Sixtieth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1035

Introduced by

Legislative Council

(Judiciary Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter 41-01 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to Uniform Commercial Code Article 1 General Provisions; to amend and reenact
- 3 subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 9-16-02, subsection 4 of section 9-16-15, subsection 51
- 4 of section 10-19.1-01, subsection 56 of section 10-32-02, subsection 34 of section 10-33-01,
- 5 subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03, subsection 1 of section 41-02-09,
- 6 subsection 3 of section 41-02.1-03, subsection 4 of section 41-02.1-49, subsection 2 of section
- 7 41-02.1-66, subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-67, subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-75,
- 8 subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-76, subdivisions d and j of subsection 1 of section 41-03-03,
- 9 subsection 3 of section 41-04-04, subsection 1 of section 41-04.1-05, subsection 1 of section
- 10 41-04.1-06, subsection 2 of section 41-04.1-12, subdivision g of subsection 1 of section
- 41-05-02, subsection 3 of section 41-05-03, subdivision k of subsection 1 of section 41-08-02,
- 12 subdivision ss of subsection 1 of section 41-09-02, subsection 40 of section 45-10.2-02,
- 13 subsection 26 of section 45-13-01, subsection 24 of section 45-22-01, subsection 24 of section
- 14 45-23-01, and section 47-15.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to chapter 41-01
- and references to chapter 41-01; and to repeal chapter 41-01 and sections 41-02-15 and
- 16 41-02.1-16 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to Uniform Commercial Code general
- 17 provisions, contracts, and leases.

18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 19 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 9-16-02 of the
- 20 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 21 b. The Uniform Commercial Code other than sections 41-01-07 and 41-01-16
- 22 section 41-01-20 and chapters 41-02 and 41-02.1; and
- 23 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 4 of section 9-16-15 of the North Dakota
- 24 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	4.	Exc	ept as otherwise agreed, a person having control of a transferable record is the		
2		holo	er, as defined in section 41-01-11 41-01-09, of the transferable record and has		
3		the	same rights and defenses as a holder of an equivalent record or writing under		
4		title	41, including, if the applicable statutory requirements under subsection 1 of		
5		sec	ion 41-03-28, section 41-07-30, or section 41-09-29 are satisfied, the rights		
6		and	defenses of a holder in due course, a holder to which a negotiable document		
7		of ti	le has been duly negotiated, or a purchaser, respectively. Delivery,		
8		pos	session, and endorsement are not required to obtain or exercise any of the		
9		righ	s under this subsection.		
10	SEC	CTIOI	3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 51 of section 10-19.1-01 of the North Dakota		
11	Century Co	ry Code is amended and reenacted as follows:			
12	51.	"Sig	ned" means:		
13		a.	That the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,		
14			printed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile		
15			telecommunication or electronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the		
16			record, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 41-01-09;		
17			and		
18		b.	With respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary		
19			of state, that:		
20			(1) The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter,		
21			the articles or bylaws, or a resolution approved by the directors as		
22			required under section 10-19.1-46 or the shareholders as required		
23			under section 10-19.1-74; and		
24			(2) The signature and the record are communicated by a method or		
25			medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.		
26	SEC	CTIOI	4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 56 of section 10-32-02 of the North Dakota		
27	Century Co	de is	amended and reenacted as follows:		
28	56.	"Sig	ned" means:		
29		a.	That the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,		
30			printed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile		

1			teled	communication or electronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the
2			reco	rd, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 41-01-09.
3		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
4			of sta	ate, that:
5			(1)	The record has been signed by a person authorized to do so by this
6				chapter, the articles of organization, a member-control agreement, or
7				the bylaws or a resolution approved by the governors as required by
8				section 10-32-83 or the members as required by section 10-32-42; and
9			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
10				medium acceptable by the secretary of state.
11	SE	СТІО	N 5. A	AMENDMENT. Subsection 34 of section 10-33-01 of the North Dakota
12	Century Co	ode is	amen	nded and reenacted as follows:
13	34.	"Sig	gned" i	means:
14		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
15			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile
16			telec	communication or electronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the
17			reco	rd, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 41-01-09;
18			and	
19		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
20			of st	ate, that:
21			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter,
22				the articles, or bylaws, a resolution approved by the directors as
23				required by section 10-33-42, or the members with voting rights, if any,
24				as required by section 10-33-72; and
25			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
26				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
27	SE	CTIO	N 6. (Chapter 41-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
28	as follows:			
29				Part 1
30				General Provisions
31	41-	01-01	l. (1-1	01) Short titles.

