15.0291.03000

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

Introduced by

FIRST DRAFT:
Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for the Education Funding Committee
October 2014

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 15-39.1-28, 15.1-06-04, 15.1-09-47,
- 2 15.1-09-48, 15.1-27-03.1, 15.1-27-03.2, 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-27-04.2, 15.1-27-35.3, 15.1-27-45,
- 3 15.1-30-04, 15.1-36-02, 40-55-08, 40-55-09, 57-15-01.1, 57-15-14, 57-15-14.2, 57-15-17,
- 4 57-15-31, 57-19-01, 57-19-02, and 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the
- 5 determination of state aid payable to school districts; to repeal sections 15.1-27-04,
- 6 15.1-27-07.2, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20,
- 7 57-15-14.4, 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17.1, and 57-19-04 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota
- 8 Century Code, relating to the determination of state aid payable to school districts, school
- 9 district levies, and mill levy reduction grants; to provide for a transfer; and to provide for a
- 10 contingent transfer.

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11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15-39.1-28 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 15-39.1-28. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,
- 15 2012) Tax levy for teachers' retirement.

Any school district by a resolution of its school board may use the proceeds of levies, as permitted by section 57-15-14.2, for the purposes of meeting the district's contribution to the fund arising under this chapter and to provide the district's share, if any, of contribution to the fund for contracted employees of either a multidistrict special education board or another school district where the contracted employees are also providing services to the taxing school district.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Tax levy for teachers' retirement. Any school district by a resolution of its school board may levy a tax pursuant to subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2, the proceeds to be used for the purposes of meeting the district's contribution to the fund arising under this chapter and to

1	provide the district's share, if any, of contribution to the fund for contracted employees of either-								
2	a multid	multidistrict special education board or another school district where the contracted							
3	employe	employees are also providing services to the taxing school district.							
4	SEC	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-06-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
5	amende	amended and reenacted as follows:							
6	15.1	I-06-	04. S	chool calendar - Length.					
7	1.	Đur	ing th	ne 2009-10 school year, a school district shall provide for a school calendar of					
8		at le	east c	one hundred eighty days.					
9		a.	One	e hundred seventy-three days must be used for instruction;					
10		b.	Thr	ee days must be used for holidays, as selected by the school board in-					
11			con	sultation with district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b					
12			thre	ugh j of subsection 1 of section 15.1-06-02;					
13		C.	Up	to two days must be used for:					
14			(1)	Parent-teacher conferences; or					
15			(2)	Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside regular-					
16				school hours; and					
17		d.	Two	days must be used for professional development.					
18	2.	Đur	ing th	ne 2010-11 school year, a school district shall provide for a school calendar of					
19		at k	east c	one hundred eighty-one days.					
20		a.	One	hundred seventy-four days must be used for instruction;					
21		b.	Thr	ee days must be used for holidays, as selected by the board in consultation					
22			with	district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b through j of					
23			sub	section 1 of section 15.1-06-02;					
24		C.	Up	to two days must be used for:					
25			(1)	Parent-teacher conferences; or					
26			(2)	Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside of regular					
27				school hours; and					
28		d.	Two	days must be used for professional development.					
29	3.	Beg	jinnin	g with the 2011-12 school year, a					
30	<u>1.</u>	<u>A</u> s	chool	district shall provide for a school calendar of at least one hundred eighty-two-					
31		day	days.that includes:						

1 One At least one hundred seventy-five days must be used for of instruction; a. 2 Three days must be used for holidays, as selected by the board in consultation b. 3 with district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b through j of 4 subsection 1 of section 15.1-06-02; 5 Up to No more than two days must be used for: C. 6 Parent-teacher conferences; or 7 Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside of regular (2) 8 school hours; and 9 Two days must be used for At least two days of professional development d. <u>(1)</u> 10 during the 2015-16 school year; and 11 At least three days of professional development, beginning with the 2016-17 <u>(2)</u> 12 school year. 13 4.2. A day forof professional development must consist of: a. 14 Six hours of professional development, exclusive of meals and other breaks. (1) a. 15 conducted within a single day; or 16 Two four-hour periods of professional development, exclusive of meals and b. (2) 17 other breaks, conducted over two days. 18 5. <u>b.</u> If a school district offers a four-hour period of professional development, as 19 permitted in subdivision b ofthis subsection-4, the school district may schedule 20 instruction during other available hours on that same day and be credited with 21 providing one-half day of instruction to students. This subsectionsubdivision does 22 not apply unless the one-half day of instruction equals at least one-half of the 23 time required for a full day of instruction, as defined in this section. 24 6. In meeting the requirements for two days of professional development under this a. 25 section, a school district may require that its teachers attend the North Dakota-26 education association instructional conference and may pay teachers for 27 attending the conference, provided their attendance is verified. 28 In meeting the requirements for two days of professional development under this b. 29 section, a school district may consider attendance at the North Dakota education 30 association instructional conference to be optional, elect not to pay teachers for

1			atte	ending the instructional conference, and instead direct any resulting savings
2			tow	ard providing alternate professional development opportunities.
3		C.	A so	chool district may not require the attendance of teachers in school or at any
4			sch	ool-sponsored, school-directed, school-sanctioned, or school-related activities
5			and	may not schedule classroom instruction time nor alternate professional
6			dev	elopment activities on any day that conflicts with the North Dakota education
7			ass	ociation instructional conference.
8	7.	Be	ginnin	g with the 2010-11 school year, if a school district elects to provide an
9		opt	ional	third day of professional development, the school district shall do so by:
10		a.	Med	eting the requirements for a day of professional development as set forth in
11			sub	section 4; or
12		b.	Sho	ortening four instructional days, for the purpose of providing for two-hour-
13			peri	iods of professional development, provided:
14			(1)	Each instructional day on which such professional development occurs
15				includes at least four hours of instruction for kindergarten and elementary
16				students and four and one-half hours for high school students;
17			(2)	The instructional time for each course normally scheduled on that day is
18				reduced proportionately or the daily schedule is reconfigured to ensure that
19				the same course is not subject to early dismissal more than one time per-
20				school calendar, as a result of this subdivision; and
21			(3)	All teachers having a class dismissed as a result of this subdivision are
22				required to be in attendance and participate in the professional
23				development.
24	8.	a.	lf a	school's calendar provides for an extension of each schoolday beyond the
25			stat	utorily required minimum number of hours, and if the extensions when
26			agg	regated over an entire school year amount to more than eighty-four hours of
27			add	litional classroom instruction during the school year, the school is exempt from
28			hav	ing to make up six hours of instruction time lost as a result of weather-related
29			clos	sure. In order to make up lost classroom instruction time beyond the six hours,
30			the	school must extend its normal school calendar day by at least thirty minutes.

1		b.	A school that does not qualify under the provisions of this subsection must extend
2			its normal schoolday by at least thirty minutes to make up classroom instruction-
3			time lost as a result of weather-related closure.
4	c. 3.	If b	ecause of weather a school must dismiss before completing a full day of
5		inst	ruction, the school is responsible for making up only those hours and portions of an
6		hou	ir between the time of early dismissal and the conclusion of a full day of classroom
7		inst	ruction.
8	9. 4.	For	purposes of this section, a full day of instruction consists of:
9		a.	At least five and one-half hours for kindergarten and elementary students, during
10			which time the students are required to be in attendance for the purpose of
11			receiving curricular instruction; and
12		b.	At least six hours for high school students, during which time the students are
13			required to be in attendance for the purpose of receiving curricular instruction.
14	SEC	CTIO	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-47 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amende	d an	d reenacted as follows:
16	15.1	-09-	47. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,
17	2012) B	oard	of education of city of Fargo - Taxing authority.
18	The	boa	d of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes within the requirements or
19	limitatio	ns of	this title and title 57.
20	(Eff	ectiv	e after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board
21	of educ	atior	n of city of Fargo - Taxing authority.
22	1.	The	board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes, as necessary for any of the
23		follo	owing purposes:
24		a.	To purchase, exchange, lease, or improve sites for schools.
25		b.	To build, purchase, lease, enlarge, alter, improve, and repair schools and their
26			appurtenances.
27		C.	To procure, exchange, improve, and repair school apparati, books, furniture, and
28			appendages, but not the furnishing of textbooks to any student whose parent is
29			unable to furnish the same.
30		d-	To provide fuel

