15.0291.06000

SECOND ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2031

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Education Funding Committee)

1	A BILL for an Act to amend	and reenact sections	15-39.1-28.	. 15.1-06-04.	15.1-09-47.
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- 2 15.1-09-48, 15.1-27-03.1, 15.1-27-03.2, 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-27-04.2, 15.1-27-35.3, 15.1-27-45,
- 3 15.1-30-04, 15.1-36-02, 40-55-08, 40-55-09, 57-15-01.1, 57-15-14, 57-15-14.2, 57-15-17.
- 4 57-15-31, 57-19-01, 57-19-02, and 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the
- 5 determination of state aid payable to school districts; to repeal sections 15.1-27-04,
- 6 15.1-27-07.2, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20,
- 7 57-15-14.4, 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17.1, and 57-19-04 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota
- 8 Century Code, relating to the determination of state aid payable to school districts, school
- 9 district levies, and mill levy reduction grants; to provide for a study; to provide grants; to provide
- 10 exemptions; to provide for contingent funding; to provide an expiration date; and to declare an
- 11 emergency.

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12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15-39.1-28 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 15 15-39.1-28. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,
 2012) Tax levy for teachers' retirement.

Any school district by a resolution of its school board may use the proceeds of levies, as permitted by section 57-15-14.2, for the purposes of meeting the district's contribution to the fund arising under this chapter and to provide the district's share, if any, of contribution to the fund for contracted employees of either a multidistrict special education board or another school district where the contracted employees are also providing services to the taxing school district.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Taxlevy for teachers' retirement. Any school district by a resolution of its school board may levy a tax pursuant to subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2, the proceeds to be used for

1	the purp	poses of meeting the district's contribution to the fund arising under this chapter and to							
2	provide	ovide the district's share, if any, of contribution to the fund for contracted employees of either							
3	a multidistrict special education board or another school district where the contracted								
4	employees are also providing services to the taxing school district.								
5	SEC	CTIO	N 2. A	MENDMENT. Section 15.1-06-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
6	amende	d an	d reer	nacted as follows:					
7	15.1	I-06-	04. S	chool calendar - Length.					
8	1.	Đur	ing th	e 2009-10 school year, a school district shall provide for a school calendar of					
9		at k	east c	ne hundred eighty days.					
0		a.	One	hundred seventy-three days must be used for instruction;					
11		b.	Thre	ee days must be used for holidays, as selected by the school board in-					
2			con	sultation with district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b					
3			thro	ugh j of subsection 1 of section 15.1-06-02;					
4		c.	Up :	to two days must be used for:					
5			(1)	Parent-teacher conferences; or					
6			(2)	Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside regular-					
7				school hours; and					
8		d.	Two	days must be used for professional development.					
9	2.	Đur	ing th	e 2010-11 school year, a school district shall provide for a school calendar of					
20		at k	east c	ne hundred eighty-one days.					
21		a.	One	hundred seventy-four days must be used for instruction;					
22		b.	Thre	ee days must be used for holidays, as selected by the board in consultation					
23			with	district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b through j of					
24			sub	section 1 of section 15.1-06-02;					
25		C.	Up :	to two days must be used for:					
26			(1)	Parent-teacher conferences; or					
27			(2)	Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside of regular-					
28				school hours; and					
29		d.	Two	days must be used for professional development.					
30	3.	Bec	ninnin	g with the 2011-12 school year, a					

1 A school district shall provide for a school calendar of at least one hundred eighty-two-2 days.that includes: 3 a. One At least one hundred seventy-five days must be used for of instruction; 4 Three days must be used for holidays, as selected by the board in consultation b. 5 with district teachers from the list provided for in subdivisions b through j of 6 subsection 1 of section 15.1-06-02; 7 Up to No more than two days must be used for: C. 8 Parent-teacher conferences; or 9 Compensatory time for parent-teacher conferences held outside of regular (2) 10 school hours; and 11 Two days must be used for At least two days of professional development d. <u>(1)</u> 12 during the 2015-16 school year; and 13 At least three days of professional development, beginning with the 2016-17 (2)14 school year. 15 4.2. A day forof professional development must consist of: <u>a.</u> 16 Six hours of professional development, exclusive of meals and other breaks, <u>(1)</u> a. 17 conducted within a single day; or 18 b. (2) Two four-hour periods of professional development, exclusive of meals and 19 other breaks, conducted over two days. 20 5. If a school district offers a four-hour period of professional development, as <u>b.</u> 21 permitted in subdivision b ofthis subsection-4, the school district may schedule 22 instruction during other available hours on that same day and be credited with 23 providing one-half day of instruction to students. This subsectionsubdivision does 24 not apply unless the one-half day of instruction equals at least one-half of the 25 time required for a full day of instruction, as defined in this section. 26 In meeting the requirements for two days of professional development under this 6. a. 27 section, a school district may require that its teachers attend the North Dakota 28 education association instructional conference and may pay teachers for 29 attending the conference, provided their attendance is verified. 30 b. In meeting the requirements for two days of professional development under this 31 section, a school district may consider attendance at the North Dakota education

1			asso	ociation instructional conference to be optional, elect not to pay teachers for
2			atte	nding the instructional conference, and instead direct any resulting savings
3			towa	ard providing alternate professional development opportunities.
4		C.	A sc	shool district may not require the attendance of teachers in school or at any
5			scho	pol-sponsored, school-directed, school-sanctioned, or school-related activities
6			and	may not schedule classroom instruction time nor alternate professional
7			deve	elopment activities on any day that conflicts with the North Dakota education
8			asso	ociation instructional conference.
9	7.	Beg	innin	g with the 2010-11 school year, if a school district elects to provide an
0		opti	onal t	third day of professional development, the school district shall do so by:
11		a.	Mee	eting the requirements for a day of professional development as set forth in
2			subs	section 4; or
3		b.	Sho	rtening four instructional days, for the purpose of providing for two-hour-
4			peri	ods of professional development, provided:
5			(1)	Each instructional day on which such professional development occurs
6				includes at least four hours of instruction for kindergarten and elementary
7				students and four and one-half hours for high school students;
8			(2)	The instructional time for each course normally scheduled on that day is
9				reduced proportionately or the daily schedule is reconfigured to ensure that
20				the same course is not subject to early dismissal more than one time per
21				school calendar, as a result of this subdivision; and
22			(3)	All teachers having a class dismissed as a result of this subdivision are
23				required to be in attendance and participate in the professional
24				development.
25	8.	a.	lf a :	school's calendar provides for an extension of each schoolday beyond the
26			statı	utorily required minimum number of hours, and if the extensions when
27			aggı	regated over an entire school year amount to more than eighty-four hours of
28			addi	itional classroom instruction during the school year, the school is exempt from
29			havi	ing to make up six hours of instruction time lost as a result of weather-related
30			clos	ure. In order to make up lost classroom instruction time beyond the six hours,
31			the :	school must extend its normal school calendar day by at least thirty minutes.

1		b.	A school that does not qualify under the provisions of this subsection must extend
2			its normal schoolday by at least thirty minutes to make up classroom instruction-
3			time lost as a result of weather-related closure.
4	c. 3.	If b	ecause of weather a school must dismiss before completing a full day of
5		inst	ruction, the school is responsible for making up only those hours and portions of an
6		hou	ir between the time of early dismissal and the conclusion of a full day of classroom
7		inst	ruction.
8	9. 4.	For	purposes of this section, a full day of instruction consists of:
9		a.	At least five and one-half hours for kindergarten and elementary students, during
10			which time the students are required to be in attendance for the purpose of
11			receiving curricular instruction; and
12		b.	At least six hours for high school students, during which time the students are
13			required to be in attendance for the purpose of receiving curricular instruction.
14	SEC	CTIO	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-47 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amende	d an	d reenacted as follows:
16	15.1	-09-	47. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,
17	2012) B	oard	of education of city of Fargo - Taxing authority.
18	The	boa	d of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes within the requirements or
19	limitatio	ns of	this title and title 57.
20	(Eff	ectiv	e after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board
21	of educ	atior	n of city of Fargo - Taxing authority.
22	1.	The	board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes, as necessary for any of the
23		follo	owing purposes:
24		a.	To purchase, exchange, lease, or improve sites for schools.
25		b.	To build, purchase, lease, enlarge, alter, improve, and repair schools and their
26			appurtenances.
27		C.	To procure, exchange, improve, and repair school apparati, books, furniture, and
28			appendages, but not the furnishing of textbooks to any student whose parent is
29			unable to furnish the same.
30		d-	To provide fuel

- e. To defray the contingent expenses of the board, including the compensation of employees.
 - f. To pay teacher salaries after the application of public moneys, which may by lawbe appropriated and provided for that purpose.
 - 2. The question of authorizing or discontinuing the unlimited taxing authority of the board of education of the city of Fargo must be submitted to the qualified electors of the Fargo school district at the next regular election upon resolution of the board of education or upon filing with the board a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to twenty percent of the individuals enumerated in the most recent school district census. However, if the electors approve a discontinuation of the unlimited taxing authority, their approval of the discontinuation may not affect the tax levy effective for the calendar year in which the election is held. In addition, the minimum levy may not be less than the levy that was in force at the time of the election. The board may increase its levy in accordance with section 57-15-01. If the district experiences growing enrollment, the board may increase the levy by an amount equal to the amount levied the preceding year per student times the number of additional students enrolled during the new year.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-09-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-09-48. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board of education of city of Fargo - Tax collection.

