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FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1095

Introduced by

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Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Supreme Court)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 30.1-01-06 and 30.1-28-03, subsection 3 of
- 2 section 30.1-28-04, subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 30.1-28-09, section 30.1-29-01,
- 3 subsection 2 of section 30.1-29-04, subsection 1 of section 30.1-29-05, sections 30.1-29-07 and
- 4 30.1-29-08, subsection 2 of section 30.1-29-14, and section 30.1-29-19 of the North Dakota
- 5 Century Code, relating to guardianship and conservatorship proceedings.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 30.1-01-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 9 **30.1-01-06. (1-201) General definitions.**
- Subject to additional definitions contained in the subsequent chapters which are applicable to specific chapters, and unless the context otherwise requires, in this title:
 - "Agent" includes an attorney-in-fact under a durable or nondurable power of attorney, an individual authorized to make decisions concerning another's health care, and an individual authorized to make decisions for another under a natural death act.
- 15 2. "Application" means a written request to the court for an order of informal probate or appointment under chapter 30.1-14.
 - 3. "Augmented estate" means the estate described in section 30.1-05-02.
- 4. "Beneficiary", as it relates to a trust beneficiary, includes a person who has any
 present or future interest, vested or contingent, and also includes the owner of an
 interest by assignment or other transfer; as it relates to a charitable trust, includes any
 person entitled to enforce the trust; as it relates to a beneficiary of a beneficiary
 designation, refers to a beneficiary of an account with a payable on death designation,
 of a security registered in beneficiary form transferable on death, or other nonprobate
 transfer at death; and, as it relates to a "beneficiary designated in a governing

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- instrument", includes a grantee of a deed, a devisee, a trust beneficiary, a beneficiary of a beneficiary designation, a donee, or a person in whose favor a power of attorney or a power held in any individual, fiduciary, or representative capacity is exercised.
 - 5. "Beneficiary designation" refers to a governing instrument naming a beneficiary of an account with payable on death designation, of a security registered in beneficiary form transferable on death, or other nonprobate transfer at death.
 - 6. "Child" includes an individual entitled to take as a child under this title by intestate succession from the parent whose relationship is involved and excludes a person who is only a stepchild, a foster child, a grandchild, or any more remote descendant.
 - 7. "Claims", in respect to estates of decedents and protected persons, includes liabilities of the decedent or protected person whether arising in contract, in tort, or otherwise, and liabilities of the estate which arise at or after the death of the decedent or after the appointment of a conservator, including funeral expenses and expenses of administration. The term does not include estate or inheritance taxes or demands or disputes regarding title of a decedent or protected person to specific assets alleged to be included in the estate.
 - 8. "Conservator" means a person who is appointed by a court to manage the estate of a protected person, and includes limited conservators as defined in this section.
 - "Court" means the court having jurisdiction in matters relating to the affairs of decedents.
 - 10. "Descendant" of an individual means all descendants of all generations, with the relationship of parent and child at each generation being determined by the definition of child and parent contained in this title.
- 24 11. "Devise", when used as a noun, means a testamentary disposition of real or personal property, and when used as a verb, means to dispose of real or personal property by will.
- 27 12. "Devisee" means a person designated in a will to receive a devise. In the case of a
 28 devise to an existing trust or trustee, or to a trustee or trust described by will, the trust
 29 or trustee is the devisee and the beneficiaries are not devisees.
 - 13. "Disability" means cause for a protective order as described in section 30.1-29-01.

- 1 "Distributee" means any person who has received property of a decedent from the 2 decedent's personal representative other than as a creditor or purchaser. A 3 testamentary trustee is a distributee only to the extent of distributed assets or 4 increment thereto remaining in the trustee's hands. A beneficiary of a testamentary 5 trust to whom the trustee has distributed property received from a personal 6 representative is a distributee of the personal representative. For the purposes of this 7 provision, "testamentary trustee" includes a trustee to whom assets are transferred by 8 will to the extent of the devised assets. 9 15. "Estate" includes the property of the decedent, trust, or other person whose affairs are
- 9 15. "Estate" includes the property of the decedent, trust, or other person whose affairs are subject to this title as originally constituted and as it exists from time to time during administration.
- 12 16. "Exempt property" means that property of a decedent's estate which is described in section 30.1-07-01.
- 14 17. "Expert examiner" means:
- 15 <u>a. A licensed physician;</u>
- 16 <u>b.</u> <u>A psychiatrist;</u>
- 17 <u>c. A licensed psychologist trained in a clinical program;</u>
- d. An advanced practice registered nurse who is licensed under chapter 43-12.1

