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Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SECOND ENGROSSMENT

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2284

Introduced by

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Senators Schaible, Elkin

Representatives Heinert, Nathe

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 15.1-06 and a new section to 2 chapter 15.1-32 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to school purchases of gifts or 3 gratuities and permitting private tutors on public school premises; to amend and reenact section-4 15.1-01-01sections 15.1-01-03, 15.1-07-25.4, and 15.1-07-26, subsection 8 of section 5 15.1-15-02, subsections 2 and 6 of section 15.1-19-10, section 15.1-27-03.1, 6 subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-03.2, sections 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-36-02, and 7 15.1-36-04, and subsection 5 of section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 8 to the state board of public school education members, virtual learning, a policy to revert a 9 reorganized school district back to separate districts, school district enrollment, the definition of 10 "probationary teacher", a school district's policy governing possession of a weapon, the 11 definition of "dangerous weapon", modification of weighting factors and transition maximums, 12 loans from the coal development trust fund, evidences of indebtedness, and an increase in per 13 student payments; to provide for a legislative management study; to provide a legislative 14 management report; to provide for a teacher shortage and military families task force; to provide 15 an appropriation; to provide for an exemption; to provide for a transfer; and to provide an 16 effective date; and to declare an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-01-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
 15.1-01-01. State board of public school education - Composition.
 The state board of public school education consists of the superintendent of public instruction and:

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1	a. An individual representing Barnes, Cass, Grand Forks, Griggs, Nelson, Steele,
2	and Traill Countieslegislative districts ten, eleven, thirteen, sixteen, twenty-one,
3	forty-one, forty-four, and forty-six;
4	b. An individual representing Benson, Bottineau, Cavalier, McHenry, Pembina,
5	Pierce, Ramsey, Renville, Rolette, Towner, and Walsh Countieslegislative districts
6	nine, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, forty-two, and forty-three;
7	c. An individual representing Dickey, Emmons, LaMoure, Logan, McIntosh,
8	Ransom, Richland, and Sargent Countieslegislative districts twelve, twenty-two,
9	twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, and forty-five;
10	d. An individual representing Burleigh, Eddy, Foster, Kidder, McLean, Sheridan,
11	Stutsman, and Wells Countieslegislative districts seven, eight, thirty, thirty-one,
12	thirty-two, thirty-four, thirty-five, and forty-seven;
13	e. An individual representing Burke, Divide, McKenzie, Mountrail, Ward, and
14	Williams Countieslegislative districts three, four, five, six, fourteen, thirty-three,
15	thirty-eight, and forty; and
16	f. An individual representing Adams, Billings, Bowman, Dunn, Golden Valley, Grant,
17	Hettinger, Mercer, Morton, Oliver, Sioux, Slope, and Stark Countieslegislative
18	districts one, two, twenty-three, twenty-six, thirty-six, thirty-seven, and thirty-nine.
19	2. All board members other than the superintendent of public instruction must be
20	qualified electors and must reside in one of the counties districts they represent.
21	3. The governor shall appoint new board members from a list of three names submitted
22	by a committee consisting of the president of North Dakota united or the president's
23	designee, the president of the North Dakota council of educational leaders or the
24	president's designee, and the president of the North Dakota school boards association
25	or the president's designee. Two of the state board members must be members of the
26	North Dakota school boards association. Two of the state board members must be
27	employed by a North Dakota school district and be active members of the North
28	Dakota association of school administrators.
29	4. Appointees serve for six-year terms, staggered so that the terms of two members
30	expire on June thirtieth of each even-numbered year.

- 5. If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint an individual to serve for the duration of the unexpired term.
- 6. Each member of the board is entitled to receive, from the biennial appropriation for the superintendent of public instruction, compensation in the amount of sixty-two dollars and fifty cents per day and reimbursement for expenses, as provided by law for state officers, if the member is attending board meetings or performing duties directed by the board. The compensation provided for in this section may not be paid to any member who receives a salary or other compensation as an employee or official of this state if the individual is serving on the board by virtue of the individual's state office or state employment.
- 7. The superintendent of public instruction shall serve as the executive director and secretary of the board. The superintendent shall call meetings as necessary, carry out the policies of the board, and employ personnel necessary to perform the board's duties.
- 8. The board shall annually elect one member to serve as the chairman.

