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THIRD ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1045

Introduced by

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Legislative Management

(Political Subdivision Taxation Committee)

A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 57-38-01.26, and subsection 7 of section
57-38-30.3, subsection 5 of section 57-38.5-01, and sections 57-38.5-02, 57-38.5-03,

57-38.5-04, 57-38.5-05, and 57-38.5-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the angel fund investment tax credit and the seed capital investment tax credit; to repeal section
57-38-01.26 and chapter 57-38.5 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the angel fund investment tax credit and the seed capital investment tax credit; to provide a penalty: to provide an effective date; and to provide an expiration date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38-01.26 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-38-01.26. (Effective for investments made before July 1, 2017) Angel fund investment tax credit.

A taxpayer is entitled to a credit against state income tax liability under section 57-38-30 or 57-38-30.3 for an investment made prior to April July 1, 2017, in an angel fund that is a domestic organization ereated organized before July 1, 2017, under the laws of this state. The amount of the credit to which a taxpayer is entitled is forty-five percent of the amount remitted by the taxpayer to an angel fund during the taxable year. The aggregate annual credit for which a taxpayer may obtain a tax credit is not more than forty-five thousand dollars. The aggregate lifetime credits under this section that may be obtained by an individual, married couple, passthrough entity and its affiliates, or other taxpayer is five hundred thousand dollars. The investment used to calculate the credit under this section may not be used to calculate any other income tax deduction or credit allowed by law.

- 2. To be eligible for the credit, the investment must be at risk in the angel fund for at least three years. An investment made in a qualified business from the assets of a retirement plan is deemed to be the retirement plan participant's investment for the purpose of this section if a separate account is maintained for the plan participant and the participant directly controls where the account assets are invested. Investments placed in escrow do not qualify for the credit. The credit must be claimed in the taxable year in which the investment in the angel fund was received by the angel fund. The credit allowed may not exceed the liability for tax under this chapter. If the amount of credit determined under this section exceeds the liability for tax under this chapter, the excess may be carried forward to each of the seven succeeding taxable years. A taxpayer claiming a credit under this section may not claim any credit available to the taxpayer as a result of an investment made by the angel fund in a qualified business under chapter 57-38.5 or 57-38.6.
- 3. An angel fund must:
 - a. Be a partnership, limited partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, limited liability limited partnership, trust, or estate organized on a for-profit basis which is headquartered in this state.
 - b. Be organized for the purpose of investing in a portfolio of at least three primary sector companies that are early-stage and mid-stage private, nonpublicly traded enterprises with strong growth potential. For purposes of this section, an early-stage entity means an entity with annual revenues of up to two million dollars and a mid-stage entity means an entity with annual revenues over two million dollars not to exceed ten million dollars. Investments in real estate or real estate holding companies are not eligible investments by certified angel funds. Any angel fund certified before January 1, 2013, which has invested in real estate or a real estate holding company is not eligible for recertification.
 - c. Consist of at least six accredited investors as defined by securities and exchange commission regulation D, rule 501.
 - d. Not have more than twenty-five percent of its capitalized investment assets owned by an individual investor.

1 Have at least five hundred thousand dollars in commitments from accredited 2 investors and that capital must be subject to call to be invested over an 3 unspecified number of years to build a portfolio of investments in enterprises. 4 Be member-managed or a manager-managed limited liability company and the f. 5 investor members or a designated board that includes investor members must 6 make decisions as a group on which enterprises are worthy of investments. 7 Be certified as an angel fund that meets the requirements of this section by the g. 8 department of commerce. 9 Be in compliance with the securities laws of this state. h. 10 i. Within thirty days after the date on which an investment in an angel fund is made, 11 the angel fund shall file with the tax commissioner and provide to the investor 12 completed forms prescribed by the tax commissioner which show as to each 13 investment in the angel fund the following: 14 The name, address, and social security number or federal employer 15 identification number of the taxpayer or passthrough entity that made the 16 investment; 17 (2) The dollar amount remitted by the taxpayer or passthrough entity; and 18 The date the payment was received by the angel fund for the investment. 19 Within thirty days after the end of a calendar year, the angel fund shall file with j. 20 the tax commissioner a report showing the name and principal place of business 21 of each enterprise in which the angel fund has an investment and the amount of 22 the investment. 23 4. The tax commissioner may disclose to the legislative management the reported 24 information described under paragraphs 2 and 3 of subdivision i of subsection 3 and 25 the reported information described under subdivision j of subsection 3. 26 Angel fund investors may be actively involved in the enterprises in which the angel 5. 27 fund invests but the angel fund may not invest in any enterprise if any one angel fund 28 investor owns directly or indirectly more than forty-nine percent of the ownership 29 interests in the enterprise. The angel fund may not invest in an enterprise if any one 30 partner, shareholder, or member of a passthrough entity that directly or indirectly owns

