## FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixtieth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1035

Introduced by

Legislative Council

(Judiciary Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter 41-01 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to Uniform Commercial Code Article 1 General Provisions; to amend and reenact
- 3 subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 9-16-02, subsection 4 of section 9-16-15, subsection 51
- 4 of section 10-19.1-01, subsection 56 of section 10-32-02, subsection 34 of section 10-33-01,
- 5 subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03, subsection 1 of section 41-02-09,
- 6 subsection 3 of section 41-02.1-03, subsection 4 of section 41-02.1-49, subsection 2 of section
- 7 41-02.1-66, subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-67, subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-75,
- 8 subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-76, subdivisions d and j of subsection 1 of section 41-03-03,
- 9 subsection 3 of section 41-04-04, subsection 1 of section 41-04.1-05, subsection 1 of section
- 10 41-04.1-06, subsection 2 of section 41-04.1-12, subdivision g of subsection 1 of section
- 41-05-02, subsection 3 of section 41-05-03, subdivision k of subsection 1 of section 41-08-02,
- 12 subdivision ss of subsection 1 of section 41-09-02, subsection 40 of section 45-10.2-02,
- 13 subsection 26 of section 45-13-01, subsection 24 of section 45-22-01, subsection 24 of section
- 14 45-23-01, and section 47-15.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to chapter 41-01
- and references to chapter 41-01; and to repeal chapter 41-01 and sections 41-02-15 and
- 16 41-02.1-16 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to Uniform Commercial Code general
- 17 provisions, contracts, and leases.

### 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 19 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 9-16-02 of the
- 20 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 21 b. The Uniform Commercial Code other than sections 41-01-07 and 41-01-16
- 22 <u>section 41-01-20</u> and chapters 41-02 and 41-02.1; and
- 23 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 4 of section 9-16-15 of the North Dakota
- 24 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	4.	Exc	ept as	s otherwise agreed, a person having control of a transferable record is the
2		holo	der, as	s defined in section 41-01-11 41-01-09, of the transferable record and has
3		the	same	rights and defenses as a holder of an equivalent record or writing under
4		title	41, ir	cluding, if the applicable statutory requirements under subsection 1 of
5		sect	tion 4	1-03-28, section 41-07-30, or section 41-09-29 are satisfied, the rights
6		and	defer	nses of a holder in due course, a holder to which a negotiable document
7		of ti	tle ha	s been duly negotiated, or a purchaser, respectively. Delivery,
8		pos	sessio	on, and endorsement are not required to obtain or exercise any of the
9		righ	ts und	der this subsection.
10	SEC	CTIOI	N 3. /	AMENDMENT. Subsection 51 of section 10-19.1-01 of the North Dakota
11	Century Co	de is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
12	51.	"Sig	ned"	means:
13		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
14			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile
15			teled	communication or electronically, or in any other manner reproduced on
16			the r	record, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 with the
17			pres	ent intention to authenticate that record; and
18		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
19			of st	ate, that:
20			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter,
21				the articles or bylaws, or a resolution approved by the directors as
22				required under section 10-19.1-46 or the shareholders as required
23				under section 10-19.1-74; and
24			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
25				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
26	SEC	CTIOI	N 4. /	AMENDMENT. Subsection 56 of section 10-32-02 of the North Dakota
27	Century Co	de is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
28	56.	"Sig	ned"	means:
29		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
30			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile
31			teled	communication or electronically, or in any other manner reproduced on

1			the record, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 with the
2			present intention to authenticate that record.
3		b.	With respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
4			of state, that:
5			(1) The record has been signed by a person authorized to do so by this
6			chapter, the articles of organization, a member-control agreement, or
7			the bylaws or a resolution approved by the governors as required by
8			section 10-32-83 or the members as required by section 10-32-42; and
9			(2) The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
10			medium acceptable by the secretary of state.
11	SE	CTIO	N 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 34 of section 10-33-01 of the North Dakota
12	Century Co	ode is	amended and reenacted as follows:
13	34.	"Sig	gned" means:
14		a.	That the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
15			printed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile
16			telecommunication or electronically, or in any other manner reproduced on
17			the record, is placed on a record, as provided under section 41-01-11 with the
18			present intention to authenticate that record; and
19		b.	With respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
20			of state, that:
21			(1) The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter,
22			the articles, or bylaws, a resolution approved by the directors as
23			required by section 10-33-42, or the members with voting rights, if any,
24			as required by section 10-33-72; and
25			(2) The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
26			medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
27	SE	CTIO	N 6. Chapter 41-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
28	as follows:		
29			Part 1
30			General Provisions
31	41-	01-01	. (1-101) Short titles.