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-01-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-01-03. State board of public school education - Powers and duties.

- 1. The state board of public school education shall:
 - a. Assist county committees in carrying out their duties.
 - b. Provide county committees with clerical assistance, plans of procedure,
 standards, data, maps, forms, and other materials, information, and services.
 - c. Appoint members to the county committee, if the county superintendent does not fulfill this duty, as provided for in section 15.1-10-01.
 - d. Provide oversight for regional education associations as required by chapter 15.1-09.1.
 - e. Establish and certify a North Dakota learning continuum to allow a district-approved, mastery framework policy to award units required under sections 15.1-21-01 and 15.1-21-02 and to waive unit instructional time requirements under section 15.1-21-03, upon the recommendation of the kindergarten through grade twelve education coordination council.

1	f. Develop a policy and procedures for a school district formed by the
2	reorganization process under chapter 15.1-12 to revert to individual school
3	districts. For a reorganized school district to be eligible for the reversion process,
4	the reorganized school district must have been formed by school districts located
5	in two or more communities, including a rural community, and may not have been
6	formed by school districts that were located in the same city. The board shall
7	develop the policy and procedures on or before January 1, 2024.
8	2. The state board of public school education may adopt rules in accordance with
9	chapter 28-32.
10	SECTION 2. A new section to chapter 15.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
11	and enacted as follows:
12	Purchase of gifts or gratuities - Gift fund.
13	1. A public school or school district may create a gift fund. The gift fund may not include
14	state funds.
15	2. A public school or school district may use funds from the gift fund to purchase an item
16	as a gift or gratuity for an individual, including a school district employee, an individual
17	who speaks or performs at a school function, or a guest on the school premises.
18	3. For purposes of this section, "gift" includes:
19	a. A beverage, food item, or refreshment;
20	b. For parent-teacher conferences, beverages, food items, or refreshments, costing
21	no more than twenty-five dollars per teacher;
22	c. A catered meal costing no more than fifty dollars per meal;
23	d. Pens, notepads, or other promotional materials;
24	e. An item of cultural significance, including a quilt, basket, beadwork, sage, or
25	<u>quillwork;</u>
26	f. An award or incentive, as approved by the superintendent of public instruction or
27	the superintendent's designee; and
28	g. Any other item of de minimis value.
29	SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-07-25.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amended and reenacted as follows:

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15.1-07-25.4. Virtual learning - School district policy - Report to legislative management and legislative assembly.

The board of a school district or governing board of a nonpublic school that operates a physical school plant may adopt a policy to allow students to engage in virtual instruction and in the case of a school district, qualify for average daily membership in the district. The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules governing policies under this section. A policy adopted by a school district under this section must comply with the rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction shall provide biennial reportsan annual report to the legislative management regardingin even-numbered years and the legislative assembly in odd-numbered years comparing the academic performance metrics of students participating in virtual instruction with students not participating in virtual instruction under this section using the statewide prekindergarten through grade twelve strategic vision framework goals. If the superintendent of public instruction does not have access to academic performance reports of a school district's virtual instruction subgroup because of low group size, the district shall provide the annual report required under this section for the district's comparison data.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-07-26 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-07-26. School district demographicsenrollment - Long-term planning process Review - Report.

- Between January first and June thirtieth of every even-numbered year, the board of each school district shall invite the public to participate in a planning process review addressing the effects that demographics might decreasing or increasing enrollment will have on the district in the ensuing three-year and five-year periods, and specifically addressing potential effects on:
 - Academic and extracurricular programs achievement including progress toward a. state academic goals adopted by the statewide prekindergarten through grade twelve education strategic vision steering committee;
 - Instructional and, administrative, and ancillary staffing; b.
 - Co-curricular or extracurricular programs; C.
 - Facility needs and utilization; and d.