more than forty-nine percent of the ownership interests in the enterprise.

- 1 6. Investors in one angel fund may not receive more than five million dollars in aggregate credits under this section during the life of the angel fund but this provision may not be interpreted to limit additional investments in that angel fund.
 - 7. a. A passthrough entity entitled to the credit under this section must be considered to be the taxpayer for purposes of this section, and the amount of the credit allowed must be determined at the passthrough entity level.
 - b. For the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, if a passthrough entity does not elect to sell, transfer, or assign the credit as provided under this subsection and subsection 8, the amount of the total credit determined at the entity level must be passed through to the partners, shareholders, or members in proportion to their respective interests in the passthrough entity.
 - c. For the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, if a passthrough entity elects to sell, transfer, or assign a credit as provided under this subsection and subsection 8, the passthrough entity shall make an irrevocable election to sell, transfer, or assign the credit on the return filed by the entity for the taxable year in which the credit was earned. A passthrough entity that makes a valid election to sell, transfer, or assign a credit shall sell one hundred percent of the credit earned, may sell the credit to only one purchaser, and shall comply with the requirements of this subsection and subsection 8.
 - 8. For the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, a taxpayer may elect to sell, transfer, or assign all of the earned or excess tax credit earned under this section for investment in an angel fund established after July 31, 2011, subject to the following:
 - a. A taxpayer's total credit sale, transfer, or assignment under this section may not exceed one hundred thousand dollars over any combination of taxable years. The cumulative credits transferred by all investors in an angel fund may not exceed fifty percent of the aggregate credits under this section during the life of the angel fund under subsection 6.
 - b. If the taxpayer elects to sell, assign, or transfer a credit under this subsection, the tax credit transferor and the tax credit purchaser jointly shall file with the tax commissioner a copy of the purchase agreement and a statement containing the

- names, addresses, and taxpayer identification numbers of the parties to the transfer, the amount of the credit being transferred, the gross proceeds received-by the transferor, and the taxable year or years for which the credit may be claimed. The taxpayer and the purchaser also shall file a document allowing the tax commissioner to disclose tax information to either party for the purpose of verifying the correctness of the transferred tax credit. The purchase agreement, supporting statement, and waiver must be filed within thirty days after the date-the purchase agreement is fully executed. The purchaser of the tax credit shall claim the credit beginning with the taxable-C.
 - c. The purchaser of the tax credit shall claim the credit beginning with the taxable year in which the credit purchase agreement was fully executed by the parties. A purchaser of a tax credit under this section has only such rights to claim and use the credit under the terms that would have applied to the tax credit transferor.

 This subsection does not limit the ability of the tax credit purchaser to reduce the tax liability of the purchaser, regardless of the actual tax liability of the tax credit transferor.
 - d. A sale, assignment, or transfer of a tax credit under this section is irrevocable and the purchaser of the tax credit may not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer the credit.
 - e. If the amount of the credit available under this section is changed as a result of an amended return filed by the transferor, or as the result of an audit conducted by the internal revenue service or the tax commissioner, the transferor shall report to the purchaser the adjusted credit amount within thirty days of the amended return or within thirty days of the final determination made by the internal revenue service or the tax commissioner. The tax credit purchaser shall file amended returns reporting the additional tax due or claiming a refund as provided in section 57-38-38 or 57-38-40, and the tax commissioner may audit these returns and assess or issue refunds, even though other time periods prescribed in these sections may have expired for the purchaser.
 - f. Gross proceeds received by the tax credit transferor must be assigned to North-Dakota. The amount assigned under this subsection cannot be reduced by the

