Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1474

Introduced by

Representatives Dockter, Headland, B. Koppelman, Nathe, Owens Senators D. Larson, Poolman

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact two new subsections to section 40-05-01 and a new

2 section to chapter 40-22 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the authority of a county

3 or city to levy an infrastructure tax in lieu of special assessments; and to amend and reenact

4 sections 11-09.1-05, 11-11-55.1, 40-05.1-06, <u>40-12-02</u>, and 40-23-21 of the North Dakota

5 Century Code, relating to the authority of home rule cities and counties to levy an infrastructure

6 tax in lieu of special assessments and special assessment fund balances.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

8 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 11-09.1-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is

9 amended and reenacted as follows:

10 **11-09.1-05.** Powers.

After the filing with the secretary of state of a charter approved in reasonable conformity with this chapter, the county and its citizens may, if included in the charter and implemented through ordinances:

- Acquire, hold, operate, and dispose of property within or without the county limits, and,
 subject to chapter 32-15, exercise the right of eminent domain for those purposes.
- Control its finances and fiscal affairs; appropriate money for its purposes, and make
 payments of its debts and expenses; contract debts, borrow money, issue bonds,
 warrants, and other evidences of indebtedness; establish charges for any county or
- other services to the extent authorized by state law; and establish debt limitations.
 3. To levy Levy and collect property taxes and special assessments for benefits
- To levyLevy and collect property taxes and special assessments for benefits
 conferred, for its public and proprietary functions, activities, operations, undertakings,
 and improvements, and establish mill levy limitations. Notwithstanding any authority
- 23 granted under this chapter, all property must be assessed in a uniform manner as
- 24 prescribed by the state board of equalization and the state supervisor of assessments

1		and	I all taxable property must be taxed by the county at the same rate unless
2		othe	erwise provided by law. A charter or ordinance or act of a governing body of a
3		hon	ne rule county may not supersede any state law that determines what property or
4		acts	s are subject to, or exempt from, ad valorem taxes. A charter or ordinance or act of
5		the	governing body of a home rule county may not supersede section 11-11-55.1
6		rela	ting to the sixty percent petition requirement for improvements and of section
7		40-2	22-18 relating to the barring proceeding for improvement projects.
8	4.	To l	evyLevy and collect an infrastructure tax in lieu of general special assessments on
9		<u>all r</u>	residential and commercial utility bills, except communications company bills, for
10		pay	ment of infrastructure maintenance costs. If a home rule county levies an
11		infra	astructure tax, the home rule county also may levy and collect green field special
12		<u>ass</u>	essments.
13	<u>5.</u>	Lev	y and collect sales and use taxes, farm machinery gross receipts taxes, alcoholic
14		bev	rerage gross receipts taxes, a county lodging tax, and a county restaurant tax.
15		Sal	es and use taxes and gross receipts taxes levied under this chapter:
16		a.	Must conform in all respects with regard to the taxable or exempt status of items
17			under chapters 57-39.2, 57-39.5, 57-39.6, and 57-40.2 and may not be imposed
18			at multiple rates with the exception of sales of manufactured homes or mobile
19			homes.
20		b.	May not be newly imposed or changed except to be effective on the first day of a
21			calendar quarterly period after a minimum of ninety days' notice to the tax
22			commissioner or, for purchases from printed catalogs, on the first day of a
23			calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to the
24			seller.
25		C.	May not be limited to apply to less than the full value of the transaction or item as
26			determined for state sales and use tax, except for farm machinery gross receipts
27			tax purposes.
28		d.	Must be subject to collection by the tax commissioner under an agreement under
29			section 57-01-02.1, with the exception of a county lodging or county restaurant
30			tax, and must be administered by the tax commissioner in accordance with the
31			relevant provisions of chapter 57-39.2, including reporting and paying

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requirements, correction of errors, payment of refunds, and application of penalty and interest.