- d.e. District property tax levies.
- 2. At the conclusion of the planning processreview, the board shall prepare a report, publish a notice in the official newspaper of the district indicating that the report is available submit the report to the superintendent of public instruction by August first of each even-numbered year, make the report available on the district website, and make the report available upon request.
- 3. The superintendent of public instruction shall provide an aggregate report on these plans to the legislative assembly.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 8 of section 15.1-15-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

8. For purposes of this section, "probationary teacher" means an individual teaching for less than two years in the school district.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 15.1-19-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 2. The policy must-prohibit:
 - a. Prohibit the possession of a <u>dangerous</u> weapon or a firearm by a student on school property and at school functions and provide for the punishment of any student found to be in violation. Punishment must include immediate suspension from school and expulsion. A
 - b. Require a student who possesses a firearm in violation of this section must be expelled for at least one year. The school district firearms policy must authorize
 - c. Authorize the school district superintendent or the school principal, if the school district does not have a superintendent, to modify an expulsion for firearms possession under this section on a case-by-case basis in accordance with criteria established by the board. Before expelling a student, a school board or its designated hearing officer, within ten days of the student's suspension, shall provide the student with a hearing at which time the school board or its designated hearing officer shall take testimony and consider evidence, including the existence of mitigating circumstances. If a designated hearing officer orders that a student be expelled, the student may seek a review of the decision by the school board, based on the record of the expulsion hearing.

amended and reenacted as follows:

1	d. Include a referral mechanism to the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency
2	system for a student who possesses a firearm in violation of this subsection.
3	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subsection 6 of section 15.1-19-10 of the North Dakota
4	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
5	6. For purposes of this section:
6	a. "Dangerous weapon" has the meaning provided in 18 U.S.C. 930(g)(2).
7	b"Firearm" has the meaning provided in Public Law No. 90-351 [82 Stat. 197;
8	18 U.S.C. 921].
9	b.c. "School property" includes all land within the perimeter of the school site and all
10	school buildings, structures, facilities, and school vehicles, whether owned or
11	leased by a school district, and the site of any school-sponsored event or activity.
12	c. "Weapon" includes any switchblade or gravity knife, machete, scimitar, stiletto,
13	sword, dagger, or knife with a blade of five inches [12.7 centimeters] or more; any
14	throwing star, nunchaku, or other martial arts weapon; any billy, blackjack, sap,
15	bludgeon, cudgel, metal knuckles, or sand club; any slungshot; any bow and
16	arrow, crossbow, or spear; any weapon that will expel, or is readily capable of
17	expelling, a projectile by the action of a spring, compressed air, or compressed
18	gas, including any such weapon, loaded or unloaded, commonly referred to as a
19	BB gun, air rifle, or CO2 gun; and any projector of a bomb or any object
20	containing or capable of producing and emitting any noxious liquid, gas, or
21	substance. The term does not include a spray or aerosol containing CS, also
22	known as ortho-chlorobenzamalonitrile; CN, also known as alpha-
23	chloroacetophenone; or other irritating agent intended for use in the defense of
24	an individual, nor does the term include a device that uses voltage for the
25	defense of an individual, unless the device uses a projectile and voltage or the
26	device uses a projectile and may be used to apply multiple applications of voltage
27	during a single incident, then the term includes the device for an individual who is
28	prohibited from possessing a firearm under this title.
29	SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is

1	15.1	-27-0	3.1. Weighted average daily membership - Determination.
2	1.	For	each school district, the superintendent of public instruction shall multiply by:
3		a.	1.00 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an extended
4			educational program in accordance with section 15.1-32-17;
5		b.	0.60 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a summer education
6			program, including a migrant summer education program;
7		C.	0.40 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
8			(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
9			public instruction are determined to be least proficient and placed in the first
10			of six categories of proficiency; and
11			(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
12		d.	0.28 the number of full-time equivalent students who:
13			(1) On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of
14			public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed
15			in the first of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the second
16			of six categories of proficiency; and
17			(2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners;
18		e.	0.25 the number of full-time equivalent students under the age of twenty-one
19			enrolled in grades nine through twelve in an alternative high school;
20		f.	0.20 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in a home-based
21			education program and monitored by the school district under chapter 15.1-23;
22		g.	0.17 the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in an early childhood
23			special education program;
24		h.	0.15 the number of full-time equivalent students in grades six through eight
25			enrolled in an alternative education program for at least an average of fifteen
26			hours per week;
27		i.	0.10 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, if the district
28			has fewer than one hundred students enrolled in average daily membership and
29			the district consists of an area greater than two hundred seventy-five square
30			miles [19424.9 hectares], provided that any school district consisting of an area
31			greater than six hundred square miles [155399 hectares] and enrolling fewer than

