Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2046

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Transportation Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 39-06.2-02, 39-06.2-07, 39-06.2-09,
- 2 39-06.2-09.1, 39-06.2-10, and 39-06.2-16 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to
- 3 commercial driver's licenses.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 39-06.2-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 7 **39-06.2-02. Definitions.**
- 8 As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
- 9 1. "Alcohol" means any substance containing any form of alcohol, including ethanol, methanol, propanol, and isopropanol.
- 11 2. "Alcohol concentration" means:
- 12 a. The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of blood;
- b. The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath; or
- 14 c. The number of grams of alcohol per sixty-seven milliliters of urine.
- 15 3. "Commercial driver's instruction permit" means a permit issued under subsection 4 of section 39-06.2-07.
- 17 4. "Commercial driver's license" means a license issued under this chapter which18 authorizes an individual to drive a class of commercial motor vehicle.
- 5. "Commercial driver's license information system" means the information system
 established under the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act to serve as a
 clearinghouse for locating information related to the licensing and identification of
 commercial motor vehicle drivers.
- 23 6. "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles designed or used to transport passengers or property:

intrastate only;

1 If the gross combination weight rating or gross combination weight is twenty-six 2 thousand one pounds [1179411793.40 kilograms] or more, whichever is greater, 3 provided the towed unit has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination 4 weight of more than ten thousand pounds [4536 kilograms], whichever is greater; 5 b. If the vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of more 6 than twenty-six thousand pounds [11793.40 kilograms] or such lesser rating as-7 determined by federal regulation, whichever is greater; 8 If the vehicle is designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the C. 9 driver; or 10 d. If the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials and is required to be placarded 11 in accordance with 49 CFR part 172, subpart F or any quantity of a material listed 12 as a select agent or toxin in 42 CFR part 73. 13 7. "Controlled substance" means any substance so classified under section 802(6) of the 14 Controlled Substances Act [21 U.S.C. 802(6)], and includes all substances listed on 15 schedules I through V, of 21 CFR part 1308, as they may be revised from time to time. 16 8. "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication of guilt, or a determination that a-17 personan individual has violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original 18 jurisdiction or an authorized administrative tribunal, an unvacated forfeiture of bail or 19 collateral deposited to secure the person's individual's appearance in court, the 20 payment of a fine or court cost, or violation of a condition of release without bail, 21 regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended, or probated. 22 9. "Disqualification" means a withdrawal of the privilege to drive a commercial motor 23 vehicle. 24 10. "Downgrade" means: 25 A state allows the driver to change the driver's self-certification to interstate, but a. 26 operating exclusively in transportation or operation excepted from 49 CFR 27 part 391, as provided in 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3; 28 A state allows the driver to change the driver's self-certification to intrastate only, b. 29 if the driver qualifies under the state's physical qualification requirements for

1 A state allows the driver to change the driver's certification to intrastate, but 2 operating exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all or part of 3 the state driver's qualification; or 4 d. A state removes the commercial driver's license privilege from the driver's 5 license. 6 11. "Drive" means to drive, operate, or be in physical control of a motor vehicle. 7 12. "Driver" means any personan individual who drives, operates, or is in physical control 8 of a commercial motor vehicle, or who is required to hold a commercial driver's 9 license. 10 13. "Driver's license" means a license issued by a state to an individual which authorizes 11 the individual to drive a motor vehicle. 12 14. "Drug" means any drug or substance or combination of drugs or substances which 13 renders a personan individual incapable of safely driving, and includes any controlled 14 substance. 15 15. "Electronic device" includes a cellular telephone, personal digital assistant, pager, 16 computer, or any other device used to input, write, send, receive, or read text. 17 16.14. "Employer" means any person, including the United States, a state, or a political 18 subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a-19 personan individual to drive a commercial motor vehicle. 20 17.15. "Fatality" means the death of a personan individual as a result of a motor vehicle 21 accident. 22 18.16. "Felony" means any offense under state or federal law which is punishable by death or 23 imprisonment for a term exceeding one year. 24 19.17. "Foreign jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction other than a state of the United States. 25 20.18. "Gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the 26 maximum loaded weight of a single or a combination (or articulated) vehicle. The 27 gross vehicle weight rating of a combination (or articulated) vehicle, (commonly 28 referred to as the "gross combination weight rating"), is the gross vehicle weight rating 29 of the power unit plus the gross vehicle weight rating or actual weight of the towed unit 30 or units.

