SECOND ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2107

Introduced by

Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Attorney General)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 12.1-17-14 and 62.1-02-15 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to shooting offenses and drug trafficking; to amend and reenact sections

3 12.1-08-02, 12.1-17-0112.1-17-03, 12.1-32-02.1, and 12.1-32-07.4, <u>39-10-71, and 62.1-02-01</u> of

- 4 the North Dakota Century Code, relating to sentences for crimes committed with firearms and
- 5 for fleeing law enforcementreckless endangerment, mandatory prison terms for armed
- 6 offenders, and presumptive probation; to provide for a legislative management study; and to
- 7 provide a penalty.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9	SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-08-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10	amended and reenacted as follows:
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13	from effecting an arrest of himself or another for a misdemeanor or infraction, or from
14	discharging any other official duty, he creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to the
15	public servant or to anyone except himself, or employs means justifying or requiring-
16	substantial force to overcome resistance to effecting the arrest or the discharge of the
17	duty. A person is guilty of a class C felony if, with intent to prevent a public servant
18	from effecting an arrest of himself or another for a class A, B, or C felony, he creates a
19	substantial risk of bodily injury to the public servant or to anyone except himself, or-
20	employs means justifying or requiring substantial force to overcome resistance to
21	effecting such an arrest.
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23	acting lawfully, but it is no defense that the defendant mistakenly believed that the

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1		public servant was not acting lawfully. A public servant executing a warrant or other-
2		process in good faith and under color of law shall be deemed to be acting lawfully.
3	<u> <u> </u></u>	A conviction under this section carries a presumption of a jail sentence of at least
4		fourteen days and, if there is an underlying conviction, the presumed jail sentence may
5		not be served concurrently to any jail sentence for the underlying conviction. If the
6		sentencing court does not impose at least the presumed minimum term of
7		imprisonment, the court shall justify the reason for a departure from the presumptive
8		j <u>ail sentence within the judgment.</u>
9	SEC	TION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-17-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
10	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
11	— <u>12.1</u>	-17-01. Simple assault.
12	<u> </u>	A person is guilty of an offense if that person:
13		a. Willfully causes bodily injury to another human being; or
14		b. Negligently causes bodily injury to another human being by means of a firearm,
15		destructive device, or other weapon, the use of which against a human being is-
16		likely to cause death or serious bodily injury.
17	<u> </u>	The offense is:
18		a. A class C felony when the victim is a peace officer or correctional institution
19		employee acting in an official capacity, which the actor knows to be a fact; an-
20		employee of the state hospital acting in the course and scope of employment,
21		which the actor knows to be a fact, and the actor is an individual committed to or
22		detained at the state hospital pursuant to chapter 25-03.3; a person engaged in a
23		judicial proceeding; or a member of a municipal or volunteer fire department or
24		emergency medical services personnel unit or emergency department worker in
25		the performance of the member's duties.
26		b. A class B misdemeanor except as provided in subdivision a.
27		3. A conviction under subdivision a of subsection 2 of this section carries a
28		presumption of a jail sentence of at least thirty days and if there is an underlying
29		conviction the presumption may not be served concurrently to any jail sentence for the
30		underlying conviction. If the sentencing court does not impose at least the presumptive

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1		<u>min</u>	imum term of imprisonment, the court shall justify the reasoning for a departure
2		<u>fron</u>	n the presumptive jail sentence within the judgment.
3	SEC	TIOI	N 3. Section 12.1-17-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
4	as follow	/S:	
5	<u> </u>	-17-	14. Shooting at inhabited dwelling or camper; or occupied structure, vehicle,
6	or aircra	aft - I	Penalty.
7	<u> </u>	pers	on who willfully discharges a firearm at an inhabited dwelling, occupied structure,
8	occupied	l mo	tor vehicle, occupied aircraft, or inhabited camper is guilty of a class B felony. As
9	<u>used in t</u>	his s	ection, "inhabited" means currently used for dwelling purposes, whether occupied
10	<u>or not.</u>		
11	SEC	τιοι	N 1. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-17-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
12	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
13	12.1	-17-0	03. Reckless endangerment.
14	A pe	erson	is guilty of an offense if hethe person creates a substantial risk of serious bodily
15	injury or death to another. The offense is a class <u>B felony if the offense is committed by</u>		h to another. The offense is a class <u>B felony if the offense is committed by</u>
16	intentionally or knowingly discharging a firearm. The offense is a C felony if the circumstances		
17	manifest histhe person's extreme indifference to the value of human life. Otherwise it is a class		
18	A misdemeanor. There is risk within the meaning of this section if the potential for harm exists,		
19	whether	or no	ot a particular person's safety is actually jeopardized.
20	SEC	ΤΙΟΙ	N 2. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-32-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
21	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
22	12.1	-32-0	02.1. Mandatory prison terms for armed offenders.
23	1.	Not	withstanding any other provision of this title, a term of imprisonment must be
24		imp	osed upon an offender and served without benefit of parole when:
25		a.	In the course of committing an offense, the offender inflicts or attempts to inflict
26			bodily injury upon another, threatens or menaces another with imminent bodily
27			injury with a dangerous weapon, explosive, or firearm; or
28	L	b.	The offender possesses or has within immediate reach and control a dangerous
29			weapon, explosive, or firearm while in the course of
30			committing any felony offense under subsection 1, 3, or 7 of section 19-03.1-23.

