FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2139

Introduced by

Senators Rummel, Cleary

Representatives Lefor, Steiner

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 11-19.1-15 and 23-06-03 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to final disposition of individuals who are indigent.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

4 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 11-19.1-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is

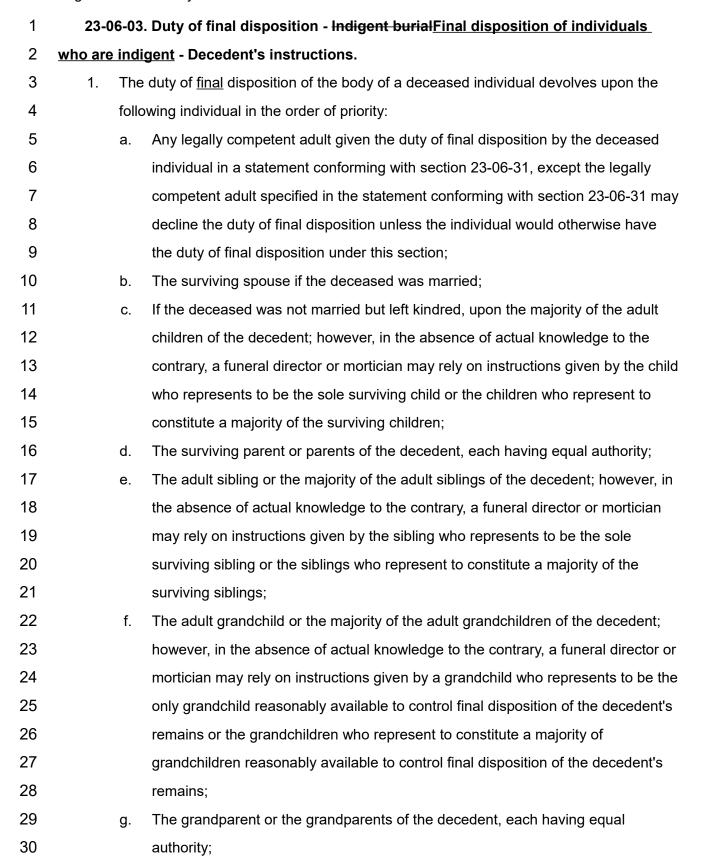
5 amended and reenacted as follows:

6 11-19.1-15. Notice of next of kin, disposition of personal belongings - Disposition of 7 body when next of kin cannot be found.

8 The coroner of the county in which a death is discovered shall take charge of the case and 9 ensure that relatives or friends of the deceased individual, if known, are notified as soon as 10 possible, giving details of the death and disposition of the deceased individual. If the relatives or 11 friends of the deceased are unknown, the coroner shall dispose of the personal effects and 12 body in the following manner:

- After using such clothing as may be necessary in the final disposition of the body, the
 remaining personal effects of the deceased must be turned over to law enforcement
- 15 for appropriate disposition.
- 16 2. The remains must be:
- 17 a. Disposed of in accordance with section 23-06-14; or
- b. Otherwise disposed of in accordance with the laws governing the burial<u>final</u>
- 19 <u>disposition</u> of <u>residents within the state who are</u> indigent persons within this state.
- 20 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 23-06-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is

21 amended and reenacted as follows:



1		h.	The adult nieces and nephews of the decedent or a majority of the adult nieces
2			and nephews; however, in the absence of actual knowledge to the contrary, a
3			funeral director or mortician may rely on instructions given by a niece or nephew,
4			who represents to be the only niece or nephew reasonably available to control
5			final disposition of the decedent's remains or the nieces and nephews who
6			represent to constitute a majority of the nieces and nephews reasonably
7			available to control final disposition of the decedent's remains;
8		i.	An individual who was acting as the guardian of the decedent with authority to
9			make health care decisions for the decedent at the time of death;
10		j.	An adult who exhibited special care and concern for the decedent;
11		k.	An individual respectively in the next degree of kinship in the order named by law
12			to inherit the estate of the decedent; or
13		I.	The appropriate public or court authority, as required by law. For purposes of this
14			subdivision, the appropriate public or court authority includes the human service
15			zone of the county in which the death occurred if the individual dies without
16			apparent financial means to provide for final disposition or the district court in the
17			county in which the death occurred. If the duty of final disposition devolves to this
18			level, the appropriate public or court authority may direct final disposition to a
19			mortician or funeral director after the coroner notifies the appropriate public or
20			court authority in writing that no individuals identified in subdivisions a through k
21			have accepted the duty of final disposition. A person identified under this
22			subdivision who exercises the duty of final disposition of the body of a deceased
23			individual is immune from civil liability for any act or omission arising out of the
24			duty of final disposition.
25	2.	lf the	ere is only one individual in a degree of relationship to the decedent described in
26		subs	section 1, and a district court determines the person and the decedent were
27		estra	anged at the time of death, the right to control and the duty of disposition devolves
28		to th	e next degree of relationship under subsection 1. For purposes of this subsection,
29		"estr	ranged" means having a relationship characterized by mutual enmity, hostility, or
30		indif	ference.