 within the role of a certified nurse practitioner or certified clinical nurse specialist,

 who has completed the requirements for a minimum of a master's degree from an

 accredited program, and who is functioning within the scope of practice in one of

 the population foci as approved by the state board of nursing; or
- e. A physician assistant who is licensed under chapter 43-17 and authorized by the
 state board of medical examiners to practice in this state.
- 25 <u>18.</u> "Fiduciary" includes a personal representative, guardian, conservator, and trustee.
- 26 <u>18.19.</u> "Foreign personal representative" means a personal representative appointed by another jurisdiction.
- 28 <u>19.20.</u> "Formal proceedings" means proceedings conducted before a judge with notice to interested persons.
- 30 <u>20.21.</u> "Governing instrument" means a deed, will, trust, insurance or annuity policy, account with payable on death designation, security registered in beneficiary form transferable

1 on death, pension, profit-sharing, retirement, or similar benefit plan, instrument 2 creating or exercising a power of appointment or a power of attorney, or a dispositive, 3 appointive, or nominative instrument of any similar type. 4 21.22. "Guardian" means a person who or nonprofit corporation that has qualified as a 5 guardian of a minor or incapacitated person pursuant to testamentary or court 6 appointment, and includes limited guardians as defined in this section, but excludes 7 one who is merely a guardian ad litem. 8 22.23. "Heirs", except as controlled by section 30.1-09.1-11, means persons, including the 9 surviving spouse and the state, who are entitled under the statutes of intestate 10 succession to the property of a decedent. 11 23.24. "Incapacitated person" means an individual described in section 30.1-26-01. 12 24.25. "Informal proceedings" means those conducted by the court for probate of a will or 13 appointment of a personal representative without notice to interested persons. 14 25.26. "Interested person" includes heirs, devisees, children, spouses, creditors, 15 beneficiaries, and any others having a property right in or claim against a trust estate 16 or the estate of a decedent, ward, or protected person. The term also includes persons 17 having priority for appointment as personal representative and other fiduciaries 18 representing interested persons. The meaning as it relates to particular persons may 19 vary from time to time and must be determined according to the particular purposes of, 20 and matter involved in, any proceeding. 21 26.27. "Issue" of a person means descendant as defined in subsection 10. 22 "Joint tenants with the right of survivorship" and "community property with the right of 27.28. 23 survivorship" includes co-owners of property held under circumstances that entitle one 24 or more to the whole of the property on the death of the other or others, but excludes 25 forms of co-ownership registration in which the underlying ownership of each party is 26 in proportion to that party's contribution. 27 28.29. "Lease" includes an oil, gas, or other mineral lease. 28 "Letters" includes letters testamentary, letters of quardianship, letters of administration, 29.30. 29 and letters of conservatorship. 30 30.31. "Limited conservator" means a person or nonprofit corporation, appointed by the court, 31 to manage only those financial resources specifically enumerated by the court for the

1 person with limited capacity and includes limited conservators as described by section 2 30.1-29-20. 3 31.32. "Limited guardian" means a person or nonprofit corporation, appointed by the court, to 4 supervise certain specified aspects of the care of a person with limited capacity and 5 includes limited guardians as described by section 30.1-28-04. 6 32.33. "Minor" means a person who is under eighteen years of age. 7 33.34. "Mortgage" means any conveyance, agreement, or arrangement in which property is 8 encumbered or used as security. 9 34.35. "Nonresident decedent" means a decedent who was domiciled in another jurisdiction 10 at the time of death. 11 35.36. "Organization" means a corporation, limited liability company, government or 12 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, joint 13 venture, association, or any other legal or commercial entity. 14 36.37. "Parent" includes any person entitled to take, or who would be entitled to take if the 15 child died without a will, as a parent under this title, by intestate succession from the 16 child whose relationship is in question and excludes any person who is only a 17 stepparent, foster parent, or grandparent. 18 37.38. "Payer" means a trustee, insurer, business entity, employer, government, 19 governmental agency or subdivision, or any other person authorized or obligated by 20 law or a governing instrument to make payments. 21 38.39. "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, an 22 organization, or other legal entity. 23 39.40. "Person with limited capacity" is as defined in section 30.1-26-01. 24 40.41. "Personal representative" includes executor, administrator, successor personal 25 representative, special administrator, and persons who perform substantially the same 26 function under the law governing their status. "General personal representative" 27 excludes special administrator. 28 "Petition" means a written request to the court for an order after notice. 41.42. 29 42.43. "Proceeding" includes action at law and suit in equity. 30 43.44. "Property" includes both real and personal property or any interest therein and means 31 anything that may be the subject of ownership.