1	<u>1.</u>	This title may be cited as the Uniform Commercial Code.	
2	<u>2.</u>	This chapter may be cited as Uniform Commercial Code - General Provisions.	
3	<u>41-</u>	01-02. (1-102) Scope of chapter. This chapter applies to a transaction to the	
4	extent that	the transaction is governed by another chapter of this title.	
5	<u>41-</u>	01-03. (1-103) Construction of title to promote the title's purposes and	
6	policies - A	Applicability of supplemental principles of law.	
7	<u>1.</u>	This title must be liberally construed and applied to promote the title's underlying	
8		purposes and policies, which are:	
9		a. To simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing commercial	
10		transactions;	
11		b. To permit the continued expansion of commercial practices through custom,	
12		usage, and agreement of the parties; and	
13		c. To make uniform the law among the various jurisdictions.	
14	<u>2.</u>	Unless displaced by the particular provisions of this title, the principles of law and	
15		equity, including the law merchant and the law relative to capacity to contract,	
16		principal and agent, estoppel, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake,	
17		bankruptcy, and other validating or invalidating cause supplement this title.	
18	<u>41-</u>	01-04. (1-104) Construction against implied repeal. This title is a general act	
19	intended as	s a unified coverage of its subject matter. A part of this title may not be deemed to	
20	be implied	y repealed by subsequent legislation if such construction can reasonably be	
21	avoided.		
22	<u>41-</u>	01-05. (1-105) Severability. If any provision or clause of this title or its application	
23	to any pers	on or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or	
24	application	s of this title which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application,	
25	and to this end the provisions of this title are severable.		
26	41-01-06. (1-106) Use of singular and plural - Gender. In this title, unless the		
27	statutory context otherwise requires:		
28	<u>1.</u>	Words in the singular number include the plural, and those in the plural include the	
29		singular; and	
30	<u>2.</u>	Words of any gender also refer to any other gender.	
31	41-	01-07. (1-107) Section captions. Section captions are part of this title.	

1	<u>41-</u>	01-08	3. (1-108) Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National
2	Commerce	e Act	This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic
3	Signatures	in GI	obal and National Commerce Act [Pub. L. 106-229; 114 Stat. 464; 15 U.S.C.
4	7001 et se	<u>q.] bu</u>	t does not modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c) of that Act [15 U.S.C.
5	7001(c)] or	auth	orize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in section 103(b) of that
6	Act [15 U.S	S.C. 1	<u>03(b)].</u>
7			Part 2
8			General Definitions and Principles of Interpretation
9	<u>41-</u>	01-09	9. (1-201) General definitions.
10	<u>1.</u>	<u>Unl</u>	ess the context otherwise requires, words or phrases defined in this section, or
11		<u>in a</u>	dditional definitions contained in other chapters of this title which apply to
12		par	ticular chapters or parts of chapters, have the meanings stated.
13	<u>2.</u>	Sub	pject to definitions contained in other chapters of this title which apply to
14		par	ticular chapters or parts of chapters:
15		<u>a.</u>	"Action", in the sense of a judicial proceeding, includes recoupment,
16			counterclaim, setoff, suit in equity, and any other proceeding in which rights
17			are determined.
18		<u>b.</u>	"Aggrieved party" means a party entitled to pursue a remedy.
19		<u>C.</u>	"Agreement", as distinguished from "contract", means the bargain of the
20			parties in fact, as found in their language or inferred from other
21			circumstances, including course of performance, course of dealing, or usage
22			of trade as provided under section 41-09-17.
23		<u>d.</u>	"Bank" means a person engaged in the business of banking and includes a
24			savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, and trust company.
25		<u>e.</u>	"Bearer" means a person in control of a negotiable electronic document of
26			title or a person in possession of a negotiable instrument, negotiable tangible
27			document of title, or certificated security that is payable to bearer or indorsed
28			in blank.
29		<u>f.</u>	"Bill of lading" means a document of title evidencing the receipt of goods for
30			shipment issued by a person engaged in the business of directly or indirectly

1		transporting or forwarding goods. The term does not include a warehouse
2		receipt.
3	<u>g.</u>	"Branch" includes a separately incorporated foreign branch of a bank.
4	<u>h.</u>	"Burden of establishing" a fact means the burden of persuading the trier of
5		fact that the existence of the fact is more probable than its nonexistence.
6	<u>i.</u>	"Buyer in ordinary course of business" means a person that buys goods in
7		good faith, without knowledge that the sale violates the rights of another
8		person in the goods, and in the ordinary course from a person, other than a
9		pawnbroker, in the business of selling goods of that kind. A person buys
10		goods in the ordinary course if the sale to the person comports with the usual
11		or customary practices in the kind of business in which the seller is engaged
12		or with the seller's own usual or customary practices. A person that sells oil,
13		gas, or other minerals at the wellhead or minehead is a person in the
14		business of selling goods of that kind. A buyer in ordinary course of business
15		may buy for cash, by exchange of other property, or on secured or unsecured
16		credit, and may acquire goods or documents of title under a preexisting
17		contract for sale. Only a buyer that takes possession of the goods or has a
18		right to recover the goods from the seller under chapter 41-02 may be a buyer
19		in ordinary course of business. "Buyer in ordinary course of business" does
20		not include a person that acquires goods in a transfer in bulk or as security for
21		or in total or partial satisfaction of a money debt.
22	<u>j.</u>	"Conspicuous", with reference to a term, means so written, displayed, or
23		presented that a reasonable person against which it is to operate ought to
24		have noticed it. Whether a term is "conspicuous" or not is a decision for the
25		court. Conspicuous terms include the following:
26		(1) A heading in capitals equal to or greater in size than the surrounding
27		text, or in contrasting type, font, or color to the surrounding text of the
28		same or lesser size; and
29		(2) Language in the body of a record or display in larger type than the
30		surrounding text, or in contrasting type, font, or color to the surrounding