- 1 e. To defray the contingent expenses of the board, including the compensation of employees.
 - f. To pay teacher salaries after the application of public moneys, which may by lawbe appropriated and provided for that purpose.
 - 2. The question of authorizing or discontinuing the unlimited taxing authority of the board of education of the city of Fargo must be submitted to the qualified electors of the Fargo school district at the next regular election upon resolution of the board of education or upon filing with the board a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to twenty percent of the individuals enumerated in the most recent school district census. However, if the electors approve a discontinuation of the unlimited taxing authority, their approval of the discontinuation may not affect the tax levy effective for the calendar year in which the election is held. In addition, the minimum levy may not be less than the levy that was in force at the time of the election. The board may increase its levy in accordance with section 57-15-01. If the district experiences growing enrollment, the board may increase the levy by an amount equal to the amount levied the preceding year per student times the number of additional students enrolled during the new year.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-09-48. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board of education of city of Fargo - Tax collection.

- 1. The board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and cause the taxes to be collected in the same manner as other city taxes, provided the taxes meet the requirements or limitations of this title and title 57. The business manager of the board of education shall certify the rate for each purpose to the city auditor in time to be added to the annual tax list of the city.
- The city auditor shall calculate and extend upon the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education. The tax must be collected in the same manner as other city taxes.
- 3. If the city council fails to levy any tax for city purposes or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the board of education may make an assessment roll and

1	tax list and submit the roll to the city auditor with a warrant for the collection of the tax.							
2	The board of education may cause the tax to be collected in the same manner as							
3	other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by resolution of the board.							
4	(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board							
5	of educ	atior	of city of Fargo - Tax collection. The board of education of the city of Fargo has					
6	the pow	er to	levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and to cause					
7	such tax	xes to	be collected in the same manner as other city taxes. The board of education shall					
8	cause t l	he rat	e for each purpose to be certified by the business manager to the city auditor in-					
9	time to	be ad	ded to the annual tax list of the city. It is the duty of the city auditor to calculate and					
10	extend	upon	the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education.					
11	The tax	must	be collected as other city taxes are collected. If the city council fails to levy any tax					
12	for city	purpo	ses or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the board of					
13	education	on ma	ay cause an assessment roll and tax list to be made and submit the roll to the city					
14	auditor	with a	warrant for the collection of the tax. The board of education may cause the tax to					
15	be colle	cted	in the same manner as other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by					
16	resolution	on of	the board.					
17	SEC	CTIO	N 5. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
18	amende	ed and	d reenacted as follows:					
19	15.	1-27-0	03.1. (Effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015) Weighted average daily					
20	membe	rship	o - Determination.					
21	1.	For	each school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:					
22		a.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer					
23			program;					
24		b.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended					
25			educational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;					
26		C.	0.60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education					
27			program;					
28		d.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based					
29			education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;					
30		e.	0.30 the number of full-time equivalent students who:					

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1		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
2		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
3		of six categories of proficiency; and
4		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
5	f.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an alternative high
6		school;
7	g.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
8		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
9	h.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
10		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
11		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
12		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
13		of six categories of proficiency; and
14		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
15	i.	0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
16		special education program;
17	j.	0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight
18		enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen
19		hours per week;
20	k.	0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district
21		has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and
22		the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square
23		miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area
24		greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than
25		fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an
26		enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership;
27	l.	0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
28		support the provision of special education services;
29	m.	0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
30		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
31		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed

1			in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the
2			third of six categories of proficiency;
3		(2)	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and
4		(3)	Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than
5			three years;
6	+	n. 0.0	025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
7		stu	idents in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year
8		a∨	erage percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for
9		fre	e or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act
10		[42	2 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.];
11	•	э . 0.6	003 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each
12		pu	blic school in the district that:
13		(1)	Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system;
14		(2)	Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool
15			student information system; or
16		(3)	Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current
17			school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated; and
18	ł	9. 0. 0	002 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school
19		dis	strict that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting
20		the	e requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.
21	2.	The sup	perintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
22	ί	average	e daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
23	•	district's	s average daily membership.
24	(Effec	etive af	ter June 30, 2015) Weighted average daily membership - Determination.
25	1. i	For eac	h school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
26	ί	a . 1.0	00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer
27		pro	ogram;
28	b. g	<u>a.</u> 1.0	00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
29		ed	ucational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
30	c. <u>l</u>	<u>b.</u> 0.6	60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
31		pro	ogram, including a migrant summer education program;

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1	d.	0.50 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
2		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
3	<u>e.c.</u>	0.300.40 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
4		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
5		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
6		of six categories of proficiency; and
7		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
8	<u>d.</u>	0.27 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
9		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
0		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
11		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
2		of six categories of proficiency; and
3		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
4	f. e.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students under the age of twenty-one,
5		enrolled in grades nine through twelve in an alternative high school;
6	g.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering-
7		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
8	h.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
9		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
20		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
21		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
22		of six categories of proficiency; and
23		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
24	<u>f.</u>	0.20 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
25		students in average daily membership in kindergarten through grade three, which
26		is equivalent to the three-year average percentage of students in grades three
27		through eight who are eligible for free or reduced lunches under the Richard B.
28		Russell National School Lunch Act [42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.];
29	<u>g.</u>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
30		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23:

1 0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood i.h. 2 special education program; 3 0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students, in grades six through eight, 4 enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen 5 hours per week; 6 0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district j. 7 has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and 8 the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square 9 miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area 10 greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than 11 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an 12 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership; 13 k. 0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to 14 support the provision of special education services: 15 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who: 16 On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of 17 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed 18 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the 19 third of six categories of proficiency; 20 Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and (2) 21 (3) Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than 22 three years; 23 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of m. 24 students in average daily membership in grades four through twelve which is 25 equivalent to the three-year average percentage of students in grades three 26 through eight who are eligible for free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. 27 Russell National School Lunch Act [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.]; 28 0.006 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each 29 public school in the district that: 30 Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system;

1		(2)	Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool
2			student information system; or
3		(3)	Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current
4			school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated;
5	<u>n.</u>	0.01	the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
6		supp	port the provision of a third day of professional development activities;
7	<u>0.</u>	0.00	5 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
8		supp	port the provision of a fourth day of professional development activities;
9	<u>p.</u>	0.00	5 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
0		supp	port the provision of a fifth day of professional development activities; and
11	o. q.	0.00	40.0022 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a
2		scho	ool district that is a participating member of a regional education association
3		mee	ting the requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.
4	2. The	supe	rintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
5	ave	rage (daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
6	dist	rict's a	average daily membership, subject to any additional criteria set forth in this
7	sub	sectio	<u>n.</u>
8	<u>a.</u>	A stu	udent in grades six through eight, who qualifies for funding based on the
9		stud	ent's enrollment in an alternative education program, as provided for in
20		subo	division i of subsection 1, may not be included in the number of students for
21		who	m funding is provided in accordance with subdivision f of subsection 1.
22	<u>b.</u>	<u>A stu</u>	udent who qualifies for funding based on the student's enrollment in a
23		prog	ram of instruction for English language learners, as provided for in
24		subo	divisions c, d, or I of subsection 1, may be included in the number of students
25		for v	whom funding is provided in accordance with subdivision f of subsection 1.
26	<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	factors available to support the provision of professional development
27		<u>activ</u>	rities, as provided for in subdivisions m through o of subsection 1, are
28		appl	icable only if the superintendent of public instruction has preapproved the
29		prof	essional development activities, in accordance with rules established by the
30		supe	erintendent. The rules must address content, qualifications of presenters, and
31		the a	application process for approval.