1 44.45. "Protected person" is as defined in section 30.1-26-01. 2 45.46. "Protective proceeding" means a proceeding described in section 30.1-26-01. 3 46.47. "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in 4 an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 5 47.48. "Security" includes any note, stock, treasury stock, bond, debenture, membership 6 interest in a limited liability company, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest 7 or participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in payments out of production 8 under such a title or lease, collateral trust certificate, transferable share, voting trust 9 certificate or, in general, any interest or instrument commonly known as a security, or any certificate of interest or participation, any temporary or interim certificate, receipt, 10 11 or certificate of deposit for, or any warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of 12 the foregoing. 13 48.49. "Settlement", in reference to a decedent's estate, includes the full process of 14 administration, distribution, and closing. 15 49.50. "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record other than a will, to 16 execute or adopt a tangible symbol or to attach to or logically associate with the record 17 an electronic symbol, sound, or process. 18 50.51. "Special administrator" means a personal representative as described by sections 19 30.1-17-14 through 30.1-17-18. 20 "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the 51.<u>52.</u> 21 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 22 jurisdiction of the United States. 23 52.53. "Successor personal representative" means a personal representative, other than a 24 special administrator, who is appointed to succeed a previously appointed personal 25 representative. 26 53.<u>54.</u> "Successors" means persons, other than creditors, who are entitled to property of a 27 decedent under the decedent's will or this title. 28 "Supervised administration" refers to the proceedings described in chapter 30.1-16. 54.55. 29 55.56. "Survive" means that an individual has neither predeceased an event, including the 30 death of another individual, nor predeceased an event under sections 30.1-04-04 and

1		30.1-09.1-02. The term includes its derivatives, such as "survives", "survived",		
2		"survivor", and "surviving".		
3	56. <u>57.</u>	"Testacy proceeding" means a proceeding to establish a will or determine intestacy.		
4	57. <u>58.</u>	"Trust" includes an express trust, private or charitable, with additions thereto,		
5		wherever and however created. The term also includes a trust created or determined		
6		by judgment or decree under which the trust is to be administered in the manner of an		
7		express trust. The term excludes other constructive trusts and excludes resulting		
8		trusts, conservatorships, personal representatives, trust accounts as defined in		
9		custodial arrangements pursuant to chapter 11-22, chapter 12-48, sections 25-01.1-19		
10		to 25-01.1-21, chapter 32-10, section 32-16-37, chapter 32-26, former chapter 47-24,		
11		chapter 47-24.1, business trusts providing for certificates to be issued to beneficiaries,		
12		common trust funds, voting trusts, security arrangements, liquidation trusts, and trusts		
13		for the primary purpose of paying debts, dividends, interest, salaries, wages, profits,		
14		pensions, or employee benefits of any kind, and any arrangement under which a		
15		person is nominee or escrowee for another.		
16	58. <u>59.</u>	"Trustee" includes an original, additional, or successor trustee, whether or not		
17		appointed or confirmed by court.		
18	59. <u>60.</u>	"Visitor" means an individual, in guardianship proceedings, who is in nursing or social		
19		work and is an officer, employee, or special appointee of the court with no personal		
20		interest in the proceedings.		
21	<u>61.</u>	"Ward" means an individual described in section 30.1-26-01.		
22	60. <u>62.</u>	"Will" includes codicil and any testamentary instrument that merely appoints an		
23		executor, revokes or revises another will, nominates a guardian, or expressly excludes		
24		or limits the right of an individual or class to succeed to property of the decedent		
25		passing by intestate succession.		
26	SEC	TION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 30.1-28-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
27	amended and reenacted as follows:			
28	30.1-28-03. (5-303) Procedure for court appointment of a guardian of an incapacitated			
29	person.			
30	1.	Any person interested in the welfare of an allegedly incapacitated person may petition		
31		for the appointment of a guardian. No filing fee under this or any other section may be		