- 1. The board of education of the city of Fargo may levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and cause the taxes to be collected in the same manner as other city taxes, provided the taxes meet the requirements or limitations of this title and title 57. The business manager of the board of education shall certify the rate for each purpose to the city auditor in time to be added to the annual tax list of the city.
- 2. The city auditor shall calculate and extend upon the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education. The tax must be collected in the same manner as other city taxes.
- 3. If the city council fails to levy any tax for city purposes or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the board of education may make an assessment roll and

1	tax list and submit the roll to the city auditor with a warrant for the collection of the tax.									
2	The board of education may cause the tax to be collected in the same manner as									
3	other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by resolution of the board.									
4	(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Board-									
5	of education of city of Fargo - Tax collection. The board of education of the city of Fargo has									
6	the pow	er to	levy taxes within the boundaries of the Fargo public school district and to cause							
7	such tax	xes t o	be collected in the same manner as other city taxes. The board of education shall							
8	cause tl	ne rat	e for each purpose to be certified by the business manager to the city auditor in							
9	time to	be ad	ded to the annual tax list of the city. It is the duty of the city auditor to calculate and							
10	extend (upon	the annual assessment roll and tax list any tax levied by the board of education.							
11	The tax	must	be collected as other city taxes are collected. If the city council fails to levy any tax							
12	for city	ourpo	ses or fails to cause an assessment roll or tax list to be made, the board of							
13	education	on ma	ay cause an assessment roll and tax list to be made and submit the roll to the city							
14	auditor	with a	warrant for the collection of the tax. The board of education may cause the tax to-							
15	be colle	cted	in the same manner as other city taxes are collected or as otherwise provided by							
16	resolutio	on of	the board.							
17	SEC	CTIO	N 5. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
18	amende	ed an	d reenacted as follows:							
19	15.	1-27-	03.1. (Effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015) Weighted average daily							
20	membe	rship) - Determination.							
21	1.	For	each school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:							
22		a.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer-							
23			program;							
24		b.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended							
25			educational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;							
26		C.	0.60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education-							
27			program;							
28		d.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based							
29			education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;							
30		e.	0.30 the number of full-time equivalent students who:							

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1		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
2		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
3		of six categories of proficiency; and
4		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
5	f.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an alternative high
6		school;
7	g.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
8		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
9	h.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
10		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
11		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
12		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
13		of six categories of proficiency; and
14		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
15	į.	0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
16		special education program;
17	j.	0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight
18		enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen
19		hours per week;
20	k.	0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district
21		has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and
22		the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square-
23		miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area
24		greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than
25		fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an-
26		enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership;
27	ŀ.	0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
28		support the provision of special education services;
29	m.	0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
30		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
31		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed

1			in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the
2			third of six categories of proficiency;
3		(2)	Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and
4		(3)	Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than-
5			three years;
6	n.	0.02	25 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
7		stuc	dents in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year-
8		ave	rage percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for
9		free	or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act-
10		[42	U.S.C. 1751 et seq.];
11	0.	0.00	03 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each
12		pub	lic school in the district that:
13		(1)	Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system;
14		(2)	Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool
15			student information system; or
16		(3)	Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current
17			school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated; and
18	p.	0.00	92 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school-
19		dist	rict that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting
20		the	requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.
21	2. The	e supe	erintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
22	ave	erage	daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
23	dist	trict's	average daily membership.
24	(Effectiv	re aft e	e r June 30, 2015) Weighted average daily membership - Determination.
25	1. For	each	school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
26	a.	1.00	O the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a migrant summer
27		pro	gram;
28	b. a.	1.00	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
29		edu	cational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
30	c. b.	0.60	the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
31		prog	gram <u>, including a migrant summer education program;</u>

1	d.	0.50 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
2		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
3	<u>e.c.</u>	0.300.40 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
4		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
5		public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
6		of six categories of proficiency; and
7		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
8	<u>d.</u>	0.27 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
9		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
0		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
11		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
2		of six categories of proficiency; and
3		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
4	f. e.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students under the age of twenty-one,
5		enrolled in grades nine through twelve in an alternative high school;
6	g.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students attending school in a bordering
7		state in accordance with section 15.1-29-01;
8	h.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
9		(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
20		public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
21		in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
22		of six categories of proficiency; and
23		(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
24	<u>f.</u>	0.20 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of
25		students in average daily membership in kindergarten through grade three, which
26		is equivalent to the three-year average percentage of students in grades three
27		through eight who are eligible for free or reduced lunches under the Richard B.
28		Russell National School Lunch Act [42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.];
29	<u>g.</u>	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
30		education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15 1-23:

1 0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood i.h. 2 special education program; 3 0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students, in grades six through eight, 4 enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen 5 hours per week; 6 0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district j. 7 has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and 8 the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square 9 miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area 10 greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than 11 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an 12 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership; 13 k. 0.082 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to 14 support the provision of special education services: 15 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who: 16 On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of 17 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed 18 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the 19 third of six categories of proficiency; 20 Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and (2) 21 (3) Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than 22 three years; 23 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of m. 24 students in average daily membership in grades four through twelve which is 25 equivalent to the three-year average percentage of students in grades three 26 through eight who are eligible for free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. 27 Russell National School Lunch Act [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.]; 28 0.006 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in each 29 public school in the district that: 30 (1) Has acquired and is utilizing the PowerSchool student information system;

ı		(Z)	Has acquired and is in the process of implementing the PowerSchool
2			student information system; or
3		(3)	Will acquire the PowerSchool student information system during the current-
4			school year, provided the acquisition is contractually demonstrated;
5	<u>n.</u>	0.00	03 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
6		sup	port the provision of a third day of professional development activities;
7	<u>0.</u>	0.00	03 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
8		sup	port the provision of a fourth day of professional development activities;
9	<u>p.</u>	0.00	03 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in order to
10		sup	port the provision of a fifth day of professional development activities; and
11	0. q.	0.00	940.0022 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a
12		sch	ool district that is a participating member of a regional education association
13		mee	eting the requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1.
14	2. The	supe	erintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted
15	ave	rage	daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the
16	dist	rict's	average daily membership, subject to any additional criteria set forth in this
17	sub	sectio	<u>on.</u>
18	<u>a.</u>	<u>A st</u>	udent in grades six through eight, who qualifies for funding based on the
19		stuc	dent's enrollment in an alternative education program, as provided for in
20		sub	division i of subsection 1, may not be included in the number of students for
21		who	om funding is provided in accordance with subdivision m of subsection 1.
22	<u>b.</u>	<u>A st</u>	udent who qualifies for funding based on the student's enrollment in a
23		prog	gram of instruction for English language learners, as provided for in
24		sub	divisions c, d, or I of subsection 1, may be included in the number of students
25		for v	whom funding is provided in accordance with subdivision f or m of
26		sub	section 1.
27	<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	factors available to support the provision of professional development
28		<u>activ</u>	vities, as provided for in subdivisions n through p of subsection 1, are
29		<u>app</u>	licable only if the superintendent of public instruction has preapproved the
30		prof	ressional development activities, in accordance with rules established by the

1		superintendent. The rules must address content, qualifications of presenters, and							
2		the application process for approval.							
3	SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is								
4	amended and	d reenacted as follows:							
5	15.1-27-0	03.2. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School district size weighting factor -							
6	Weighted st	udent units.							
7	1. For	each high school district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall							
8	ass	ign a school district size weighting factor of:							
9	a.	1.40 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 100;							
10	<u>b.</u>	1.39 if the students in average daily membership number at least 100 but fewer							
11		<u>than 105;</u>							
12	<u>C.</u>	1.38 if the students in average daily membership number at least 105 but fewer							
13		<u>than 110;</u>							
14	<u>d.</u>	1.37 if the students in average daily membership number at least 110 but fewer							
15		<u>than 115;</u>							
16	<u>e.</u>	1.36 if the students in average daily membership number at least 115 but fewer							
17		<u>than 120;</u>							
18	<u>f.</u>	1.35 if the students in average daily membership number at least 120 but fewer							
19		than 125;							
20	b. g.	1.34 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer							
21		than 130;							
22	e. <u>h.</u>	1.33 if the students in average daily membership number at least 130 but fewer							
23		than 135;							
24	d. i.	1.32 if the students in average daily membership number at least 135 but fewer							
25		than 140;							
26	e. j <u>.</u>	1.31 if the students in average daily membership number at least 140 but fewer							
27		than 145;							
28	f. <u>k.</u>	1.30 if the students in average daily membership number at least 145 but fewer							
29		than 150;							
30	g. l.	1.29 if the students in average daily membership number at least 150 but fewer							
31		than 155;							