1		text of the same size, or set off from surrounding text of the same size
2		by symbols or other marks that call attention to the language.
3	<u>k.</u>	"Consumer" means an individual who enters into a transaction primarily for
4		personal, family, or household purposes.
5	<u>l.</u>	"Contract", as distinguished from "agreement", means the total legal
6		obligation that results from the parties' agreement as determined by this title
7		as supplemented by any other applicable laws.
8	<u>m.</u>	"Creditor" includes a general creditor, a secured creditor, a lien creditor, and
9		any representative of creditors, including an assignee for the benefit of
10		creditors, a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver in equity, and an executor or
11		administrator of an insolvent debtor's or assignor's estate.
12	<u>n.</u>	"Defendant" includes a person in the position of defendant in a counterclaim,
13		cross-claim, or third-party claim.
14	<u>O.</u>	"Delivery", with respect to an electronic document of title means voluntary
15		transfer of control and with respect to an instrument, a tangible document of
16		title, or chattel paper, means voluntary transfer of possession.
17	<u>p.</u>	"Document of title" means a record (i) that in the regular course of business or
18		financing is treated as adequately evidencing that the person in possession or
19		control of the record is entitled to receive, control, hold, and dispose of the
20		record and the goods the record covers and (ii) that purports to be issued by
21		or addressed to a bailee and to cover goods in the bailee's possession which
22		are either identified or are fungible portions of an identified mass. The term
23		includes a bill of lading, transport document, dock warrant, dock receipt,
24		warehouse receipt, and order for delivery of goods. An electronic document
25		of title means a document of title evidenced by a record consisting of
26		information stored in an electronic medium. A tangible document of title
27		means a document of title evidenced by a record consisting of information
28		that is inscribed on a tangible medium.
29	<u>q.</u>	"Fault" means a default, breach, or wrongful act or omission.
30	<u>r.</u>	"Fungible goods" means:

1		<u>(1)</u>	Goods of which any unit, by nature or usage of trade, is the equivalent
2			of any other like unit; or
3		<u>(2)</u>	Goods that by agreement are treated as equivalent.
4	<u>s.</u>	<u>"Gen</u>	uine" means free of forgery or counterfeiting.
5	<u>t.</u>	<u>"Goo</u>	d faith", except as otherwise provided in chapter 41-05, means honesty
6		in fac	et and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair
7		deali	ng.
8	<u>u.</u>	<u>"Holo</u>	der" means:
9		<u>(1)</u>	The person in possession of a negotiable instrument that is payable
10			either to bearer or to an identified person that is the person in
11			possession;
12		<u>(2)</u>	The person in possession of a document of title if the goods are
13			deliverable either to bearer or to the order of the person in possession;
14			<u>or</u>
15		<u>(3)</u>	The person in control of a negotiable electronic document of title.
16	<u>V.</u>	<u>"Inso</u>	lvency proceeding" includes an assignment for the benefit of creditors or
17		other	proceeding intended to liquidate or rehabilitate the estate of the person
18		invol	<u>ved.</u>
19	<u>W.</u>	<u>"Inso</u>	lvent" means:
20		<u>(1)</u>	Having generally ceased to pay debts in the ordinary course of
21			business other than as a result of bona fide dispute;
22		<u>(2)</u>	Being unable to pay debts as they become due; or
23		<u>(3)</u>	Being insolvent within the meaning of federal bankruptcy law.
24	<u>X.</u>	<u>"Mon</u>	ey" means a medium of exchange currently authorized or adopted by a
25		dome	estic or foreign government. The term includes a monetary unit of
26		acco	unt established by an intergovernmental organization or by agreement
27		betwe	een two or more countries.
28	<u>y.</u>	<u>"Orga</u>	anization" means a person other than an individual.
29	<u>Z.</u>	<u>"Part</u>	y", as distinguished from "third party", means a person that has engaged
30		<u>in a t</u>	ransaction or made an agreement subject to this title.

1 aa. "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a business trust, an estate, a 2 trust, a partnership, a limited liability company, an association, a joint venture, 3 a government, a governmental subdivision, an agency, or an instrumentality, 4 a public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity. 5 bb. "Present value" means the amount as of a date certain of one or more sums 6 payable in the future, discounted to the date certain by use of either an 7 interest rate specified by the parties if that rate is not manifestly unreasonable 8 at the time the transaction is entered or, if an interest rate is not so specified, 9 a commercially reasonable rate that takes into account the facts and 10 circumstances at the time the transaction is entered. 11 "Purchase" means taking by sale, lease, discount, negotiation, mortgage, CC. 12 pledge, lien, security interest, issue or reissue, gift, or any other voluntary 13 transaction creating an interest in property. 14 dd. "Purchaser" means a person that takes by purchase. 15 ee. "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is 16 stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 17 ff. "Remedy" means any remedial right to which an aggrieved party is entitled 18 with or without resort to a tribunal. 19 "Representative" means a person empowered to act for another, including an gg. 20 agent, an officer of a corporation or association, and a trustee, executor, or 21 administrator of an estate. 22 hh. "Right" includes remedy. 23 ii. "Security interest" means an interest in personal property or fixtures which 24 secures payment or performance of an obligation. "Security interest" includes 25 any interest of a consignor and a buyer of accounts, chattel paper, a payment 26 intangible, or a promissory note in a transaction that is subject to chapter 27 41-09. "Security interest" does not include the special property interest of a 28 buyer of goods on identification of those goods to a contract for sale under 29 section 41-02-46, but a buyer may also acquire a "security interest" by 30 complying with chapter 41-09. Except as otherwise provided in section 31 41-02-53, the right of a seller or lessor of goods under chapter 41-02 or