1 fifty students in average daily membership must be deemed to have an 2 enrollment equal to fifty students in average daily membership; 3 j. 0.0820.088 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership, in 4 order to support the provision of special education services; 5 0.07 the number of full-time equivalent students who: k. 6 On a test of English language proficiency approved by the superintendent of 7 public instruction are determined to be more proficient than students placed 8 in the second of six categories of proficiency and therefore placed in the 9 third of six categories of proficiency; 10 (2) Are enrolled in a program of instruction for English language learners; and 11 Have not been in the third of six categories of proficiency for more than 12 three years: 13 0.025 the number of students representing that percentage of the total number of 14 students in average daily membership which is equivalent to the three-year 15 average percentage of students in grades three through eight who are eligible for 16 free or reduced lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act 17 [42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.]; 18 m. 0.002 the number of students enrolled in average daily membership in a school 19 district that is a participating member of a regional education association meeting 20 the requirements of chapter 15.1-09.1; 21 0.601.0 the number of students by which the district's September tenth n. 22 enrollment report, adjusted for students that will generate average daily 23 membership, exceeds the number of students in the prior year's average daily 24 membership increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00; and 25 For districts paid based on September tenth enrollment in the prior year, 0.500.70 0. 26 the number of students determined by deducting the number of students in the 27 prior year's September tenth enrollment, adjusted for students that will generate 28 average daily membership, from the prior year's average daily membership, 29 increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00. If the prior year's 30 September tenth enrollment exceeds the prior year's average daily membership,

- then a deduction of 0.50 the number of excess students, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.
 - The superintendent of public instruction shall determine each school district's weighted average daily membership by adding the products derived under subsection 1 to the district's average daily membership.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subdivision o of subsection 1 of section 15.1-27-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

o. For districts paid based on September tenth enrollment in the prior year, 0.701.00 the number of students determined by deducting the number of students in the prior year's September tenth enrollment, adjusted for students that will generate average daily membership, from the prior year's average daily membership, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00. If the prior year's September tenth enrollment exceeds the prior year's average daily membership, then a deduction of 0.501.00 the number of excess students, increasing the factor annually by 0.10, not to exceed 1.00.

SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

The school district size weighting factor determined under this section and multiplied by a school district's weighted average daily membership equals the district's weighted student units. For the 2022-23 school year, for school districts that operate multiple-kindergarten through grade twelve buildings at least nineteen miles [30.58 kilometers] apart, or multiple buildings at least nineteen miles [30.58 kilometers] apart with no-replicated grades, the superintendent of public instruction shall determine the school-size weighting factor for each building separately. The superintendent of public-instruction shall multiply the school size weighting factor for each building by the school district's weighted average daily membership to determine each building's weighted student units. The superintendent of public instruction shall combine the weighted student units of all buildings in the school district to determine the school district's weighted student units.

SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1 15.1-27-04.1. Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective through June 30, 2025)

- To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline funding consists of:
 - All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
 2018-19 school year;
 - An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
 - c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
 - (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - (3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and beginning in the 2021-22 school year, seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, and an additional seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid each school year thereafter, until the

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1			2024-25 school year when sixty-eight percent of tuition received under an
2			agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base
3			with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the
4			tuition calculation under this paragraph;
5			(4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission
6			of electric power;
7			(5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from
8			sources other than coal; and
9			(6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which
10			compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);
11		d.	An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the
12			2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
13			(1) Mobile home tax revenue;
14			(2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and
15			(3) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the
16			homestead credit and disabled veterans credit; and
17		e.	Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the
18			baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district
19			pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must
20			be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are
21			offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted
22			student units the school district offered in the year before the school district
23			became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the
24			calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district
25			becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that
26			become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the
27			superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for
28			the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.
29	2.	a.	The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in
30			subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the
31			district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.