- taxpayer's income apportioned to North Dakota or any North Dakota netoperating loss of the taxpayer.
- g. The tax commissioner has four years after the date of the credit assignment to audit the returns of the credit transferor and the purchaser to verify the correctness of the amount of the transferred credit and if necessary assess the credit purchaser if additional tax is found due. This subdivision does not limit or restrict any other time period prescribed in this chapter for the assessment of tax.
- h. The tax commissioner may adopt rules to establish necessary administrative provisions for the credit under this section, including provisions to permit-verification of the validity and timeliness of the transferred tax credit.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38-01.26 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-38-01.26. (Effective for investments made after June 30, 2017) Angel fundinvestment investor tax credit.

- 1. A taxpayer is entitled to a credit against state income tax liability under section 57-38-30 or 57-38-30.3 for an investment made in an angel fund that is a domestic organization created under the laws of this state. The amount of the credit to which a taxpayer is entitled is forty five percent of the amount remitted by the taxpayer to an angel fund during the taxable year. The aggregate annual credit for which a taxpayer may obtain a tax credit is not more than forty-five thousand dollars. The aggregate lifetime credits under this section that may be obtained by an individual, married couple, passthrough entity and its affiliates, or other taxpayer is five hundred thousand dollars. The investment used to calculate the credit under this section may not be used to calculate any other income tax deduction or credit allowed by law.
 - 2. To be eligible for the credit, the investment must be at risk in the angel fund for at least three years. An investment made in a qualified business from the assets of a retirement plan is deemed to be the retirement plan participant's investment for the purpose of this section if a separate account is maintained for the plan participant and the participant directly controls where the account assets are invested. Investments placed in escrow do not qualify for the credit. The credit must be claimed in the taxable year in which the investment in the angel fund was received by the angel fund. The

credit allowed may not exceed the liability for tax under this chapter. If the amount of credit determined under this section exceeds the liability for tax under this chapter, the excess may be carried forward to each of the seven succeeding taxable years. A taxpayer claiming a credit under this section may not claim any credit available to the taxpayer as a result of an investment made by the angel fund in a qualified business under chapter 57-38.5 or 57-38.6.

3. An angel fund must:

- a. Be a partnership, limited partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, limited liability limited partnership, trust, or estate organized on a for-profit basis which is headquartered in this state.
- b. Be organized for the purpose of investing in a portfolio of at least three primary sector companies that are early-stage and mid-stage private, nonpublicly traded enterprises with strong growth potential. For purposes of this section, an early-stage entity means an entity with annual revenues of up to two million dollars and a mid-stage entity means an entity with annual revenues over two-million dollars not to exceed ten million dollars. Investments in real estate or real estate holding companies are not eligible investments by certified angel funds. Any angel fund certified before January 1, 2013, which has invested in real estate or a real estate holding company is not eligible for recertification.
- c. Consist of at least six accredited investors as defined by securities and exchange commission regulation D, rule 501.
- d. Not have more than twenty-five percent of its capitalized investment assets owned by an individual investor.
- e. Have at least five hundred thousand dollars in commitments from accredited investors and that capital must be subject to call to be invested over an unspecified number of years to build a portfolio of investments in enterprises.
- f. Be member-managed or a manager-managed limited liability company and the investor members or a designated board that includes investor members must make decisions as a group on which enterprises are worthy of investments.
 - Be certified as an angel fund that meets the requirements of this section by the department of commerce.