1		41-02.1 to retain or acquire possession of the goods is not a "security
2		interest", but a seller or lessor may also acquire a "security interest" by
3		complying with chapter 41-09. The retention or reservation of title by a seller
4		of goods notwithstanding shipment or delivery to the buyer under section
5		41-02-46 is limited in effect to a reservation of a "security interest". Whether
6		a transaction in the form of a lease creates a "security interest" is determined
7		under section 41-01-11.
8	<u>jj.</u>	"Send" in connection with a writing, record, or notice means:
9		(1) To deposit in the mail or deliver for transmission by any other usual
10		means of communication with postage or cost of transmission provided
11		for and properly addressed and, in the case of an instrument, to an
12		address specified on the instrument or otherwise agreed, or if there be
13		none to any address reasonable under the circumstances; or
14		(2) In any other way to cause to be received any record or notice within the
15		time it would have arrived if properly sent.
16	<u>kk.</u>	"Signed" includes using any symbol executed or adopted with present
17		intention to adopt or accept a writing.
18	<u>II.</u>	"State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
19		Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession
20		subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
21	<u>mm.</u>	"Surety" includes a guarantor or other secondary obligor.
22	<u>nn.</u>	"Term" means a portion of an agreement that relates to a particular matter.
23	<u>oo.</u>	"Unauthorized signature" means a signature made without actual, implied, or
24		apparent authority. The term includes a forgery.
25	<u>pp.</u>	"Warehouse receipt" means a document of title issued by a person engaged
26		in the business of storing goods for hire.
27	<u>qq.</u>	"Writing" includes printing, typewriting, or any other intentional reduction to
28		tangible form. "Written" has a corresponding meaning.
29	41-01-10	. (1-202) Notice - Knowledge.
30	<u>1.</u> Sub	ject to subsection 6, a person has "notice" of a fact if the person:
31	<u>a.</u>	Has actual knowledge of that fact;

1 Has received a notice or notification of that fact; or b. 2 <u>C.</u> From all the facts and circumstances known to the person at the time in 3 question, has reason to know that that fact exists. 4 "Knowledge" means actual knowledge. "Knows" has a corresponding meaning. <u>2.</u> 5 <u>3.</u> "Discover", "learn", or words of similar import refer to knowledge rather than to 6 reason to know. 7 A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or notification to another person by taking 4. 8 such steps as may be reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary 9 course, whether or not the other person actually comes to know of it. 10 <u>Subject to subsection 6, a person "receives" a notice or notification when:</u> <u>5.</u> 11 It comes to that person's attention; or a. 12 <u>b.</u> It is duly delivered in a form reasonable under the circumstances at the place 13 of business through which the contract was made or at another location held 14 out by that person as the place for receipt of such communications. 15 6. Notice, knowledge, or a notice or notification received by an organization is 16 effective for a particular transaction from the time it is brought to the attention of 17 the individual conducting that transaction and, in any event, from the time it would 18 have been brought to the individual's attention if the organization had exercised 19 due diligence. An organization exercises due diligence if the organization 20 maintains reasonable routines for communicating significant information to the 21 person conducting the transaction and there is reasonable compliance with the 22 routines. Due diligence does not require an individual acting for the organization to 23 communicate information unless the communication is part of the individual's 24 regular duties or the individual has reason to know of the transaction and that the 25 transaction would be materially affected by the information. 26 41-01-11. (1-203) Lease distinguished from security interest. 27 1. Whether a transaction in the form of a lease creates a lease or security interest is 28 determined by the facts of each case. 29 2. A transaction in the form of a lease creates a security interest if the consideration

that the lessee is to pay the lessor for the right to possession and use of the goods

ı		is an obligation for the term of the lease and is not subject to termination by the			
2		less	lessee, and:		
3		<u>a.</u>	The original term of the lease is equal to or greater than the remaining		
4			economic life of the goods;		
5		<u>b.</u>	The lessee is bound to renew the lease for the remaining economic life of the		
6			goods or is bound to become the owner of the goods;		
7		<u>C.</u>	The lessee has an option to renew the lease for the remaining economic life		
8			of the goods for no additional consideration or for nominal additional		
9			consideration upon compliance with the lease agreement; or		
10		<u>d.</u>	The lessee has an option to become the owner of the goods for no additional		
11			consideration or for nominal additional consideration upon compliance with		
12			the lease agreement.		
13	<u>3.</u>	A tra	ansaction in the form of a lease does not create a security interest merely		
14		beca	ause:		
15		<u>a.</u>	The present value of the consideration the lessee is obligated to pay the		
16			lessor for the right to possession and use of the goods is substantially equal		
17			to or is greater than the fair market value of the goods at the time the lease is		
18			entered;		
19		<u>b.</u>	The lessee assumes risk of loss of the goods;		
20		<u>C.</u>	The lessee agrees to pay, with respect to the goods, taxes, insurance, filing,		
21			recording, or registration fees, or service or maintenance costs;		
22		<u>d.</u>	The lessee has an option to renew the lease or to become the owner of the		
23			goods;		
24		<u>e.</u>	The lessee has an option to renew the lease for a fixed rent that is equal to or		
25			greater than the reasonably predictable fair market rent for the use of the		
26			goods for the term of the renewal at the time the option is to be performed; or		
27		<u>f.</u>	The lessee has an option to become the owner of the goods for a fixed price		
28			that is equal to or greater than the reasonably predictable fair market value of		
29			the goods at the time the option is to be performed.		