1 "Hazardous materials" means any material that has been designated as hazardous 21.19. 2 under 49 U.S.C. 5103 and is required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 CFR 3 part 172 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 CFR 4 part 73. 5 22.20. "Imminent hazard" means the existence of a condition that presents a substantial 6 likelihood that death, serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial 7 endangerment to health, property, or the environment may occur before the 8 reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal proceeding begun to lessen the 9 risk of that death, illness, injury, or endangerment. 10 23.21. "Mobile telephone" means a mobile communication device that falls under or uses any 11 commercial mobile radio service, as defined in regulations of the federal 12 communications commission in 47 CFR 20.3. The term does not include two-way 13 and citizens band radio services. 14 <u>22.</u> "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle that is self-propelled, and every vehicle that is 15 propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires but not operated 16 upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human power and motorized wheelchairs. 17 24.23. "Noncommercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor 18 vehicles not defined by the term commercial motor vehicle. 19 25.24. "Nonresident Nondomiciled commercial driver's license" means a commercial driver's 20 license issued by a state to an individual domiciled in a foreign country meeting the 21 requirements of 49 CFR 383.23(b)(1). 22 26.25. "Out-of-service order" means a temporary prohibition against driving a commercial 23 motor vehicle. 24 27.26. "Serious traffic violation" means a conviction when operating a commercial motor 25 vehicle of: 26 Excessive speeding, involving a single charge of any speed fifteen miles a. 27 [24.14 kilometers] per hour or more, above the posted speed limit; 28 Reckless driving, as defined under section 39-08-03 or local ordinance, including b. 29 charges of driving a commercial motor vehicle in willful or wanton disregard for 30 the safety of personsan individual or property, improper or erratic traffic lane 31 changes, or following the vehicle ahead too closely;

1 A violation of any state or local law related to motor vehicle traffic control, other 2 than a parking violation, arising in connection with a fatal accident; 3 d. Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a commercial driver's 4 license or commercial driver's instruction permit; 5 Driving a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial driver's license or e. 6 commercial driver's instruction permit in the driver's possession. An individual 7 who provides proof to the enforcement authority that issued the citation, by the 8 date the individual must appear in court or pay a fine for such violation, that the 9 individual held a valid commercial driver's license or commercial driver's 10 instruction permit on the date the citation was issued, is not guilty of this offense; 11 Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper class of commercial 12 driver's license er, endorsement, or bothcommercial driver's instruction permit, for 13 the specific vehicle group being operated or for the passengers or type of cargo 14 being transported: or 15 Violating a state or local law or ordinance prohibiting texting while driving or g. 16 <u>Violating a state law-or ordinance of a political subdivision</u> on motor vehicle traffic <u>h.</u> 17 control restricting or prohibiting the use of a hand-held mobile telephone while 18 driving a commercial motor vehicle. 19 "State" means a state of the United States or the District of Columbia. 28.27. 20 <u>28.</u> "Tank vehicle" means any commercial motor vehicle that is designed to transport any 21 liquid or gaseous material within a tank having an individual rated capacity of more 22 than one hundred nineteen gallons [450.46 liters] and an aggregate rated capacity of 23 one thousand gallons [3785.41 liters] or more that is either permanently or temporarily 24 attached to the vehicle or the chassis. A commercial motor vehicle transporting an 25 empty storage container tank, not designed for transportation, with a rated capacity of 26 one thousand gallons [3785.41 liters] or more that is temporarily attached to a flatbed 27 trailer is not considered a tank vehicle. 28 29. "Texting" means manually entering alphanumeric text into, or reading text from, an 29 electronic device. This action includes short message service, e-mailing, instant 30 messaging, a command or request to access a worldwide web page, pressing more 31 than a single button to initiate or terminate a voice communication using a mobile