1	SECT	ION	6. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
2	amended and reenacted as follows:							
3	15.1-2	15.1-27-03.2. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School district size weighting factor -						
4	Weighted	ted student units.						
5	1. F	For e	each high school district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall					
6	a	assig	gn a school district size weighting factor of:					
7	a	a.	1.35 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125;					
8	k	b.	1.34 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer					
9			than 130;					
10	(C.	1.33 if the students in average daily membership number at least 130 but fewer					
11			than 135;					
12	C	d.	1.32 if the students in average daily membership number at least 135 but fewer					
13			than 140;					
14	ϵ	е.	1.31 if the students in average daily membership number at least 140 but fewer					
15			than 145;					
16		f.	1.30 if the students in average daily membership number at least 145 but fewer					
17			than 150;					
18	g	g.	1.29 if the students in average daily membership number at least 150 but fewer					
19			than 155;					
20	ŀ	h.	1.28 if the students in average daily membership number at least 155 but fewer					
21			than 160;					
22		i.	1.27 if the students in average daily membership number at least 160 but fewer					
23			than 165;					
24		j.	1.26 if the students in average daily membership number at least 165 but fewer					
25			than 175;					
26	ŀ	k.	1.25 if the students in average daily membership number at least 175 but fewer					
27			than 185;					
28		I.	1.24 if the students in average daily membership number at least 185 but fewer					
29			than 200;					
30	m	n.	1.23 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200 but fewer					
31			than 215;					

1 1.22 if the students in average daily membership number at least 215 but fewer 2 than 230; 3 Ο. 1.21 if the students in average daily membership number at least 230 but fewer 4 than 245; 5 1.20 if the students in average daily membership number at least 245 but fewer p. 6 than 260; 7 1.19 if the students in average daily membership number at least 260 but fewer q. 8 than 270; 9 1.18 if the students in average daily membership number at least 270 but fewer 10 than 275; 11 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 275 but fewer 12 than 280; 13 1.16 if the students in average daily membership number at least 280 but fewer 14 than 285; 15 1.15 if the students in average daily membership number at least 285 but fewer u. 16 than 290; 17 1.14 if the students in average daily membership number at least 290 but fewer 18 than 295; 19 1.13 if the students in average daily membership number at least 295 but fewer W. 20 than 300; 21 1.12 if the students in average daily membership number at least 300 but fewer Χ. 22 than 305; 23 1.11 if the students in average daily membership number at least 305 but fewer 24 than 310; 25 1.10 if the students in average daily membership number at least 310 but fewer Z. 26 than 320; 27 1.09 if the students in average daily membership number at least 320 but fewer aa. 28 than 335; 29 bb. 1.08 if the students in average daily membership number at least 335 but fewer 30 than 350;

1 1.07 if the students in average daily membership number at least 350 but fewer CC. 2 than 360; 3 dd. 1.06 if the students in average daily membership number at least 360 but fewer 4 than 370; 5 1.05 if the students in average daily membership number at least 370 but fewer ee. 6 than 380; 7 ff. 1.04 if the students in average daily membership number at least 380 but fewer 8 than 390; 9 1.03 if the students in average daily membership number at least 390 but fewer gg. 10 than 400; 11 1.02 if the students in average daily membership number at least 400 but fewer hh. 12 than 600; 13 1.01 if the students in average daily membership number at least 600 but fewer ii. 14 than 900; and 15 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 900. 16 2. For each elementary district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall 17 assign a weighting factor of: 18 a. 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125; 19 b. 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer 20 than 200; and 21 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200. 22 3. The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied 23 by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted 24 student units. 25 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the school district size weighting factor 26 assigned to a district may not be less than the factor arrived at when the highest 27 number of students possible in average daily membership is multiplied by the school 28 district size weighting factor for the subdivision immediately preceding the district's 29 actual subdivision and then divided by the district's average daily membership. 30 (Effective after June 30, 2015) School district size weighting factor - Weighted

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student units.

1	1.	For	each high school district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall
2		ass	ign a school district size weighting factor of:
3		a.	1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 185;
4		b.	1.24 if the students in average daily membership number at least 185 but fewer
5			than 200;
6		C.	1.23 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200 but fewer
7			than 215;
8		d.	1.22 if the students in average daily membership number at least 215 but fewer
9			than 230;
10		e.	1.21 if the students in average daily membership number at least 230 but fewer
11			than 245;
12		f.	1.20 if the students in average daily membership number at least 245 but fewer
13			than 260;
14		g.	1.19 if the students in average daily membership number at least 260 but fewer
15			than 270;
16		h.	1.18 if the students in average daily membership number at least 270 but fewer
17			than 275;
18		į.	1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 275 but fewer-
19			than 280;
20		j.	1.16 if the students in average daily membership number at least 280 but fewer
21			than 285;
22		k.	1.15 if the students in average daily membership number at least 285 but fewer
23			than 290;
24		Į.	1.14 if the students in average daily membership number at least 290 but fewer
25			than 295;
26		m.	1.13 if the students in average daily membership number at least 295 but fewer-
27			than 300;
28		n.	1.12 if the students in average daily membership number at least 300 but fewer-
29			than 305;
30		0.	1.11 if the students in average daily membership number at least 305 but fewer-
31			than 310;

1 1.10 if the students in average daily membership number at least 310 but fewer-2 than 320; 3 1.09 if the students in average daily membership number at least 320 but fewer-q. 4 than 335; 5 1.08 if the students in average daily membership number at least 335 but fewer-r. 6 than 350; 7 1.07 if the students in average daily membership number at least 350 but fewer-S. 8 than 360; 9 1.06 if the students in average daily membership number at least 360 but fewer-10 than 370; 11 1.05 if the students in average daily membership number at least 370 but fewer-12 than 380; 13 1.04 if the students in average daily membership number at least 380 but fewer-14 than 390: 15 1.03 if the students in average daily membership number at least 390 but fewer-₩. 16 than 400; 17 1.02 if the students in average daily membership number at least 400 but fewer-X. 18 than 600; 19 1.01 if the students in average daily membership number at least 600 but fewer-y. 20 than 900; and 21 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 900. Z. 22 2. For each elementary district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall-23 assign a weighting factor of: 24 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125; a. 25 b. 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer-26 than 200; and 27 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200. 28 The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied 3. 29 by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted 30 student units.

1	4.	No	twiths	tanding the provisions of this section, the school district size weighting factor-
2		ass	signed	I to a district may not be less than the factor arrived at when the highest
3		nur	nber (of students possible in average daily membership is multiplied by the school
4		dis	trict si	ze weighting factor for the subdivision immediately preceding the district's
5		act	ual s u	ubdivision and then divided by the district's average daily membership.
6	SEC	СТІО	N 7. A	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	amende	ed an	d reer	nacted as follows:
8	15.1	1-27-	04.1.	(Effective through June 30, 2015) Baseline funding - Establishment -
9	Determ	inati	on of	state aid.
10	1.	In d	order t	to determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the
11		sup	perinte	endent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A
12		dis	trict's	baseline funding consists of:
13		a.	Alls	state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
14			201	2-13 school year;
15		b.	The	e district's 2012-13 mill levy reduction grant, as determined in accordance with
16			cha	pter 57-64, as it existed on June 30, 2013;
17		C.	An a	amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 general fund levy or that
18			rais	ed by one hundred ten mills of the district's 2012 general fund levy, whichever
19			is le	ess;
20		d.	An a	amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 long-distance learning and
21			edu	cational technology levy;
22		e.	An a	amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 alternative education
23			prog	gram levy; and
24		f.	An a	amount equal to:
25			(1)	Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district and
26				reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial
27				accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of
28				public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
29			(2)	Seventy-five percent of all mineral revenue received by the school district
30				through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under
31				code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and