1	h. Be in compliance with the securities laws of this state.
2	i. Within thirty days after the date on which an investment in an angel fund is made,
3	the angel fund shall file with the tax commissioner and provide to the investor-
4	completed forms prescribed by the tax commissioner which show as to each
5	investment in the angel fund the following:
6	(1) The name, address, and social security number or federal employer-
7	identification number of the taxpayer or passthrough entity that made the
8	investment;
9	(2) The dollar amount remitted by the taxpayer or passthrough entity; and
10	(3) The date the payment was received by the angel fund for the investment.
11	j. Within thirty days after the end of a calendar year, the angel fund shall file with
12	the tax commissioner a report showing the name and principal place of business-
13	of each enterprise in which the angel fund has an investment.
14	4. The tax commissioner may disclose to the legislative management the reported
15	information described under paragraphs 2 and 3 of subdivision i of subsection 3 and
16	the reported information described under subdivision j of subsection 3.
17	5. Angel fund investors may be actively involved in the enterprises in which the angel
18	fund invests but the angel fund may not invest in any enterprise if any one angel fund-
19	investor owns directly or indirectly more than forty-nine percent of the ownership-
20	interests in the enterprise. The angel fund may not invest in an enterprise if any one
21	partner, shareholder, or member of a passthrough entity that directly or indirectly owns
22	more than forty-nine percent of the ownership interests in the enterprise.
23	6. Investors in one angel fund may not receive more than five million dollars in aggregate
24	credits under this section during the life of the angel fund but this provision may not be
25	interpreted to limit additional investments in that angel fund.
26	7. a. A passthrough entity entitled to the credit under this section must be considered
27	to be the taxpayer for purposes of this section, and the amount of the credit-
28	allowed must be determined at the passthrough entity level.
29	b. For the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, if a
30	passthrough entity does not elect to sell, transfer, or assign the credit as provided
31	under this subsection and subsection 8, the amount of the total credit determined

- at the entity level must be passed through to the partners, shareholders, ormembers in proportion to their respective interests in the passthrough entity.
- c. For the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, if a passthrough entity elects to sell, transfer, or assign a credit as provided under this subsection and subsection 8, the passthrough entity shall make an irrevocable election to sell, transfer, or assign the credit on the return filed by the entity for the taxable year in which the credit was earned. A passthrough entity that makes a valid election to sell, transfer, or assign a credit shall sell one hundred percent of the credit earned, may sell the credit to only one purchaser, and shall comply with the requirements of this subsection and subsection 8.
- 8. For the first two taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, a taxpayer may elect to sell, transfer, or assign all of the earned or excess tax credit earned under this section for investment in an angel fund established after July 31, 2011, subject to the following:
 - a. A taxpayer's total credit sale, transfer, or assignment under this section may not exceed one hundred thousand dollars over any combination of taxable years.

 The cumulative credits transferred by all investors in an angel fund may not exceed fifty percent of the aggregate credits under this section during the life of the angel fund under subsection 6.
 - b. If the taxpayer elects to sell, assign, or transfer a credit under this subsection, the tax credit transferor and the tax credit purchaser jointly shall file with the tax commissioner a copy of the purchase agreement and a statement containing the names, addresses, and taxpayer identification numbers of the parties to the transfer, the amount of the credit being transferred, the gross proceeds received by the transferor, and the taxable year or years for which the credit may be claimed. The taxpayer and the purchaser also shall file a document allowing the tax commissioner to disclose tax information to either party for the purpose of verifying the correctness of the transferred tax credit. The purchase agreement, supporting statement, and waiver must be filed within thirty days after the date the purchase agreement is fully executed.