3 After December 31, 2005, any portion of a charter or any portion of an ordinance or 4 act of a governing body of a home rule county passed pursuant to a charter which 5 does not conform to the requirements of this subsection is invalid to the extent that it 6 does not conform. The invalidity of a portion of a charter or ordinance or act of a 7 governing body of a home rule county because it does not conform to this subsection 8 does not affect the validity of any other portion of the charter or ordinance or act of a 9 governing body of a home rule county or the eligibility for a refund under section 10 57-01-02.1. Any taxes imposed under this chapter on farm machinery, farm irrigation 11 equipment, and farm machinery repair parts used exclusively for agricultural purposes. 12 or on alcoholic beverages, which were in effect on December 31, 2005, become gross 13 receipts taxes after December 31, 2005. Ordinances enacted after August 1, 2017, 14 may not allow for the collection and levy of any tax not otherwise specified under this 15 section.

16 Provide for county elected and appointed officers and employees, their selection, 5.6. 17 powers, duties, qualifications, and compensation, and the terms of county appointed 18 officers and employees. However, after adoption of a home rule charter, a county 19 elected office may not be eliminated or combined with another office except upon 20 approval of a majority of the electors of the county voting upon the question at a 21 primary or general election or pursuant to the county officer combination, separation, 22 or redesignation procedures of chapter 11-10.2. A home rule charter may not diminish 23 the term of office for which a current county officer was elected, redesignate that 24 elected office during that term as appointed, or reduce the salary of the office for that 25 term. This subsection does not authorize a county to redesignate the elected offices of 26 sheriff and state's attorney as appointed, except as provided in section 11-10-02.3.

27 6.7. Provide for all matters pertaining to county elections, except as to qualifications of
28 electors.

Provide for the adoption, amendment, repeal, initiative, referral, enforcement, and civil
 and criminal penalties for violation of ordinances, resolutions, and regulations to carry
 out its governmental and proprietary powers and to provide for public health, safety,

1		mor	als, and welfare. However, this subsection does not confer any authority to	
2		regulate any industry or activity which is regulated by state law or by rules adopted by		
3		a sta	ate agency.	
4	8.<u>9.</u>	Lay	out or vacate public grounds, and provide through its governing body for the	
5		con	struction, use, operation, designation, and regulation of a county road system.	
6	9.<u>10.</u>	Prov	vide for zoning, planning, and subdivision of public or private property within the	
7		cou	nty limits but outside the zoning authority of any city or organized township.	
8	10.<u>11.</u>	Exe	rcise in the conduct of its affairs all powers usually exercised by a corporation.	
9	11.<u>12.</u>	Con	tract with and receive grants from any other governmental entity or agency, with	
10		resp	pect to any local, state, or federal program, project, or works.	
11	<u>13.</u>	<u>Αs ι</u>	used in this section:	
12		<u>a.</u>	"General special assessments" means special assessments levied for the	
13			purpose of maintaining existing roads and infrastructure and special	
14			assessments levied for the construction or repair of arterial roads and	
15			infrastructure that provide a benefit to the entire community.	
16		<u>b.</u>	"Green field special assessments" means special assessments levied for	
17			infrastructure costs associated with the development of agricultural or	
18			undeveloped property.	
19	The peo	ple o	f all counties coming within this chapter have the full right of self-government in all	
20	matters	withir	n the powers enumerated in this chapter. The statutes of this state, so far as	
21	applicab	ole, co	ontinue to apply to counties, except as superseded by the charters of the counties	
22	or by or	dinan	ces passed pursuant to the charters.	
23	SEC		1 2. AMENDMENT. Section 11-11-55.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
24	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:	
25	11-1	1-55.	1. Petition or resolution for improvements - Levy of special assessments -	
26	<u>Levy of</u>	infra	structure tax.	
27	<u>1.</u>	The	board of county commissioners of any county, by resolution or upon receipt of a	
28		petit	tion of sixty percent of the landowners in a defined area, outside of the limits of any	
29		inco	prorated city, may install the petitioned improvements as benefit the defined area,	
30		prov	vide for the financing of the improvements, and levy special assessments for the	
31		payı	ment of all or part of the improvements within the defined area.	

