prohibit its use in that vehicle.
- 25                   b. A state or local government using dyed special fuel in licensed vehicles for  
26                           purposes of construction, reconstruction, repair, or maintenance of public  
27                           roads or highways.
- 28           6. All administrative fees or civil penalties under this section may be completely or  
29                   partially waived by the tax commissioner for good cause shown, and any fees or  
30                   penalties not waived must be collected by the tax commissioner and transferred to  
31                   the state treasurer and deposited in the state highway fund.

1           **SECTION 7. REPEAL.** Section 57-43.2-02.2 of the 1997 Supplement to the North  
2 Dakota Century Code is repealed.

3           **SECTION 8. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STUDY.** The legislative council shall consider  
4 studying during the 1999-2000 interim the application, enforcement, and administration under  
5 the fuels tax laws.

6           **SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.** This Act is effective for taxable events occurring after  
7 June 30, 1999.