1 telephone or engaging in any other form of electronic text retrieval or entry, for present 2 or future communication. "Texting" does not include: 3 Reading, selecting, or entering a telephone number, an extension number, or 4 voice mail retrieval codes and commands into an electronic device for the 5 purpose of initiating or receiving a telephone call using voice commands to 6 initiate or receive a telephone callPressing a single button to initiate or terminate 7 a voice communication using a mobile telephone; 8 Inputting, selecting, or reading information on a global positioning system or b. 9 navigation system; or 10 Using a device capable of performing multiple functions, including fleet 11 management systems, dispatching devices, smartphones, citizens' band radios, 12 or music players, for a purpose that is not otherwise prohibited in 49 CFR 13 part 383. 14 30. "Third-party skills test examiner" means an individual employed by a third-party tester 15 who is authorized by the state to administer the skills tests in 49 CFR part 383, 16 subparts G and H. 17 <u>31.</u> "Third-party tester" means a person, including another state, a motor carrier, a private 18 driver training facility or other private institution, or a political subdivision authorized by 19 the state to employ skills test examiners to administer the skills tests in 49 CFR part 20 383, subparts G and H. 21 30.32. "United States" means the fifty states and the District of Columbia. 22 33. "Use a hand-held mobile telephone" means using at least one hand to hold a mobile 23 telephone to conduct a voice communication; dialing or answering a mobile telephone 24 by pressing more than a single button; or reaching for a mobile telephone in a manner 25 that requires a driver to maneuver so that the driver is no longer in a seated driving 26 position, restrained by a seatbelt that is installed under 49 CFR 393.93 and adjusted in 27 accordance with the vehicle manufacturer's instructions. 28 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.2-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is 29 amended and reenacted as follows: 30 39-06.2-07. Commercial driver's license qualification standards. 31 1. Testing.

1		a.	General. No personAn individual may not be issued a commercial driver's license					
2			unless that personindividual is a resident of this state and; has passed a					
3			knowledge and skills test, including a skills test administered by another state, for					
4			driving a commercial motor vehicle which complies with minimum federal					
5			standards established by federal regulations enumerated in 49 CFR part 383,					
6			subparts G and H ₇ ; and has satisfied all other requirements of state and federal					
7			law, including the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act in addition to other					
8		requirements imposed by state law or federal regulation. The tests must be						
9			prescribed and conducted by the director. The applicant mustshall pay a fee of					
0			five dollars for each of the tests.					
11	b. 2.	Thir	d-party testing. The director may authorize a person, including an agency of this or					
2		ano	ther state, an employer, a private driver's training facility, or other private					
3		insti	itution, or a department, agency, or instrumentality of local government, to					
4		administer the skills test specified by this section, providedthird-party testing, if:						
5	(1) a.	The test is the same as that which would otherwise be administered by thethis					
6			state; and					
7	(2	2) b.	The third party has entered into an agreement with this state which complies with					
8			requirements of 49 CFR part 383.75.					
9	2. 3.	Wai	ver of skills test. The director may waive the skills test specified in this section for a					
20		com	nmercial driver's license applicant who meets the requirements of 49 CFR					
21		part	383.77.					
22	3. 4.	Limitations on issuance of license. A commercial driver's license, or commercial						
23		driv	er's instruction permit, may not be issued to a personan individual while the					
24		personindividual is subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor						
25		vehicle, or while the person's individual's driver's license is suspended, revoked, or						
26		canceled in any state; nor may a. A commercial driver's license may not be issued to						
27		personan individual who has a commercial driver's license issued by any other state						
28		unless the personindividual first surrenders all such licensesthat license. The director						
29		sha	Il notify the issuing state of the surrender of the license.					

Commercial driver's instruction permit.