1 The purchaser of the tax credit shall claim the credit beginning with the taxable 2 year in which the credit purchase agreement was fully executed by the parties. A 3 purchaser of a tax credit under this section has only such rights to claim and use-4 the credit under the terms that would have applied to the tax credit transferor. 5 This subsection does not limit the ability of the tax credit purchaser to reduce the 6 tax liability of the purchaser, regardless of the actual tax liability of the tax credit-7 transferor. 8 A sale, assignment, or transfer of a tax credit under this section is irrevocable and 9 the purchaser of the tax credit may not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer the 10 credit. 11 If the amount of the credit available under this section is changed as a result of 12 an amended return filed by the transferor, or as the result of an audit conducted 13 by the internal revenue service or the tax commissioner, the transferor shall-14 report to the purchaser the adjusted credit amount within thirty days of the 15 amended return or within thirty days of the final determination made by the 16 internal revenue service or the tax commissioner. The tax credit purchaser shall-17 file amended returns reporting the additional tax due or claiming a refund asprovided in section 57-38-38 or 57-38-40, and the tax commissioner may audit 18 19 these returns and assess or issue refunds, even though other time periods 20 prescribed in these sections may have expired for the purchaser. 21 Gross proceeds received by the tax credit transferor must be assigned to North-22 Dakota. The amount assigned under this subsection cannot be reduced by the 23 taxpayer's income apportioned to North Dakota or any North Dakota net-24 operating loss of the taxpayer. 25 The tax commissioner has four years after the date of the credit assignment to 26 audit the returns of the credit transferor and the purchaser to verify the 27 correctness of the amount of the transferred credit and if necessary assess the 28 credit purchaser if additional tax is found due. This subdivision does not limit or-29 restrict any other time period prescribed in this chapter for the assessment of tax.

1	shareholders, or members in proportion to their respective interests in the
2	passthrough entity. An individual taxpayer may take the credit passed through
3	under this section against the individual's state income tax liability under section
4	<u>57-38-30.3.</u>
5	2. For purposes of this section:
6	a. "Early-stage entity" means an entity with annual revenues of up to two million
7	dollars.
8	b. "In-state qualified business" means an early-stage or mid-stage private,
9	nonpublicly traded enterprise that:
10	(1) Is created, or its satellite operation is created, as a for-profit entity under the
11	laws of this state.
12	(2) Has its principal office in this state and has the majority of its business
13	activity performed in this state, except sales activity, or has a significant
14	operation in this state that has or is projected to have more than ten
15	employees in this state.
16	(3) Relies on research or the development of new products and processes in its
17	plans for growth and profitability.
18	(4) Is in compliance with state and federal securities laws.
19	(5) Is not an entity or enterprise which is engaged in real estate development, is
20	a real estate holding company, derives income from the selling or leasing of
21	residential or commercial real estate, or carries on operations in the hotel,
22	restaurant, convention, or hospitality industries, or makes any other similar
23	use of real estate.
24	(6) Is certified as an in-state qualified business that meets the requirements of
25	this section by the department of commerce.
26	c. "Investment" means a cash investment in an in-state qualified business or
27	out-of-state qualified business that is made in exchange for common stock, a
28	partnership or membership interest, preferred stock, debt with a mandatory
29	conversion to equity, or an equivalent ownership interest as determined by the
30	tax commissioner.

1	d. "Mid-stage entity" means an entity with annual revenues over two million dollars
2	not to exceed ten million dollars.
3	e. "Out-of-state qualified business" means an early-stage or mid-stage private,
4	nonpublicly traded enterprise that:
5	(1) Is created as a for-profit entity.
6	(2) Relies on research or the development of new products and processes in its
7	plans for growth and profitability.
8	(3) Is in compliance with state and federal securities laws.
9	(4) Is not an entity or enterprise engaged in real estate development, is a real
10	estate holding company, derives income from the selling or leasing of
11	residential or commercial real estate, or carries on operations in the hotel,
12	restaurant, convention, or hospitality industries, or makes any other similar
13	use of real estate.
14	(5) Is certified as an out-of-state qualified business that meets the requirements
15	of this section by the department of commerce.
16	3. An angel fund must:
17	a. Be a passthrough entity organized after June 30, 2017, as a domestic for-profit
18	entity under the laws of this state, and have its headquarters in this state.
19	b. Not have invested, or intend on investing during its certification period, in real
20	estate or real estate activities as described under subdivision e of subsection 2.
21	c. Consist of at least six accredited investors as defined in regulation D, rule 501 of
22	the federal Securities Act of 1933.
23	d. Not have more than twenty-five percent of its capitalized investment assets
24	owned by any one investor.
25	e. Have at least five hundred thousand dollars in commitments from accredited
26	investors which are subject to call to be invested over an unspecified number of
27	years to build a portfolio of investments in enterprises.
28	f. Be member-managed or a manager-managed limited liability company and the
29	investor members or a designated board that includes investor members must
30	make decisions as a group on which enterprises are worthy of investments.