1	 This title may be cited as the Uniform Commercial Code.
2	2. This chapter may be cited as Uniform Commercial Code - General Provisions.
3	41-01-02. (1-102) Scope of chapter. This chapter applies to a transaction to the
4	extent that the transaction is governed by another chapter of this title.
5	41-01-03. (1-103) Construction of title to promote the title's purposes and
6	policies - Applicability of supplemental principles of law.
7	1. This title must be liberally construed and applied to promote the title's underlying
8	purposes and policies, which are:
9	a. To simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing commercial transactions;
10	b. To permit the continued expansion of commercial practices through custom,
11	usage, and agreement of the parties; and
12	c. To make uniform the law among the various jurisdictions.
13	2. Unless displaced by the particular provisions of this title, the principles of law and
14	equity, including the law merchant and the law relative to capacity to contract,
15	principal and agent, estoppel, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake,
16	bankruptcy, and other validating or invalidating cause supplement this title.
17	41-01-04. (1-104) Construction against implied repeal. This title is a general act
18	intended as a unified coverage of its subject matter. A part of this title may not be deemed to
19	be impliedly repealed by subsequent legislation if such construction can reasonably be avoided.
20	41-01-05. (1-105) Severability. If any provision or clause of this title or its application
21	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
22	applications of this title which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application,
23	and to this end the provisions of this title are severable.
24	41-01-06. (1-106) Use of singular and plural - Gender. In this title, unless the
25	statutory context otherwise requires:
26	1. Words in the singular number include the plural, and those in the plural include the
27	singular; and
28	2. Words of any gender also refer to any other gender.
29	41-01-07. (1-107) Section captions. Section captions are part of this title.
30	41-01-08. (1-108) Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National
31	Commerce Act. This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic

1 Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act [Pub. L. 106-229; 114 Stat. 464; 15 U.S.C. 2 7001 et seq.] but does not modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c) of that Act [15 U.S.C. 3 7001(c)] or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in section 103(b) of that 4 Act [15 U.S.C. 103(b)]. 5 Part 2 6 General Definitions and Principles of Interpretation 7 41-01-09. (1-201) General definitions. 8 Unless the context otherwise requires, words or phrases defined in this section, or 1. 9 in additional definitions contained in other chapters of this title which apply to 10 particular chapters or parts of chapters, have the meanings stated. 11 Subject to definitions contained in other chapters of this title which apply to 2. 12 particular chapters or parts of chapters: 13 "Action", in the sense of a judicial proceeding, includes recoupment, 14 counterclaim, setoff, suit in equity, and any other proceeding in which rights 15 are determined. 16 "Aggrieved party" means a party entitled to pursue a remedy. b. 17 "Agreement", as distinguished from "contract", means the bargain of the C. 18 parties in fact, as found in their language or inferred from other 19 circumstances, including course of performance, course of dealing, or usage 20 of trade as provided under section 41-09-17. 21 "Bank" means a person engaged in the business of banking and includes a d. 22 savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, and trust company. 23 "Bearer" means a person in control of a negotiable electronic document of title e. 24 or a person in possession of a negotiable instrument, negotiable tangible 25 document of title, or certificated security that is payable to bearer or indorsed 26 in blank. 27 <u>f.</u> "Bill of lading" means a document of title evidencing the receipt of goods for 28 shipment issued by a person engaged in the business of directly or indirectly 29 transporting or forwarding goods. The term does not include a warehouse 30 receipt. 31 "Branch" includes a separately incorporated foreign branch of a bank. g.

1 "Burden of establishing" a fact means the burden of persuading the trier of h. 2 fact that the existence of the fact is more probable than its nonexistence. 3 "Buyer in ordinary course of business" means a person that buys goods in <u>i.</u> 4 good faith, without knowledge that the sale violates the rights of another 5 person in the goods, and in the ordinary course from a person, other than a 6 pawnbroker, in the business of selling goods of that kind. A person buys 7 goods in the ordinary course if the sale to the person comports with the usual 8 or customary practices in the kind of business in which the seller is engaged 9 or with the seller's own usual or customary practices. A person that sells oil, 10 gas, or other minerals at the wellhead or minehead is a person in the 11 business of selling goods of that kind. A buyer in ordinary course of business 12 may buy for cash, by exchange of other property, or on secured or unsecured 13 credit, and may acquire goods or documents of title under a preexisting 14 contract for sale. Only a buyer that takes possession of the goods or has a 15 right to recover the goods from the seller under chapter 41-02 may be a buyer 16 in ordinary course of business. "Buyer in ordinary course of business" does 17 not include a person that acquires goods in a transfer in bulk or as security for 18 or in total or partial satisfaction of a money debt. 19 "Conspicuous", with reference to a term, means so written, displayed, or <u>į.</u> 20 presented that a reasonable person against which it is to operate ought to 21 have noticed it. Whether a term is "conspicuous" or not is a decision for the 22 court. Conspicuous terms include the following: 23 (1) A heading in capitals equal to or greater in size than the surrounding 24 text, or in contrasting type, font, or color to the surrounding text of the 25 same or lesser size; and 26 (2)Language in the body of a record or display in larger type than the 27 surrounding text, or in contrasting type, font, or color to the surrounding 28 text of the same size, or set off from surrounding text of the same size 29 by symbols or other marks that call attention to the language. 30 k. "Consumer" means an individual who enters into a transaction primarily for 31 personal, family, or household purposes.