1	<u>4.</u>	Additional consideration is nominal if that consideration is less than the lessee's
2		reasonably predictable cost of performing under the lease agreement if the option
3		is not exercised. Additional consideration is not nominal if:
4		a. When the option to renew the lease is granted to the lessee, the rent is stated
5		to be the fair market rent for the use of the goods for the term of the renewal
6		determined at the time the option is to be performed; or
7		b. When the option to become the owner of the goods is granted to the lessee,
8		the price is stated to be the fair market value of the goods determined at the
9		time the option is to be performed.
10	<u>5.</u>	The "remaining economic life of the goods" and "reasonably predictable" fair
11		market rent, fair market value, or cost of performing under the lease agreement
12		must be determined with reference to the facts and circumstances at the time the
13		transaction is entered.
14	<u>41-0</u>	01-12. (1-204) Value. Except as otherwise provided in chapters 41-03, 41-04, and
15	41-05, a pe	rson gives value for rights if the person acquires the rights:
16	<u>1.</u>	In return for a binding commitment to extend credit or for the extension of
17		immediately available credit, whether or not drawn upon and whether or not a
18		chargeback is provided for in the event of difficulties in collection;
19	<u>2.</u>	As security for, or in total or partial satisfaction of, a preexisting claim;
20	<u>3.</u>	By accepting delivery under a preexisting contract for purchase; or
21	<u>4.</u>	In return for any consideration sufficient to support a simple contract.
22	<u>41-0</u>	01-13. (1-205) Reasonable time - Seasonableness.
23	<u>1.</u>	Whether a time for taking an action required under this title is reasonable depends
24		on the nature, purpose, and circumstances of the action.
25	<u>2.</u>	An action is taken seasonably if the action is taken at or within the time agreed or,
26		if no time is agreed, at or within a reasonable time.
27	<u>41-0</u>	01-14. (1-206) Presumptions. If this title creates a "presumption" with respect to a
28	fact or prov	ides that a fact is "presumed", the trier of fact shall find the existence of the fact
29	unless and	until evidence is introduced that supports a finding of the fact's nonexistence.
30		Part 3
31		Territorial Applicability and General Rules

#### 1 41-01-15. Territorial applicability - Parties' power to choose applicable law. 2 1. Except as provided hereafter in this section, when a transaction bears a 3 reasonable relation to this state and also to another state or nation the parties may 4 agree that the law either of this state or of such other state or nation shall govern 5 their rights and duties. Failing such agreement, this title applies to transactions 6 bearing an appropriate relation to this state. 7 Where one of the following provisions of this title specifies the applicable law, that 2. 8 provision governs and a contrary agreement is effective only to the extent 9 permitted by the law, including the conflict of laws rules, so specified: 10 Rights of creditors against sold goods. Section 41-02-47. <u>a.</u> 11 Applicability of the chapter on leases. Sections 41-02.1-05 and 41-02.1-06. <u>b.</u> 12 <u>C.</u> Applicability of the chapter on bank deposits and collections. Section 13 41-04-02. 14 Governing law in the chapter on funds transfers. Section 41-04.1-38. d. 15 e. Letters of credit. Section 41-05-16. 16 Applicability of the chapter on investment securities. Section 41-08-10. <u>f.</u> 17 Law governing perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the g. 18 priority of security interests and agricultural liens. Sections 41-09-21 through 19 41-09-27. 20 41-01-16. (1-302) Variation by agreement. 21 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 or elsewhere under this title, the 22 effect of provisions of this title may be varied by agreement. 23 The obligations of good faith, diligence, reasonableness, and care prescribed 24 under this title may not be disclaimed by agreement. The parties, by agreement, 25 may determine the standards by which the performance of those obligations is to 26 be measured if those standards are not manifestly unreasonable. If this title 27 requires an action to be taken within a reasonable time, a time that is not 28 manifestly unreasonable may be fixed by agreement. 29 3. The presence in certain provisions of this title of the phrase "unless otherwise 30 agreed", or words of similar import, does not imply that the effect of other 31 provisions may not be varied by agreement under this section.

#### 1 41-01-17. (1-303) Course of performance - Course of dealing - Usage of trade. 2 1. A "course of performance" is a sequence of conduct between the parties to a 3 particular transaction that exists if: 4 The agreement of the parties with respect to the transaction involves 5 repeated occasions for performance by a party; and The other party, with knowledge of the nature of the performance and 6 b. 7 opportunity for objection to it, accepts the performance or acquiesces in the 8 performance without objection. 9 A "course of dealing" is a sequence of conduct concerning previous transactions 2. 10 between the parties to a particular transaction that is fairly to be regarded as 11 establishing a common basis of understanding for interpreting their expressions 12 and other conduct. 13 A "usage of trade" is any practice or method of dealing having such regularity of <u>3.</u> 14 observance in a place, vocation, or trade as to justify an expectation that it will be 15 observed with respect to the transaction in question. The existence and scope of 16 such a usage must be proved as facts. If it is established that such a usage is 17 embodied in a trade code or similar record, the interpretation of the record is a 18 question of law. 19 A course of performance or course of dealing between the parties or usage of 20 trade in the vocation or trade in which the parties are engaged or of which the 21 parties are or should be aware is relevant in ascertaining the meaning of the 22 parties' agreement, may give particular meaning to specific terms of the 23 agreement, and may supplement or qualify the terms of the agreement. A usage 24 of trade applicable in the place in which part of the performance under the 25 agreement is to occur may be so utilized as to that part of the performance. 26 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the express terms of an agreement <u>5.</u> 27 and any applicable course of performance, course of dealing, or usage of trade 28 must be construed whenever reasonable as consistent with each other. If such a 29 construction is unreasonable: 30 Express terms prevail over course of performance, course of dealing, and a. 31 usage of trade;