1 1.28 if the students in average daily membership number at least 155 but fewer h.m. 2 than 160; 3 i.n. 1.27 if the students in average daily membership number at least 160 but fewer 4 than 165; 5 1.26 if the students in average daily membership number at least 165 but fewer j.0. 6 than 175; 7 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number at least 175 but fewer k.p. 8 than 185; 9 1.24 if the students in average daily membership number at least 185 but fewer <u>l.g.</u> 10 than 200; 11 1.23 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200 but fewer m.r. 12 than 215; 13 1.22 if the students in average daily membership number at least 215 but fewer n.s. 14 than 230; 15 o.t. 1.21 if the students in average daily membership number at least 230 but fewer 16 than 245; 17 1.20 if the students in average daily membership number at least 245 but fewer p.u. 18 than 260; 19 1.19 if the students in average daily membership number at least 260 but fewer q.v. 20 than 270; 21 <u>r.w.</u> 1.18 if the students in average daily membership number at least 270 but fewer 22 than 275; 23 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 275 but fewer S.<u>X.</u> 24 than 280; 25 1.16 if the students in average daily membership number at least 280 but fewer t.y. 26 than 285; 27 1.15 if the students in average daily membership number at least 285 but fewer U.Z. 28 than 290; 29 1.14 if the students in average daily membership number at least 290 but fewer ∨.aa. 30 than 295;

1 w.bb.1.13 if the students in average daily membership number at least 295 but fewer than 2 300: 3 X.CC. 1.12 if the students in average daily membership number at least 300 but fewer 4 than 305; 5 1.11 if the students in average daily membership number at least 305 but fewer y.dd. 6 than 310; 7 1.10 if the students in average daily membership number at least 310 but fewer z.ee. 8 than 320; 9 1.09 if the students in average daily membership number at least 320 but fewer aa.ff. 10 than 335; 11 bb.gg. 1.08 if the students in average daily membership number at least 335 but fewer 12 than 350; 13 ee.hh.1.07 if the students in average daily membership number at least 350 but fewer 14 than 360; 15 dd.ii. 1.06 if the students in average daily membership number at least 360 but fewer 16 than 370; 17 ee.jj. 1.05 if the students in average daily membership number at least 370 but fewer 18 than 380; 19 1.04 if the students in average daily membership number at least 380 but fewer ff.kk. 20 than 390; 21 gg.ll. 1.03 if the students in average daily membership number at least 390 but fewer 22 than 400; 23 hh.mm.1.02 if the students in average daily membership number at least 400 but fewer 24 than 600; 25 ii.nn.1.01 if the students in average daily membership number at least 600 but fewer than 26 900; and 27 jj.00. 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 900. 28 For each elementary district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall 2. 29 assign a weighting factor of: 30 a. 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125;

1 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer 2 than 200; and 3 C. 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200. 4 3. The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied 5 by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted 6 student units. 7 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the school district size weighting factor 8 assigned to a district may not be less than the factor arrived at when the highest 9 number of students possible in average daily membership is multiplied by the school 10 district size weighting factor for the subdivision immediately preceding the district's 11 actual subdivision and then divided by the district's average daily membership. 12 (Effective after June 30, 2015) School district size weighting factor - Weighted 13 student units. 14 For each high school district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall-15 assign a school district size weighting factor of: 16 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 185; a. 17 b. 1.24 if the students in average daily membership number at least 185 but fewer-18 than 200; 19 1.23 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200 but fewer-20 than 215; 21 d. 1.22 if the students in average daily membership number at least 215 but fewer-22 than 230; 23 1.21 if the students in average daily membership number at least 230 but fewere. 24 than 245; 25 1.20 if the students in average daily membership number at least 245 but fewer-26 than 260; 27 1.19 if the students in average daily membership number at least 260 but fewer-g. 28 than 270; 29 1.18 if the students in average daily membership number at least 270 but fewer 30 than 275;

1	i.	1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 275 but fewer
2		than 280;
3	j.	1.16 if the students in average daily membership number at least 280 but fewer
4		than 285;
5	k.	1.15 if the students in average daily membership number at least 285 but fewer
6		than 290;
7	Į.	1.14 if the students in average daily membership number at least 290 but fewer
8		than 295;
9	m.	1.13 if the students in average daily membership number at least 295 but fewer
10		than 300;
11	n.	1.12 if the students in average daily membership number at least 300 but fewer
12		than 305;
13	0.	1.11 if the students in average daily membership number at least 305 but fewer
14		than 310;
15	p.	1.10 if the students in average daily membership number at least 310 but fewer
16		than 320;
17	q.	1.09 if the students in average daily membership number at least 320 but fewer
18		than 335;
19	r.	1.08 if the students in average daily membership number at least 335 but fewer
20		than 350;
21	S.	1.07 if the students in average daily membership number at least 350 but fewer
22		than 360;
23	ŧ.	1.06 if the students in average daily membership number at least 360 but fewer
24		than 370;
25	U.	1.05 if the students in average daily membership number at least 370 but fewer
26		than 380;
27	₩.	1.04 if the students in average daily membership number at least 380 but fewer
28		than 390;
29	₩.	1.03 if the students in average daily membership number at least 390 but fewer
30		than 400;

1 1.02 if the students in average daily membership number at least 400 but fewer-2 than 600; 3 y. 1.01 if the students in average daily membership number at least 600 but fewer-4 than 900; and 5 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 900. Z. 6 2. For each elementary district in the state, the superintendent of public instruction shall-7 assign a weighting factor of: 8 1.25 if the students in average daily membership number fewer than 125; a. 9 1.17 if the students in average daily membership number at least 125 but fewer-b. 10 than 200; and 11 1.00 if the students in average daily membership number at least 200. 12 3. The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied 13 by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted 14 student units. 15 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the school district size weighting factor-16 assigned to a district may not be less than the factor arrived at when the highest 17 number of students possible in average daily membership is multiplied by the school-18 district size weighting factor for the subdivision immediately preceding the district's 19 actual subdivision and then divided by the district's average daily membership. 20 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 21 amended and reenacted as follows: 22 15.1-27-04.1. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Baseline funding - Establishment -23 Determination of state aid. 24 In order to determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the 25 superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A 26 district's baseline funding consists of: 27 All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the a. 28 2012-13 school year; 29 The district's 2012-13 mill levy reduction grant, as determined in accordance with b. 30 chapter 57-64, as it existed on June 30, 2013;

1 An amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 general fund levy or that 2 raised by one hundred ten mills of the district's 2012 general fund levy, whichever 3 is less; 4 An amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 long-distance learning and d. 5 educational technology levy; 6 An amount equal to that raised by the district's 2012 alternative education e. 7 program levy; and 8 An amount equal to: 9 Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district and 10 reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial 11 accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of 12 public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08; 13 Seventy-five percent of all mineral revenue received by the school district (2) 14 through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under 15 code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and 16 reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction 17 in accordance with section 15.1-02-08; 18 (3) Seventy-five percent of all tuition received by the school district and 19 reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial 20 accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of 21 public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception 22 of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program 23 provided at a residential treatment facility and tuition received for the 24 provision of an adult farm management program; 25 (4) Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from 26 payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission of electric 27 power; 28 Seventy-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from 29 payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from sources other than 30 coal; 31 All revenue received by the school district from mobile home taxes;

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1			(7)	Seve	enty-five percent of all revenue received by the school district from the
2				leasi	ing of land acquired by the United States for which compensation is
3				alloc	cated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);
4			(8)	All te	elecommunications tax revenue received by the school district; and
5			(9)	All re	evenue received by the school district from payments in lieu of taxes
6				and	state reimbursement of the homestead credit and disabled veterans
7				cred	it.
8	2.	The	supe	rinten	ident shall divide the district's total baseline funding by the district's
9		201	2-13	weigh	ted student units in order to determine the district's baseline funding per
0		wei	ghted	stude	ent unit.
11	3.	a.	In 2	013-1 -	4, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
2			by c	ight tl	nousand eight hundred ten dollars.
3			(1)	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
4				least	t equal to the greater of:
5				(a)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per
6					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
7					the district's 2013-14 weighted student units; or
8				(b)	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding as established
9					in subsection 1.
20			(2)	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
21				does	s not exceed one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding
22				per \	weighted student unit multiplied by the district's 2013-14 weighted
23				stud	ent units, as established in subsection 2.
24		b.	In 2	014-1	5, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
25			by n	ine th	ousand ninety-two dollars.
26			(1)	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
27				least	t equal to the greater of:
28				(a)	One hundred four percent of the district's baseline funding per-
29					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
30					the district's 2014-15 weighted student units; or