1 Ι. "Contract", as distinguished from "agreement", means the total legal 2 obligation that results from the parties' agreement as determined by this title 3 as supplemented by any other applicable laws. 4 "Creditor" includes a general creditor, a secured creditor, a lien creditor, and m. 5 any representative of creditors, including an assignee for the benefit of 6 creditors, a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver in equity, and an executor or 7 administrator of an insolvent debtor's or assignor's estate. 8 "Defendant" includes a person in the position of defendant in a courterclaim, n. 9 cross-claim, or third-party claim. 10 "Delivery", with respect to an electronic document of title means voluntary <u>O.</u> 11 transfer of control and with respect to an instrument, a tangible document of 12 title, or chattel paper, means voluntary transfer of possession. 13 "Document of title" means a record (i) that in the regular course of business or p. 14 financing is treated as adequately evidencing that the person in possession or 15 control of the record is entitled to receive, control, hold, and dispose of the 16 record and the goods the record covers and (ii) that purports to be issued by 17 or addressed to a bailee and to cover goods in the bailee's possession which 18 are either identified or are fungible portions of an identified mass. The term 19 includes a bill of lading, transport document, dock warrant, dock receipt, 20 warehouse receipt, and order for delivery of goods. An electronic document 21 of title means a document of title evidenced by a record consisting of 22 information stored in an electronic medium. A tangible document of title 23 means a document of title evidenced by a record consisting of information that 24 is inscribed on a tangible medium. 25 "Fault" means a default, breach, or wrongful act or omission. q. 26 "Fungible goods" means: <u>r.</u> 27 (1) Goods of which any unit, by nature or usage of trade, is the equivalent 28 of any other like unit; or 29 (2)Goods that by agreement are treated as equivalent. 30 "Genuine" means free of forgery or counterfeiting. S.

1	<u>t.</u>	<u>"Goo</u>	d faith", except as otherwise provided in chapter 41-05, means honesty
2		<u>in fac</u>	ct and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair
3		<u>deali</u>	ng.
4	<u>u.</u>	<u>"Holo</u>	der" means:
5		<u>(1)</u>	The person in possession of a negotiable instrument that is payable
6			either to bearer or to an identified person that is the person in
7			possession;
8		<u>(2)</u>	The person in possession of a document of title if the goods are
9			deliverable either to bearer or to the order of the person in possession;
10			<u>or</u>
11		<u>(3)</u>	The person in control of a negotiable electronic document of title.
12	<u>V.</u>	<u>"Inso</u>	olvency proceeding" includes an assignment for the benefit of creditors or
13		other	proceeding intended to liquidate or rehabilitate the estate of the person
14		invol	ved.
15	<u>W.</u>	<u>"Inso</u>	olvent" means:
16		<u>(1)</u>	Having generally ceased to pay debts in the ordinary course of
17			business other than as a result of bona fide dispute;
18		<u>(2)</u>	Being unable to pay debts as they become due; or
19		<u>(3)</u>	Being insolvent within the meaning of federal bankruptcy law.
20	<u>X.</u>	<u>"Mon</u>	ney" means a medium of exchange currently authorized or adopted by a
21		dome	estic or foreign government. The term includes a monetary unit of
22		acco	unt established by an intergovernmental organization or by agreement
23		<u>betw</u>	een two or more countries.
24	<u>у.</u>	<u>"Orga</u>	anization" means a person other than an individual.
25	<u>Z.</u>	<u>"Part</u>	y", as distinguished from "third party", means a person that has engaged
26		<u>in a t</u>	ransaction or made an agreement subject to this title.
27	<u>aa.</u>	"Pers	son" means an individual, a corporation, a business trust, an estate, a
28		trust,	a partnership, a limited liability company, an association, a joint venture,
29		a gov	vernment, a governmental subdivision, an agency, or an instrumentality,
30		a pul	olic corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.

1 bb. "Present value" means the amount as of a date certain of one or more sums 2 payable in the future, discounted to the date certain by use of either an 3 interest rate specified by the parties if that rate is not manifestly unreasonable 4 at the time the transaction is entered or, if an interest rate is not so specified, 5 a commercially reasonable rate that takes into account the facts and 6 circumstances at the time the transaction is entered. 7 "Purchase" means taking by sale, lease, discount, negotiation, mortgage, CC. 8 pledge, lien, security interest, issue or reissue, gift, or any other voluntary 9 transaction creating an interest in property. 10 dd. "Purchaser" means a person that takes by purchase. 11 "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is <u>ee.</u> 12 stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 13 ff. "Remedy" means any remedial right to which an aggrieved party is entitled 14 with or without resort to a tribunal. "Representative" means a person empowered to act for another, including an 15 gg. 16 agent, an officer of a corporation or association, and a trustee, executor, or 17 administrator of an estate. 18 "Right" includes remedy. hh. 19 "Security interest" means an interest in personal property or fixtures which ii. 20 secures payment or performance of an obligation. "Security interest" includes 21 any interest of a consignor and a buyer of accounts, chattel paper, a payment 22 intangible, or a promissory note in a transaction that is subject to chapter 23 41-09. "Security interest" does not include the special property interest of a 24 buyer of goods on identification of those goods to a contract for sale under 25 section 41-02-46, but a buyer may also acquire a "security interest" by 26 complying with chapter 41-09. Except as otherwise provided in section 27 41-02-53, the right of a seller or lessor of goods under chapter 41-02 or 28 41-02.1 to retain or acquire possession of the goods is not a "security 29 interest", but a seller or lessor may also acquire a "security interest" by 30 complying with chapter 41-09. The retention or reservation of title by a seller 31 of goods notwithstanding shipment or delivery to the buyer under section