1			reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instructi	on
2			in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;	
3		(3	Seventy-five percent of all tuition received by the school district and	
4			reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial	
5			accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of	of
6			public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the except	tion
7			of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational prog	ram
8			provided at a residential treatment facility and tuition received for the	
9			provision of an adult farm management program;	
10		(4	Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from	
11			payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission of electric	
12			power;	
13		(5	Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from	
14			payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from sources other that	an
15			coal;	
16		(6	All revenue received by the school district from mobile home taxes;	
17		(7	Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from t	he
18			leasing of land acquired by the United States for which compensation is	i
19			allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);	
20		3)	All telecommunications tax revenue received by the school district; and	
21		(9	All revenue received by the school district from payments in lieu of taxes	S
22			and state reimbursement of the homestead credit and disabled veterans	3
23			credit.	
24	2.	The su	erintendent shall divide the district's total baseline funding by the district's	
25		2012-1	weighted student units in order to determine the district's baseline funding	g pe
26		weight	d student unit.	
27	3.	a. Ir	2013-14, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student u	nits-
28		b	eight thousand eight hundred ten dollars.	
29		(1	The superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is	s at
30			least equal to the greater of:	

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1				(a)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per
2					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
3					the district's 2013-14 weighted student units; or
4				(b)	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding as established
5					in subsection 1.
6			(2)	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product-
7				does	s not exceed one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding
8				per \	weighted student unit multiplied by the district's 2013-14 weighted
9				stud	ent units, as established in subsection 2.
10		b.	ln 2	014-1	5, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units-
11			by r	nine th	ousand ninety-two dollars.
12			(1)	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
13				leas	t equal to the greater of:
14				(a)	One hundred four percent of the district's baseline funding per
15					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
16					the district's 2014-15 weighted student units; or
17				(b)	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding as established
18					in subsection 1.
19			(2)	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
20				does	s not exceed one hundred twenty percent of the district's baseline
21				fund	ing per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied
22				by t h	ne district's 2014-15 weighted student units.
23	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>In 2</u>	<u>015-1</u>	6, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
24			<u>by r</u>	nine th	ousand four hundred eighty-two dollars.
25			<u>(1)</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
26				<u>leas</u>	t equal to the greater of:
27				<u>(a)</u>	One hundred six percent of the district's baseline funding per
28					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
29					the district's 2015-16 weighted student units; or
30				<u>(b)</u>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding, as established
31					in subsection 1.

1			<u>(2)</u>	The:	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
2				does	not exceed one hundred thirty percent of the district's baseline funding
3				per v	veighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the
4				<u>distri</u>	ct's 2015-16 weighted student units.
5		<u>b.</u>	<u>In 2</u>	016-17	7, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
6			<u>by n</u>	ine th	ousand seven hundred sixty-six dollars.
7			<u>(1)</u>	The:	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
8				<u>least</u>	equal to the greater of:
9				<u>(a)</u>	One hundred eight percent of the district's baseline funding per
10					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
11					the district's 2016-17 weighted student units; or
12				<u>(b)</u>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding, as established
13					in subsection 1.
14			<u>(2)</u>	The:	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
15				does	not exceed one hundred forty percent of the district's baseline funding
16				per v	veighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the
17				<u>distri</u>	ct's 2015-16 weighted student units.
18	4.	Afte	er dete	erminii	ng the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
19		pub	lic ins	structio	on shall:
20		a.	Sub	tract a	in amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
21			scho	ool dis	trict, provided that after 2013, the amount in dollars subtracted for
22			purp	oses	of this subdivision may not exceed the previous year's amount in
23			dolla	ars sul	btracted for purposes of this subdivision by more than twelve percent;
24			and		
25		b.	Sub	tract a	an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenues listed in
26			para	agraph	s 1 through 5, and 7 of subdivision f of subsection 1 and one hundred
27			perc	ent of	all revenues listed in paragraphs 6, 8, and 9 of subdivision f of
28			subs	section	า 1.
29	5.	The	amo	unt rei	maining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
30		amo	ount c	of state	e aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
31		rea	uirem	ents o	r limitations.

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	209.0.0				
1	SECTION	8. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
2	amended and reenacted as follows:				
3	15.1-27-0	4.2. (Effective through June 30, 2015) State aid - Minimum local effort -			
4	Determination	on.			
5	If a distric	ct's taxable valuation per student is less than twenty percent of the state average			
6	valuation per	student, the superintendent of public instruction, for purposes of determining state			
7	aid in accorda	ance with section 15.1-27-04.1, shall utilize an amount equal to sixty mills times			
8	twenty percer	nt of the state average valuation per student multiplied by the number of weighted			
9	student units	in the district.			
0	SECTION	9. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-35.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
11	amended and	reenacted as follows:			
2	15.1-27-3	5.3. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Payments to school districts -			
3	Unobligated	general fund balance.			
4	1. a.	The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the amount of payments			
5		due a school district and shall subtract from that the amount by which the			
6		unobligated general fund balance of the district on the preceding June thirtieth is			
7		in excess of forty-five percent of its actual expenditures, plus twenty thousand			
8		dollars.			
9	b.	Beginning July 1, 2015, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine			
20		the amount of payments due to a school district and shall subtract from that the			
21		amount by which the unobligated general fund balance of the district on the			
22		preceding June thirtieth is in excess of forty percent of its actual expenditures,			
23		plus twenty thousand dollars.			
24	e. <u>b.</u>	Beginning July 1, 2017, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine			
25		the amount of payments due to a school district and shall subtract from that the			
26		amount by which the unobligated general fund balance of the district on the			
27		preceding June thirtieth is in excess of thirty-five percent of its actual			
28		expenditures, plus twenty thousand dollars.			

In making the determination required by subsection 1, the superintendent of public-

instruction may not include in a district's unobligated general fund balance any-

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1		moneys that were received by the district from the federal education jobs fund-
2		program.
3	3. 2.	For purposes of this section, a district's unobligated general fund balance includes all
4		moneys in the district's miscellaneous fund, as established under section 57-15-14.2.
5	(Eff	ective after June 30, 2015) Payments to school districts - Unobligated general
6	fund ba	lance.
7	1.	The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the amount of payments due a
8		school district and shall subtract from that the amount by which the unobligated
9		general fund balance of the district on the preceding June thirtieth is in excess of
0		forty-five percent of its actual expenditures, plus twenty thousand dollars.
11	2.	In making the determination required by subsection 1, the superintendent of public
2		instruction may not include in a district's unobligated general fund balance any
3		moneys that were received by the district from the federal education jobs fund-
4		program.
5	SEC	TION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-45 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
7	15.1	-27-45. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Property tax relief fund.
8	1.	a. The property tax relief fund is a special fund in the state treasury. On July 1,
9		2013, the state treasurer shall change the name of the property tax relief sustainability
20		fund established under section 57-64-05 to the property tax relief fund, as established
21		by this section, and any unobligated balance in the property tax relief sustainability
22		fund must be retained in the property tax relief fund.
23		b. The legislative council shall change the name of the property tax relief-
24		sustainability fund to the property tax relief fund in the North Dakota Century-
25		Code, in its supplements, and in all statutory compilations generated as a result-
26		of action by the sixty-third legislative assembly.
27	2.	Moneys in the property tax relief fund may be expended pursuant to legislative
28		appropriations for property tax relief programs.
29	3.	On or before the third Monday in each January, February, March, April, August,
30		September, October, November, and December, the office of management and budget

shall certify to the superintendent of public instruction the amount of the property tax

