

**FIRST ENGROSSMENT
with Senate Amendments**

Sixty-first
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1074

Introduced by

Government and Veterans Affairs Committee

(At the request of the Commission on Uniform State Laws)

1 A BILL for an Act to adopt the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act; and to
2 repeal chapter 15-67 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the Uniform Management of
3 Institutional Funds Act; and to declare an emergency.

4 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

5 **SECTION 1. Definitions.** In this chapter:

6 1. "Charitable purpose" means the relief of poverty, the advancement of education,
7 the advancement of religion, the promotion of health, or any other purpose the
8 achievement of which is beneficial to the community.

9 2. "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund or part thereof that, under the terms
10 of a gift instrument, is not wholly expendable by the institution on a current basis.
11 The term does not include assets that an institution designates as an endowment
12 fund for its own use.

13 3. "Gift instrument" means a record, including an institutional solicitation, under which
14 property is granted to, transferred to, or held by an institution as an institutional
15 fund.

16 4. "Institution" means:

17 a. A person, other than an individual, organized and operated exclusively for
18 charitable purposes;

19 b. A government or governmental entity, to the extent that it holds funds
20 exclusively for a charitable purpose; or

21 c. A trust that had both charitable and noncharitable interests, after all
22 noncharitable interests have terminated.

23 5. "Institutional fund" means a fund held by an institution exclusively for charitable
24 purposes. The term does not include:

- 1 a. Program-related assets;
- 2 b. A fund held for an institution by a trustee that is not an institution;
- 3 c. A fund in which a beneficiary that is not an institution has an interest, other
4 than an interest that could arise upon violation or failure of the purposes of
5 the fund; or
- 6 d. Perpetual trust funds established by article IX of the Constitution of North
7 Dakota.
- 8 6. "Program-related asset" means an asset held by an institution primarily to
9 accomplish a charitable purpose of the institution and not primarily for investment.
- 10 7. "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored
11 in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- 12 **SECTION 2. Standard of conduct in managing and investing institutional fund.**
- 13 1. Subject to the intent of a donor expressed in a gift instrument, an institution, in
14 managing and investing an institutional fund, shall consider the charitable
15 purposes of the institution and the purposes of the institutional fund.
- 16 2. In addition to complying with the duty of loyalty imposed by law other than this
17 chapter, each person responsible for managing and investing an institutional fund
18 shall manage and invest the fund in good faith and with the care an ordinarily
19 prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances.
- 20 3. In managing and investing an institutional fund, an institution:
 - 21 a. May incur only costs that are appropriate and reasonable in relation to the
22 assets, the purposes of the institution, and the skills available to the
23 institution; and
 - 24 b. Shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant to the management and
25 investment of the fund.
- 26 4. An institution may pool two or more institutional funds for purposes of management
27 and investment.
- 28 5. Except as otherwise provided by a gift instrument, the following rules apply:
 - 29 a. In managing and investing an institutional fund, the following factors, if
30 relevant, must be considered:
 - 31 (1) General economic conditions;

- 1 (2) The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
- 2 (3) The expected tax consequences, if any, of investment decisions or
- 3 strategies;
- 4 (4) The role that each investment or course of action plays within the
- 5 overall investment portfolio of the fund;
- 6 (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of
- 7 investments;
- 8 (6) Other resources of the institution;
- 9 (7) The needs of the institution and the fund to make distributions and to
- 10 preserve capital; and
- 11 (8) An asset's special relationship or special value, if any, to the charitable
- 12 purposes of the institution.
- 13 b. Management and investment decisions about an individual asset must be
- 14 made not in isolation but rather in the context of the institutional fund's
- 15 portfolio of investments as a whole and as a part of an overall investment
- 16 strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the fund and to
- 17 the institution.
- 18 c. Except as otherwise provided by law other than this chapter, an institution
- 19 may invest in any kind of property or type of investment consistent with this
- 20 section.
- 21 d. An institution shall diversify the investments of an institutional fund unless the
- 22 institution reasonably determines that, because of special circumstances, the
- 23 purposes of the fund are better-served without diversification.
- 24 e. Within a reasonable time after receiving property, an institution shall make
- 25 and carry out decisions concerning the retention or disposition of the property
- 26 or to rebalance a portfolio, in order to bring the institutional fund into
- 27 compliance with the purposes, terms, and distribution requirements of the
- 28 institution as necessary to meet other circumstances of the institution and the
- 29 requirements of this chapter.
- 30 f. A person that has special skills or expertise, or is selected in reliance upon
- 31 the person's representation that the person has special skills or expertise, has

1 a duty to use those skills or that expertise in managing and investing
2 institutional funds.

3 **SECTION 3. Appropriation for expenditure or accumulation of endowment fund -**

4 **Rules of construction.**

5 1. Subject to the intent of a donor, as expressed in the gift instrument and subject to
6 subsection 4, an institution may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so
7 much of an endowment fund as the institution determines is prudent for the uses,
8 benefits, purposes, and duration for which the endowment fund is established.

9 Unless stated otherwise in the gift instrument, the assets in an endowment fund
10 are donor-restricted assets until appropriated for expenditure by the institution. In
11 making a determination to appropriate or accumulate, the institution shall act in
12 good faith, with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would
13 exercise under similar circumstances, and shall consider, if relevant, the following
14 factors:

- 15 a. The duration and preservation of the endowment fund;
- 16 b. The purposes of the institution and the endowment fund;
- 17 c. General economic conditions;
- 18 d. The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
- 19 e. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- 20 f. Other resources of the institution; and
- 21 g. The investment policy of the institution.