1			41-02	2-46 is ilmited in effect to a reservation of a security interest. Whether a
2			<u>trans</u>	action in the form of a lease creates a "security interest" is determined
3			<u>unde</u>	r section 41-01-11.
4		<u>jj.</u>	<u>"Sen</u>	d" in connection with a writing, record, or notice means:
5			<u>(1)</u>	To deposit in the mail or deliver for transmission by any other usual
6				means of communication with postage or cost of transmission provided
7				for and properly addressed and, in the case of an instrument, to an
8				address specified on the instrument or otherwise agreed, or if there be
9				none to any address reasonable under the circumstances; or
10			<u>(2)</u>	In any other way to cause to be received any record or notice within the
11				time it would have arrived if properly sent.
12		<u>kk.</u>	<u>"Sign</u>	ed" includes using any symbol executed or adopted with present
13			inten	tion to adopt or accept a writing.
14		<u>II.</u>	<u>"State</u>	e" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
15			Rico,	the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession
16			<u>subje</u>	ect to the jurisdiction of the United States.
17		<u>mm.</u>	<u>"Sure</u>	ety" includes a guarantor or other secondary obligor.
18		<u>nn.</u>	<u>"Tern</u>	n" means a portion of an agreement that relates to a particular matter.
19		<u>00.</u>	<u>"Una</u>	uthorized signature" means a signature made without actual, implied, or
20			appa	rent authority. The term includes a forgery.
21		pp.	<u>"War</u>	ehouse receipt" means a document of title issued by a person engaged
22			in the	e business of storing goods for hire.
23		<u>qq.</u>	<u>"Writi</u>	ing" includes printing, typewriting, or any other intentional reduction to
24			tangi	ble form. "Written" has a corresponding meaning.
25	<u>41-</u>	01-10	. (1-2	02) Notice - Knowledge.
26	<u>1.</u>	Sub	ject to	subsection 6, a person has "notice" of a fact if the person:
27		<u>a.</u>	Has a	actual knowledge of that fact;
28		<u>b.</u>	Has ı	received a notice or notification of that fact; or
29		<u>C.</u>	From	all the facts and circumstances known to the person at the time in
30			ques	tion, has reason to know that that fact exists.
31	2.	"Kno	owledo	ge" means actual knowledge. "Knows" has a corresponding meaning.

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- 1 "Discover", "learn", or words of similar import refer to knowledge rather than to 2 reason to know. 3 A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or notification to another person by taking 4 such steps as may be reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary 5 course, whether or not the other person actually comes to know of it. 6 Subject to subsection 6, a person "receives" a notice or notification when: 5. 7 It comes to that person's attention; or a. 8 It is duly delivered in a form reasonable under the circumstances at the place b. 9 of business through which the contract was made or at another location held 10 out by that person as the place for receipt of such communications. 11 Notice, knowledge, or a notice or notification received by an organization is 6. 12 effective for a particular transaction from the time it is brought to the attention of the 13 individual conducting that transaction and, in any event, from the time it would have 14 been brought to the individual's attention if the organization had exercised due 15 diligence. An organization exercises due diligence if the organization maintains 16 reasonable routines for communicating significant information to the person 17 conducting the transaction and there is reasonable compliance with the routines. 18 Due diligence does not require an individual acting for the organization to 19 communicate information unless the communication is part of the individual's 20 regular duties or the individual has reason to know of the transaction and that the 21 transaction would be materially affected by the information. 22 41-01-11. (1-203) Lease distinguished from security interest. 23 Whether a transaction in the form of a lease creates a lease or security interest is 24 determined by the facts of each case. 25 2. A transaction in the form of a lease creates a security interest if the consideration 26 that the lessee is to pay the lessor for the right to possession and use of the goods
 - <u>lessee, and:</u><u>a.</u> The original term of the lease is equal to or greater than the remaining

is an obligation for the term of the lease and is not subject to termination by the

economic life of the goods;

1		<u>v.</u>	The lessee is bound to reflew the lease for the remaining economic life of the
2			goods or is bound to become the owner of the goods;
3		<u>C.</u>	The lessee has an option to renew the lease for the remaining economic life
4			of the goods for no additional consideration or for nominal additional
5			consideration upon compliance with the lease agreement; or
6		<u>d.</u>	The lessee has an option to become the owner of the goods for no additional
7			consideration or for nominal additional consideration upon compliance with
8			the lease agreement.
9	<u>3.</u>	A tra	ansaction in the form of a lease does not create a security interest merely
10		beca	ause:
11		<u>a.</u>	The present value of the consideration the lessee is obligated to pay the
12			lessor for the right to possession and use of the goods is substantially equal
13			to or is greater than the fair market value of the goods at the time the lease is
14			entered;
15		<u>b.</u>	The lessee assumes risk of loss of the goods;
16		<u>C.</u>	The lessee agrees to pay, with respect to the goods, taxes, insurance, filing,
17			recording, or registration fees, or service or maintenance costs;
18		<u>d.</u>	The lessee has an option to renew the lease or to become the owner of the
19			goods;
20		<u>e.</u>	The lessee has an option to renew the lease for a fixed rent that is equal to or
21			greater than the reasonably predictable fair market rent for the use of the
22			goods for the term of the renewal at the time the option is to be performed; or
23		<u>f.</u>	The lessee has an option to become the owner of the goods for a fixed price
24			that is equal to or greater than the reasonably predictable fair market value of
25			the goods at the time the option is to be performed.
26	<u>4.</u>	Add	itional consideration is nominal if that consideration is less than the lessee's
27		reas	sonably predictable cost of performing under the lease agreement if the option
28		is no	ot exercised. Additional consideration is not nominal if:
29		<u>a.</u>	When the option to renew the lease is granted to the lessee, the rent is stated
30			to be the fair market rent for the use of the goods for the term of the renewal
31			determined at the time the option is to be performed; or