1		g. Be certified as an angel fund that meets the requirements of this subsection by
2		the department of commerce.
3		h. Be in, and remain in, compliance with state and federal securities laws, and
4		invest only in in-state qualified businesses or an out-of-state qualified business
5		that are issuing securities in compliance with state and federal securities laws.
6	4.	On or before December 31, 2019, and every two calendar years thereafter, a minimum
7		of fifty percent of an angel fund's investments, as defined under subdivision b of
8		subsection 2, must be invested into an in-state qualified business.
9	5.	An angel fund shall hold the investment in an in-state qualified business or an
10		out-of-state qualified business for at least three years from the date of investment. The
11		three-year period does not apply if, before the end of the three-year period:
12		a. The investment becomes worthless;
13		b. Eighty percent or more of the assets of the in-state qualified business or
14		out-of-state qualified business are sold;
15		c. The in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified business is sold;
16		d. The common stock of the in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified
17		business begins trading on a public exchange; or
18		e. A partner, shareholder, or member of the angel fund dies, in which case the
19		exception to the three-year holding period only applies to the deceased
20		individual's portion of the investment and related credit.
21	6.	Within thirty days after the date on which an angel fund makes an investment in an
22		in-state qualified business or an out-of-state qualified business, the angel fund shall
23		report the investment to the tax commissioner on forms and in the manner prescribed
24		by the tax commissioner. The report must contain:
25		a. The name, address, and federal employer identification number of the angel
26		fund;
27		b. The total amount of the investment from all angel investors investing in the
28		in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified business;
29		c. The name, address, and social security or federal identification number of each
30		angel investor investing in the in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified
31		<u>business;</u>

1		d. The amount invested by each angel investor in the in-state qualified business or
2		out-of-state qualified business;
3		e. The type of security received by the angel fund in exchange for the investment;
4		f. The name, address, and federal employer identification number of the in-state
5		qualified business or out-of-state qualified business;
6		g. The type of industry in which the in-state qualified business or out-of-state
7		qualified business is engaged; and
8		h. Any other information the tax commissioner determines is necessary for
9		administration of this section.
10	7.	An angel fund is subject to a penalty of one thousand dollars per month for each
11		month, or fraction thereof, the report under subsection 6 is not filed. The tax
12		commissioner, for good cause shown, may waive all or part of the penalty imposed
13		under this subsection.
14	8.	By January thirty-first of each year, the angel fund shall file with the tax commissioner
15		a report showing:
16		a. The name and address of each in-state qualified business or out-of-state
17		qualified business in which the angel fund has made an investment;
18		b. The principal place of business for each in-state qualified business or out-of-state
19		qualified business reported under subdivision a;
20		c. The total amount invested in each in-state qualified business or out-of-state
21		qualified business; and
22		d. Any other information the tax commissioner determines is necessary for
23		administration of this section.
24	9.	For an angel fund certified before July 1, 2017, within thirty days after the end of each
25		calendar year, the angel fund shall file with the tax commissioner a report showing the
26		name and principal place of business of each enterprise in which the angel fund has
27		an investment and the amount of the investment.
28	10.	Upon receipt of a written request from the chairman of the legislative management or
29		the chairman of a standing committee of the legislative assembly, the tax
30		commissioner shall disclose any information described under subsections 6, 8, and 9.
31		This subsection does not authorize disclosure of the angel investor's name, social