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1 required when a petition for guardianship of an incapacitated person is filed by a 2 member of the individual treatment plan team for the alleged incapacitated person or 3 by any state employee in the performance of official duties. 4 2. The petition for appointment of a guardian must state: 5 The name, address, and corporate or agency status of the petitioner, and its a. 6 connection with or relationship to the proposed ward; 7 The name, age, and address of the proposed ward; b. 8 The name and address of any person or institution having care or custody over C. 9 the proposed ward; 10 d. The names and addresses of the spouse, parents, and adult children or, if none, 11 any adult siblings and any adult with whom the proposed ward resides in a 12 private residence, or, if none, the nearest adult relative; 13 A brief description of and the approximate value of the real and personal property e. 14 and income of the proposed ward, so far as they are known to the petitioner; 15 The extent of quardianship authority sought, including full authority, limited 16 authority, or no authority in each area of residential, educational, medical, legal, 17 vocational, and financial decisionmaking unless the petitioner is undecided on the 18 extent of authority in any area, in which case the petition must state the specific 19 areas in which the authority is sought; 20 The occupation and qualifications of the proposed quardian: g. 21 h. The name and address of the attorney, if known, who most recently represented 22 the proposed ward; 23 A statement alleging specific facts establishing the necessity for the appointment 24 of a guardian; 25 The name and address of any current conservator appointed for the proposed j. 26 ward; 27 k. The name and address of any person designated as an attorney in fact or agent 28 in a power of attorney or as an agent in a health care directive; 29 The name and address of any representative payee for the proposed ward: Ι.

That less intrusive alternatives to guardianship have been considered; and

1 In the form of an attached recent statement, the physical, mental, and emotional n. 2 limitations of the proposed ward, from a physician, mental health services 3 provider, or other health care provideran expert examiner, if available.; and 4 Whether the petition seeks to restrict any of the following rights; <u>O.</u> 5 <u>(1)</u> To vote: 6 (2)To seek to change marital status; or 7 To obtain or retain a motor vehicle operator's license. 8 3. Upon the filing of a petition, the court promptly shall set a date for hearing on the 9 issues of incapacity, appoint an attorney to act as guardian ad litem, appoint a-10 physician or clinical psychologistan expert examiner to examine the proposed ward, 11 and appoint a visitor to interview the proposed quardian and the proposed ward. The 12 proposed quardian shall attend the hearing on the petition unless excused by the court 13 for good cause. 14 4. The duties of the guardian ad litem include: 15 a. Personally interviewing the proposed ward; 16 Explaining the guardianship proceeding to the proposed ward in the language, b. 17 mode of communication, and terms that the proposed ward is most likely to 18 understand, including the nature and possible consequences of the proceeding, 19 the right to which the proposed ward is entitled, and the legal options that are 20 available, including the right to retain an attorney to represent the proposed ward: 21 Advocating for the best interests of the proposed ward. The appointed attorney C. 22 serving as legal guardian ad litem may not represent the proposed ward or ward 23 in a legal capacity; and 24 d. Submitting a written report to the court containing the guardian ad litem's 25 response to the petition; and 26 Reviewing the visitor's written report submitted in accordance with subdivision h <u>e.</u> 27 and i of subsection 6 and discussing the report with the proposed ward. 28 The physician or clinical psychologistexpert examiner shall examine the proposed 5. 29 ward and submit a written report to the court. The written report must contain: 30 A description of the nature and degree of any current incapacity or disability, a. 31 including the medical or psychological history, if reasonably available;

1	b.	medical prognosis	or psychological evaluation specifying the estimated severity
2		nd duration of any	current incapacity or disability;
3	C.	statement as to ho	ow or in what manner any underlying condition of physical or
4		nental health affect	s the proposed ward's ability to provide for personal needs;
5		nd	
6	d.	statement as to w	nether any current medication affects the demeanor of the
7		roposed ward or th	e ability of the proposed ward to participate fully in any court
8		roceeding or in any	other procedure required by the court or by court rule.
9	6. The	sitor shall have the	following duties:
10	a.	o meet, interview, a	and consult with the proposed ward regarding the
11		uardianship procee	eding, including explaining the purpose for the interview in a
12		nanner the propose	d ward can reasonably be expected to understand.
13	b.	o ascertain the pro	posed ward's views concerning the proposed guardian, the
14		owers and duties o	f the proposed guardian, the proposed guardianship, and the
15		cope and duration	thereof.
16	C.	o interview the per	son seeking appointment as guardian.
17	d.	o interview other po	ersons interested in the welfare of the proposed ward.
18	<u>e.</u>	o visit the proposed	d ward's present place of residence.
19	e. <u>f.</u>	o discuss an altern	ative resource plan with the proposed ward, if appropriate.
20	f. g.	o obtain other relev	ant information as directed by the court.
21	g. <u>h.</u>	o submit a written ı	report to the court.
22	h. i.	he visitor's written	report must contain:
23		I) A description o	f the nature and degree of any current impairment of the
24		proposed ward	's understanding or capacity to make or communicate
25		decisions;	
26		2) A statement of	the qualifications and appropriateness of the proposed
27		guardian <u>and a</u>	recommendation regarding whether the proposed guardian
28		should be appo	pinted;
29		3) If the visitor red	commends the proposed guardian should be appointed, a
30		recommendation	on regarding an alternative individual or entity that should be
31		appointed as g	uardian;

