Introduced by
Senators Mathern, Hogan
Representatives Conmy, Dobervich, Karls, Weisz

A concurrent resolution directing the Legislative Management to consider studying whether health insurance should provide coverage for diagnostic and supplemental breast examinations without imposing cost-sharing requirements.

WHEREAS, diagnostic imaging is an essential tool in the screening and diagnosis of breast cancer; and

WHEREAS, approximately 2 percent of patients undergoing a screening mammogram are referred by their radiologist for diagnostic testing; and

WHEREAS, screening mammograms are cost-free under the federal Affordable Care Act, cost-sharing applies to diagnostic imaging procedures under private insurance plans, ranging in cost from the hundreds to the thousands of dollars per procedure; and

WHEREAS, cost is the primary reason patients skip diagnostic testing and do not follow up after their initial screening mammogram; and

WHEREAS, the current coverage disparity is most evident by income level and race, with lower and middle-income patients, insured but unable to pay higher costs for additional testing, often forgoing testing and potential treatment until cancer has progressed to a more advanced stage; and

WHEREAS, early detection of breast cancer leads to the greatest chance of survivability;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN:

That the Legislative Management consider studying whether health insurance should provide coverage for diagnostic and supplemental breast examinations without imposing costsharing requirements; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Legislative Management report its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly.