1		<u>b.</u>	When the option to become the owner of the goods is granted to the lessee,					
2			the price is stated to be the fair market value of the goods determined at the					
3			time the option is to be performed.					
4	<u>5.</u>	The	"remaining economic life of the goods" and "reasonably predictable" fair					
5		marl	market rent, fair market value, or cost of performing under the lease agreement					
6		mus	t be determined with reference to the facts and circumstances at the time the					
7		trans	saction is entered.					
8	<u>41</u>	-01-12	. (1-204) Value. Except as otherwise provided in chapters 41-03, 41-04, and					
9	<u>41-05, a p</u>	erson (gives value for rights if the person acquires the rights:					
10	<u>1.</u>	<u>In re</u>	turn for a binding commitment to extend credit or for the extension of					
11		<u>imm</u>	ediately available credit, whether or not drawn upon and whether or not a					
12		<u>char</u>	geback is provided for in the event of difficulties in collection;					
13	<u>2.</u>	<u>As s</u>	ecurity for, or in total or partial satisfaction of, a preexisting claim;					
14	<u>3.</u>	<u>By a</u>	ccepting delivery under a preexisting contract for purchase; or					
15	<u>4.</u>	<u>In re</u>	turn for any consideration sufficient to support a simple contract.					
16	<u>41</u>	-01-13	01-13. (1-205) Reasonable time - Seasonableness.					
17	<u>1.</u>	Whe	ether a time for taking an action required under this title is reasonable depends					
18		on th	ne nature, purpose, and circumstances of the action.					
19	<u>2.</u>	<u>An a</u>	action is taken seasonably if the action is taken at or within the time agreed or,					
20		<u>if no</u>	time is agreed, at or within a reasonable time.					
21	<u>41</u>	<u>-01-14</u>	. (1-206) Presumptions. If this title creates a "presumption" with respect to a					
22	fact or pro	vides t	hat a fact is "presumed", the trier of fact shall find the existence of the fact					
23	unless and	d until e	evidence is introduced that supports a finding of the fact's nonexistence.					
24			Part 3					
25			Territorial Applicability and General Rules					
26	<u>41</u>	-01-15	. Territorial applicability - Parties' power to choose applicable law.					
27	<u>1.</u>	Exce	ept as provided hereafter in this section, when a transaction bears a					
28		reas	onable relation to this state and also to another state or nation the parties may					
29		<u>agre</u>	e that the law either of this state or of such other state or nation shall govern					
30		their	rights and duties. Failing such agreement, this title applies to transactions					
31		bear	ring an appropriate relation to this state.					

1 Where one of the following provisions of this title specifies the applicable law, that 2 provision governs and a contrary agreement is effective only to the extent 3 permitted by the law, including the conflict of laws rules, so specified: 4 Rights of creditors against sold goods. Section 41-02-47. a. 5 Applicability of the chapter on leases. Sections 41-02.1-05 and 41-02.1-06. b. 6 C. Applicability of the chapter on bank deposits and collections. Section 7 41-04-02. 8 d. Governing law in the chapter on funds transfers. Section 41-04.1-38. 9 Letters of credit. Section 41-05-16. e. 10 Applicability of the chapter on investment securities. Section 41-08-10. <u>f.</u> 11 Law governing perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the g. 12 priority of security interests and agricultural liens. Sections 41-09-21 through 13 41-09-27. 14 41-01-16. (1-302) Variation by agreement. 15 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 or elsewhere under this title, the 16 effect of provisions of this title may be varied by agreement. 17 The obligations of good faith, diligence, reasonableness, and care prescribed 2. 18 under this title may not be disclaimed by agreement. The parties, by agreement, 19 may determine the standards by which the performance of those obligations is to 20 be measured if those standards are not manifestly unreasonable. If this title 21 requires an action to be taken within a reasonable time, a time that is not 22 manifestly unreasonable may be fixed by agreement. 23 The presence in certain provisions of this title of the phrase "unless otherwise 3. 24 agreed", or words of similar import, does not imply that the effect of other 25 provisions may not be varied by agreement under this section. 26 41-01-17. (1-303) Course of performance - Course of dealing - Usage of trade. 27 A "course of performance" is a sequence of conduct between the parties to a 28 particular transaction that exists if: 29 The agreement of the parties with respect to the transaction involves repeated a. 30 occasions for performance by a party; and

1 The other party, with knowledge of the nature of the performance and b. 2 opportunity for objection to it, accepts the performance or acquiesces in the 3 performance without objection. 4 A "course of dealing" is a sequence of conduct concerning previous transactions 5 between the parties to a particular transaction that is fairly to be regarded as 6 establishing a common basis of understanding for interpreting their expressions 7 and other conduct. 8 A "usage of trade" is any practice or method of dealing having such regularity of 9 observance in a place, vocation, or trade as to justify an expectation that it will be 10 observed with respect to the transaction in question. The existence and scope of 11 such a usage must be proved as facts. If it is established that such a usage is 12 embodied in a trade code or similar record, the interpretation of the record is a 13 question of law. 14 A course of performance or course of dealing between the parties or usage of 4. 15 trade in the vocation or trade in which the parties are engaged or of which the 16 parties are or should be aware is relevant in ascertaining the meaning of the 17 parties' agreement, may give particular meaning to specific terms of the 18 agreement, and may supplement or qualify the terms of the agreement. A usage 19 of trade applicable in the place in which part of the performance under the 20 agreement is to occur may be so utilized as to that part of the performance. 21 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the express terms of an agreement 22 and any applicable course of performance, course of dealing, or usage of trade 23 must be construed whenever reasonable as consistent with each other. If such a 24 construction is unreasonable: 25 Express terms prevail over course of performance, course of dealing, and 26 usage of trade; 27 b. Course of performance prevails over course of dealing and usage of trade; 28 and 29 Course of dealing prevails over usage of trade. 30 6. Subject to section 41-02-16, a course of performance is relevant to show a waiver

or modification of any term inconsistent with the course of performance.