1	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	e board of county commissioners, by resolution or upon petition of sixty percent of
2		<u>the</u>	qualified electors who voted in the last general election in a defined area, may levy
3		anc	collect an infrastructure tax in lieu of general special assessments on all
4		res	idential and commercial utility bills for payment of infrastructure maintenance costs.
5		<u>lf a</u>	home rule county levies an infrastructure tax, the home rule county also may levy
6		anc	collect green field special assessments.
7	<u>3.</u>	In p	providing for the improvements, the county shall have the authority granted to
8		mu	nicipalities in chapters 40-22, 40-23, 40-23.1, 40-24, 40-25, 40-26, 40-27, and
9		40-	28, and the county shall comply with the provisions of those chapters in making the
10		imp	provements. Whenever action is required of city officials in those chapters, the
11		con	nparable county officials shall take the action.
12	<u>4.</u>	<u>As</u>	used in this section:
13		<u>a.</u>	"General special assessments" means special assessments levied for the
14			purpose of maintaining existing roads and infrastructure and special
15			assessments levied for the construction or repair of arterial roads and
16			infrastructure that provide a benefit to the entire community.
17		<u>b.</u>	"Green field special assessments" means special assessments levied for
18			infrastructure costs associated with the development of agricultural or
19			undeveloped property.
20	SEC	СТЮ	N 3. Two new subsections to section 40-05-01 of the North Dakota Century Code
21	are crea	ated a	and enacted as follows:
22	1	Lev	y and collect an infrastructure tax in lieu of general special assessments on all
23		res	idential and commercial utility bills, except communications company bills, for
24		pay	ment of infrastructure maintenance costs. If a municipality levies an infrastructure
25		tax.	, the municipality also may levy and collect green field special assessments.
26		<u>As</u>	used in this section:
27		<u>a.</u>	"General special assessments" means special assessments levied for the
28			purpose of maintaining existing roads and infrastructure and special
29			assessments levied for the construction or repair of arterial roads and
30			infrastructure that provide a benefit to the entire community.

1		b. "Green field special assessments" means special assessments levied for
2		infrastructure costs associated with the development of agricultural or
3		undeveloped property.
4	SEC	FION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 40-05.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5	amende	and reenacted as follows:
6	40-0	5.1-06. Powers.
7	Fron	and after the filing with the secretary of state of a charter framed and approved in
8	reasonal	le conformity with the provisions of this chapter, such city, and the citizens thereof,
9	shall, if i	cluded in the charter and implemented through ordinances, have the following powers
10	set out ir	this chapter:
11	1.	To acquire, hold, operate, and dispose of property within or without the corporate
12		limits, and, subject to chapter 32-15, exercise the right of eminent domain for such
13		purposes.
14	2.	To control its finances and fiscal affairs; to appropriate money for its purposes, and
15		make payment of its debts and expenses; to contract debts, borrow money, issue
16		bonds, warrants, and other evidences of indebtedness; to establish charges for any
17		city or other services; and to establish debt limitations.
18	3.	To levy and collect property taxes and special assessments for benefits conferred, for
19		its public and proprietary functions, activities, operations, undertakings, and
20		improvements, and establish mill levy limitations. Notwithstanding any authority
21		granted under this chapter, all property must be assessed in a uniform manner as
22		prescribed by the state board of equalization and the state supervisor of assessments
23		and all taxable property must be taxed by the city at the same rate unless otherwise
24		provided by law.
25	4.	To levy and collect an infrastructure tax in lieu of general special assessments on all
26		residential and commercial utility bills, except communications company bills, for
27		payment of infrastructure maintenance costs. If a home rule city levies an
28		infrastructure tax, the home rule city also may levy and collect green field special
29		assessments.
30	<u>5.</u>	To levy and collect excises, fees, charges, franchise and license taxes, sales and use
31		taxes, farm machinery gross receipts taxes, alcoholic beverage gross receipts taxes, a