- security number or federal employer identification number, address, or any other information prohibited from disclosure under this chapter.
- 1. Angel investors may be actively involved in the in-state qualified businesses or out-of-state qualified businesses in which the angel fund invests but the angel fund may not invest in any in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified business if any one angel investor owns directly or indirectly more than forty-nine percent of the ownership interests in the in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified business. The angel fund may not invest in an in-state qualified business or an out-of-state qualified business if any one angel investor is a partner, shareholder, or member of another passthrough entity that directly or indirectly owns more than forty-nine percent of the ownership interests in the in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified business.
- 12. Failure to comply with any provision of this section is cause to revoke the certification of an angel fund or an in-state qualified business or an out-of-state qualified business, or disallow the credit attributable to the noncompliance.
 - a. Notice of the revocation of the angel fund or an in-state qualified business's or out-of-state qualified business's certification must be provided to the angel fund or the in-state qualified business or out-of-state qualified business by the tax commissioner, department of commerce, or securities commissioner. Within thirty days of receipt of the notice, the angel fund shall provide a copy of the notice to each of its angel investors.
 - b. The angel fund's investors shall file an amended return for each taxable year in which the disallowed credit reduced the investor's income tax liability and pay the amount due. The amended return, if required, must be filed within ninety days after the date of the written notice given to the angel fund.
 - c. If the amended return is not timely filed, the tax commissioner shall disallow the
 credit and assess any tax due. An assessment of tax made under this subsection
 is final and irrevocably fixed.
 - d. If an amended return is filed as required under subdivision b, the tax

 commissioner has two years after the amended return is filed in which to audit

 and assess any tax due attributable to the revocation of the credit, even though

ı	m.	Commercial property income tax credit under section 57-38-01.30.
2	n.	Research and experimental expenditures under section 57-38-30.5.
3	o. <u>m.</u>	Geothermal energy device installation credit under section 57-38-01.8.
4	p. n.	Long-term care partnership plan premiums income tax credit under section
5		57-38-29.3.
6	q. o.	Employer tax credit for salary and related retirement plan contributions of
7		mobilized employees under section 57-38-01.31.
8	r. p.	Automating manufacturing processes tax credit under section 57-38-01.33
9		(effective for the first five taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012).
10	<u>s.q.</u>	Income tax credit for passthrough entity contributions to private education
11		institutions under section 57-38-01.7.
12	r.	Angel investor tax credit under section 57-38-01.26.
13	SECTION	4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 5 of section 57-38.5-01 of the North Dakota
14	Century Code	e is amended and reenacted as follows:
15	——5. "Qu	alified business" means a business other than a real estate investment trust which
16	is a	primary sector business that:
17	———а.	Is incorporated or its satellite operation is incorporated as a for-profit corporation,
18		passthrough entity, or joint venture;
19	————b.	Is in compliance with the requirements for filings with the securities commissioner
20		under the securities laws of this state;
21	с.	Has North Dakota residents as a majority of its employees in the North Dakota
22		principal office or the North Dakota satellite operation;
23	d.	Has its principal office in this state and has the majority of its business activity
24		performed in this state, except sales activity, or has a significant operation in
25		North Dakota that has or is projected to have more than ten employees or one-
26		hundred fifty thousand dollars of sales annually; and
27	——е.	Relies on innovation, research, or the development of new products and
28		processes in its plans for growth and profitability.
29	SECTION	N 5. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38.5-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amended and	t reenacted as follows:

1	57-38.	5-02. Certification - Investment reporting by qualified businesses - Maximum
2	investmer	nts in qualified businesses.
3	— <u>1. </u>	The director shall certify whether a business that has requested to become a qualified
4	b	ousiness meets the requirements of subsection 5 of section 57-38.5-01. The director
5	S	shall establish the necessary forms and procedures for certifying qualified businesses.
6	2. /	A qualified business may apply to the director for a recertification. Only one
7	r	ecertification is available to a qualified business. The application for recertification
8	n	nust be filed with the director within ninety days before the original certification expiry
9	e	late. The recertification issued by the director must comply with the provisions of
10	S	subsection 3.
11	3. A	A certification letter must be issued by the director to the qualified business. The
12	е	eertification letter must include:
13	e	a. The certification effective date.
14	b	The certification expiry date. The expiry date may not be more than four years
15		from the certification effective date.
16	——4.—T	The maximum aggregate amount of qualified investments a qualified business may
17	f	eceive for all tax years is limited to five hundred thousand dollars under this chapter.
18	7	The tax credit allowed on qualified investments in a qualified business must be
19	a	allowed to taxpayers in the chronological order of the taxpayer's qualified investments
20	a	s determined from the forms filed under section 57-38.5-07. The limitation on
21	ir	nvestments under this subsection may not be interpreted to limit additional investment
22	b	by a taxpayer for which that taxpayer is not applying for a credit.
23	<u> 5.</u> <u>E</u>	By February first in each of the five years following a year in which a qualified
24	<u>b</u>	business receives a qualified investment, the qualified business shall file with the tax
25	<u>e</u>	commissioner completed forms prescribed by the tax commissioner which show the
26	<u>e</u>	ualified business meets the requirements under section 57-38.5-01.
27	SECT	ION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38.5-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
28	amended a	and reenacted as follows:
29	57-38.	5-03. SeedAngel investor seed capital investment tax credit.
30	——If a tax	kpayer makes a qualified investment in a qualified business, the taxpayer is entitled to
31	a credit against state income tax liability under section 57-38-30 or 57-38-30.3.	

business is not entitled to a credit under this section. A member of the immediate-

family of a taxpayer disqualified by this subsection is not entitled to the credit under this section. For purposes of this subsection, "immediate family" means the taxpayer's spouse, parent, sibling, or child or the spouse of any such person.

- The tax commissioner may disallow any credit otherwise allowed under this section if any representation by a business in the application for certification as a qualified business proves to be false or if the taxpayer or qualified business fails to satisfy any conditions under this section or any conditions consistent with this section otherwise determined by the tax commissioner. The commissioner has four years after the due date of the return or after the return was filed, whichever period expires later, to audit the credit and assess additional tax that may be found due to failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter. The amount of any credit disallowed by the tax commissioner that reduced the taxpayer's income tax liability for any or all applicable tax years, plus penalty and interest as provided under section 57-38-45, must be paid by the taxpayer.
- 10. An angel fund that invests in a qualified business must be considered to be the taxpayer for purposes of the investment limitations in this section. The amount of the credit allowed with respect to an angel fund's investment in a qualified business must be determined at the angel fund level. The amount of the total credit determined at the angel fund level must be allowed to the investors in the angel fund in proportion to the investor's respective interests in the fund. An angel fund that is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 57-38 or which was certified under section 57-38-01.26 before April 1, 2017, is not eligible for the investment tax credit under this chapter.
- **SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-38.5-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 57-38.5-04. Taxable year for angel investor seed capital investment tax credit.
- The tax credit under section 57-38.5-03 must be credited against the taxpayer's income tax liability for the taxable year in which the investment in the qualified business was received by the qualified business.
- SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38.5-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	57-38.5-05. Seed Angel investor seed capital investment tax credit limits.
2	The aggregate amount of angel investor seed capital investment tax credit allowed for
3	investments under this chapter is limited to threeten million five hundred thousand dollars for-
4	each calendar year. If investments in qualified businesses reported to the commissioner under-
5	section 57-38.5-07 exceed the limits on tax credits for investments imposed by this section, the
6	eredit must be allowed to taxpayers in the chronological order of their investments in qualified-
7	businesses as determined from the forms filed under section 57-38.5-07.
8	SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38.5-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9	amended and reenacted as follows:
10	57-38.5-06. Seed Angel investor seed capital investment tax credit - Procedure -
11	Rules.
12	To receive the tax credit provided by section 57-38.5-03, a taxpayer must claim the credit on
13	the taxpayer's annual state income tax return in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner
14	and file with the return a copy of the form issued by the qualified business as to the taxpayer's
15	investment in the qualified business under section 57-38.5-07.
16	SECTION 10. REPEAL. Section 57-38-01.26 and chapter 57-38.5 of the North Dakota
17	Century Code are repealed.
18	SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. Section 9 of this This Act is effective for taxable years
19	beginning after December 31, 2019, and sections 2 through 8 of this Act are effective for
20	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016.