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proceedings.

1 (4) Recommendations, if any, on the powers to be granted to the proposed 2 guardian, including an evaluation of the proposed ward's capacity to 3 perform the functions enumerated under subsections 3 and 4 of section 4 30.1-28-04; and 5 An assessment of the capacity of the proposed ward to perform the (4)(5) 6 activities of daily living. 7 7. In determining whether appointment of a guardian is appropriate, the court shall 8 consider the reports ordered by the court under this section from a guardian ad litem, 9 visitor, and either a physician or a clinical psychologistan expert examiner. The court, 10 guardian ad litem, petitioner, or proposed ward may subpoena the individual who 11 prepared and submitted the report to appear, testify, and be cross-examined. 12 8. The proposed ward must be present at the hearing in person, unless good cause is 13 shown for the absence. Good cause does not consist only of the physical difficulty of 14 the proposed ward to attend the hearing. The proposed ward has the right to present 15 evidence, and to cross-examine witnesses, including the court-appointed 16 physician expert examiner and the visitor. The issue may be determined at a closed 17 hearing if the proposed ward or the proposed ward's counsel so requests. 18 9. The court shall take all necessary steps to make the courts and court proceedings 19 accessible and understandable to impaired persons. Accordingly, the court may 20 convene temporarily, or for the entire proceeding, at any other location if it is in the 21 best interest of the proposed ward. 22 10. If the court approves a visitor, lawyer, physician expert examiner, guardian, or 23 emergency guardian appointed in a guardianship proceeding, that person may receive 24 reasonable compensation from the ward's estate if the compensation will not 25 unreasonably jeopardize the ward's well-being. 26 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 30.1-28-04 of the North Dakota 27 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 28 Except upon specific findings of the court, nea ward may not be deprived of any of the 3. 29 following legal rights: to vote, to seek to change marital status, or to obtain or retain a

motor vehicle operator's license, or to testify in any judicial or administrative

1 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 30.1-28-09 of the 2 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 3 The attorney for the proposed ward, the visitor, and the physician or clinical 4 psychologistexpert examiner, together with a copy of the respective order of 5 appointment for each. 6 **SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Section 30.1-29-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 7 amended and reenacted as follows: 8 30.1-29-01. (5-401) Protective proceedings - Burden of proof. 9 Upon petition and after notice and hearing in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, 10 the court may appoint a conservator or make other protective order for cause as follows: 11 Appointment of a conservator or other protective order may be made in relation to the 12 estate and affairs of a minor if the court determines by a preponderance of the 13 evidence that a minor owns money or property that requires management or 14 protection which cannot otherwise be provided, has or may have business affairs 15 which may be jeopardized or prevented by the minor's minority, or that funds are 16 needed for the minor's support and education and that protection is necessary or 17 desirable to obtain or provide funds. 18 2. Appointment of a conservator or other protective order may be made in relation to the 19 estate and affairs of a person, including a minor, if the court determines thatby clear 20 and convincing evidence: 21 The person is unable to manage the person's property and affairs effectively for a. 22 reasons such as mental illness, mental deficiency, physical illness or disability, 23 chronic use of drugs, or chronic intoxication, confinement, detention by a foreign-24 power, or disappearance.; 25 b. The person is unable to manage the person's property and affairs effectively for 26 reasons of confinement, detention by a foreign power, or disappearance; or 27 The person has property whichthat will be wasted or dissipated unless proper <u>C.</u> 28 management is provided, or that funds are needed for the support, care, and 29 welfare of the person or those entitled to be supported by the person and that 30

protection is necessary or desirable to obtain or provide funds.