1				(b)	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding as established
2					in subsection 1.
3			(2)	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product-
4				does	not exceed one hundred twenty percent of the district's baseline-
5				fundi	ing per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied
6				by th	e district's 2014-15 weighted student units.
7	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>In 2</u>	015-1	6, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
8			<u>by r</u>	nine th	ousand four hundred twenty-four dollars.
9			<u>(1)</u>	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
10				<u>least</u>	equal to the greater of:
11				<u>(a)</u>	One hundred six percent of the district's baseline funding per
12					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
13					the district's 2015-16 weighted student units; or
14				<u>(b)</u>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding, as established
15					in subsection 1.
16			<u>(2)</u>	The	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
17				does	not exceed one hundred thirty percent of the district's baseline funding
18				per v	veighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the
19				<u>distri</u>	ct's 2015-16 weighted student units.
20		<u>b.</u>	<u>In 2</u>	016-1	7, the superintendent shall multiply the district's weighted student units
21			<u>by r</u>	ine th	ousand seven hundred sixty-six dollars.
22			<u>(1)</u>	The	superintendent shall adjust the product to ensure that the product is at
23				<u>least</u>	equal to the greater of:
24				<u>(a)</u>	One hundred eight percent of the district's baseline funding per
25					weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by
26					the district's 2016-17 weighted student units; or
27				<u>(b)</u>	One hundred percent of the district's baseline funding, as established
28					in subsection 1.
29			<u>(2)</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent shall also adjust the product to ensure that the product
30				does	not exceed one hundred forty percent of the district's baseline funding

ı				per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the		
2				district's 2015-16 weighted student units.		
3	4.	Afte	After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of			
4		puk	public instruction shall:			
5		a.	<u>(1)</u>	SubtractIn 2015-16, subtract an amount equal to sixtyfifty-seven mills		
6				multiplied by the taxable valuation of the school district, provided that after-		
7				2013, the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this subdivision may		
8				not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of		
9				this subdivision by more than twelve percent; and		
10		b.	<u>(2)</u>	Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenues listed in		
11				paragraphs 1 through 5, and 7 of subdivision f of subsection 1 and one		
12				hundred percent of all revenues listed in paragraphs 6, 8, and 9 of		
13				subdivision f of subsection 1; and		
14		<u>b.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	In 2016-17, subtract an amount equal to fifty-four mills multiplied by the		
15				taxable valuation of the school district, provided that the amount in dollars		
16				subtracted for purposes of this subdivision may not exceed the previous		
17				year's amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this subdivision by more		
18				than twelve percent; and		
19			<u>(2)</u>	Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenues listed in		
20				paragraphs 1 through 5, and 7 of subdivision f of subsection 1 and one		
21				hundred percent of all revenues listed in paragraphs 6, 8, and 9 of		
22				subdivision f of subsection 1.		
23	5.	The	e amo	ount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the		
24		am	ount o	of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory		
25		req	Juirem	ents or limitations.		
26	SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
27	amended and reenacted as follows:					

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Legislative Assembly 1 15.1-27-04.2. (Effective through June 30, 2015) State aid - Minimum local effort -2 Determination. 3 If a district's taxable valuation per student is less than twenty percent of the state average 4 valuation per student, the superintendent of public instruction, for purposes of determining state 5 aid in accordance with section 15.1-27-04.1, shall utilize: 6 In 2015-16 an amount equal to sixtyfifty-seven mills times twenty percent of the state 7 average valuation per student multiplied by the number of weighted student units in 8 the district; and 9 In 2016-17, an amount equal to fifty-four mills times twenty percent of the state 10 average valuation per student multiplied by the number of weighted student units in 11 the district. 12 SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-35.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is 13 amended and reenacted as follows: 14 15.1-27-35.3. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Payments to school districts -15 Unobligated general fund balance. 16 The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the amount of payments a. 17 due a school district and shall subtract from that the amount by which the 18 unobligated general fund balance of the district on the preceding June thirtieth is 19 in excess of forty-five percent of its actual expenditures, plus twenty thousand 20 dollars. 21 b. Beginning July 1, 2015, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine 22 the amount of payments due to a school district and shall subtract from that the 23 amount by which the unobligated general fund balance of the district on the 24 preceding June thirtieth is in excess of forty percent of its actual expenditures, 25 plus twenty thousand dollars. 26 Beginning July 1, 2017, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine c.b.

expenditures, plus twenty thousand dollars.

the amount of payments due to a school district and shall subtract from that the

amount by which the unobligated general fund balance of the district on the

preceding June thirtieth is in excess of thirty-five percent of its actual

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- 1 In making the determination required by subsection 1, the superintendent of public-2 instruction may not include in a district's unobligated general fund balance any 3 moneys that were received by the district from the federal education jobs fund-4 program. 5 3.2. For purposes of this section, a district's unobligated general fund balance includes all 6 moneys in the district's miscellaneous fund, as established under section 57-15-14.2. 7 (Effective after June 30, 2015) Payments to school districts - Unobligated general 8 fund balance. 9 1. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the amount of payments due a 10 school district and shall subtract from that the amount by which the unobligated-11 general fund balance of the district on the preceding June thirtieth is in excess of 12 forty-five percent of its actual expenditures, plus twenty thousand dollars. 13 In making the determination required by subsection 1, the superintendent of public-14 instruction may not include in a district's unobligated general fund balance any 15 moneys that were received by the district from the federal education jobs fund-16 program. 17 SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-45 of the North Dakota Century Code is 18 amended and reenacted as follows: 19 15.1-27-45. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Property tax relief fund. 20 1. The property tax relief fund is a special fund in the state treasury. On July 1, a. 21 2013, the state treasurer shall change the name of the property tax relief sustainability 22 fund established under section 57-64-05 to the property tax relief fund, as established 23 by this section, and any unobligated balance in the property tax relief sustainability-24 fund must be retained in the property tax relief fund. 25 b. The legislative council shall change the name of the property tax relief 26 sustainability fund to the property tax relief fund in the North Dakota Century 27 Code, in its supplements, and in all statutory compilations generated as a result-28 of action by the sixty-third legislative assembly.
 - Moneys in the property tax relief fund may be expended pursuant to legislative appropriations for property tax relief programs.

1	3. (On or before the third Monday in each January, February, March, April, August,						
2	S	September, October, November, and December, the office of management and budget						
3	S	hall certify to the superintendent of public instruction the amount of the property tax						
4	re	elief fund. The superintendent shall include the amount certified in determining the						
5	s	tate aid payments to which each school district is entitled under chapter 15.1-27.						
6	SECT	ON 11. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-30-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
7	amended a	and reenacted as follows:						
8	15.1-3	0-04. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,						
9	2012) Pro	vision of meals and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted.						
10	Instea	d of providing transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the						
11	district car	attend school in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to						
12	the student's parent for costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a							
13	location ot	her than the student's residence.						
14	(Effec	tive after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)						
15	Provision	of meals and lodging for high school students - Payment permitted - Levy.						
16	Instead of	providing transportation so that an eligible high school student residing in the district						
17	can attend	school in another district, a school board may pay a reasonable allowance to the						
18	student's p	parent for costs incurred in the provision of meals and lodging for the student at a						
19	location other than the student's residence. A school district that furnishes either transportation-							
20	or an allow	vance for the provision of meals and lodging for a student under this section may levy						
21	a tax pursi	uant to subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2 for this purpose.						
22	SECT	ON 12. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
23	amended a	and reenacted as follows:						
24	15.1-3	6-02. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School construction projects - Loans.						
25	1. lı	n order to provide school construction loans, the board of university and school lands						
26	n	nay authorize the use of:						
27	а	. Fifty million dollars, or so much of that amount as may be necessary, from the						
28		coal development trust fund, established pursuant to section 21 of article X of the						
29		Constitution of North Dakota and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02; and						
30	b	One hundred fifty million dollars from the strategic investment and improvements						
31		fund, established pursuant to section 15-08.1-08.						

1 In order to be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall: 2 Propose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an 3 expected utilization of at least thirty years; 4 b. Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction 5 project under section 15.1-36-01; and 6 Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all C. 7 information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential 8 alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project. 9 3. If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is less than eighty percent 10 of the state average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive: 11 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of twenty million dollars or ninety 12 percent of the actual project cost; 13 An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than four 14 hundred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 15 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 16 If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least eighty 4. 17 percent but less than ninety percent of the state average taxable valuation per 18 student, the district is entitled to receive: 19 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of fifteen million dollars or eighty a. 20 percent of the actual project cost; 21 b. An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than three 22 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 23 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 24 5. If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least ninety 25 percent of the state average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to 26 receive: 27 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy a. 28 percent of the actual project cost; 29 An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than three b. 30 hundred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 31 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.

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- The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance 3 with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no 5 later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent.
 - 7. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01.
 - 8. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance with the requirements of this section. A school district's interest rate may not be less than one percent, regardless of any rate discount for which the district might otherwise qualify under this section.
 - 9. If a school district seeking a loan under this section received an allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax during the previous fiscal year in accordance with chapter 57-51, the board of the district shall provide to the board of university and school lands, and to the state treasurer, its evidence of indebtedness indicating that the loan originated under this section.
 - b. If the evidence of indebtedness is payable solely from the school district's allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 57-51-15, the loan does not constitute a general obligation of the school district and may not be considered a debt of the district.
 - If a loan made to a school district is payable solely from the district's allocation of C. the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 57-51-15, the terms of the loan must require that the state treasurer withhold the dollar amount or percentage specified in the loan agreement, from each of the district's oil and gas gross production tax allocations, in order to repay the principal and interest of the evidence of indebtedness. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount withheld into the fund from which the loan originated.
 - Any evidence of indebtedness executed by the board of a school district under d. this subsection is a negotiable instrument and not subject to taxation by the state or any political subdivision of the state.