1		<u>b.</u>	Course of performance prevails over course of dealing and usage of trade;
2			and
3		<u>c.</u>	Course of dealing prevails over usage of trade.
4	<u>6.</u>	Sub	pject to section 41-02-16, a course of performance is relevant to show a waiver
5		or r	nodification of any term inconsistent with the course of performance.
6	<u>7.</u>	Evi	dence of a relevant usage of trade offered by one party is not admissible unless
7		that	t party has given the other party notice that the court finds sufficient to prevent
8		<u>unfa</u>	air surprise to the other party.
9	41-0	01-18	3. (1-304) Obligation of good faith. Every contract or duty within this title
10	imposes an	oblig	gation of good faith in its performance and enforcement. This section does not
11	support an	inde	pendent claim for relief for failure to perform or enforce in good faith and does
12	not create a	a sep	arate duty of fairness and reasonableness which can be independently
13	breached.		
14	41-0	01-19	9. (1-305) Remedies to be liberally administered.
15	<u>1.</u>	The	e remedies provided under this title must be liberally administered to the end
16		that	t the aggrieved party may be put in as good a position as if the other party had
17		<u>full</u> y	performed but neither consequential or special damages nor penal damages
18		may	y be had except as specifically provided under this title or by other rule of law.
19	<u>2.</u>	<u>Any</u>	right or obligation declared under this title is enforceable by action unless the
20		pro	vision declaring the right or obligation specifies a different and limited effect.
21	41-0	01-20	D. (1-306) Waiver or renunciation of claim or right after breach. A claim or
22	right arising	out	of an alleged breach may be discharged in whole or in part without
23	consideration	on by	agreement of the aggrieved party in an authenticated record.
24	41-0	01-21	I. (1-307) Prima facie evidence by third-party documents. A document in
25	due form pu	urpor	ting to be a bill of lading, a policy or certificate of insurance, an official weigher's
26	or inspecto	r's ce	ertificate, a consular invoice, or any other document authorized or required by
27	the contrac	t to b	e issued by a third party is prima facie evidence of the document's own
28	authenticity	and	genuineness and of the facts stated in the document by the third party.
29	41-0	01-22	2. (1-308) Performance or acceptance under reservation of rights.
30	<u>1.</u>	<u>A p</u>	arty that with explicit reservation of rights performs or promises performance or
31		ass	ents to performance in a manner demanded or offered by the other party does

1	not thereby prejudice the rights reserved. Such words as "without prejudice",
2	"under protest", or the like are sufficient.
3	2. Subsection 1 does not apply to an accord and satisfaction.
4	41-01-23. (1-309) Option to accelerate at will. A term providing that one party or that
5	party's successor in interest may accelerate payment or performance or require collateral or
6	additional collateral "at will" or when the party "deems itself insecure", or words of similar
7	import, means that the party has power to do so only if that party in good faith believes that the
8	prospect of payment or performance is impaired. The burden of establishing lack of good faith
9	is on the party against which the power has been exercised.
10	41-01-24. (1-310) Subordinated obligations. An obligation may be issued as
11	subordinated to performance of another obligation of the person obligated, or a creditor may
12	subordinate the creditor's right to performance of an obligation by agreement with either the
13	person obligated or another creditor of the person obligated. Subordination does not create a
14	security interest as against either the common debtor or a subordinated creditor.
15	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03 of the
16	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
17	b. "Good faith" in the case of a merchant means honesty in fact and the
18	observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing in the trade.
19	(Reserved).
20	SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-02-09 of the North Dakota
21	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
22	1. By course of <u>performance</u> , <u>course of</u> dealing, or usage of trade (section <del>41-01-15)</del>
23	or by course of performance (section 41-02-15 41-01-17); and
24	SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 41-02.1-03 of the North Dakota
25	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
26	3. The following definitions also apply to this chapter:
27	a. "Account". Section 41-09-02.
28	b. "Between merchants". Subsection 1 of section 41-02-04.
29	c. "Buyer". Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03.
30	d. "Chattel paper". Section 41-09-02.
31	e. "Consumer goods". Section 41-09-02.

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f. "Document". Section 41-09-02. 1 2 g. "Entrusting". Subsection 3 of section 41-02-48. 3 "General intangible". Section 41-09-02. h. "Good faith". Subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03. 4 i. 5 "Instrument". Section 41-09-02. į. 6 <del>k.</del> i. "Merchant". Subsection 3 of section 41-02-04. 7 <del>l.</del> k. "Mortgage". Section 41-09-02. 8 <del>m.</del> l. "Pursuant to commitment". Section 41-09-02. 9 "Receipt". Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03. <del>n.</del> m. 10 "Sale". Subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 41-02-06. <del>о.</del> п. 11 "Sale on approval". Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 41-02-43. <del>p.</del> 0. 12 <del>q.</del> р. "Sale or return". Subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 41-02-43. 13 "Seller". Subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 41-02-03. <del>r.</del> q. 14 **SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 4 of section 41-02.1-49 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 15 16 Except as otherwise provided in under subsection 1 of section 41-01-06 41-01-19. 17 this chapter, or the lease agreement, the rights and remedies referred to in 18 subsections 2 and 3 are cumulative. 19 SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-66 of the North Dakota 20 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 21 2. Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease 22 agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties 23 (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), 24 if a lessee's cover is by lease agreement substantially similar to the original lease 25 agreement and the new lease agreement is made in good faith and in a 26 commercially reasonable manner, the lessee may recover from the lessor as 27 damages the present value, as of the date of the commencement of the term of the 28 new lease agreement, of the rent under the new lease agreement applicable to

that period of the new lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term

of the original lease agreement minus the present value as of the same date of the

total rent for the then remaining lease term of the original lease agreement, and

any incidental or consequential damages, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessor's default.