1 city lodging tax, and a city restaurant tax. For purposes of this section, any taxes 2 imposed under this section on farm machinery, farm irrigation equipment, and farm 3 machinery repair parts used exclusively for agricultural purposes, or on alcoholic 4 beverages, which were in effect on December 31, 2005, become gross receipts taxes 5 after December 31, 2005. After December 31, 2005, any portion of a charter or any 6 portion of an ordinance passed pursuant to a charter which does not conform to the 7 requirements of this section is invalid to the extent it does not conform. The invalidity 8 of a portion of a charter or ordinance because it does not conform with this subsection 9 does not affect the validity of any other portion of the charter or ordinance of the 10 eligibility for a refund under section 57-01-02.1. Ordinances enacted after August 1, 11 2017, may not allow for the collection and levy of any tax not otherwise specified 12 under this section. Sales and use taxes and gross receipts taxes levied under this 13 section:

14a.Must conform in all respects with regard to the taxable or exempt status of items15under chapters 57-39.2, 57-39.5, 57-39.6, and 57-40.2 and may not be imposed16at multiple rates with the exception of sales of manufactured homes or mobile17homes.

- 18b.May not be newly imposed or changed except to be effective on the first day of a19calendar quarterly period after a minimum of ninety days' notice to the tax20commissioner or, for purchases from printed catalogs, on the first day of a21calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to the22seller.
- c. May not be limited to apply to less than the full value of the transaction or item as
 determined for state sales and use tax purposes, except for farm machinery
 gross receipts tax.
- 26d.Must be subject to collection by the tax commissioner under an agreement under27section 57-01-02.1, with the exception of a city lodging or city restaurant tax, and28must be administered by the tax commissioner in accordance with the relevant29provisions of chapter 57-39.2, including reporting and paying requirements,30correction of errors, payment of refunds, and application of penalty and interest.

1 To fix the fees, number, terms, conditions, duration, and manner of issuing and 5.6. 2 revoking licenses in the exercise of its governmental police powers. 3 6.7. To provide for city officers, agencies, and employees, their selection, terms, powers, 4 duties, gualifications, and compensation. To provide for change, selection, or creation 5 of its form and structure of government, including its governing body, executive officer, 6 and city officers. 7 7.8. To provide for city courts, their jurisdiction and powers over ordinance violations, 8 duties, administration, and the selection, qualifications, and compensation of their 9 officers; however, the right of appeal from judgment of such courts shall not be in any 10 way affected. 11 8.9. To provide for all matters pertaining to city elections, except as to qualifications of 12 electors. 13 9.10. To provide for the adoption, amendment, and repeal of ordinances, resolutions, and 14 regulations to carry out its governmental and proprietary powers and to provide for 15 public health, safety, morals, and welfare, and penalties for a violation thereof. 16 To lay out or vacate streets, alleys, and public grounds, and to provide for the use, 10.<u>11.</u> 17 operation, and regulation thereof. 18 11.<u>12.</u> To define offenses against private persons and property and the public health, safety, 19 morals, and welfare, and provide penalties for violations thereof. 20 12.13. To engage in any utility, business, or enterprise permitted by the constitution or not 21 prohibited by statute or to grant and regulate franchises therefor to a private person, 22 firm, corporation, or limited liability company. 23 13.<u>14.</u> To provide for zoning, planning, and subdivision of public or private property within the 24 city limits. To provide for such zoning, planning, and subdivision of public or private 25 property outside the city limits as may be permitted by state law. 26 To exercise in the conduct of its affairs all powers usually exercised by a corporation. 14.<u>15.</u> 27 15.<u>16.</u> To fix the boundary limits of said city and the annexation and deannexation of territory 28 adjacent to said city except that such power shall be subject to, and shall conform with 29 the state law made and provided. 30 16.<u>17.</u> To contract with and receive grants from any other governmental entity or agency, with 31 respect to any local, state, or federal program, project, or works.