1	SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 30.1-29-04 of the North Dakota				
2	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
3	2. The petition shall set forthmust state or include, to the extent known, the:				
4	<u>a.</u>	The interest of the petitioner; the			
5	<u>b.</u>	The name, age, residence, and address of the person to be protected; the			
6	<u>C.</u>	The name and address of the guardian of the person to be protected, if any; the			
7	<u>d.</u>	The name and address of the nearest relative of the person to be protected			
8		known to the petitioner; a			
9	<u>e.</u>	A general statement of property of the person to be protected with an estimate of			
10		the value thereof, including any compensation, insurance, pension, or allowance			
11		to which the person to be protected is entitled; and the			
12	<u>f.</u>	The extent of conservatorship authority sought;			
13	<u>g.</u>	The name and address of any person designated as an attorney in fact or agent			
14		in a power of attorney;			
15	<u>h.</u>	The name and address of any representative payee for the person to be			
16		protected;			
17	<u>i.</u>	That less intrusive alternatives to conservatorship have been considered;			
18	<u>j.</u>	If the appointment of a conservator is requested under subdivision a of			
19		subsection 2 of section 30.1-29-01, an attached recent statement, if any, from an			
20		expert examiner which describes the physical, mental, and emotional limitations			
21		of the person to be protected:			
22	<u>k.</u>	The reason why appointment of a conservator or other protective order is			
23		necessary .; and			
24	<u>l.</u>	If the appointment of a conservator is requested, the petition also shall set forth-			
25		the name and address of the person whose appointment is sought and the basis			
26		of the person's priority for appointment.			
27	SECTIO	N 7. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 30.1-29-05 of the North Dakota			
28	Century Cod	e is amended and reenacted as follows:			
29	1. On	a petition for appointment of a conservator or other protective order, the person to			
30	be	protected and the spouse of the person to be protected or, if none, the parents of			

the person to be protected, must be served personally by the petitioning party with

notice of the proceeding at least fourteen days before the date of hearing if they can be found within the state, or, if they cannot be found within the state, they, any other guardian or conservator, and any government agency paying benefits to the person sought to be protected, if the person seeking the appointment has knowledge of the existence of these benefits, must be given notice in accordance with section 30.1-03-01. Waiver by the person to be protected is not effective unless the proceedings are limited to payment of veterans' administration benefits, the person to be protected attends the hearing, or, unless minority is the reason for the proceeding, waiver is confirmed in an interview with the visitor.

SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 30.1-29-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

30.1-29-07. (5-407) Procedure concerning hearing and order on original petition.

- 1. Upon receipt of a petition for appointment of a conservator or other protective order because of minority, the court shall set a date for hearing on the matters alleged in the petition. The proposed conservator, if any, shall attend the hearing unless excused by the court for good cause. If, at any time in the proceeding, the court determines that the interests of the minor are or may be inadequately represented, it may appoint an attorney to representserve as guardian ad litem for the minor, giving consideration to the choice of the minor if fourteen years of age or older. A lawyer appointed by the court to represent a minor has the powers and The duties of a guardian ad litem include:
 - a. Meeting, interviewing, and consulting with the person to be protected regarding the conservatorship proceeding, including explaining the purpose for the interview in the language, mode of communication, and terms the person is most likely to understand, the nature and possible consequences of the proceeding, the rights to which the person is entitled, and the legal options available, including the right to retain an attorney to represent the person;
 - b. Advocating for the best interests of the person to be protected. The appointed attorney serving as guardian ad litem may not represent the person in a legal capacity;

1 Ascertaining the views of the person to be protected concerning the proposed 2 conservator, the powers and duties of the proposed conservator, the proposed 3 conservatorship, and the scope and duration of the conservatorship; 4 d. Interviewing the person seeking appointment as conservator; 5 Obtaining any other relevant information; <u>e.</u> 6 <u>f.</u> Submitting a written report to the court containing the guardian ad litem's 7 response to the petition; and 8 Attending the hearing unless excused by the court for good cause. 9 Upon receipt of a petition for appointment of a conservator or other protective order for 2. 10 reasons other than minority, the court shall set a date for hearing. The proposed 11 conservator, if any, shall attend the hearing unless excused by the court for good 12 cause. If, at any time in the proceeding, the court determines that the interests of the 13 person to be protected are or may be inadequately represented, it may the court shall 14 appoint an attorney to represent serve as quardian ad litem for the person to be 15 protected. An attorney appointed by the court to represent a protected person has the 16 powers and The duties of a guardian ad litem include: 17 <u>a.</u> Meeting, interviewing, and consulting with the person to be protected regarding 18 the conservatorship proceeding, including explaining the purpose for the 19 interview in the language, mode of communication, and terms the person is most 20 likely to understand, the nature and possible consequences of the proceeding, 21 the rights to which the person is entitled, and the legal options available, 22 including the right to retain an attorney to represent the person; 23 Advocating for the best interests of the person to be protected. The appointed <u>b.</u> 24 attorney serving as guardian ad litem may not represent the person in a legal 25 capacity; 26 Ascertaining the views of the person to be protected concerning the proposed 27 conservator, the powers and duties of the proposed conservator, the proposed 28 conservatorship, and the scope and duration of the conservatorship; 29 <u>Interviewing the person seeking appointment as conservator;</u> d. 30