**SECTION 12. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-67 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 1. Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), if a lessee elects not to cover or a lessee elects to cover and the cover is by lease agreement that for any reason does not qualify for treatment under subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-66, or is by purchase or otherwise, the measure of damages for nondelivery or repudiation by the lessor or for rejection or revocation of acceptance by the lessee is the present value, as of the date of the default, of the then market rent minus the present value as of the same date of the original rent, computed for the remaining lease term of the original lease agreement together with incidental and consequential damages, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessor's default.
- **SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-75 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 2. Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), if the disposition is by lease agreement substantially similar to the original lease agreement and the lease agreement is made in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, the lessor may recover from the lessee as damages accrued and unpaid rent as of the date of the commencement of the new term of the new lease agreement, the present value, as of the same date, of the total rent for the remaining lease term of the original lease agreement minus the present value, as of the same date, of the new lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term of the original lease agreement, and any incidental damages allowed under section 41-02.1-78, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessee's default.

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- **SECTION 14. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-76 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (section 41-02.1-52) or determined by agreement of the parties (subsection 3 of section 41-01-02 and section sections 41-01-16 and 41-02.1-51), if a lessor elects to retain the goods or a lessor elects to dispose of the goods and disposition is by lease agreement that for any reason does not qualify for treatment under subsection 2 of section 41-02.1-75, or is by sale or otherwise, the lessor may recover from the lessee as damages for a default described in subsection 1 of section 41-02.1-71 or in subdivision a of subsection 3 of section 41-02.1-71, or, if agreed, for other default of the lessee accrued and unpaid rent as of the date of default if the lessee has never taken possession of the goods, or if the lessee has taken possession of the goods, as of the date the lessor repossesses the goods or an earlier date on which the lessee makes a tender of the goods to the lessor; the present value, as of the same date, of the total rent for the then remaining lease term of the original lease agreement minus the present value, as of the same date, of the rent under the new lease agreement applicable to that period of the new lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term of the original lease agreement; and any incidental damages allowed under section 41-02.1-78, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessee's default.

**SECTION 15. AMENDMENT.** Subdivisions d and j of subsection 1 of section 41-03-03 of the North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

- d. "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing. (Reserved).
- j. "Prove" with respect to a fact means to meet the burden of establishing the fact (subdivision h of subsection 8 2 of section 41-01-11 41-01-09).
- **SECTION 16. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 3 of section 41-04-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 3. "Control" as provided under section 41-07-06 and the following definitions in other chapters apply to this chapter:
    - a. "Acceptance". Section 41-03-46.

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1	b.	"Alteration". Section 41-03-44.
2	C.	"Cashier's check". Section 41-03-04.
3	d.	"Certificate of deposit". Section 41-03-04.
4	e.	"Certified check". Section 41-03-45.
5	f.	"Check". Section 41-03-04.
6	g.	"Good faith". Section 41-03-03.
7	<del>h.</del>	"Holder in due course". Section 41-03-28.
8	<del>i.</del> <u>h.</u>	"Instrument". Section 41-03-04.
9	<del>j.</del> <u>i.</u>	"Notice of dishonor". Section 41-03-60.
10	<del>к.</del> <u>ј.</u>	"Order". Section 41-03-03.
11	<del>l.</del> <u>k.</u>	"Ordinary care". Section 41-03-03.
12	<del>m.</del> <u>l.</u>	"Person entitled to enforce". Section 41-03-27.
13	<del>n.</del> <u>m.</u>	"Presentment". Section 41-03-58.
14	<del>o.</del> <u>n.</u>	"Promise". Section 41-03-03.
15	<del>p.</del> <u>o.</u>	"Prove". Section 41-03-03.
16	<del>q.</del> р.	"Teller's check". Section 41-03-04.
17	<del>r.</del> <u>q.</u>	"Unauthorized signature". Section 41-03-40.
18	SECTIO	N 17. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-04.1-05 of the North Dakota
19	Century Code is	amended and reenacted as follows:
20	1. In th	nis chapter:
21	a.	"Authorized account" means a deposit account of a customer in a bank
22		designated by the customer as a source of payment of payment orders issued
23		by the customer to the bank. If a customer does not so designate an account,
24		any account of the customer is an authorized account if payment of a
25		payment order from that account is not inconsistent with a restriction on the
26		use of that account.
27	b.	"Bank" means a person engaged in the business of banking and includes a
28		savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, and trust company.
29		A branch or separate office of a bank is a separate bank for purposes of this
30		chapter.

- c. "Customer" means a person, including a bank, having an account with a bank or from whom a bank has agreed to receive payment orders.
  - d. "Funds-transfer business day" of a receiving bank means the part of a day during which the receiving bank is open for the receipt, processing, and transmittal of payment orders and cancellations and amendments of payment orders.
  - e. "Funds-transfer system" means a wire transfer network, automated clearinghouse, or other communication system of a clearinghouse or other association of banks through which a payment order by a bank may be transmitted to the bank to which the order is addressed.
  - f. "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing. (Reserved).
  - g. "Prove" with respect to a fact means to meet the burden of establishing the fact. Subsection 8 Subdivision h of subsection 2 of section 41-01-11 41-01-09.