1	<u>18.</u>	<u>As ι</u>	used in this section:
2		<u>a.</u>	"General special assessments" means special assessments levied for the
3			purpose of maintaining existing roads and infrastructure and special
4			assessments levied for the construction or repair of arterial roads and
5			infrastructure that provide a benefit to the entire community.
6		<u>b.</u>	"Green field special assessments" means special assessments levied for
7			infrastructure costs associated with the development of agricultural or
8			undeveloped property.
9	It is	the ir	ntention of this chapter to grant and confirm to the people of all cities coming within
10	its provisions the full right of self-government in both local and city matters within the powers		
11	enumer	ated I	nerein. The statutes of the state of North Dakota, so far as applicable, shall
12	continue	e to a	pply to home rule cities, except insofar as superseded by the charters of such
13	cities or	by or	dinance passed pursuant to such charters.
14	SEG		N 5. AMENDMENT. Section 40-12-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amende	ed and	d reenacted as follows:
16	40-	12-02	. Submission of proposed ordinance by petition - Filed with city auditor -
17	Reques	st in p	petition.
18	<u>1.</u>	_Any	proposed ordinance may be submitted to the governing body of the municipality
19		by a	a petition signed by qualified electors thereof equal in number to fifteen percent of
20		the	votes cast for all candidates for the executive officer at the preceding regular
21		mur	nicipal election. The petition must be filed in the city auditor's office and must
22		con	tain a request that the ordinance set out in the petition be submitted to a vote of
23		the	qualified electors of the city if it is not passed by the governing body of the
24		mur	nicipality.
25	2.	Not	withstanding subsection 1, a proposed ordinance for the purpose of levying an
26		infra	astructure tax under section 6 of this Act may be submitted to the governing body
27		<u>of th</u>	ne municipality by a petition signed by sixty percent of the qualified electors who
28		vote	ed in the preceding municipal election. The petition must be filed in the city
29		aud	itor's office and submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the city at the next
30		mur	nicipal election.

1 SECTION 6. A new section to chapter 40-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is created

2 and enacted as follows:

3	Pov	ver of municipality to defray expense of improvements - Infrastructure tax.		
4	<u>1.</u>	Notwithstanding section 40-22-01, a municipality may levy and collect an infrastructure		
5		tax in lieu of general special assessments on all residential and commercial utility bills,		
6		except communications company bills, for payment of infrastructure maintenance		
7		costs. If a municipality levies an infrastructure tax, the municipality also may levy and		
8		collect green field special assessments.		
9	<u>2.</u>	As used in this section:		
10		a. "General special assessments" means special assessments levied for the		
11		purpose of maintaining existing roads and utilities and special assessments		
12		levied for the construction or repair of arterial roads and infrastructure that		
13		provide a benefit to the entire community.		
14		b. "Green field special assessments" means special assessments levied for		
15		infrastructure costs associated with the development of agricultural or		
16		undeveloped property.		
17	SEC	CTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 40-23-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
18	amende	d and reenacted as follows:		
19	40-2	23-21. Use of collections of subsequent assessments.		
20	<u>1.</u>	All collections of special assessments levied pursuant to sections 40-23-17 through		
21		40-23-21 shall be credited as received to the special fund maintained by the		
22		municipality for the payment of any outstanding special improvement warrants,		
23		refunding improvement bonds, general obligation bonds, or revenue bonds which were		
24		issued to finance the improvement for which the assessments were levied, or, if no		
25		such obligations are outstanding, to such fund as the governing body may direct.		
26	<u>2.</u>	If a governing body of a municipality levied and collected an infrastructure tax under		
27		section 5 of this Act, the funds generated by the tax must be used for the payment of		
28		any outstanding special improvement warrants, refunding improvement bonds, general		
29		obligation bonds, or revenue bonds, which were issued to finance the improvement.		
30		The governing body of a municipality may not use funds generated by an		
31		infrastructure tax that is imposed after the effective date of this Act for the payment of		

- 1 <u>any outstanding special improvement warrants, refunding improvement bonds, general</u>
- 2 <u>obligation bonds, or revenue bonds, which were issued before the effective date of this</u>
- 3 Act for the purpose of financing green field special assessments, as defined in section
- 4 <u>40-05-01.</u>