31

restrictions;

1 A commercial driver's instruction permit may be issued to an individual who holds 2 a valid class D driver'soperator's license who has passed the vision and written 3 tests required for an equivalent commercial driver's license. 4 b. The commercial driver's instruction permit may not be issued for a period to 5 exceed six monthsone hundred eighty days. Only one renewal or reissuance may 6 be granted within a two-year period. The director may issue a letter of authority 7 that authorizes the applicant to drive to a driver's license office, complete the 8 road test, and return home. The director may issue the letter of authority is used-9 after anif all allowable number of permits have been issued. The holder of a 10 commercial driver's instruction permit may, unless otherwise disqualified, may 11 drive a commercial motor vehicle only when accompanied by the holder of a 12 commercial driver's license valid for the type of vehicle driven who occupies a 13 seat beside the individual for the purpose of giving instruction in driving the 14 commercial motor vehicle. A holder of a permit is not eligible for a license until 15 that individual has had the permit issued for at least fourteen days. 16 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.2-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is 17 amended and reenacted as follows: 18 39-06.2-09. Commercial driver's license. 19 The commercial driver's license must be marked "commercial driver's license", and 20 must be, to the maximum extent practicable, tamper proof. ItThe license must include 21 the following information: 22 The name and residential address of the personindividual; a. 23 b. The person's individual's color photograph; 24 C. A physical description of the personindividual, including sex, height, and eye 25 color; 26 Date of birth; d. 27 A distinguishing number assigned to the personindividual; e. 28 f. The person's individual's signature; 29 The class or type of commercial motor vehicle or vehicles which the g.

personindividual is authorized to drive together with any endorsements or

- 1 h. The name of this state; and
 - The dates between which the license is valid.
 - 2. The director may issue a nonresidentnondomiciled commercial driver's license pursuant to the limitations of 49 CFR 383 including waiving the social security number requirement. The face of the license must be marked "nonresident" in accordance with 49 CFR 383.153(b)49 CFR 383.153(c).
 - 3. Commercial driver's licenses may be issued with the following classifications, endorsements, and restrictions; the. The holder of a valid commercial driver's license may drive all vehicles in the class for which that license is issued and all lesser classes of vehicles except motorcycles. Vehicles for which an endorsement is required may not be driven unless the proper endorsement appears on the license. The requirements of placarding vehicles transporting hazardous materials under subparagraph b of paragraph 3 of subdivision a and the endorsement required under paragraph 1 of subdivision b do not apply to a person who is the operator of a farm vehicle, provided such if the vehicle is controlled and operated by a farmer and used to transport hazardous materials in the form of farm supplies within one hundred fifty miles [241.40 kilometers] of the farm; and is not used in the operations of a common or contract carrier.
 - a. Classifications The classifications of commercial driver's licenses are:
 - (1) Class A class A license. AnyThis license allows the operation of any combination of vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than twenty-six thousand pounds [11793.40 kilograms], providedif the gross vehicle weight rating of the vehicles being towed is in excess of ten thousand pounds [4535.92 kilograms].
 - (2) ClassA class B license. AnyThis license allows the operation of a single vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than twenty-six thousand pounds [11793.40 kilograms], and any suchthis vehicle towing a vehicle not in excess of ten thousand pounds [4535.92 kilograms].
 - (3) ClassA class C license. AnyThis license allows the operation of a single vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of twenty-six thousand pounds [11793.40 kilograms] or less or any suchthis vehicle towing a vehicle with a