1	7. Evidence of a relevant usage of trade offered by one party is not admissible unle	<u> </u>					
2	that party has given the other party notice that the court finds sufficient to preven	<u>nt</u>					
3	unfair surprise to the other party.						
4	41-01-18. (1-304) Obligation of good faith. Every contract or duty within this title						
5	imposes an obligation of good faith in its performance and enforcement. This section does r	<u>iot</u>					
6	support an independent claim for relief for failure to perform or enforce in good faith and doe	<u>s</u>					
7	not create a separate duty of fairness and reasonableness which can be independently						
8	breached.						
9	41-01-19. (1-305) Remedies to be liberally administered.						
10	1. The remedies provided under this title must be liberally administered to the end						
11	that the aggrieved party may be put in as good a position as if the other party ha	<u>ad</u>					
12	fully performed but neither consequential or special damages nor penal damage	<u>:s</u>					
13	may be had except as specifically provided under this title or by other rule of law	<u>/.</u>					
14	2. Any right or obligation declared under this title is enforceable by action unless the	<u>ıe</u>					
15	provision declaring the right or obligation specifies a different and limited effect.						
16	41-01-20. (1-306) Waiver or renunciation of claim or right after breach. A claim	<u>or</u>					
17	right arising out of an alleged breach may be discharged in whole or in part without						
18	consideration by agreement of the aggrieved party in an authenticated record.						
19	41-01-21. (1-307) Prima facie evidence by third-party documents. A document i	<u>n</u>					
20	due form purporting to be a bill of lading, a policy or certificate of insurance, an official weigh	<u>er's</u>					
21	or inspector's certificate, a consular invoice, or any other document authorized or required by	L					
22	the contract to be issued by a third party is prima facie evidence of the document's own						
23	authenticity and genuineness and of the facts stated in the document by the third party.						
24	41-01-22. (1-308) Performance or acceptance under reservation of rights.						
25	1. A party that with explicit reservation of rights performs or promises performance	or					
26	assents to performance in a manner demanded or offered by the other party do	<u>es</u>					
27	not thereby prejudice the rights reserved. Such words as "without prejudice",						
28	"under protest", or the like are sufficient.						
29	2. Subsection 1 does not apply to an accord and satisfaction.						
30	41-01-23. (1-309) Option to accelerate at will. A term providing that one party or t	<u>hat</u>					
31	party's successor in interest may accelerate payment or performance or require collateral or						

- additional collateral "at will" or when the party "deems itself insecure", or words of similar
 import, means that the party has power to do so only if that party in good faith believes that the
 prospect of payment or performance is impaired. The burden of establishing lack of good faith
- 4 is on the party against which the power has been exercised.
- 41-01-24. (1-310) Subordinated obligations. An obligation may be issued as

 subordinated to performance of another obligation of the person obligated, or a creditor may

 subordinate the creditor's right to performance of an obligation by agreement with either the

 person obligated or another creditor of the person obligated. Subordination does not create a

 security interest as against either the common debtor or a subordinated creditor.
- SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03 of the
 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- b. "Good faith" in the case of a merchant means honesty in fact and the
 observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing in the trade.
 (Reserved).
- SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-02-09 of the North Dakota

 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- By course of <u>performance</u>, <u>course of</u> dealing, or usage of trade (section 41-01-15)
 or by course of <u>performance</u> (section 41-02-15 41-01-17); and
- SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 41-02.1-03 of the North Dakota
 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 21 3. The following definitions also apply to this chapter:
- 22 a. "Account". Section 41-09-02.
- b. "Between merchants". Subsection 1 of section 41-02-04.
- c. "Buyer". Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03.
- d. "Chattel paper". Section 41-09-02.
- e. "Consumer goods". Section 41-09-02.
- 27 f. "Document". Section 41-09-02.
- g. "Entrusting". Subsection 3 of section 41-02-48.
- 29 h. "General intangible". Section 41-09-02.
- 30 i. "Good faith". Subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03.
- 31 j. "Instrument". Section 41-09-02.