**SECTION 18. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 41-04.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1. The time of receipt of a payment order or communication canceling or amending a payment order is determined by the rules applicable to receipt of a notice stated in subsection 27 of under section 41-01-11 41-01-10. A receiving bank may fix a cutoff time or times on a funds-transfer business day for the receipt and processing of payment orders and communications canceling or amending payment orders. Different cutoff times may apply to payment orders, cancellations, or amendments, or to different categories of payment orders, cancellations, or amendments. A cutoff time may apply to senders generally or different cutoff times may apply to different senders or categories of payment orders. If a payment order or communication canceling or amending a payment order is received after the close of a funds-transfer business day or after the appropriate cutoff time on a funds-transfer business day, the receiving bank may treat the payment order or communication as received at the opening of the next funds-transfer business day.

1	SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 41-04.1-12 of the North Dakota
2	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
3	2. Reasonable time under subsection 1 may be fixed by agreement under
4	subsection 1 of section 41-01-14 41-01-16, but the obligation of a receiving bank
5	to refund payment as stated in subsection 1 may not otherwise be varied by
6	agreement.
7	SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Subdivision g of subsection 1 of section 41-05-02 of the
8	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
9	g. "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.
10	The definition of "good faith" in section 41-01-09 does not apply to this
11	chapter.
12	SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 41-05-03 of the North Dakota
13	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
14	3. With the exception of this subsection, subsections 1 and 4 of this section,
15	subdivisions i and j of subsection 1 of section 41-05-02, subsection 4 of section
16	41-05-06, and subsection 4 of section 41-05-14, and except to the extent
17	prohibited in subsection 3 of under section 41-01-02 41-01-16 and subsection 4 of
18	section 41-05-17, the effect of this chapter may be varied by agreement or by a
19	provision stated or incorporated by reference in an undertaking. A term in an
20	agreement or undertaking generally excusing liability or generally limiting remedies
21	for failure to perform obligations is not sufficient to vary obligations prescribed by
22	this chapter.
23	SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Subdivision k of subsection 1 of section 41-08-02 of the
24	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
25	k. "Good faith", for purposes of the obligation of good faith in the performance or
26	enforcement of contracts or duties within this chapter, means honesty in fact
27	and the observance of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.
28	(Reserved).
29	SECTION 23. AMENDMENT. Subdivision ss of subsection 1 of section 41-09-02 of
30	the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1		SS.	<del>"Goo</del>	od faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable
2			com	mereial standards of fair dealing. (Reserved).
3	SE	CTIO	N 24.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 40 of section 45-10.2-02 of the North
4	Dakota Ce	entury	Code	is amended and reenacted as follows:
5	40.	"Sig	ned"	means:
6		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
7			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile or
8			elec	tronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the record, is placed on
9			a red	cord as provided under section 41-01-11 with the present intention to
10			<u>auth</u>	enticate that record; and
11		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
12			of st	ate that:
13			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to sign the record by this
14				chapter, by the partnership agreement, or by a resolution approved by
15				the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of partners;
16				and
17			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
18				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
19	SE	CTIO	N 25.	<b>AMENDMENT.</b> Subsection 26 of section 45-13-01 of the North Dakota
20	Century Co	ode is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
21	26.	"Sig	ned"	means:
22		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
23			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile
24			teled	communication or electronically or in any other manner reproduced on the
25			reco	rd, is placed on a record <del>, as provided under section 41-01-11</del> with the
26			pres	ent intention to authenticate that record; and
27		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
28			of st	ate, that:
29			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter or
30				by a resolution approved by the affirmative vote of the required
31				proportion or number of partners; and

1			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
2				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
3	SEC	CTION	<b>V</b> 26.	AMENDMENT. Subsection 24 of section 45-22-01 of the North Dakota
4	Century Co	de is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
5	24.	"Sig	ned"	means:
6		a.	That	the signature of a person which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
7			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by telecommunication
8			or el	ectronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the record, is placed
9			on a	record, as provided under section 41-01-11 with the present intention to
10			<u>auth</u>	enticate that record; and
11		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
12			of st	ate means that:
13			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to do so by this chapter, or
14				by or pursuant to an agreement among the partners, or by a resolution
15				approved by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of
16				partners; and
17			(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
18				medium of communication acceptable by the secretary of state.
19	SEC	CTION	N 27.	<b>AMENDMENT.</b> Subsection 24 of section 45-23-01 of the North Dakota
20	Century Co	de is	amer	nded and reenacted as follows:
21	24.	"Sig	ned"	means:
22		a.	That	the signature of a person, which may be a facsimile affixed, engraved,
23			print	ed, placed, stamped with indelible ink, transmitted by facsimile or
24			elec	tronically, or in any other manner reproduced on the record, is placed on
25			a red	cord <del>, as provided under section 41-01-11</del> with the present intention to
26			<u>auth</u>	enticate that record; and
27		b.	With	respect to a record required by this chapter to be filed with the secretary
28			of st	ate, that:
29			(1)	The record is signed by a person authorized to sign by this chapter, or
30				pursuant to an agreement among the partners, or by a resolution

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1		approved by the affirmative vote of the required proportion or number of
2		partners; and
3	(2)	The signature and the record are communicated by a method or
4		medium acceptable by the secretary of state.
5	SECTION 28.	AMENDMENT. Section 47-15.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6	amended and reenacte	ed as follows:
7	47-15.1-02. In	applicability of other laws. Consumer rental purchase agreements
8	under this chapter are	not governed by the laws relating to a retail installment contract or a
9	retail installment sale a	as defined in section 51-13-01 or security interest as defined in section
10	<del>41-01-11</del> <u>41-01-09</u> .	
11	SECTION 29.	<b>REPEAL.</b> Chapter 41-01 and sections 41-02-15 and 41-02.1-16 of the
12	North Dakota Century	Code are repealed.