1				gros	s vehicle weight rating not in excess of ten thousand pounds [4535.92			
2				kilog	rams] comprising:			
3				(a)	Vehicles designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including			
4					the driver; and			
5				(b)	Vehicles used in the transportation of hazardous materials which			
6					requires the vehicle to be placarded under 49 CFR part 172,			
7					subpart F.			
8		b. Endorsements and restrictions include:						
9			(1)	"H" -	that authorizes the driver to drive a vehicle transporting hazardous			
10				mate	erials.			
11			(2)	"T" -	that authorizes driving double and triple trailers.			
12			(3)	"P" -	that authorizes driving vehicles carrying passengers.			
13			(4)	"N" -	that authorizes driving tank vehicles.			
14			(5)	"X" -	that authorizes driving combinations of tank vehicles and hazardous			
15				mate	erial vehicles.			
16			(6)	"S" -	that authorizes driving a schoolbus.			
17		<u>C.</u>	Oth	er rest	trictions may be placed upon a commercial driver's license, as provided			
18			in ur	nder se	ection 39-06-17. The applicant shall pay a fee of three dollars for each			
19			end	orsem	ent.			
20	4.	Before issuing a commercial driver's license, the director shall obtain driving record						
21		info	rmati	on thre	ough the commercial driver's license information system, the national			
22		driv	er's r	egiste	r, and from each state in which the person individual has been licensed.			
23	5.	Within ten days after issuing a commercial driver's license, the director shall notify the						
24		commercial driver's license information system of that fact, providing all information						
25		required to ensure identification of the personindividual.						
26	6.	A commercial driver's license issued under this chapter expires in the manner						
27		provided for operator's licenses under section 39-06-19.						
28	7.	Every personAn individual applying for renewal of a commercial driver's license must						
29		complete the application form required by subsection 1 of section 39-06.2-08,						
30		pro	viding	and p	rovide updated information and required certifications. If the For an			
31		арр	licant	wishe	es to retain a hazardous materials endorsement, the applicant must take			

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

and pass the written test for a hazardous materials endorsement must be taken and
 passed.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.2-09.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.2-09.1. Nonresident Nondomiciled commercial license.

- 1. The department may issue a nonresidentnondomiciled commercial driver's license to an applicant who does not present a social security card as required by section 39-06.2-08 but who otherwise meets the requirements for a nonresidentnondomiciled commercial driver's license. A license issued under this subsection is valid only during the period of time of the applicant's authorized stay in the United States. The license may be renewed only upon presentation of valid documentary evidence that the status has been extended. The department shall renew without a skills or knowledge test a nonresidentnondomiciled commercial license that has been expired for a duration not longer than one year.
- 2. The fee for a nonresident nondomiciled commercial driver's license is twenty dollars.
- **SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Section 39-06.2-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.2-10. Disqualification and cancellation.

- Disqualification offenses. Any personAn individual is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than one year if convicted of a first violation of:
 - a. Driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or drugs;
 - Leaving the scene of an accident involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by the personindividual in violation of section 39-08-04, 39-08-05, 39-08-07, or 39-08-09;
 - Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony as defined in this chapter;
 - d. Refusal to submit to a test to determine the driver's alcohol concentration while driving a commercial motor vehicle; or

- e. Driving or being in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of the person's individual's blood, breath, or urine is four one-hundredths of one percent or more by weight.
 - If any of the above violations occurred while transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded, the <u>personindividual</u> is disqualified for a period of not less than three years.
 - 2. <u>An individual is disqualified for a period of not less than one year if convicted of fraud related to the issuance of a commercial driver's permit or license.</u>
 - 3. A personAn individual is disqualified for life if convicted of two or more violations of any of the offenses specified in subsection 1, 78, 910, or 4112, or any combination of those offenses, arising from two or more separate incidents. Only offenses committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle after July 1, 1989, may be considered in applying this subsection. Only offenses committed while operating a noncommercial motor vehicle after August 1, 2003, may be considered in applying this subsection.
 - 3.4. The director may adopt rules under section 39-06.2-14, establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under subsections 23, 89, 1011, and 1213 may be reduced to a period of not less than ten years.
 - 4.5. A personAn individual is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life who uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance.
 - 5.6. A personAn individual is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than sixty days if convicted of two serious traffic violations, or one hundred twenty days if convicted of three serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.
 - 6.7. Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation:
 - a. A driver who is convicted of driving a commercial motor vehicle in violation of a federal, state, or local law or regulation pertaining to any one of the following six offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing is disqualified for the period of time specified in subdivision b:

1 (1) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to slow down and 2 check that the tracks are clear of an approaching train; 3 (2) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to stop before 4 reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear; 5 For drivers who are always required to stop, failing to stop before driving (3) 6 onto the crossing; 7 For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drive completely through (4) 8 the crossing without stopping: 9 For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or the directions of an (5) 10 enforcement official at the crossing; and 11 For all drivers, failing to negotiate a crossing because of insufficient 12 undercarriage clearance. 13 b. Duration of disqualification for a railroad-highway grade crossing violation: 14 First violation. A driver is disqualified for not less than sixty days if the driver 15 is convicted of a first violation of a railroad-highway grade crossing violation. 16 Second violation. A driver is disqualified for not less than one hundred (2) 17 twenty days if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of a 18 second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents. 19 Third or subsequent violation. A driver is disqualified for not less than one (3) 20 year if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of a third or 21 subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents. 22 7.8. For a first conviction of driving while under the influence of alcohol or being under the 23 influence of a controlled substance or refusal to be tested while operating a 24 noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial driver's licenseholderlicense 25 or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle 26 for one year. 27 8.9. For a second or subsequent conviction of driving while under the influence or being 28 under the influence of a controlled substance or refusal to be tested while operating a 29 noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial driver's licenseholderlicense 30 or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle 31 for life.

1 For a first conviction for leaving the scene of an accident while operating a 2 noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial driver's licenseholderlicense 3 or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle 4 for one year. 5 10.11. For a second or subsequent conviction for leaving the scene of an accident while 6 operating a noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial driver's 7 licenseholderlicense or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a 8 commercial motor vehicle for life. 9 11.12. For a first conviction for using a vehicle to commit a felony while operating a 10 noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial driver's licenseholderlicense 11 or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle 12 for one year. 13 12.13. For a second or subsequent conviction for using a vehicle to commit a felony while 14 operating a noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial driver's 15 licenseholderlicense or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a 16 commercial motor vehicle for life. 17 13.14. For a conviction for using a vehicle in the commission of a felony involving 18 manufacturing, distributing, or dispensing a controlled substance while operating a 19 commercial motor vehicle or a noncommercial motor vehicle, a holder of a commercial 20 driver's licenseholderlicense or instruction permit must be disqualified from operating a 21 commercial motor vehicle for life. 22 A personAn individual is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a 14.15. 23 period of not less than sixty days if convicted of any combination of two serious traffic 24 violations within a three-year period while operating a noncommercial motor vehicle, 25 and either conviction results in the revocation, cancellation, or suspension of an 26 operator's license, including a commercial driver's license. 27 15.16. A personAn individual is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a 28 period of not less than one hundred twenty days if convicted of any combination of 29 three or more serious traffic violations within a three-year period while operating a 30 noncommercial motor vehicle, and any of the convictions results in the revocation,

- cancellation, or suspension of an operator's license, including a commercial driver's license.
- 3 <u>16.17.</u> Notice and hearing. Prior to Before suspending, revoking, or disqualifying a driver under this section, the director must provide the driver with notice of opportunity for hearing, in accordance with section 39-06-33, and the hearing requested must be held in accordance with section 39-06-33.
- 7 47.18. After suspending, revoking, disqualifying, or canceling a commercial driver's license,
 8 the director shall update the director's records to reflect that action within ten days.
 9 After suspending, revoking, or canceling a nonresident commercial driver's privileges,
 10 the director shall notify the licensing authority of the state that issued the commercial
 11 driver's license or commercial driver's instruction permit within ten days.
 - **SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Section 39-06.2-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.2-16. Reciprocity.

- 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a personan individual may drive a commercial motor vehicle in this state if the personindividual has a valid commercial driver's license or commercial driver's license instruction permit issued by any state, or province or territory of Canada, or licencia federal de conductor issued by Mexico in accordance with the minimum federal standards for the issuance of a commercial motor vehicle driver's license, if the person's individual's license or permit is not suspended, revoked, or canceled, and if the person individual is not disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- 2. The director must give all out-of-state convictions full faith and credit if the driver is licensed by this state at the time of the conviction or becomes licensed by this state at a later time and treat them for sanctioning purposes under this chapter as if they occurred in this state. For purposes of this section, originals, photostatic copies, or electronic transmissions of the records of the driver's licensing or other authority of the other jurisdiction are sufficient evidence whether or not they are certified copies.