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- 1 For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 2 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the 3 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. 4 The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in 5 subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district 6 becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline 7 funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's 8 adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid 9 for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary 10 district and for each year thereafter. 11 Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the C. 12 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student 13 unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the 14 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per 15 weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce 16 the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the 17 amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds 18 the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each 19 year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen 20 percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after 21 the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit 22 provided in subsection 3. 23 3. For the 2021-222023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid a. 24 as the greater of: 25 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred-26 thirty-sixfive hundred forty-fourninety-five dollars; 27 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 28
 - student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the

1	ı		2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
2			one hundred thirty-sixfive hundred forty-fourninety-five dollars; or
3		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
4			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
5			then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
6	b.	For	the 2022-23 2024-25 school year and each school year thereafter, the
7		sup	erintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
8	ı	(1)	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred
9			thirty-seveneight hundred sixtynine hundred thirteen dollars;
0		(2)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
11			student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
2			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
3			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
4	ı		2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
5			two hundred thirty-seveneight hundred sixtynine hundred thirteen dollars; or
6		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
7			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
8			2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
9			percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
20			and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
21	c.	The	superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to
22		ens	ure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
23		(1)	For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
24			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-
25			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
26			units from the previous school year.
27		(2)	For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred-
28			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-
29			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
30			units from the previous school year.

- (5)
 - (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and

1				one-	hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
2				stud	ent unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
3				trans	sition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1
4				of su	bdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units
5				from	the previous school year.
6	4.	Afte	er det	ermini	ng the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
7		pub	lic in	structio	on shall:
8		a.	Sub	otract a	an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
9			sch	ool dis	trict, except the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this
10			sub	divisio	n may not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for
11			pur	poses	of this subdivision by more than twelve percent, adjusted pursuant to
12			sec	tion 15	5.1-27-04.3; and
13		b.	Sub	otract a	an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
14			sub	divisio	ns c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
15			sev	enty-fi	ve percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
16			sha	ll adju	st revenues as follows:
17			(1)	Tuitie	on revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
18				(a)	In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
19					operation of an educational program provided at a residential
20					treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult
21					farm management program, and tuition received under an agreement
22					to educate students from a school district on an air force base with
23					funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school
24					year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the
25					superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition
26					reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue
27					received for the education of students not residing in the state and for
28					which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract;
29					and
30				(b)	The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
31					tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements

1			of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
2			of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
3			adjacent school district.
4		(2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the
5			superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types
6			by the percentage of mills levied in 20202022 by the school district for
7			sinking and interest relative to the total mills levied in 20202020 by the
8			school district for all purposes.
9	5.	The ar	nount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
10		amour	t of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
11		require	ements or limitations.
12	6.	On or	pefore June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
13		superii	ntendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
14		school	year.
15	7.	For pu	rposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
16		with th	e school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
17		instruc	tion on an annual basis:
18		a. T	he amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
19		р	revious school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
20		SI	ubsection 1;
21		b. T	he total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
22		d	strict for all purposes; and
23		c. T	he number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
24		fc	r sinking and interest fund purposes.
25	Bas	eline fu	nding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective after
26	June 30), 2025)	
27	1.	To dete	ermine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of
28		public	instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline
29		funding	g consists of:
30		a. A	Il state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
31		2	018-19 school year;

1 An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public 2 instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment; 3 C. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school 4 district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 5 Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district 6 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the 7 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08; 8 (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from 9 the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota 10 school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by 11 the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 12 15.1-02-08; 13 Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district (3) 14 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the 15 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, 16 with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an 17 educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition 18 received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and 19 beginning in the 2025-26 school year, eighty-five percent of tuition received 20 under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an 21 air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, until the 22 2026-27 school year, and each school year thereafter, when all tuition 23 received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on 24 an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be 25 excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph; 26 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission (4) 27 of electric power; 28 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from (5) 29 sources other than coal; and 30 (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which 31 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); and

- Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly 1 An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the 2 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 3 (1) Mobile home tax revenue; 4 (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and 5 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the (3) 6 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit. 7 Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the e. 8 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district 9 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must 10 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are 11 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted 12 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district 13 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the 14 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district 15 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that 16 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the 17 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for
 - a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.

the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.