1	relie	ef fun	d. The superintendent shall include the amount certified in determining the
2	stat	e aid	payments to which each school district is entitled under chapter 15.1-27.
3	SECTIO	N 11.	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-30-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amended and	d reer	nacted as follows:
5	15.1-30-	04. (E	ffective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,
6	2012) Provis	sion c	of meals and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted.
7	Instead o	of prov	viding transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the
8	district can a	ttend	school in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to
9	the student's	parei	nt for costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a
10	location othe	r than	the student's residence.
11	(Effectiv	e afte	er the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)
12	Provision of	mea	Is and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted - Levy.
13	Instead of pro	əvidin	g transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the district
14	can attend so	chool	in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to the
15	student's par	ent fo	r costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a
16	location othe	r than	the student's residence. A school district that furnishes either transportation-
17	or an allowar	nce fo	r the provision of meals and lodging for a student under this section may levy
18	a tax pursuai	nt to s	subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2 for this purpose.
19	SECTIO	N 12.	AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
20	amended and	d reer	nacted as follows:
21	15.1-36-0	02. (E	ffective through June 30, 2015) School construction projects -
22	Loans loans	- Rev	<u>rolving fund</u> .
23	1. <u>a.</u>	In o	rder to provide school construction loans, the board of university and school
24		land	Is mayshall authorize the use of moneys in the school construction loan fund,
25		whic	ch is a revolving fund. The fund consists of:
26	a.	<u>(1)</u>	Fifty million dollars, or so much of that amount as may be necessary, which
27			had been made available for school construction loans beginning in 1979
28			and is transferred from the coal development trust fund, established
29			pursuant to section 21 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota and
30			subsection 1 of section 57-62-02; and

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1		b.	<u>(2)</u>	One hundred fifty million dollars, which had been made available for school
2				construction loans beginning on July 1, 2013, and is transferred from the
3				strategic investment and improvements fund, established pursuant to
4				section 15-08.1-08;
5			<u>(3)</u>	One hundred twenty-five million dollars, or so much of the amount as is
6				necessary, transferred in accordance with section 24 of this Act, from the
7				strategic investment and improvements fund, established pursuant to
8				section 15-08.1-08;
9			<u>(4)</u>	Any other amounts transferred during the 2015-17 biennium in accordance
10				with section 25 of this Act; and
11			<u>(5)</u>	Any other amounts transferred by the legislative assembly.
12		<u>b.</u>	Noty	withstanding any other provisions of law, the dollars provided for in
13			para	agraph 3 of subdivision a may be made available only to those school districts
14			that	meet the requirements of this section and demonstrate an increase in their
15			aver	rage daily membership during each of the preceding three school years.
16	2.	In o	rder t	o be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall:
17		a.	Prop	pose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an
18			expe	ected utilization of at least thirty years;
19		b.	Obta	ain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction
20			proje	ect under section 15.1-36-01; and
21		C.	Sub	mit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all
22			infor	mation deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential
23			alter	native sources or methods of financing the construction project.
24	3.	If ar	n eligi	ble school district's taxable valuation per student is less than eighty percent
25		of th	ne sta	te average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:
26		a.	A so	shool construction loan equal to the lesser of twenty million dollars or ninety
27			perc	ent of the actual project cost;
28		b.	An i	nterest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than four
29			hund	dred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
30		C.	A te	rm of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.

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- If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least eighty
 percent but less than ninety percent of the state average taxable valuation per
 student, the district is entitled to receive:
 - a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of fifteen million dollars or eighty percent of the actual project cost;
 - An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than three hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
 - c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.
 - 5. If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least ninety percent of the state average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:
 - A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy percent of the actual project cost;
 - b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than three hundred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
 - c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.
 - 6. The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent.
 - 7. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01.
 - 8. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance with the requirements of this section. A school district's interest rate may not be less than one percent, regardless of any rate discount for which the district might otherwise qualify under this section.
 - 9. a. If a school district seeking a loan under this section received an allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax during the previous fiscal year, in accordance with chapter 57-51, the board of the district shall provide to the board of

1 university and school lands, and to the state treasurer, its evidence of 2 indebtedness indicating that the loan originated under this section. 3 b. If the evidence of indebtedness is payable solely from the school district's 4 allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax, in accordance with section 5 57-51-15, the loan does not constitute a general obligation of the school district 6 and may not be considered a debt of the district. 7 If a loan made to a school district is payable solely from the district's allocation of C. 8 the oil and gas gross production tax, in accordance with section 57-51-15, the 9 terms of the loan must require that the state treasurer withhold the dollar amount 10 or percentage specified in the loan agreement, from each of the district's oil and 11 gas gross production tax allocations, in order to repay the principal and interest of 12 the evidence of indebtedness. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount 13 withheld into the fund from which the loan originated. 14 Any evidence of indebtedness executed by the board of a school district under d. 15 this subsection is a negotiable instrument and not subject to taxation by the state 16 or any political subdivision of the state. 17 10. For purposes of this section, a "construction project" means the purchase, lease, 18 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the 19 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority. 20 (Effective after June 30, 2015) School construction projects - Loans. 21 The board of university and school lands may authorize the use of moneys in the coal-22 development trust fund established pursuant to section 21 of article X of the 23 Constitution of North Dakota and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02 to provide school-24 construction loans, as described in this chapter. The outstanding principal balance of 25 loans under this chapter may not exceed fifty million dollars. The board may adopt-26 policies and rules governing school construction loans. 27 2. In order to be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall: 28 Propose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an a. 29

Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction

expected utilization of at least thirty years:

project under section 15.1-36-01; and

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b.

1		c. Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all-
2		information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential
3		alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project.
4	3.	The superintendent of public instruction shall give priority to any district that meets the
5		requirements for receipt of an equity payment under section 15.1-27-11.
6	4.	If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is less than eighty
7		percent of the state average imputed valuation per student, the district is entitled to
8		receive:
9		a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of twelve million dollars or eighty-
10		percent of the actual project cost;
11		b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than two
12		hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
13		c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.
14	5.	If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least
15		eighty percent but less than ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable
16		valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:
17		a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy
18		percent of the actual project cost;
19		b. An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than two-
20		hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
21		c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.
22	6.	If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least
23		ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable valuation per student, the district
24		is entitled to receive:
25		a. A school construction loan equal to the lesser of four million dollars or thirty
26		percent of the actual project cost;
27		b. An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than two
28		hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
29		c. A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.
30	7.	The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of
31		public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance

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- with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent.
- 4 8. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01.
- 9. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may
 determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- 9 10. The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules governing school construction loans.
- 11 11. For purposes of this section, a construction project means the purchase, lease,
 12 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the
 13 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority.
 - **SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-55-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 40-55-08. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)
 Election to determine desirability of establishing recreation system How called.
 - 1. The governing body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is applicable, may and upon receipt of a petition signed by at least ten qualified electors but not less than five percent of those qualified electors who voted at the last general election of the municipality, school district, or park district, shall submit to the qualified electors the question of the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and except in the case of a school district, the levying of an annual tax for the conduct and maintenance thereof of not more than two and five-tenths mills on each dollar of taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of such municipality or park district, to be voted upon at the next general election or special municipal election; provided, however, that such.
 - 2. The questions referenced in subsection 1 may not be voted upon at the next general election unless such action of the governing body shall beis taken, or sucha petition to submit such the question shall beis filed, thirty days prior to the date of such the election.

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1	<u>3.</u>	A school district may provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a
2		public recreation system using the proceeds of levies, as permitted by section
3		57-15-14.2.
4	(Effe	ective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)
5	Election	to determine desirability of establishing recreation system - How called. The
6	governin	g body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is

Election to determine desirability of establishing recreation system - How called. The governing body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is applicable, may and upon receipt of a petition signed by at least ten qualified electors but not less than five percent of those qualified electors who voted at the last general election of the municipality, school district, or park district, shall submit to the qualified electors the question of the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and except in the case of a school district, the levying of an annual tax for the conduct and maintenance thereof of not more than two and five tenths mills on each dollar of taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of such municipality or park district, to be voted upon at the next general election or special municipal election; provided, however, that such questions may not be voted upon at the next general election unless such action of the governing body shall be taken, or such petition to submit such question shall be filed thirty days prior to the date of such election. A school district may levy a tax for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of subsection 1 of section 57 15 14.2.

SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 40-55-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

40-55-09. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

Favorable vote at election - Procedure.