1 For purposes of this section, a "construction project" means the purchase, lease, 2 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the 3 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority. 4 (Effective after June 30, 2015) School construction projects - Loans. 5 The board of university and school lands may authorize the use of moneys in the coal-6 development trust fund established pursuant to section 21 of article X of the 7 Constitution of North Dakota and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02 to provide school-8 construction loans, as described in this chapter. The outstanding principal balance of 9 loans under this chapter may not exceed fifty million dollars. The board may adopt 10 policies and rules governing school construction loans. 11 In order to be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall: 12 Propose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an 13 expected utilization of at least thirty years; 14 Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction b. 15 project under section 15.1-36-01; and 16 Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all-17 information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential 18 alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project. 19 3. The superintendent of public instruction shall give priority to any district that meets the 20 requirements for receipt of an equity payment under section 15.1-27-11. 21 4. If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is less than eighty-22 percent of the state average imputed valuation per student, the district is entitled to 23 receive: 24 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of twelve million dollars or eighty-a. 25 percent of the actual project cost; 26 An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than two-b. 27 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 28 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 29 If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least 30 eighty percent but less than ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable 31 valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:

1 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy-2 percent of the actual project cost; 3 b. An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than two-4 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 5 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. C. 6 If an eligible school district's imputed taxable valuation per student is equal to at least 7 ninety percent of the state average imputed taxable valuation per student, the district 8 is entitled to receive: 9 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of four million dollars or thirty-10 percent of the actual project cost; 11 An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than two-12 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 13 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 14 7. The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of 15 public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance 16 with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a 17 loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no-18 later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent. 19 8. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the 20 order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01. 21 9. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may 22 determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance 23 with the requirements of this section. 24 10. The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules governing school-25 construction loans. 26 11. For purposes of this section, a construction project means the purchase, lease, 27 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the 28 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority. 29 SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 40-55-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is 30 amended and reenacted as follows:

40-55-08. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Election to determine desirability of establishing recreation system - How called.

- 1. The governing body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is applicable, may and upon receipt of a petition signed by at least ten qualified electors but not less than five percent of those qualified electors who voted at the last general election of the municipality, school district, or park district, shall submit to the qualified electors the question of the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and except in the case of a school district, the levying of an annual tax for the conduct and maintenance thereof of not more than two and five-tenths mills on each dollar of taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of such municipality or park district, to be voted upon at the next general election or special municipal election; provided, however, that such.
- 2. The questions referenced in subsection 1 may not be voted upon at the next general election unless such action of the governing body shall beis taken, or sucha petition to submit suchthe question shall beis filed, thirty days prior to the date of suchthe election.
- 3. A school district may provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system using the proceeds of levies, as permitted by section 57-15-14.2.

Election to determine desirability of establishing recreation system - How called. The governing body of any municipality, school district, or park district to which this chapter is applicable, may and upon receipt of a petition signed by at least ten qualified electors but not less than five percent of those qualified electors who voted at the last general election of the municipality, school district, or park district, shall submit to the qualified electors the question of the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and except in the ease of a school district, the levying of an annual tax for the conduct and maintenance thereof of not more than two and five tenths mills on each dollar of taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of such municipality or park district, to be voted upon at the next general election or special municipal election; provided, however, that such questions may not be voted upon at the next general election unless such action of the

- 1 governing body shall be taken, or such petition to submit such question shall be filed thirty days
- 2 prior to the date of such election. A school district may levy a tax for the establishment,
- 3 maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of
- 4 subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2.
- **SECTION 14. AMENDMENT.** Section 40-55-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

7 40-55-09. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) 8 Favorable vote at election - Procedure.

- 1. Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public recreation system proposition at an election, by a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition, the governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreation system, and.
- The governing body of the municipality shall thereafter levy and collect annually a tax of not more than two and five-tenths mills, or not more than eight and five-tenths mills if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax is in addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in suchthe municipality.
- 3. The mill levy authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and five-tenths mills when the increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality, after submission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the establishment of the public recreation system.
- 4. The governing body of the municipality shall continue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes, until the qualified voters, at a regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy.
- 5. The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the public recreation system if, in the opinion of the governing body, additional funds are needed for the efficient operation thereofof the system.
- 6. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, school district, or park district to appropriate, on its own initiative, general municipal, school district, or park district

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- tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, orcharacter-building facility.
 - 7. A park district may levy a tax annually, within the general fund levy authority of section 57-15-12, for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

Favorable vote at election - Procedure. Except in the case of a school district or park district, upon adoption of the public recreation system proposition at an election by a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition, the governing body of the municipality, by resolution or ordinance, shall provide for the establishment, maintenance, and conduct of a public recreationsystem, and thereafter levy and collect annually a tax of not more than two and five-tenths mills, or not more than eight and five-tenths mills if authorized as provided by this section, on each dollar of the taxable valuation of all taxable property within the corporate limits or boundaries of the municipality. This tax is in addition to the maximum of taxes permitted to be levied in such municipality. The mill levy authorized by this section may be raised to not more than eight and five-tenths mills when the increase is approved by the citizens of the municipality aftersubmission of the question in the same manner as provided in section 40-55-08 for the establishment of the public recreation system. The governing body of the municipality shallcontinue to levy the tax annually for public recreation purposes until the qualified voters, at a regular or special election, by a majority vote on the proposition, decide to discontinue the levy. The governing body of the municipality may appropriate additional funds for the operation of the public recreation system if in the opinion of the governing body additional funds are needed for the efficient operation thereof. This chapter does not limit the power of any municipality, schooldistrict, or park district to appropriate on its own initiative general municipal, school district, or park district tax funds for the operation of a public recreation system, a community center, or character-building facility. A school district may levy a tax annually for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system pursuant to subdivision q of subsection 1 of section-57-15-14.2. A park district may levy a tax annually within the general fund levy authority of section 57-15-12 for the conduct and maintenance of a public recreation system.

SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	57-	15-01	1.1. (E	Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31,				
2	2012) F	Prote	ction	of taxpayers and taxing districts.				
3	Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of							
4	the gov	ernin	g bod	y, or the amount in dollars as allowed in this section, subject to the				
5	followin	g: pro	vision	ns of this section.				
6	1.	No	<u>A</u> taxii	taxing district may not levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts				
7		allo	wed l	ved by this section.				
8	2.	For	purp	ourposes of this section:				
9		a.	"Ba	se year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount				
10			levi	ed in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately				
11			pred	ceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied in				
12			doll	ars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxes				
13			for t	the general fund under section 57-15-12, including any:				
14			<u>(1)</u>	Any additional levy approved by the electors, the:				
15			<u>(2)</u>	The insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the:				
16			<u>(3)</u>	The employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the:				
17			<u>(4)</u>	The public recreation system under section 40-55-09, including any				
18				additional levy approved by the electors, forestry:				
19			<u>(5)</u>	Forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1, except any additional levy				
20				approved by the electors , pest :				
21			<u>(6)</u>	Pest control under section 4-33-11; and handicapped				
22			<u>(7)</u>	Handicapped person programs and activities under section 57-15-60;				
23		b.	"Bu	dget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being				
24			dete	ermined under this section;				
25		C.	"Ca	lculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year				
26			taxe	es levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the base				
27			yea	r plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or				
28			cha	ritable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and				
29		d.	"Pro	operty exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property:				
30			<u>(1)</u>	Property exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under				
31				chapter 40-57.1; improvements				

1			<u>(2)</u>	Improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildingsand
2			<u>(3)</u>	Buildings belonging to institutions of public charity, new single-family
3				residential or townhouse or condominium property, property used for early
4				childhood services, orand pollution abatement improvements, under section
5				57-02-08.
6	3.	A ta	ixing	district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any
7		levy	/ unde	er this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the
8		gov	ernin	g body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this
9		sec	tion, t	the dollar amount levied in the base year must be:
10		a.	Red	duced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base
11			yea	r's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable
12			valu	uation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or
13			cha	ritable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but
14			was	s included in the taxing district for the base year-;
15		b.	Incr	reased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the
16			bas	e year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year
17			taxa	able valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or
18			cha	ritable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year
19			but	which is included in the taxing district for the budget year-;
20		C.	Rec	duced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the
21			elec	ctors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired
22			tem	porary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill
23			rate	exceeding one hundred ten millsapproved by the electors which has expired
24			or h	as not received approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of
25			sec	tion 57-64-03.; and
26		d.	<u>(1)</u>	If the base year is a taxable year before 20132012, reduced byto reflect the
27				increase in the amount of state aid under chapter 15.1-27 from the base
28				year to the budget year, which is determined by multiplying the budget year
29				taxable valuation of the school district by the lesser of:
30				(1)(a) The base year mill rate of the school district minus
31				sixtysixty-three mills; or