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b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter.

1 Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the 2 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student 3 unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the 4 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per 5 weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce 6 the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the 7 amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds 8 the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each 9 year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen 10 percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after 11 the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit 12 provided in subsection 3. 13 3. For the 2021-222023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid a. 14 as the greater of: 15 The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred-16 thirty-sixfive hundred forty-fourninety-five dollars; 17 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 18 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's 19 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline 20 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 21 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand 22 one hundred thirty-sixfive hundred forty-fourninety-five dollars; or 23 (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the 24 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and 25 then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1. 26 For the 2022-232024-25 school year and each school year thereafter, the b. 27 superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of: 28 The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred-(1) 29 thirty-seveneight hundred sixtynine hundred thirteen dollars; 30 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 31 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's

1			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
2			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
3			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
4			two hundred thirty-seveneight hundred sixtynine hundred thirteen dollars; or
5		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
6			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
7			2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
8			percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
9			and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
10	C.	The	superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to
11		ensı	ure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
12		(1)	For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
13			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
14			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
15			units from the previous school year.
16		(2)	For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred-
17			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
18			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
19			units from the previous school year.
20		(3)	For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
21			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
22			established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between
23			the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and
24			one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
25			student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the
26			transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1
27			of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units-
28			from the previous school year.
29		(4)	For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
30			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
31			established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the

1 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred 2 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The 3 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum 4 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 5 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous 6 school year. 7 For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred (5) 8 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-9 established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the 10 rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred 11 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The 12 transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum 13 rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 14 this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous 15 school year. 16 (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred 17 ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as-18 established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between-19 the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and 20 one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 21 student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the 22 transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1-23 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units-24 from the previous school year. 25 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of 26 public instruction shall: 27 Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the a. 28 school district; and 29 Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in b. 30 subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for

1 seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction 2 shall adjust revenues as follows: 3 (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows: 4 In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the 5 operation of an educational program provided at a residential 6 treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult 7 farm management program, and tuition received under an agreement 8 to educate students from a school district on an air force base with 9 funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school 10 year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the 11 superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition 12 reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue 13 received for the education of students not residing in the state and for 14 which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract; 15 and 16 The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total (b) 17 tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements 18 of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount 19 of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an 20 adjacent school district. 21 (2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the 22 superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types 23 by the percentage of mills levied in 20202022 by the school district for 24 sinking and interest relative to the total mills levied in 20202022 by the 25 school district for all purposes. 26 5. The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the 27 amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory 28 requirements or limitations. 29 On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the 30 superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current 31 school year.

1 For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration 2 with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public 3 instruction on an annual basis: 4 The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the 5 previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of 6 subsection 1; 7 The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school b. 8 district for all purposes; and 9 The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district C. 10 for sinking and interest fund purposes. 11 SECTION 12. A new section to chapter 15.1-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is 12 created and enacted as follows: 13 **Private tutors.** 14 A school district shall permit private tutors to provide tutoring services on school premises. 15 SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is 16 amended and reenacted as follows: 17 15.1-36-02. Coal development trust fund - Board of university and school lands -18 School construction projects - Unanticipated construction projects and emergency 19 repairs - Loans. 20 1. Up to sixty million dollars from the coal development trust fund is available to the 21 board of university and school lands for loans under this section. 22 To be eligible for a loan under this section, the school district must demonstrate a need 2. 23 based on an unanticipated construction project, an unanticipated replacement project, 24 or an emergency repair or situation, and the board of a school district shall: 25 Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction a. 26 project under section 15.1-36-01; and 27 b. Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all 28 information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential 29 alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project. 30 3. The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the

order itthe application received approval under section 15.1-36-01.