Obtaining any other relevant information;

<u>e.</u>

1 Submitting a written report to the court containing the guardian ad litem's 2 response to the petition; and 3 g. Attending the hearing unless excused by the court for good cause. 4 <u>3.</u> If the petition seeks appointment of a conservator or other protective order for reasons 5 other than minority and the alleged disability is mental illness, mental deficiency, 6 physical illness or disability, chronic use of drugs, or chronic intoxication, the court 7 mayshall direct that the person to be protected be examined by a physician an expert 8 examiner designated by the court,. The expert examiner preferably a physician should 9 be someone who is not connected with any institution in which the person is a patient 10 or is detained. The court may send a visitor to interview the person to be protected. 11 The visitor may be a guardian ad litem or an officer, employee, or special appointee of 12 the court. 13 An expert examiner appointed under this subsection shall examine the person to a. 14 be protected and submit a written report to the court. The report must contain: 15 <u>(1)</u> A description of the nature and degree of any current disability, including the 16 medical or psychlogical history, if reasonably available; 17 <u>(2)</u> A medical prognosis or psychological evaluation specifying the estimated 18 severity and duration of any current disability; 19 <u>(3)</u> A statement about how or in what manner any underlying condition of 20 physical or mental health affects the ability of the person to be protected to 21 provide for personal needs; and 22 A statement about whether any current medication affects the demeanor of (4) 23 the person to be protected or the ability of the person to participate fully in 24 any court proceeding or in any other procedure required by the court or by 25 court rule. 26 In determining whether appointment of a conservator is appropriate, the court <u>b.</u> 27 shall consider the reports ordered by the court under this subsection from a 28 guardian ad litem and an expert examiner. The court, guardian ad litem, 29 petitioner, or person to be protected may subpoen the expert examiner who 30 prepared and submitted the report to appear, testify, and be cross-examined.

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- 4. The person to be protected must be present at the hearing in person, unless good
 cause is shown for the absence. Good cause does not consist of the physical difficulty
 of the person to be protected to attend the hearing. The court shall take all necessary
 steps to make the courts and court proceedings accessible and understandable to
 impaired persons. The court may convene temporarily, or for the entire proceeding, at
 any other location if it is in the best interest of the person to be protected.
 - 5. In any case in which the veterans' administration is or may be an interested party, a certificate of an authorized official of the veterans' administration that the person to be protected has been found incapable of handling the benefits payable on examination in accordance with the laws and regulations governing the veterans' administration shall beis prima facie evidence of the necessity for such appointmenta conservator or other protective order.
 - 3.6. After hearing, upon finding that a basis for the appointment of a conservator or other protective order has been established appropriate, the court shall make an appointment or other appropriate protective order.
 - **SECTION 9. AMENDMENT.** Section 30.1-29-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

30.1-29-08. (5-408) Permissible court orders.

- The court shall exercise the authority conferred in this chapter consistent with the
 maximum self-reliance and independence of the protected person and make
 protective orders only to the extent necessitated by the protected person's actual
 mental and adaptive limitations and other conditions warranting the procedure.
- 2. The court has the following powers which may be exercised directly or through a conservator in respect to the estate and affairs of protected persons:
 - a. While a petition for appointment of a conservator or other protective order is pending and after preliminary hearing and without notice to others, the court has power to preserve and apply the property of the person to be protected as may be required for the benefit of the person to be protected or the benefit of the dependents of the person to be protected.
 - b. After hearing and upon determining that a basis for an appointment or other protective order exists with respect to a minor without other disability, the court