1	3.	If an individual to whom the right to control and duty of disposition devolves under
2		subsection 1, refuses to accept or declines to act upon the right or duty, that right and
3		duty passes as follows:
4		a. To another individual with the same degree of relationship to the decedent as the
5		individual refusing to accept or declining to act; or
6		b. To the individual in the next degree of relationship to the decedent under
7		subsection 1.
8	4.	If a dispute exists regarding the right to control or duty of final disposition, the parties
9		in dispute or the mortician or funeral director may file a petition in the district court in
10		the county of residence of the decedent requesting the court make a determination in
11		the matter. If the right to control and duty of final disposition devolves to more than one
12		individual with the same degree of relationship to the decedent and those individuals
13		do not, by majority vote, make a decision regarding arrangements and final disposition
14		and a district court has been petitioned to make a determination, the court shall
15		consider the following factors in making a determination:
16		a. The reasonableness, practicality, and resources available for payment of the
17		proposed arrangements and final disposition;
18		b. The degree of the personal relationship between the decedent and each of the
19		individuals in the same degree of relationship to the decedent;
20		c. The expressed wishes and directions of the decedent and the extent to which the
21		decedent provided resources for the purpose of carrying out the wishes or
22		directions; and
23		d. The degree to which the arrangements and final disposition will allow for
24		participation by all who wish to pay respect to the decedent.
25	5.	If the individual who has the duty of final disposition does not arrange for final
26		disposition of the body within the time required by this chapter, the individual next
27		specified shall bury or otherwise disposearrange for final disposition of the body within
28		the requirements of this chapter.
29	6.	a. If the deceased did not leave sufficient means to pay for expenses of final
30		disposition, including the cost of a casket, and is not survived by an individual
31		described by subsection 1 and identified for financial responsibility within the

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1		human service zone's general assistance policy, within fifteenseven days of
2		application for services the human service zone of the county in which the
3		deceased had residence for general assistance purposes or, if residence cannot
4		be established, within fifteenseven days of application for assistance the human
5		service zone of the county in which the death occurs shall employ a person to
6		arrange for and supervise the final disposition. If the deceased was a resident or
7		inmate of a public institution, within fifteenseven days of application for
8		assistance the human service zone in which the deceased was a resident for
9		general assistance purposes immediately before entering the institution shall
10		employ a person to arrange for and supervise the final disposition.
11	b.	The department of health and human services may negotiate with the interested
12		funeral directors or funeral homes regarding cremationreimbursement for
13		expenses and burial expenses but the total charges for burial services, including-
14		transportation of the deceased to the place of burial, the grave box or vault, grave-
15		space, and grave opening and closing expenses, may not be less than one-
16		thousandof final disposition under this subsection is three thousand five hundred
17		dollars.
18	C.	The department of health and human services may provide for the use of a
19		military casket or urn, if the deceased was a veteran as defined in section
20		37-01-40, unless the additional cost exceeds the negotiated expenses
21		ofreimbursement rate under this sectionsubsection or a surviving spouse or the
22		nearest of kin of the deceased elects a nonmilitary casket or urn.
23	d.	The human service zone shall pay the charge for funeral expenses as negotiated
24		by the department of health and human servicescremation or burial of an
25		individual who is indigent as provided under this section. The presumption of final
26		disposition of an individual who is indigent is by cremation. The human service
27		zone shall create a process to review and accommodate a request for burial due
28		to religious beliefs. The human service zone may not decrease the human
29		service zone payment due to a nominal amount left by the deceased or
30		contributed by kin or any other party to defray the contribute to non-burial or

1		non-cremation expenses of burial or cremation. Funds adequate to allow for-	
2		burial instead of cremation are considered nominal under this section.	
3		e. The department of health and human services and human service zones shall	
4		maintain a standardized eligibility policy and application form to be used for the	
5		purposes of indigent burial application.	
6	7.	If the individual with the duty of final disposition under this section, or the personal	
7		representative of the decedent's estate, if any, is aware of the decedent's instructions	
8		regarding the disposition of the remains, that person shall honor those instructions, to	
9		the extent reasonable and possible, to the extent the instructions do not impose an	
10		economic or emotional hardship. A decedent's instructions may be reflected in a	
11		variety of methods, including pre-need funeral arrangements a deceased articulated	
12		and funded in a pre-need funeral service contract, a health care directive, a durable	
13		power of attorney for health care, a power of attorney, a will, a document created	
14		under section 23-06-31, or a document of gift for an anatomical gift.	
15	8.	If the decedent died while serving in any branch of the United States armed forces, the	
16		United States reserve forces, or the national guard, as provided by 10 U.S.C. 1481	
17		section (a)(1) through (8) as effective through December 2001, and completed a	
18		United States department of defense record of emergency data, DD form 93, or its	
19		successor form or its equivalent branch's form, the duty to bury or cremate the	
20		decedent or to provide other funeral and disposition arrangements for the decedent	
21		devolves on the person authorized by the decedent pursuant to that form.	
22	9.	A funeral director or mortician has complete authority to control the final disposition	
23		and to proceed under this chapter to recover reasonable charges for the final	
24		disposition if:	
25		a. The funeral director or mortician has actual knowledge none of the individuals	
26		described in subsection 1 exist, can be found after reasonable inquiry, or can be	
27		contacted by reasonable means; and	
28		b. Within thirty-six hours after having been given written notice of the facts, the	
29		appropriate court or public authority fails to assume responsibility for disposition	
30		of the remains. Written notice may be delivered by hand, United States mail, or	
31		facsimile transmission.	

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