1	4.	If the	If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the board of university					
2		and	and school lands shall issue a loan from the coal development trust fund.					
3		a.	a. For a loan made under this section:					
4		a.	(1)	The minimum loan amount is two hundred fifty thousand dollars and the				
5				maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is twofive				
6				million dollars;				
7		b.	(2)	The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district				
8				requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and				
9		c.	(3)	The interest rate of the loan may not exceed two percent per year.				
10		b.	For	a loan made under this section which includes additional expenses due to				
11			unar	nticipated construction inflation:				
12			(1)	The unanticipated construction inflation must have occurred for a				
13				construction project bid after January 1, 2021, and before June 30, 2024;				
14			(2)	The maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is five				
15				million dollars;				
16			(3)	The interest rate on the loan may not exceed two percent per year;				
17			(4)	The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district				
18				requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and				
19			(5)	The school district may pledge revenues derived from its general fund levy				
20				authority or other sources of revenue authorized by law.				
21	5.	a.	If a s	school district seeking a loan under this section received an allocation of the				
22			oil a	nd gas gross production tax during the previous fiscal year in accordance				
23			with	chapter 57-51, the board of the district shall provide to the board of				
24			univ	ersity and school lands, and to the state treasurer, its evidence of				
25			inde	btedness indicating that the loan originated under this section.				
26		b.	If the	e evidence of indebtedness is payable solely from the school district's				
27			alloc	cation of the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section				
28			57-5	51-15, the loan does not constitute a general obligation of the school district				
29			and	may not be considered a debt of the district.				
30		C.	If a I	loan made to a school district is payable solely from the district's allocation of				
31			the o	oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 57-51-15, the				

terms of the loan must require that the state treasurer withhold the dollar amount or percentage specified in the loan agreement, from each of the district's oil and gas gross production tax allocations, in order to repay the principal and interest of the evidence of indebtedness. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount withheld into the fund from which the loan originated.

- d. Any evidence of indebtedness executed by the board of a school district under this subsection is a negotiable instrument and not subject to taxation by the state or any political subdivision of the state.
- 6. For purposes of this section, a "construction project" means the purchase, lease, erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority.

SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-36-04. Evidences of indebtedness.

The board of a school district may issue and sell evidences of indebtedness under chapters.21-02 and 21-03 to finance the construction or improvement of a project approved under this chapter. The principal amount of the loan and the evidences of indebtedness to repay the loan may not exceed the loan amount for which the district is eligible under this-chapter.21-03. Evidences of indebtedness issued under this chapter constitute a general obligation of the school district.

SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Subsection 5 of section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 5. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the Bank of North Dakota shall issue a loan from the school construction assistance revolving loan fund. For a loan made under this section:
 - a. The If the school construction project totals less than seventy-five million dollars, the maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is ten million dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's cost up to a maximum loan amount of eight million dollars;

1 If the school construction project totals seventy-five million dollars or more, the 2 maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is fifty million 3 dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the 4 preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the 5 loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's 6 cost up to a maximum loan amount of forty million dollars; 7 The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district C. 8 requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and 9 c.d. The interest rate of the loan may not exceed two percent per year. 10 e. A district with a school construction loan secured on the open bond market may 11 apply to refinance the loan when callable with the school construction assistance 12 revolving loan fund under this subsection. 13 A district that qualifies for a loan under subdivision b, which was approved for a 14 loan of up to ten million dollars for a construction project bid after January 1. 15 2021, and before June 30, 2024, may apply for a loan in an amount equal to the 16 difference between fifty million dollars and the amount of the approved loan. 17 SECTION 12. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION 18 **SERVICES FUNDING.** During the 2023-25 interim, the legislative management shall study-19 school transportation services funding. The study must include a review of the formula for-20 funding school transportation services and an assessment of whether a factor-based model-21 would fund school transportation more appropriately. The legislative management shall report 22 its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the 23 recommendations, to the sixty-ninth legislative assembly. 24 SECTION 16. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - COMPOSITION OF THE STATE 25 **BOARD OF PUBLIC SCHOOL EDUCATION.** 26 During the 2023-24 interim, the legislative management shall consider studying the 27 composition of the state board of public school education. The study must include: 28 An analysis of the state board of public school education boundaries, including a a. 29 comparison of methodologies for creating the boundaries; 30 b. An analysis of the inclusion of representatives from small, large, urban, and rural 31 schools on the board;

- c. An evaluation of term limits for board members, including staggering terms to ensure continuity of knowledge;
- d. An evaluation of the benefits and consequences of requiring the composition of the board to include two school district superintendents, two members of a board of a school district, and two citizens at large;
- e. An evaluation of the benefits and consequences of requiring a minimum or maximum number of candidates to be submitted to the governor and permitting the governor to request a new list of potential candidates once; and
- f. An analysis of the role and practices of the county superintendent of schools.
- The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations, together
 with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-ninth
 legislative assembly.