1				(2)(b) Fifty-three mills;				
2		<u>(2)</u>	If the	e base year is taxable year 2013 or 2014, reduced to reflect the				
3			incre	ease in the amount of state aid under chapter 15.1-27 from the base				
4			year	year to the budget year, which is determined by multiplying the budget year				
5			taxable valuation of the school district by:					
6			<u>(a)</u>	The base year mill rate of the school district minus three mills if the				
7				budget year is taxable year 2015; or				
8			<u>(b)</u>	The base year mill rate of the school district minus six mills if the				
9				budget year is taxable year 2016 or 2017; and				
10		<u>(3)</u>	If the	e base year is taxable year 2015, reduced to reflect the increase in the				
11			amo	unt of state aid under chapter 15.1-27 from the base year to the budget				
12			year	; which is determined by multiplying the budget year taxable valuation of				
13			the s	school district by three mills.				
14	4.	In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may						
15		increase	its lev	y in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the				
16		legislativ	e asse	embly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district.				
17	5.	Under th	Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations					
18		otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations						
19		otherwise	otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the. The provisions of					
20		this secti	this section do not apply to the following:					
21		a. Any	irrepe	ealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of				
22		artio	cle X c	of the Constitution of North Dakota- <u>; or</u>				
23		b. The	one-r	mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X				
24		of th	ne Coi	nstitution of North Dakota.				
25	6.	A school	distric	ct choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply				
26		subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under						
27		section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and						
28		special fo	und le	vies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may				
29		apply sul	bsecti	on 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the				
30		general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other						

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- 1 than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are 2 not subject to subsection 3. 3 7. Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted 4
 - a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related to property tax levy limitations.

(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

- Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts. Each taxing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of the governing body, or the amount in dollars asallowed in this section, subject to the following:
 - No taxing district may levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts allowed by this section.
 - 2. For purposes of this section:
 - "Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amountlevied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately preceding the budget year. For a park district general fund, the "amount levied indollars in property taxes" is the sum of amounts levied in dollars in property taxesfor the general fund under section 57-15-12 including any additional levyapproved by the electors, the insurance reserve fund under section 32-12.1-08, the employee health care program under section 40-49-12, the public recreation system under section 40-55-09 including any additional levy approved by the electors, forestry purposes under section 57-15-12.1 except any additional levyapproved by the electors, pest control under section 4-33-11, and handicappedperson programs and activities under section 57-15-60;
 - b. "Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is beingdetermined under this section;
 - "Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year-C. taxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the baseyear plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and
 - d. "Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under chapter 40-57.1;

1 improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings belonging to 2 institutions of public charity, new single-family residential or townhouse or 3 condominium property, property used for early childhood services, or pollution-4 abatement improvements under section 57-02-08. 5 A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 3. 6 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 7 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this 8 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 9 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base-10 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 11 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 12 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but 13 was included in the taxing district for the base year. 14 b. Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the 15 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year-16 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or 17 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year-18 but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year. 19 Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the C. 20 electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired 21 temporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill-22 rate exceeding one hundred ten mills which has expired or has not received 23 approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of section 57-64-03. 24 d. Increased, for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, 25 by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section-26 57-64-02 for the base year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill levy-27 reduction grant under section 57-64-02 for the budget year. 28 Reduced for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, by 29 the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02 30 for the budget year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill levy reduction-

grant under section 57-64-02 for the base year.

- In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may
 increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the
 legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district.
 - 5. Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the provisions of this section do not apply to the following:
 - a. Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
 - b. The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
 - 6. A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are not subject to subsection 3.
 - 7. Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related to property tax levy limitations.
 - **SECTION 16. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 57-15-14. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)

 Voter approval of excess levies in school districts.
 - Unless authorized by the electors of the school district in accordance with this section, a school district may not impose greater levies greater than those permitted under section 57-15-14.2.
 - In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand or more, according to the last federal decennial census, there may be levied any

1 specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been 2 submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the 3 question at anya regular or special school district election. 4 b. In any school district having a total population of fewerless than four thousand, 5 there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the 6 school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors 7 voting upon the question at anya regular or special school district election. 8 After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of C. 9 increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the 10 number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which 11 that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased 12 levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten 13 taxable years. 14 The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section d. 15 approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated 16 effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to 17 this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a 18 specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school 19 district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under 20 section 57-15-01.1 or this section. 21 For The provisions of this subdivision apply to taxable years beginning after e. 22 2012:. 23 (1) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by 24 electors of a school district for any period of time that includes a taxable 25 year before 2009, must be reduced by one hundred fifteen mills, as a 26 precondition of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27. 27 (2) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by 28 electors of a school district for any period of time that does not include a 29 taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by forty mills, as a precondition 30 of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27, except that for

taxable year 2015, the reduction required by this paragraph must be

1				torty	-three mills and for taxable years beginning after 2015, the reduction
2				requ	ired by this paragraph must be forty-six mills.
3			(3)	<u>(a)</u>	The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on
4					the ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of
5					increased levy authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 2013,
6					must be stated as a specific number of mills of general fund levy
7					authority and must include a statement that the statutory school
8					district general fund levy limitation is seventy mills on the dollar of the
9					taxable valuation of the school district.
10				<u>(b)</u>	The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on
11					the ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of
12					increased levy authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 2015,
13					must be stated as a specific number of mills of general fund levy
14					authority and must include a statement that the statutory school
15					district general fund levy limitation is sixty-seven mills on the dollar of
16					the taxable valuation of the school district.
17				<u>(c)</u>	The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on
18					the ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of
19					increased levy authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 2016,
20					must be stated as a specific number of mills of general fund levy
21					authority and must include a statement that the statutory school
22					district general fund levy limitation is sixty-four mills on the dollar of
23					the taxable valuation of the school district.
24		f.	The	autho	ority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before
25			July	1, 20	09, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of
26			a so	hool o	district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a
27			spe	cific n	umber of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school
28			distr	ict lev	y limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under
29			sect	ion 57	7-15-01.1 or this section.
30	2.	a.	The	ques	tion of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills
31			auth	ority i	n any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the

1 next regular election, upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with 2 the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the 3 district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in 4 the most recent election in the school district. No fewer than twenty-five 5 signatures are required. 6 b. The approval of discontinuing such authority does not affect the tax levy in the 7 calendar year in which the election is held. 8 The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same C. 9 conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of 10 authorizing the mill levy. 11 <u>3.</u> This section does not apply to levies approved by the electors of the district necessary 12 to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district, including the levy 13 necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt incurred before July 1, 14 2013, under section 57-15-17.1, as it existed during the 2012 taxable year. 15 (Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) General-16 fund levy limitations in school districts. The aggregate amount levied each year for the 17 purposes listed in section 57-15-14.2 by any school district, except the Fargo school district, 18 may not exceed the amount in dollars which the school district levied for the prior school year-19 plus twelve percent up to a general fund levy of one hundred eighty-five mills on the dollar of 20 the taxable valuation of the district, except that: 21 In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand according to 22 the last federal decennial census there may be levied any specific number of mills that 23 upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to and approved by a majority 24 of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school-25 district election. 26 2. In any school district having a total population of fewer than four thousand, there may 27 be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has-28 been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting upon the question at 29 any regular or special school election. 30 3. After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of

increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the number of

- mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which that approval is
 to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased levy authority under
 subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten taxable years.
 - 4. The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or this section.
 - 5. The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or this section.

The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the next regular election upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in the most recent election in the school district. However, not fewer than twenty-five signatures are required. However, the approval of discontinuing such authority does not affect the tax levy in the calendar year in which the election is held. The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of authorizing the mill levy.

SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 57-15-14.2. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) School district levies.
- 1. <u>a.</u> For taxable years <u>after 2013 and 2014</u>, the board of a school district may levy a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior

1 year, plus twelve percent, up to a levy of seventy mills on the taxable valuation of 2 the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. 3 <u>b.</u> For taxable years after 2015, the board of a school district may levy a tax not 4 exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior year, 5 plus twelve percent, up to a levy of sixty-seven mills on the taxable valuation of 6 the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. 7 For taxable years after 2015, the board of a school district may levy a tax not C. 8 exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior year, 9 plus twelve percent, up to a levy of sixty-four mills on the taxable valuation of the 10 district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. 11 The proceeds of thisa levy under this section must be deposited into the school d. 12 district's general fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds 13 may not be transferred into any other fund. 14 2. For taxable years after 2013, the board of a school district may levy no more than 15 twelve mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for miscellaneous purposes and 16 expenses. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as 17 the miscellaneous fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds 18 may not be transferred into any other fund. 19 The board of a school district may levy no more than three mills on the taxable 20 valuation of the district for deposit into a special reserve fund, in accordance with 21 chapter 57-19. 22 4. The board of a school district may levy no more than the number of mills necessary, 23 on the taxable valuation of the district, for the payment of tuition, in accordance with 24 section 15.1-29-15. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund 25 known as the tuition fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds 26 may not be transferred into any other fund. 27 5. Nothing in this section limits the board of a school district from levying: 28 Mills for a building fund, as permitted in sections 15.1-09-49 and 57-15-16; and a. 29 b. Mills necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district. 30 including the mills necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt

1			incurred before July 1, 2013 under section 57-15-17.1 before July 1, 2013, as it
2			existed during the 2012 taxable year.
3	6.	For	the taxable year 2013 only, the board of a school district may levy, for the
4		pur	poses described in subsections 1 and 2, a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars
5		det	ermined under this subsection, plus twelve percent, up to a combined levy of
6		eig	hty-two mills. For purposes of this subsection, the allowable increase in dollars is
7		det	ermined by multiplying the 2013 taxable valuation of the district by the sum of sixty
8		mill	s plus the number of mills levied in 2012 for miscellaneous expenses under
9		sec	etions 57-15-14.5 and 57-15-17.1.
10	(Eff	ectiv	ve after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012) Mill
11	levies r	equi	ring board action - Proceeds to general fund account.
12	1.	A s	chool board of any school district may levy an amount sufficient to cover general
13		exp	penses, including the costs of the following:
14		a.	Board and lodging for high school students as provided in section 15.1-30-04.
15		b.	The teachers' retirement fund as provided in section 15-39.1-28.
16		C.	Tuition for students in grades seven through twelve as provided in section-
17			15.1-29-15.
18		d.	Special education program as provided in section 15.1-32-20.
19		e.	The establishment and maintenance of an insurance reserve fund for insurance
20			purposes as provided in section 32-12.1-08.
21		f.	A final judgment obtained against a school district.
22		g.	The district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and matching
23			contribution for the social security fund as provided by chapter 52-09 and to-
24			provide the district's share of contribution to the old-age survivors' fund and
25			matching contribution for the social security fund for contracted employees of a
26			multidistrict special education board.
27		h.	The rental or leasing of buildings, property, or classroom space. Minimum state-
28			standards for health and safety applicable to school building construction shall-
29			apply to any rented or leased buildings, property, or classroom space.
30		į.	Unemployment compensation benefits.

1		j.	The removal of asbestos substances from school buildings or the abatement of	
2			asbestos substances in school buildings under any method approved by the	
3			United States environmental protection agency and any repair, replacement, or	
4			remodeling that results from such removal or abatement, any remodeling-	
5			required to meet specifications set by the Americans with Disabilities Act	
6			accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities as contained in the appendix to	
7			28 CFR 36, any remodeling required to meet requirements set by the state fire	
8			marshal during the inspection of a public school, and for providing an alternative	
9			education program as provided in section 57-15-17.1.	
10		k.	Participating in cooperative career and technical education programs approved	
11			by the state board.	
12		Į.	Maintaining a career and technical education program approved by the state	
13			board and established only for that school district.	
14		m.	Paying the cost of purchasing, contracting, operating, and maintaining	
15			schoolbuses.	
16		n.	Establishing and maintaining school library services.	
17		0.	Equipping schoolbuses with two-way communications and central station	
18			equipment and providing for the installation and maintenance of such equipment.	
19		p.	Establishing free public kindergartens in connection with the public schools of the	
20			district for the instruction of resident children below school age during the regular	
21			school term.	
22		q.	Establishing, maintaining, and conducting a public recreation system.	
23		f.	The district's share of contribution to finance an interdistrict cooperative	
24			agreement authorized by section 15.1-09-40.	
25	2.	This	limitation does not apply to mill levies pursuant to subdivisions a, c, f, and j of	
26		subsection 1. If a school district maintained a levy to finance either its participation in a		
27		cooperative career and technical education program or its sponsorship of		
28		sing	le-district career and technical education programs prior to July 1, 1983, and the	
29		distr	rict discontinues its participation in or sponsorship of those career and technical	
30		edu	cation programs, that district must reduce the proposed aggregated expenditure	

1		am	ount t	or which its general fund levy is used by the dollar amount raised by its prior
2		lev	/ for t l	he funding of those programs.
3	3.	All	proce	eds of any levy established pursuant to this section must be placed in the
4		sch	ool di	strict's general fund account and may be expended to achieve the purposes
5		for	which	the taxes authorized by this section are levied. Proceeds from levies
6		est	ablish	ed pursuant to this section and funds provided to school districts pursuant to
7		cha	pter 1	15.1-27 may not be transferred to the building fund within the school district.
8	SEC	CTIO	N 18.	AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amende	d an	d reer	nacted as follows:
10	57-1	15-17	. (Eff	ective through June 30, 2015) Disposition of building fund tax.
11	Rev	enue	raisc	ed for building purposes shall be disposed of as follows:
12	1.	a.	All r	revenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school district building
13			func	d, together with such amountsany amount as may be realized for building
14			purp	ooses from all other sources, must be placed in a separate fund known as a
15			sch	eel building fund and must be:
16			<u>(1)</u>	Be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking funds of
17				such school district; or in
18			<u>(2)</u>	<u>Used for</u> the purchase of shares or securities of federal or state-chartered
19				savings and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance.
20		b.	The	fundsMoneys in the building fund may only be used for the following
21			pur	ooses:
22			(1)	The construction of school district buildings and facilities;
23			(2)	The renovation, repair, or expansion of school district buildings and facilities;
24			(3)	The improvement of school district buildings, facilities, and real property;
25			(4)	The leasing of buildings and facilities;
26			(5)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school
27				education;
28			(6)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and
29				technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57; and
30			(7)	The payment of principal, premiums, and interest on bonds issued in
31				accordance with subsection 7 of section 21-03-07

- 1 c. The custodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school 2 board, signed by the president and the business manager of the school district.

 The order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment is made.
 - Any moneys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments
 for any school building project which that has cost seventy-five percent or more of the
 amount in such the building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall, must
 be returned to the general fund of the school district, upon the order of the school
 board.
 - 3. The governing body of anyboard of a school district may pay into the general fund of the school district any moneys whichthat have remained in the school building fund for a period of ten years or more, and such district may include the same as a. The board may include this amount as part of its cash on hand in making up its budget for the ensuing year. In determining what amounts have remained in saidthe fund for ten years or more, all payments whichthat have been paid from the schoolmade from the building fund for building purposes shallmust be considered as having been paid from the funds first acquired.
 - 4. <u>a.</u> Whenever<u>If</u> collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other income are insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, a majority of the governing bodythe board of a school district may transfer unobligated funds from the school building fund into the general fund of the school district, if the school district has issued certificates of indebtedness equal to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected general fund property tax. Noschool district
 - <u>b.</u> A board may <u>not</u> transfer funds from the school building fund into the general fund for more than two years.

(Effective after June 30, 2015) Disposition of building fund tax. Revenue raised for building purposes shall be disposed of as follows:

4. a. All revenue accruing from appropriations or tax levies for a school building fund-together with such amounts as may be realized for building purposes from all other sources must be placed in a separate fund known as a school building fund-and must be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking-

1			func	ds of such school district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal		
2			or s	tate-chartered savings and loan associations within the limits of federal-		
3			insurance.			
4		b.	b. The funds may only be used for the following purposes:			
5			(1)	The erection of new school buildings or facilities, or additions to old school-		
6				buildings or facilities, or the making of major repairs to existing buildings or		
7				facilities, or improvements to school land and site. For purposes of this		
8				paragraph, facilities may include parking lots, athletic complexes, or any		
9				other real property owned by the school district.		
10			(2)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with the state board of public school-		
11				education.		
12			(3)	The payment of rentals upon contracts with municipalities for career and		
13				technical education facilities financed pursuant to chapter 40-57.		
14			(4)	Within the limitations of school plans as provided in subsection 2 of section		
15				57-15-16.		
16			(5)	The payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on bonds issued		
17				pursuant to subsection 7 of section 21-03-07.		
18			(6)	The payment of premiums for fire and allied lines, liability, and multiple peril-		
19				insurance on any building and its use, occupancy, fixtures, and contents.		
20		C.	The	custodian of the funds may pay out the funds only upon order of the school		
21			boa	rd, signed by the president and the business manager of the school district.		
22			The	order must recite upon its face the purpose for which payment is made.		
23	2.	Any	' mon	eys remaining in a school building fund after the completion of the payments		
24		for a	any s	chool building project which has cost seventy-five percent or more of the		
25		amo	ount i	n such building fund at the time of letting the contracts therefor shall be		
26		retu	rned	to the general fund of the school district upon the order of the school board.		
27	3.	The	gove	erning body of any school district may pay into the general fund of the school		
28		dist	rict ar	ny moneys which have remained in the school building fund for a period of ten		
29		yea	rs or	more, and such district may include the same as a part of its cash on hand in-		
30		mal	king u	up its budget for the ensuing year. In determining what amounts have-		
31		rem	ainec	d in said fund for ten years or more, all payments which have been paid from		