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- 1 k. j. "Merchant". Subsection 3 of section 41-02-04.
- 2 l. k. "Mortgage". Section 41-09-02.
- 3 "Pursuant to commitment". Section 41-09-02. m. <u>l.</u>
- 4 "Receipt". Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03. m.
- 5 "Sale". Subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 41-02-06. o. n.
- 6 p. 0. "Sale on approval". Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 41-02-43.
- 7 q. р. "Sale or return". Subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-43.
- 8 "Seller". Subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03. r. q.
- 9 SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 41-02.1-49 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 10
- 11 Except as otherwise provided in under subsection 1 of section 41-01-06 41-01-19, 12 this chapter, or the lease agreement, the rights and remedies referred to in 13 subsections 2 and 3 are cumulative.
 - **SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-66 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 16 Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease 2. 17 agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties 18 (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), 19 if a lessee's cover is by lease agreement substantially similar to the original lease 20 agreement and the new lease agreement is made in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, the lessee may recover from the lessor as 22 damages the present value, as of the date of the commencement of the term of the 23 new lease agreement, of the rent under the new lease agreement applicable to that 24 period of the new lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term of the original lease agreement minus the present value as of the same date of the total rent for the then remaining lease term of the original lease agreement, and any incidental or consequential damages, less expenses saved in consequence of the 28 lessor's default.
 - SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-67 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

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1. Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), if a lessee elects not to cover or a lessee elects to cover and the cover is by lease agreement that for any reason does not qualify for treatment under subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-66, or is by purchase or otherwise, the measure of damages for nondelivery or repudiation by the lessor or for rejection or revocation of acceptance by the lessee is the present value, as of the date of the default, of the then market rent minus the present value as of the same date of the original rent, computed for the remaining lease term of the original lease agreement together with incidental and consequential damages, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessor's default.

SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-75 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), if the disposition is by lease agreement substantially similar to the original lease agreement and the lease agreement is made in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, the lessor may recover from the lessee as damages accrued and unpaid rent as of the date of the commencement of the new term of the new lease agreement, the present value, as of the same date, of the total rent for the remaining lease term of the original lease agreement minus the present value, as of the same date, of the rent under the new lease agreement applicable to that period of the new lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term of the original lease agreement, and any incidental damages allowed under section 41-02.1-78, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessee's default.

SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-76 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties

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	(subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51),
	if a lessor elects to retain the goods or a lessor elects to dispose of the goods and
	disposition is by lease agreement that for any reason does not qualify for treatment
	under subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-75, or is by sale or otherwise, the lessor may
	recover from the lessee as damages for a default described in subsection 1 of
	section 41-02.1-71 or in subdivision a of subsection 3 of section 41-02.1-71, or, if
	agreed, for other default of the lessee accrued and unpaid rent as of the date of
	default if the lessee has never taken possession of the goods, or if the lessee has
	taken possession of the goods, as of the date the lessor repossesses the goods or
	an earlier date on which the lessee makes a tender of the goods to the lessor; the
	present value, as of the same date, of the total rent for the then remaining lease
	term of the original lease agreement minus the present value, as of the same date,
	of the rent under the new lease agreement applicable to that period of the new
	lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term of the original lease
	agreement; and any incidental damages allowed under section 41-02.1-78, less
	expenses saved in consequence of the lessee's default.
SE	CTION 15. AMENDMENT. Subdivisions d and j of subsection 1 of section 41-03-03
. Nlauth	- Dakata Cantury Code are amended and respected as follows:

- of the North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:
 - d. "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing. (Reserved).
 - j. "Prove" with respect to a fact means to meet the burden of establishing the fact (subdivision h of subsection 8 2 of section 41-01-11 41-01-09).
- SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 41-04-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- "Control" as provided under section 41-07-06 and the following definitions in other chapters apply to this chapter:
 - a. "Acceptance". Section 41-03-46.
 - "Alteration". Section 41-03-44. b.
 - "Cashier's check". Section 41-03-04. C.
- 30 d. "Certificate of deposit". Section 41-03-04.
- "Certified check". Section 41-03-45. 31 e.

1 f. "Check". Section 41-03-04. 2 g. "Good faith". Section 41-03-03. 3 "Holder in due course". Section 41-03-28. h. 4 "Instrument". Section 41-03-04. i. h. 5 į. i. "Notice of dishonor". Section 41-03-60. 6 "Order". Section 41-03-03. k. j. 7 l. k. "Ordinary care". Section 41-03-03. 8 m. l. "Person entitled to enforce". Section 41-03-27. 9 "Presentment". Section 41-03-58. n. m. 10 "Promise". Section 41-03-03. o. <u>n.</u> 11 "Prove". Section 41-03-03. p. <u>o.</u> 12 q. р. "Teller's check". Section 41-03-04. 13 "Unauthorized signature". Section 41-03-40. r. q. 14 SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-04.1-05 of the North Dakota 15 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 16 1. In this chapter: 17 "Authorized account" means a deposit account of a customer in a bank a. 18 designated by the customer as a source of payment of payment orders issued 19 by the customer to the bank. If a customer does not so designate an account, 20 any account of the customer is an authorized account if payment of a 21 payment order from that account is not inconsistent with a restriction on the 22 use of that account. 23 b. "Bank" means a person engaged in the business of banking and includes a 24 savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, and trust company. 25 A branch or separate office of a bank is a separate bank for purposes of this 26 chapter. 27 C. "Customer" means a person, including a bank, having an account with a bank 28 or from whom a bank has agreed to receive payment orders. 29 "Funds-transfer business day" of a receiving bank means the part of a day d. 30 during which the receiving bank is open for the receipt, processing, and