SECTION 17. TEACHER SHORTAGE AND MILITARY FAMILIES TASK FORCE -

REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT. During the 2023-24 interim, the superintendent of public instruction shall establish a teacher shortage and military families task force to examine employer recruitment needs, applicable state regulations, and benefit options for kindergarten through grade twelve educators within the state, including potential barriers to military personnel and spouses teaching in the classroom. The task force shall identify immediate and long-term public policy strategies to address teacher shortage and support for military families and spouses. The task force shall report its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation necessary to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-ninth legislative assembly.

SECTION 18. APPROPRIATION - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION - GRANTS FOR FREE MEALS. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$6,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public instruction for the purpose of providing grants to school districts to defray the expenses of providing meals, free of charge, for all students enrolled in public school at or below two hundred percent of the federal poverty guideline, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. The superintendent of public instruction shall develop guidelines and reporting requirements for the grants.

SECTION 19. APPROPRIATION - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND - DEPARTMENT OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION - SCIENCE OF READING - REPORT. There is appropriated out of any

moneys in the public instruction fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$1,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public instruction for the purpose of supporting professional learning related to the science of reading and implementing systematic direct literacy instruction, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. The superintendent of public instruction shall collaborate with the regional education associations to ensure continuity of access to science of reading training opportunities and develop support processes to deepen science of reading implementation. The superintendent of public instruction shall provide quarterly reports to the legislative management on the implementation and effectiveness of this appropriation on improving

educational outcomes, including the number of teachers trained, an anticipated timeline of

results trends, and any results trends available.

- SECTION 20. APPROPRIATION PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION DYSLEXIA IDENTIFICATION TRAINING. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the public instruction fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$279,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public instruction for the purpose of providing training in identification of dyslexia characteristics to one educator in every school that instructs students in kindergarten through third grade for one year, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.
- SECTION 21. APPROPRIATION PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION READING LEARNING PLATFORM TRAINING. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the public instruction fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$558,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public instruction for the purpose of providing training in a reading learning platform approved by the superintendent of public instruction to one educator in every school that instructs students in kindergarten through third grade for two years, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

SECTION 22. EXEMPTION - TRANSFER - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND.

Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if, after the superintendent of public instruction complies with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2021-23 biennium, any moneys remain in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of chapter 13 of the 2021 Session Laws, the lesser of \$1,000,000 or the remaining amount must be continued into the

2023-25 biennium and the office of management and budget shall transfer this amount into the public instruction fund for the purpose of funding professional learning related to the science of reading and implementing systematic direct literacy instruction as appropriated in section 4019 of this Act.

SECTION 23. EXEMPTION - TRANSFER - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND.

Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if, after the superintendent of public instruction complies with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2021-23 biennium, any moneys remain in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of chapter 13 of the 2021 Session Laws, the lesser of \$837,000 or the remaining amount must be continued into the 2023-25 biennium and the office of management and budget shall transfer this amount into the public instruction fund for the purpose of funding training in identification of dyslexia characteristics and reading training for kindergarten through grade three teachers as appropriated in sections 20 and 21 of this Act.

SECTION 24. TRANSFER - FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND TO SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE REVOLVING LOAN FUND. The office of management and budget shall transfer the sum of \$75,000,000 from the foundation aid stabilization fund to the school construction assistance revolving loan fund during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

SECTION 25. EFFECTIVE DATE. Section 59 of this Act becomes effective on July 1, 2024.

SECTION 26. EXPIRATION DATE. Section 13 of this Act is effective through June 30, 2025, and after that date is ineffective.

SECTION 27. EMERGENCY. Section 13 of this Act is declared to be an emergency measure.