1		the	school building fund for building purposes shall be considered as having been paid			
2		fror	m the funds first acquired.			
3	4.	₩h	enever collections from the taxes levied for the current budget and other income-			
4		are	insufficient to meet the requirements for general operating expenses, a majority of			
5		the	governing body of a school district may transfer unobligated funds from the school			
6		buil	lding fund into the general fund of the school district if the school district has issued			
7		cer	tificates of indebtedness equal to fifty percent of the outstanding uncollected-			
8		ger	neral fund property tax. No school district may transfer funds from the school-			
9		buil	lding fund into the general fund for more than two years.			
10	SEC	CTIO	N 19. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
11	amende	d an	d reenacted as follows:			
12	57-1	15-31	I. (Effective for the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)			
13	Determ	inati	on of levy.			
14	<u>1.</u>	The	e amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or			
15		oth	er municipality authorized to levy taxes shallmust be computed by deducting from			
16		the	amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined,			
17		plus	s the required reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past			
18		exp	perience of the taxing district, the total of the following items:			
19	1.	<u>a.</u>	The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance:			
20	2.	<u>b.</u>	Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes-;			
21	3.	<u>C.</u>	The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years-:			
22	4.	<u>d.</u>	Such expenditures as are to Expenditures that must be made from bond sources.;			
23	5.	<u>e.</u>	The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool			
24			under section 57-15-61-; and			
25	6.	<u>f.</u>	The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project			
26			under section 40-57.1-03.			
27	<u>2.</u>	Allo	owance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to			
28		exc	eed five percent of the amount of the levy.			
29	(Effective after the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012)					
30	Determ	inati	on of levy. The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district,			
31	park dis	park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes shall be computed by deducting from				

- 1 the amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the
- 2 required reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the
- 3 taxing district, the total of the following items:
- 4 1. The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.
- 5 2. Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.
- 6 3. The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.
- 7 4. Such expenditures as are to be made from bond sources.
- 5. The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool under section 57-15-61.
- 10 6. The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project under section 40-57.1-03.
- 7. The amount reported to a school district by the superintendent of public instruction asthe school district's mill levy reduction grant for the year under section 57-64-02.
- Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to exceed five percent of the amount of the levy.
- SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-19-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 18 57-19-01. (Effective through June 30, 2015) School district may establish.
- 19 <u>Establishment of special reserve fund.</u>
- Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund, subject
 to the limitations in section 57-15-14.2. The balance of moneys in the fund may not exceed that
 which could be produced by a levy of fifteen mills in that district for that year.
- 23 (Effective after June 30, 2015) School district may establish special reserve fund.
- 24 Each school district in this state may establish and maintain a special reserve fund which must-
- 25 be separate and distinct from all other funds now authorized by law and which may not exceed
- 26 in amount at any one time the sum which could be produced by a levy of the maximum mill levy-
- 27 allowed by law in that district for that year.
- 28 **SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-19-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 29 amended and reenacted as follows:

57-19-02. (Effective through June 30, 2015) Special reserve fund - Separate trust fund Transfer.

- Moneys in the special reserve fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same
 manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of
 federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan
 associations, within the limits of federal insurance.
- 2. Each July first, the board of the school district shall transfer from the special reserve fund to the district's general fund any amount that exceeds the limitation in section 57-19-01.

(Effective after June 30, 2015) Special reserve fund - Separate trust fund. The special reserve fund is a separate trust fund for the use and benefit of the school district, to be drawn upon as provided in this chapter. Moneys in the fund may be deposited, held, or invested in the same manner as the sinking fund of the district or in the purchase of shares or securities of federal savings and loan associations or state-chartered building and loan associations, within the limits of federal insurance. The school district business manager shall annually, upon a resolution of the school board, transfer to the school district general fund any part or all of the investment income or interest earned by the principal amount of the school district's special reserve fund.

SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 57-19-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-19-09. (Effective through June 30, 2015) When Special reserve fund may be transferred Correction of error.

Anylf a school district which has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of aits special reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining theits budget for the school district which hasand deducted all or any part of the funds in suchits special reserve fund from the amount necessary to be levied for any schoola fiscal year, the district may transfer from theits special reserve fund into theits general fund all or any part of such amounts which have been the amount that was so considered, contrary to the provisions of section 57-19-05.

(Effective after June 30, 2015) When fund may be transferred. Any school district which has heretofore by mistake, or for any other reason, considered all or any part of a special

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1 reserve fund, as provided for in chapter 57-19, in determining the budget for the school district 2 which has deducted all or any part of the funds in such special reserve fund from the amount-3 necessary to be levied for any school fiscal year, may transfer from the special reserve fund into-4 the general fund all or any part of such amounts which have been so considered contrary to the 5 provisions of section 57-19-05. Any school district special reserve fund and the tax levy therefor 6 may be discontinued by a vote of sixty percent of the electors of the school district voting upon-7 the question at any special or general election. Any moneys remaining unexpended in such 8 special reserve fund must be transferred to the building or general fund of the school district. 9 The discontinuance of a special reserve fund shall not decrease the school district tax levies-10 otherwise provided for by law by more than twenty percent. A special reserve fund and the tax 11 levy therefor which has been discontinued may be reinstated by a vote of sixty percent of the

SECTION 23. SCHOOL DISTRICT REPORTING REVIEW COMMITTEE - STUDY.

electors of the school district voting upon the question at any special or general election.

- The superintendent of public instruction shall serve as the chairman of the school district reporting review committee. During the 2015-16 interim, the committee shall review statutory and regulatory reporting requirements imposed upon school districts, with a view toward eliminating reporting requirements that are duplicative or unnecessary and streamlining the reporting process.
- 2. The school district reporting review committee consists of:
 - a. Six individuals, selected by the superintendent of public instruction and representing small, medium, and large school districts, provided each individual must be a school district superintendent or a business manager;
 - Four staff members from the department of public instruction, who are familiar with state and federal school district reporting requirements;
 - c. The chairman of the senate education committee or the chairman's designee;
 - d. The chairman of the house education committee or the chairman's designee; and
 - e. One member of the legislative assembly from the minority party, appointed by the chairman of the legislative management.
- 3. Members of the legislative assembly serving on the committee are entitled to compensation at the rate provided for in accordance with section 54-03-20 and to

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- reimbursement for expenses, as provided by law for state officers, if the members are attending meetings or performing duties required by the appointment.
 - 4. Before July 1, 2016, the superintendent of public instruction shall report the committee's findings and recommendations to the legislative management.

SECTION 24. ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER GRANTS.

- 1. During the 2015-17 biennium, the superintendent of public instruction shall expend up to \$2,500,000 from the grants other grants line item in the appropriation bill for the superintendent of public instruction, as approved by the sixty-fourth legislative assembly, for the purpose of providing grants to the six school districts that serve the largest number of first and second level English language learners in kindergarten through grade twelve.
- In order to determine the amount that a school district may receive under this section, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide a pro rata share of the available grant dollars to each eligible district based upon the total number of first and second level English language learners enrolled in the six districts.
- 3. A district may expend moneys received under this section only for the purpose of enhancing services to first and second level English language learners. Permissible purposes include the hiring of additional teachers, interpreters, and social workers for first and second level English language learners and the provision of other ancillary support services and programs, approved by the superintendent of public instruction.
- 4. The superintendent of public instruction may not award more than fifty percent of the funds available under this section during the first year of the biennium.

SECTION 25. EXEMPTION - AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER - TECHNOLOGY GRANT.

The unexpended amount remaining from the transfer of \$250,000, as permitted in section 61 of chapter 13 of the 2013 Session Laws, is not subject to the provisions of section 54-44.1-11 at the end of the 2013-15 biennium and may be continued into the 2015-17 biennium, for the purpose of continuing the grant to an institution implementing a certificate program that prepares individuals with autism spectrum disorder for employment in the technology sector.

SECTION 26. EXEMPTION - CONTINGENT FUNDING - 2013-15 BIENNIUM
ADVANCED PLACEMENT COURSES - DELIVERY AND PARTICIPATION. Notwithstanding

section 54-44.1-11, if any moneys remain in the grants - state school aid line item after the

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- superintendent of public instruction complies with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2013-15 biennium, the superintendent shall use the first \$1,252,627, or so much of that amount as may be necessary, for the purpose of enhancing the delivery and the participation of students and teachers in advanced placement courses, for the biennium beginning with the effective date of this Act and ending June 30, 2017. SECTION 27. EXEMPTION - CONTINGENT FUNDING - 2013-15 BIENNIUM - EARLY
 - CHILDHOOD EDUCATION IMPACT STUDY. Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if any moneys remain in the grants state school aid line item after the superintendent of public instruction complies with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2013-15 biennium, the superintendent shall use the first \$200,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, for the purpose of contracting with a research institution in this state to study the impact of early childhood education provider grants, for the biennium beginning with the effective date of this Act and ending June 30, 2017.
- SECTION 28. REPEAL. Sections 15.1-27-04, 15.1-27-07.2, 15.1-27-11, 15.1-27-22.1, 15.1-27-42, 15.1-27-43, 15.1-27-44, 15.1-32-20, 57-15-14.4, 57-15-14.5, 57-15-17.1, and 57-19-04 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota Century Code are repealed.
- 17 **SECTION 29. EXPIRATION DATE.** Section 12 of this Act is effective through June 30, 2017, and after that date is ineffective.
- SECTION 30. EMERGENCY. Sections 25 through 27 of this Act are declared to be an emergency measure.