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- has all those powers over the estate and affairs of the minor which are or might be necessary for the best interests of the minor, the minor's family, and members of the minor's household.
 - After hearing and upon determining that a basis for an appointment of a C. conservator or other protective order exists appropriate with respect to a person for reasons other than minority, the court has, for the benefit of the person and members of the person's household, all the powers over the person's estate and affairs which the person could exercise if present and not under disability, except the power to make a will. These powers include power to make gifts, to convey or release the person's contingent and expectant interests in property, including marital property rights and any right of survivorship incident to joint tenancy, to exercise or release the person's powers as trustee, personal representative, custodian for minors, conservator, or donee of a power of appointment, to enter into contracts, to create revocable or irrevocable trusts of property of the estate which may extend beyond the person's disability or life, to exercise options of the disabled person to purchase securities or other property, to exercise the person's rights to elect options and change beneficiaries under insurance and annuity policies and to surrender the policies for their cash value, to exercise the person's right to an elective share in the estate of the person's deceased spouse, and to renounce any interest by testate or intestate succession or by inter vivos transfer.
 - d. The court may exercise or direct the exercise of its authority to exercise or release powers of appointment of which the protected person is donee, to renounce interests, to make gifts in trust or otherwise exceeding twenty percent of any year's income of the estate, or to change beneficiaries under insurance and annuity policies, only if satisfied, after notice and hearing, that it is in the best interests of the protected person, and that the protected person either is incapable of consenting or has consented to the proposed exercise of power.
 - e. An order made pursuant to this section determining that a basis for appointment of a conservator or other protective order exists appropriate has no effect on the capacity of the protected person.

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- 1 Unless terminated earlier by the court, an order appointing or reappointing a 2 conservator under this section is effective for up to five years. At least ninety days 3 before the expiration of the initial order of appointment or any following order of 4 reappointment, the court shall request and consider information submitted by the 5 conservator, the protected person, the protected person's attorney, if any, and any 6 interested persons regarding whether the need for a conservator continues to exist. If 7 it is recommended the conservatorship continue, the court may appoint a guardian ad 8 litem in accordance with section 30.1-29-07. The court shall hold a hearing on whether 9 the conservatorship should continue. Following the hearing and consideration of 10 submitted information, the court may reappoint the conservator for up to another five 11 years, allow the existing order to expire, or appoint a new conservator in accordance 12 with this section. The supreme court, by rule or order, shall provide for regular review 13 of conservatorships in existence on the effective date of this Act. 14
 - **SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 2 of section 30.1-29-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - If not otherwise compensated for services rendered, any visitor, lawyer, physicianexpert examiner, conservator, or special conservator appointed in a protective proceeding is entitled to reasonable compensation from the estate.
 - **SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Section 30.1-29-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

30.1-29-19. (5-419) Annual reports and accounts.

- 1. At least once annually and at other times as the court may direct, a conservator mustshall file a report and account with the court regarding the exercise of powers and duties specified in the court's order of appointment. The report must describe any expenditure and income affecting the protected person, any sale or transfer of property affecting the protected person, and any exercise of authority by the conservator affecting the protected person.
- 2. On termination of the protected person's minority or disability, a conservator shall file a final report and accounting and provide a copy of the report or accounting to the protected person. The report or accounting must be filed with the clerk of district court.
 The filing of the report or accounting and the acceptance by the court or clerk of

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district court of the report or accounting does not constitute the court's approval of the report or accounting. The court may approve a report and settle and allow an accounting only upon notice to the protected person and other interested persons who have made an appearance or requested notice of proceedings. Subject to appeal or vacation within the time permitted, an order, made upon notice and hearing, allowing an intermediate account of a conservator, adjudicates as to liabilities concerning the matters considered in connection therewith. An order, made upon notice and hearing, allowing a final account adjudicates as to all previously unsettled liabilities of the conservator to the protected person or the protected person's successors relating to the conservatorship. In connection with any account, the court may require a conservator to submit to a physical check of the estate in the conservator's control, to be made in any manner the court may specify. The office of the state court administrator shall provide printed forms that may be used to fulfill reporting requirements. Any report must be similar in substance to the state court administrator's form. The forms must be available in the office of clerk of district court or obtainable through the supreme court's internet website.

3. Copies of the conservator's annual report to the court and of any other reports required by the court must be mailed by the conservator to the protected person and any interested persons designated by the court in its order. The protected person's copy must be accompanied by a statement, printed with not less than double-spaced twelve-point type, of the protected person's right to seek alteration, limitation, or termination of the conservatorship at any time.