- 1. Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public recreation system proposition at an election, by a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition, the governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and.
- 2. The governing body of the municipality shall thereafter levy and collect annually a tax of not more than two and five-tenths mills, or not more than eight and five-tenths mills if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation of all

- taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax is in addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in suchthe municipality.
 - 3. The mill levy authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and five-tenths mills when the increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality, after submission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the establishment of the public recreation system.
 - 4. The governing body of the municipality shall continue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes, until the qualified voters, at a regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy.
 - 5. The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the public recreation system if, in the opinion of the governing body, additional funds are needed for the efficient operation thereofof the system.
 - 6. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, school district, or park district to appropriate, on its own initiative, general municipal, school district, or park district tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, or character-building facility.
 - 7. A park district may levy a tax annually, within the general fund levy authority of section 57-15-12, for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

Favorable vote at election - Procedure. Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public recreation system proposition at an election by a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition, the governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and thereafter levy and collect annually a tax of not more than two and five tenths mills, or not more than eight and five tenths mills if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax is in addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in such municipality. The mill levy authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and five-tenths mills when the increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality after submission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the establishment of the public recreation system. The governing body of the municipality shall-

1 continue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes until the qualified voters, at a 2 regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy. 3 The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the 4 public recreation system if in the opinion of the governing body additional funds are needed for 5 the efficient operation thereof. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, school-6 district, or park district to appropriate on its own initiative general municipal, school district, or 7 park district tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, or 8 character-building facility. A school district may levy a tax annually for the conduct and 9 maintenance of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of subsection 1 of section-10 57-15-14.2. A park district may levy a tax annually within the general fund levy authority of 11 section 57-15-12 for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system. 12 SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 13 amended and reenacted as follows: 14 57-15-01.1. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 15 2012) Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts. 16 Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of 17 the governing body, or the amount in dollars as allowed in this section, subject to the 18 following:provisions of this section. 19 NeA taxing district may not levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts 20 allowed by this section. 21 2. For purposes of this section: 22 "Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount a. 23 levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately 24 preceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied in 25 dollars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxes 26 for the general fund under section 57-15-12, including any: 27 **(1)** Any additional levy approved by the electors, the; 28 (2) The insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the; 29 (3) The employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the: 30 (4) The public recreation system under section 40-55-09, including any

additional levy approved by the electors, forestry;

1 (5) Forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1, except any additional levy 2 approved by the electors, pest; 3 **(6)** Pest control under section 4-33-11; and handicapped 4 (7) <u>Handicapped</u> person programs and activities under section 57-15-60; 5 "Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being b. 6 determined under this section; 7 "Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year C. 8 taxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the base 9 year plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or 10 charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and 11 d. "Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property: 12 Property exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under 13 chapter 40-57.1; improvements 14 Improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings and <u>(2)</u> 15 (3) Buildings belonging to institutions of public charity, new single-family 16 residential or townhouse or condominium property, property used for early 17 childhood services, orand pollution abatement improvements, under section 18 57-02-08. 19 3. A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 20 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 21 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this 22 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 23 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base a. 24 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 25 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 26 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but 27 was included in the taxing district for the base year-; 28 b. Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the 29 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year 30 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or

1 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year 2 but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year.; 3 C. Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the 4 electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired 5 temporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill 6 rate exceeding one hundred ten millsapproved by the electors which has expired 7 or has not received approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of 8 section 57-64-03.; and 9 d. If the base year is a taxable year before 2013, reduced by the amount of state aid 10 under chapter 15.1-27, which is determined by multiplying the budget year 11 taxable valuation of the school district by the lesser of: 12 The base year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills; or 13 (2) Fifty mills. 14 4. In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may 15 increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the 16 legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district. 17 5. Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations 18 otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations 19 otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the. The provisions of 20 this section do not apply to the following: 21 Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of a. 22 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota-; or 23 The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X b. 24 of the Constitution of North Dakota. 25 6. A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply 26 subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under 27 section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and 28 special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may 29 apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the 30 general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other

- than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are
 not subject to subsection 3.
 Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted
 - 7. Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related to property tax levy limitations.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

- Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts. Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of the governing body, or the amount in dollars as allowed in this section, subject to the following:
 - 1. No taxing district may levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts allowed by this section.
 - 2. For purposes of this section:
 - a. "Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount-levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately preceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied in dollars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxes for the general fund under section 57-15-12 including any additional levy approved by the electors, the insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the public recreation system under section 40-55-09 including any additional levy approved by the electors, forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1 except any additional levy approved by the electors, pest control under section 4-33-11, and handicapped person programs and activities under section 57-15-60;
 - b. "Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being determined under this section;
 - c. "Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year taxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the base year plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and
 - d. "Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under chapter 40-57.1;

1 improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings belonging to-2 institutions of public charity, new single-family residential or townhouse or 3 condominium property, property used for early childhood services, or pollution-4 abatement improvements under section 57-02-08. 5 A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 3. 6 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 7 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this 8 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 9 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base-10 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 11 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 12 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but 13 was included in the taxing district for the base year. 14 b. Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the 15 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year-16 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or 17 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year-18 but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year. 19 Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the C. 20 electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired-21 temporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill-22 rate exceeding one hundred ten mills which has expired or has not received 23 approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of section 57-64-03. 24 d. Increased, for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, 25 by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section-26 57-64-02 for the base year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill levy-27 reduction grant under section 57-64-02 for the budget year. 28 Reduced for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, by 29 the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02 30 for the budget year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill levy reduction-

grant under section 57-64-02 for the base year.

- In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may
 increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the
 legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district.
 - 5. Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the provisions of this section do not apply to the following:
 - a. Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
 - b. The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X-of the Constitution of North Dakota.
 - 6. A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are not subject to subsection 3.
 - 7. Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related to property tax levy limitations.
 - **SECTION 16. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 57-15-14. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

 Voter approval of excess levies in school districts.
 - Unless authorized by the electors of the school district in accordance with this section, a school district may not impose greater levies greater than those permitted under section 57-15-14.2.
 - In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand or more, according to the last federal decennial census, there may be levied any

1 specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been 2 submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the 3 question at anya regular or special school district election. 4 b. In any school district having a total population of fewerless than four thousand, 5 there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the 6 school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors 7 voting upon the question at anya regular or special school district election. 8 After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of C. 9 increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the 10 number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which 11 that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased 12 levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten 13 taxable years. 14 The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section d. 15 approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated 16 effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to 17 this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a 18 specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school 19 district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under 20 section 57-15-01.1 or this section. 21 For The provisions of this subdivision apply to taxable years beginning after e. 22 2012:. 23 (1) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by 24 electors of a school district for any period of time that includes a taxable 25 year before 2009, must be reduced by one hundred fifteen mills, as a 26 precondition of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27. 27 (2) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by 28 electors of a school district for any period of time that does not include a 29 taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by forty mills, as a precondition

of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27.

1 The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on the (3) 2 ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of increased levy 3 authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 2013, must be stated as a 4 specific number of mills of general fund levy authority and must include a 5 statement that the statutory school district general fund levy limitation is 6 seventy mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the school district. 7 The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before 8 July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of 9 a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a 10 specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school 11 district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under 12 section 57-15-01.1 or this section. 13 2. The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills a. 14 authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the 15 next regular election, upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with 16 the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the 17 district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in 18 the most recent election in the school district. No fewer than twenty-five 19 signatures are required. 20 The approval of discontinuing such authority does not affect the tax levy in the b. 21 calendar year in which the election is held. 22 The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same C. 23 conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of 24 authorizing the mill levy. 25 <u>3.</u> This section does not apply to levies approved by the electors of the district 26 necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district, including the 27 levy necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt incurred before 28 July 1, 2013, under section 57-15-17.1, as it existed during the 2012 taxable year. 29 (Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) General 30 fund levy limitations in school districts. The aggregate amount levied each year for the

purposes listed in section 57-15-14.2 by any school district, except the Fargo school district,

- 1 may not exceed the amount in dollars which the school district levied for the prior school year 2 plus twelve percent up to a general fund levy of one hundred eighty-five mills on the dollar of 3 the taxable valuation of the district, except that:
 - 1. In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand according to the last federal decennial census there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school district election.
 - 2. In any school district having a total population of fewer than four thousand, there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school election.
 - 3. After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten taxable years.
 - 4. The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or this section.
 - 5. The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before
 July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a
 school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a specific
 number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school district levy
 limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or
 this section.