22 2. To limit the authority to appropriate for expenditure or accumulate under
23 subsection 1, a gift instrument specifically must state the limitation.

24 3. Terms in a gift instrument designating a gift as an endowment, or a direction or
25 authorization in the gift instrument to use only "income", "interest", "dividends", or
26 "rents, issues, or profits", or "to preserve the principal intact", or words of similar
27 import create an endowment fund of permanent duration unless other language in
28 the gift instrument limits the duration or purpose of the fund and do not otherwise
29 limit the authority to appropriate for expenditure or accumulate under subsection 1.

30 4. The appropriation for expenditure in any year of an amount greater than seven
31 percent of the fair market value of an endowment fund, calculated on the basis of

1 market values determined at least quarterly and averaged over a period of not less
2 than three years immediately preceding the year in which the appropriation for
3 expenditure is made, creates a rebuttable presumption of imprudence. For an
4 endowment fund in existence for fewer than three years, the fair market value of
5 the endowment fund must be calculated for the period the endowment fund has
6 been in existence. This subsection does not:

- 7 a. Apply to an appropriation for expenditure permitted under law other than this
8 chapter or by the gift instrument; or
9 b. Create a presumption of prudence for an appropriation for expenditure of an
10 amount less than or equal to seven percent of the fair market value of the
11 endowment fund.

12 **SECTION 4. Management and investment functions - Delegation.**

- 13 1. Except as otherwise provided in a gift instrument or by law other than this chapter,
14 an institution may delegate to an external agent the management and investment
15 of an institutional fund to the extent that an institution could prudently delegate
16 under the circumstances. An institution shall act in good faith, with the care that an
17 ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar
18 circumstances, in:
- 19 a. Selecting an agent;
20 b. Establishing the scope and terms of the delegation, consistent with the
21 purposes of the institution and the institutional fund; and
22 c. Periodically reviewing the agent's actions in order to monitor the agent's
23 performance and compliance with the scope and terms of the delegation.
- 24 2. In performing a delegated function, an agent owes a duty to the institution to
25 exercise reasonable care to comply with the scope and terms of the delegation.
- 26 3. An institution that complies with subsection 1 is not liable for the decisions or
27 actions of an agent to which the function was delegated.
- 28 4. By accepting delegation of a management or investment function from an
29 institution that is subject to the laws of this state, an agent submits to the
30 jurisdiction of the courts of this state in all proceedings arising from or related to
31 the delegation or the performance of the delegated function.

1 5. An institution may delegate management and investment functions to its
2 committees, officers, or employees as authorized by law.

3 **SECTION 5. Release or modification of restrictions on management, investment,**
4 **or purpose.**

5 1. If the donor consents in a record, an institution may release or modify, in whole or
6 in part, a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment,
7 or purpose of an institutional fund. A release or modification may not allow a fund
8 to be used for a purpose other than a charitable purpose of the institution.

9 2. The court, upon application of an institution, may modify a restriction contained in a
10 gift instrument regarding the management or investment of an institutional fund if
11 the restriction has become impracticable or wasteful, if it impairs the management
12 or investment of the fund, or if, because of circumstances not anticipated by the
13 donor, a modification of a restriction will further the purposes of the fund. The
14 institution shall notify the attorney general of the application. The court shall
15 provide the attorney general with the opportunity to be heard. To the extent
16 practicable, any modification must be made in accordance with the donor's
17 probable intention.

18 3. If a particular charitable purpose or a restriction contained in a gift instrument on
19 the use of an institutional fund becomes unlawful, impracticable, impossible to
20 achieve, or wasteful, the court, upon application of an institution, may modify the
21 purpose of the fund or the restriction on the use of the fund in a manner consistent
22 with the charitable purposes expressed in the gift instrument. The institution shall
23 notify the attorney general of the application, and the court shall provide the
24 attorney general with the opportunity to be heard.

25 4. If an institution determines that a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the
26 management, investment, or purpose of an institutional fund is unlawful,
27 impracticable, impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the institution, sixty days after
28 notification to the attorney general, may release or modify the restriction, in whole
29 or part, if:

30 a. The institutional fund subject to the restriction has a total value of less than
31 twenty-five thousand dollars;

- 1 b. More than twenty years have elapsed since the fund was established; and
2 c. The institution uses the property in a manner consistent with the charitable
3 purposes expressed in the gift instrument.

4 **SECTION 6. Compliance - Determination.** Compliance with this chapter is
5 determined in light of the facts and circumstances existing at the time a decision is made or at
6 the time action is taken, and not by hindsight.

7 **SECTION 7. Application to existing institutional funds.** This chapter applies to
8 institutional funds existing on or established after the effective date of this Act. As applied to
9 institutional funds existing on the effective date of this Act, this chapter governs only decisions
10 made or actions taken on or after that date.

11 **SECTION 8. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce**
12 **Act.** This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and
13 National Commerce Act [15 U.S.C. 7001 et seq.] but does not modify, limit, or supersede
14 section 7001(a) of that Act, or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in
15 section 7003(b) of that Act.

16 **SECTION 9. REPEAL.** Chapter 15-67 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.

17 **SECTION 10. EMERGENCY.** This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.