Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2256

Introduced by

Senators Unruh, Myrdal, Poolman

Representatives Mock, Roers Jones, Schmidt

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 16.1-06-09 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to the required form for measures to amend the constitution and the manner of placing
- 3 the measures on ballots.

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4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 16.1-06-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 7 16.1-06-09. Constitutional amendments and <u>other</u> initiated and referred measures 8 Manner of stating question Explanation of effect of vote Order of listing.
- 9 Constitutional amendments or measures.
- 10 A measure for a constitutional amendment must be divided into clearly identifiable 11 sections, and each section of the measure may include proposed changes to only one 12 section of the constitution. The entire text of each section of the constitution to be 13 amended must be included in the measure. Language to be removed from the 14 constitution must be overstruck and language to be added to the constitution must be 15 underlined. The remaining text in the measure may not be overstruck or underlined. 16 The entirety of a measure for a constitutional amendment must be printed on the ballot 17 unless the amendment is more than five hundred words, in which case a copy of the 18 amendment complying with this subsection must be provided to each voter with the 19 ballot, and a summary complying with subsection 2 must be printed on the ballot in 20 place of the full text of the measure. If a copy of the amendment must be provided to 21 each voter, the sponsoring committee of the measure shall pay the secretary of state 22 an amount sufficient to cover the cost of printing the copies.
 - Other initiated measures, and referred measures, duly certified to the county auditor by the secretary of state, or any other question or measure to be voted on, except the

- election of public officers at any primary, general, or special election including officers subject to a recall petition, must, unless otherwise determined by the secretary of state, be stated in full in a legible manner on the ballot. If However, if the secretary of state concludes the amendment or a measure other than a measure for a constitutional amendment is too long to make it practicable to print in full, the secretary of state in consultation with the attorney general shall cause to be printed a short, concise summary, which must fairly represent the substance of the constitutional amendment or initiated or referred measure.
- 3. After the foregoing statementeach measure, statement, or question, the secretary of state shall cause to be printed another short, concise statement of the effect of an affirmative or negative vote on the constitutional amendment or initiated or referred measure, or question. This explanatory statement must be drafted by the secretary of state in consultation with the attorney general. The words "Yes" and "No" must be printed on the ballot at the close of the statement regarding the effect of an affirmative or negative vote, in separate lines with an oval before each statement in which the voter is to indicate how the voter desires to vote on the question by darkening the oval. If two or more amendmentsmeasures, or questions are to be voted on, they must be printed on the same ballot.
- 4. The measures to be submitted to the electors must be grouped and classified as constitutional measures, initiated statutes, or referred statutes and must be placed within suchthe groups or classifications by the secretary of state in the order received, for the purpose of placing them on the ballot. Measures submitted by the legislative assembly must be placed first on the ballot within their classification in the order approved by the legislative assembly. Constitutional measures shallMeasures for constitutional amendments must be placed first on the ballot, initiated statutes second, and referred statutes third. After all the measures have been placed within the appropriate group or classification, all measures must be numbered consecutively, without regard to the various groups or classifications.