The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the next regular election upon

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- 1 resolution of the school board or upon the filing with the school board of a petition containing
- 2 the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to ten percent of the number
- 3 of electors who cast votes in the most recent election in the school district. However, not fewer-
- 4 than twenty-five signatures are required. However, the approval of discontinuing such authority
- 5 does not affect the tax levy in the calendar year in which the election is held. The election must
- 6 be held in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in this section for
- 7 the first election upon the question of authorizing the mill levy.
- 8 **SECTION 17. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-14.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 57-15-14.2. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) School district levies.
 - 1. For taxable years after 2013, the board of a school district may levy a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior year, plus twelve percent, up to a levy of seventy mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into the school district's general fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
 - 2. For taxable years after 2013, the board of a school district may levy no more than twelve mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for miscellaneous purposes and expenses. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the miscellaneous fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
 - 3. The board of a school district may levy no more than three mills on the taxable valuation of the district for deposit into a special reserve fund, in accordance with chapter 57-19.
 - 4. The board of a school district may levy no more than the number of mills necessary, on the taxable valuation of the district, for the payment of tuition, in accordance with section 15.1-29-15. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the tuition fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
 - 5. Nothing in this section limits the board of a school district from levying:

1 Mills for a building fund, as permitted in sections 15.1-09-49 and 57-15-16; and a. 2 Mills necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district, b. 3 including the mills necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt 4 incurred before July 1, 2013 under section 57-15-17.1 before July 1, 2013, as it 5 existed during the 2012 taxable year. 6 For the taxable year 2013 only, the board of a school district may levy, for the 7 purposes described in subsections 1 and 2, a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars-8 determined under this subsection, plus twelve percent, up to a combined levy of 9 eighty-two mills. For purposes of this subsection, the allowable increase in dollars is 10 determined by multiplying the 2013 taxable valuation of the district by the sum of sixty-11 mills plus the number of mills levied in 2012 for miscellaneous expenses under-12 sections 57-15-14.5 and 57-15-17.1. 13 (Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Mill-14 levies requiring board action - Proceeds to general fund account. 15 A school board of any school district may levy an amount sufficient to cover general-16 expenses, including the costs of the following: 17 Board and lodging for high school students as provided in section 15.1-30-04. a. 18 b. The teachers' retirement fund as provided in section 15-39.1-28. 19 Tuition for students in grades seven through twelve as provided in section-С. 20 15.1-29-15. 21 d. Special education program as provided in section 15.1-32-20. 22 The establishment and maintenance of an insurance reserve fund for insurance е. 23 purposes as provided in section 32-12.1-08. 24 f. A final judgment obtained against a school district. 25 The district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and matching-g. 26 contribution for the social security fund as provided by chapter 52-09 and to 27 provide the district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and 28 matching contribution for the social security fund for contracted employees of a 29 multidistrict special education board.

1 The rental or leasing of buildings, property, or classroom space. Minimum state-2 standards for health and safety applicable to school building construction shall-3 apply to any rented or leased buildings, property, or classroom space. 4 Unemployment compensation benefits. į. 5 The removal of asbestos substances from school buildings or the abatement of į. 6 asbestos substances in school buildings under any method approved by the 7 United States environmental protection agency and any repair, replacement, or 8 remodeling that results from such removal or abatement, any remodeling 9 required to meet specifications set by the Americans with Disabilities Act 10 accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities as contained in the appendix to-11 28 CFR 36, any remodeling required to meet requirements set by the state fire-12 marshal during the inspection of a public school, and for providing an alternative 13 education program as provided in section 57-15-17.1. 14 Participating in cooperative career and technical education programs approved k. 15 by the state board. 16 Maintaining a career and technical education program approved by the state-17 board and established only for that school district. 18 m. Paying the cost of purchasing, contracting, operating, and maintaining 19 schoolbuses. 20 Establishing and maintaining school library services. n. 21 Equipping schoolbuses with two-way communications and central stationθ. 22 equipment and providing for the installation and maintenance of such equipment. 23 Establishing free public kindergartens in connection with the public schools of the p. 24 district for the instruction of resident children below school age during the regular-25 school term. 26 Establishing, maintaining, and conducting a public recreation system. q. 27 The district's share of contribution to finance an interdistrict cooperative f. 28 agreement authorized by section 15.1-09-40. 29 2. This limitation does not apply to mill levies pursuant to subdivisions a, c, f, and j of 30 subsection 1. If a school district maintained a levy to finance either its participation in a 31 cooperative career and technical education program or its sponsorship of

1		sing	le-dis	strict career and technical education programs prior to July 1, 1983, and the	
2		dist	rict di	scontinues its participation in or sponsorship of those career and technical	
3		edu	cation	n programs, that district must reduce the proposed aggregated expenditure	
4		amount for which its general fund levy is used by the dollar amount raised by its pri			
5		levy	for th	ne funding of those programs.	
6	3.	All p	oroce	eds of any levy established pursuant to this section must be placed in the	
7		sch	ool di	strict's general fund account and may be expended to achieve the purposes	
8		for \	which	the taxes authorized by this section are levied. Proceeds from levies-	
9		esta	ablish	ed pursuant to this section and funds provided to school districts pursuant to	
0		cha	pter 1	5.1-27 may not be transferred to the building fund within the school district.	
11	SEC	SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
2	amended and reenacted as follows:				
3	57-15-17. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Disposition of building fund tax.				
4	Revenue raised for building purposes shall be disposed of as follows:				
5	1.	a.	All r	evenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school district building	
6			func	together with such amountsany amount as may be realized for building	
7			purp	ooses from all other sources, must be placed in a separate fund known as a	
8			scho	eel building fund and must be :	
9			<u>(1)</u>	$\underline{\text{Be}}$ deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking funds of	
20				such school district; or in	
21			<u>(2)</u>	<u>Used for</u> the purchase of shares or securities of federal or state-chartered	
22				savings and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance.	
23		b.	The	funds Moneys in the building fund may only be used for the following	
24			purp	poses:	
25			(1)	The construction of school district buildings and facilities;	
26			(2)	The renovation, repair, or expansion of school district buildings and facilities;	
27			(3)	The improvement of school district buildings, facilities, and real property;	
28			(4)	The leasing of buildings and facilities;	
29			(5)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school	
30				education:	

1 The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and (6) 2 technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57; and 3 (7) The payment of principal, premiums, and interest on bonds issued in 4 accordance with subsection 7 of section 21-03-07. 5 The custodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school C. 6 board, signed by the president and the business manager of the school district. 7 The order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment is made. 8 2. Any moneys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments 9 for any school building project whichthat has cost seventy-five percent or more of the 10 amount in such the building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall, must 11 be returned to the general fund of the school district, upon the order of the school 12 board. 13 3. The governing body of anyboard of a school district may pay into the general fund of 14 the school district any moneys which that have remained in the school building fund for 15 a period of ten years or more, and such district may include the same as a. The board 16 may include this amount as part of its cash on hand in making up its budget for the 17 ensuing year. In determining what amounts have remained in saidthe fund for ten 18 years or more, all payments whichthat have been paid from the schoolmade from the 19 building fund for building purposes shallmust be considered as having been paid from 20 the funds first acquired. 21 4. Wheneverlf collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other <u>a.</u> 22 income are insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, 23 a majority of the governing bodythe board of a school district may transfer 24 unobligated funds from the school building fund into the general fund of the 25 school district, if the school district has issued certificates of indebtedness equal 26 to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected general fund property tax. No-27 school district 28 A board may not transfer funds from the school building fund into the general 29 fund for more than two years. 30 (Effective after June 30, 2015) Disposition of building fund tax. Revenue raised for

building purposes shall be disposed of as follows:

1 All revenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school building fund-2 together with such amounts as may be realized for building purposes from all-3 other sources must be placed in a separate fund known as a school building fund-4 and must be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking-5 funds of such school district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal-6 or state-chartered savings and loan associations within the limits of federal-7 insurance. 8 The funds may only be used for the following purposes: b. 9 The erection of new school buildings or facilities, or additions to old school-10 buildings or facilities, or the making of major repairs to existing buildings or 11 facilities, or improvements to school land and site. For purposes of this 12 paragraph, facilities may include parking lots, athletic complexes, or any 13 other real property owned by the school district. 14 The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school-(2) 15 education. 16 The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and (3) 17 technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57. 18 (4) Within the limitations of school plans as provided in subsection 2 of section-19 57-15-16. 20 The payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on bonds issued (5) 21 pursuant to subsection 7 of section 21-03-07. 22 The payment of premiums for fire and allied lines, liability, and multiple peril-(6) 23 insurance on any building and its use, occupancy, fixtures, and contents. 24 The custodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school-C. 25 board, signed by the president and the business manager of the school district. 26 The order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment is made. 27 2. Any moneys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments 28 for any school building project which has cost seventy-five percent or more of the 29 amount in such building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall be-30 returned to the general fund of the school district upon the order of the school board.

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- The governing body of any school district may pay into the general fund of the school district any moneys which have remained in the school building fund for a period of ten years or more, and such district may include the same as a part of its cash on hand in making up its budget for the ensuing year. In determining what amounts have remained in said fund for ten years or more, all payments which have been paid from the school building fund for building purposes shall be considered as having been paid from the funds first acquired.
 - 4. Whenever collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other income are insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, a majority of the governing body of a school district may transfer unobligated funds from the school building fund into the general fund of the school district if the school district has issued certificates of indebtedness equal to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected general fund property tax. No school district may transfer funds from the school building fund into the general fund for more than two years.
 - **SECTION 19. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-31. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Determination of levy.

- 1. The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes shallmust be computed by deducting from the amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the required reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the taxing district, the total of the following items:
- 24 1. a. The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.;
- 25 <u>2. b.</u> Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.;
- 26 3. c. The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.
- 27 4. d. Such expenditures as are to Expenditures that must be made from bond sources.;
- 28 <u>5. e.</u> The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool under section 57-15-61-; and
- 30 6. <u>f.</u> The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project under section 40-57.1-03.

1	<u>2.</u>	Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to				
2		exceed five percent of the amount of the levy.				
3	(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)					
4	Determination of levy. The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district,					
5	park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes shall be computed by deducting from					
6	the amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the					
7	required reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the					
8	taxing district, the total of the following items:					
9	1.	The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.				
10	2.	Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.				
11	3.	The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.				
12	4 .	Such expenditures as are to be made from bond sources.				
13	5.	The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool under-				
14		section 57-15-61.				
15	6.	The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project				
16		under section 40-57.1-03.				
17	7.	The amount reported to a school district by the superintendent of public instruction as-				
18		the school district's mill levy reduction grant for the year under section 57-64-02.				
19	Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to exceed five					
20	percent of the amount of the levy.					
21	SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-19-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
22	amended and reenacted as follows:					
23	57-19-01. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School district may establish.					
24	Establishment of special reserve fund.					
25	Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund, subject					
26	to the limitations in section 57-15-14.2. The balance of moneys in the fund may not exceed that					
27	which c	ould be produced by a levy of fifteen mills in that district for that year.				
28	(Effective after June 30, 2015) School district may establish special reserve fund.					
29	Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund which must					
30	be sepa	rate and distinct from all other funds now authorized by law and which may not exceed				

- in amount at any one time the sum which could be produced by a levy of the maximum mill levy
 allowed by law in that district for that year.
- **SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-19-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is 4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 57-19-02. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Special reserve fund - Separate trust fundTransfer.

- Moneys in the special reserve fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance.
- 2. Each July first, the board of the school district shall transfer from the special reserve fund to the district's general fund any amount that exceeds the limitation in section 57-19-01.

(Effective after June 30, 2015) Special reserve fund - Separate trust fund. The special reserve fund is a separate trust fund for the use and benefit of the school district, to be drawn-upon as provided in this chapter. Moneys in the fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance. The school district business manager shall annually, upon a resolution of the school board, transfer to the school district general fund any part or all of the investment income or interest earned by the principal amount of the school district's special reserve fund.

SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-19-09. (Effective through June 30, 2015) When Special reserve fund may be transferred Correction of error.

Anylf a school district which has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of aits special reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining theits budget for the school district which has and deducted all or any part of the funds in suchits special reserve fund from the amount necessary to be levied for any schoola fiscal year, the district may transfer from theits special reserve fund into theits general fund all or any part of

such amounts which have beenthe amount that was so considered, contrary to the provisions of
 section 57-19-05.

(Effective after June 30, 2015) When fund may be transferred. Any school district which has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of a special reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining the budget for the school district which has deducted all or any part of the funds in such special reserve fund from the amount necessary to be levied for any school fiscal year, may transfer from the special reserve fund into the general fund all or any part of such amounts which have been so considered contrary to the provisions of section 57-19-05. Any school district special reserve fund and the tax levy therefor may be discontinued by a vote of sixty percent of the electors of the school district voting upon the question at any special or general election. Any moneys remaining unexpended in such special reserve fund must be transferred to the building or general fund of the school district. The discontinuance of a special reserve fund shall not decrease the school district tax levies otherwise provided for by law by more than twenty percent. A special reserve fund and the tax levy therefor which has been discontinued may be reinstated by a vote of sixty percent of the electors of the school district voting upon the question at any special or general election.

SECTION 23. ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER GRANTS.

- 1. During the 2015-17 biennium, the superintendent of public instruction shall expend up to \$2,500,000 from the grants other grants line item in the appropriation bill for the superintendent of public instruction, as approved by the sixty-fourth legislative assembly, for the purpose of providing grants to the six school districts that serve the largest number of first and second level English language learners in kindergarten through grade twelve.
- 2. In order to determine the amount that a school district may receive under this section, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide a pro rata share of the available grant dollars to each eligible district based upon the total number of first and second level English language learners enrolled in the six districts.
- A district may expend moneys received under this section only for the purpose of enhancing services to first and second level English language learners. Permissible purposes include the hiring of additional teachers, interpreters, and social workers for

- first and second level English language learners and the provision of other ancillary support services and programs, approved by the superintendent of public instruction.
 - 4. The superintendent of public instruction may not award more than fifty percent of the funds available under this section during the first year of the biennium.

SECTION 24. TRANSFER. There is transferred from any moneys in the strategic investment and improvements fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$125,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the school construction fund for the purpose of providing school construction loans, as referenced in paragraph 3 of subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 15.1-36-02, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2015, and ending June 30, 2017.

SECTION 25. CONTINGENT TRANSFER - SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION LOANS - BUDGET SECTION APPROVAL.

- There is transferred from any moneys in the strategic investment and improvements fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$100,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the school construction fund for the purpose of providing school construction loans, as referenced in paragraph 4 of subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 15.1-36-02, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2015, and ending June 30, 2017.
- 2. The transfer required by this section may take place only if the superintendent of public instruction certifies that all available funding authorized in accordance with section 15.1-36-02 has been committed for the provision of school construction loans and the budget section of the legislative management consents to the transfer.
- **SECTION 26. REPEAL.** Sections 15.1-27-04, 15.1-27-07.2, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20, 57-15-14.4, 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17.1, and 57-19-04 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota Century Code are repealed.