- 1 transmittal of payment orders and cancellations and amendments of payment 2 orders. 3 "Funds-transfer system" means a wire transfer network, automated e. 4 clearinghouse, or other communication system of a clearinghouse or other 5 association of banks through which a payment order by a bank may be 6 transmitted to the bank to which the order is addressed. 7 f. "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable 8 commercial standards of fair dealing. (Reserved). 9 "Prove" with respect to a fact means to meet the burden of establishing the g. 10 fact. Subsection 8 Subdivision h of subsection 2 of section 41-01-11 11 41-01-09. 12 **SECTION 18. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 41-04.1-06 of the North Dakota 13 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 14 The time of receipt of a payment order or communication canceling or amending a 15 payment order is determined by the rules applicable to receipt of a notice stated in 16 subsection 27 of under section 41-01-11 41-01-10. A receiving bank may fix a 17 cutoff time or times on a funds-transfer business day for the receipt and processing 18 of payment orders and communications canceling or amending payment orders. 19 Different cutoff times may apply to payment orders, cancellations, or amendments, 20 or to different categories of payment orders, cancellations, or amendments. A 21 cutoff time may apply to senders generally or different cutoff times may apply to 22 different senders or categories of payment orders. If a payment order or 23 communication canceling or amending a payment order is received after the close 24 of a funds-transfer business day or after the appropriate cutoff time on a 25 funds-transfer business day, the receiving bank may treat the payment order or 26 communication as received at the opening of the next funds-transfer business day. 27 **SECTION 19. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 41-04.1-12 of the North Dakota 28 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 29 Reasonable time under subsection 1 may be fixed by agreement under 2.
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subsection 1 of section 41-01-14 41-01-16, but the obligation of a receiving bank to

1	refund payment as stated in subsection 1 may not otherwise be varied by
2	agreement.
3	SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Subdivision g of subsection 1 of section 41-05-02 of the
4	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
5	g. "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.
6	The definition of "good faith" in section 41-01-09 does not apply to this
7	chapter.
8	SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 41-05-03 of the North Dakota
9	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
10	3. With the exception of this subsection, subsections 1 and 4 of this section,
11	subdivisions i and j of subsection 1 of section 41-05-02, subsection 4 of section
12	41-05-06, and subsection 4 of section 41-05-14, and except to the extent
13	prohibited in subsection 3 of under section 41-01-02 41-01-16 and subsection 4 of
14	section 41-05-17, the effect of this chapter may be varied by agreement or by a
15	provision stated or incorporated by reference in an undertaking. A term in an
16	agreement or undertaking generally excusing liability or generally limiting remedies
17	for failure to perform obligations is not sufficient to vary obligations prescribed by
18	this chapter.
19	SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Subdivision k of subsection 1 of section 41-08-02 of the
20	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
21	k. "Good faith", for purposes of the obligation of good faith in the performance or
22	enforcement of contracts or duties within this chapter, means honesty in fact
23	and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.
24	(Reserved).
25	SECTION 23. AMENDMENT. Subdivision ss of subsection 1 of section 41-09-02 of the
26	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
27	ss. "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable
28	commercial standards of fair dealing. (Reserved).
29	SECTION 24. AMENDMENT. Subsection 40 of section 45-10.2-02 of the North Dakota
30	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
31	40. "Signed" means:

1		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
2			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile or
3			elec	tronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the record, is placed on
4			a re	cord as provided under section 41-01-11 41-01-09; and
5		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
6			of st	ate that:
7			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to sign the record by this
8				chapter, by the partnership agreement, or by a resolution approved by
9				the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of partners;
10				and
11			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
12				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
13	SE	СТІО	N 25.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 26 of section 45-13-01 of the North Dakota
14	Century Co	ode is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
15	26.	"Sig	gned"	means:
16		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
17			print	red, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile
18			teled	communication or electronically or in any other manner reproduced on the
19			reco	rd, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 41-01-09;
20			and	
21		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
22			of st	ate, that:
23			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter or
24				by a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of the required
25				proportion or number of partners; and
26			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
27				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
28	SE	СТІО	N 26.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 24 of section 45-22-01 of the North Dakota
29	Century Co	ode is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
30	24.	"Sig	gned"	means:

1		a.	Tha	t the signature of a person which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
2			print	ted, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by telecommunication
3			or e	lectronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the record, is placed
4			on a	record, as provided under section 41-01-11 41-01-09; and
5		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
6			of st	ate means that:
7			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter, or
8				by or pursuant to an agreement among the partners, or by a resolution
9				approved by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of
10				partners; and
11			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
12				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
13	SE	СТІО	N 27.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 24 of section 45-23-01 of the North Dakota
14	Century Co	de is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
15	24.	"Sig	gned"	means:
16		a.	That	t the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
17			print	ted, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile or
18			elec	tronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the record, is placed on
19			a re	cord, as provided under section 41-01-11 <u>41-01-09;</u> and
20		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
21			of st	ate, that:
22			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to sign by this chapter, or
23				pursuant to an agreement among the partners, or by a resolution
24				approved by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of
25				partners; and
26			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
27				medium acceptable by the secretary of state.
28	SE	СТІО	N 28.	AMENDMENT. Section 47-15.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
29	amended a	nd re	enact	red as follows:
30	47-	15.1-	02. Ir	napplicability of other laws. Consumer rental purchase agreements
31	under this chapter are not governed by the laws relating to a retail installment contract or a			

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- 1 retail installment sale as defined in section 51-13-01 or security interest as defined in section
- 2 41-01-11 41-01-09.
- 3 **SECTION 29. REPEAL.** Chapter 41-01 and sections 41-02-15 and 41-02.1-16 of the
- 4 North Dakota Century Code are repealed.