1	2.	This requirement applies only when possession of a dangerous weapon, explosive, or
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2		destructive device, or firearm has been charged and admitted or found to be true in
3		the manner provided by law, and must be imposed as follows:
4		a. If the offense for which the offender is convicted is a class AA, class A, or class B
5		felony, the court shall impose a minimum sentence of four years' imprisonment.
6		b. If the offense for which the offender is convicted is a class C felony, the court
7		shall impose a minimum sentence of two years' imprisonment.
8		c. If the court finds the offender is a special dangerous or habitual offender under
9		subdivision a, b, c, or d of subsection 1 of section 12.1-32-09 and the offender
10		violates subsection 1 of this section, the court shall impose a minimum sentence
11		of ten years' imprisonment, if the offense is a class AA, class A, or class B felony.
12		If the offense is a class C felony, the court shall impose a minimum sentence of
13		seven years' imprisonment. An offender sentenced under this subdivision is not
14		eligible for parole any earlier than eighteen months before the expiration of the
15		mandatory sentence.
16	3.	This section applies even when being armed is an element of the offense for which the
17	I	offender is convicted.
18	4.	AnUnless the offender is sentenced under subdivision c of subsection 2, an offender
19		serving a sentence subject to this section may be eligible to participate in a release
20		program under section 12-48.1-02 during the last six months of the offender's
21		sentence.
22	SEC	CTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-32-07.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:
24	12.1	1-32-07.4. Presumptive probation.
25	1.	The sentencing court shall sentence an individual who has pled guilty to, or has been
26		found guilty of, a class C felony offense or class A misdemeanor offense to a term of
27		probation at the time of initial sentencing, except for an offense involving domestic
28		violence; an offense subject to registration under section 12.1-32-15; an offense
29		involving a firearm or dangerous weapon, explosive, or incendiary device; an offense
30		in violation of section 12.1-08-02, subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 12.1-17-01,

1		<u>sect</u>	tion 12.1-17-03, or section 39-10-71; or if a mandatory term of incarceration is
2	required by law.		
3	2.	The	sentencing court may impose a sentence of imprisonment if the sentencing court
4		find	s there are aggravating factors present to justify a departure from presumptive
5		prot	pation. Aggravating factors include:
6		a.	That the individual has plead guilty to, or has been found guilty of, a felony
7			offense or class A misdemeanor offense prior to the date of the commission of
8			the offense or offenses charged in the complaint, information, or indictment;
9		b.	The age and vulnerability of the victim, whether the individual was in a position of
10			responsibility or trust over the victim, or whether the individual abused a public
11			position of responsibility or trust; or
12		C.	If the individual used threats or coercion in the commission of the offense.
13	3.	This	section does not preclude the sentencing court from deferring imposition of
14		sen	tence in accordance with subsection 4 of section 12.1-32-02 or sentencing an
15		indi	vidual to a term of incarceration with credit for time spent in custody if execution of
16		the	sentence is suspended.
17		IOIT;	• 4. AMENDMENT. Section 39-10-71 of the North Dakota Century Code is
18	amende	d and	Freenacted as follows:
19		0-71	. Fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer - Penalty.
20	<u> </u>	A dr	iver of a motor vehicle who willfully fails or refuses to bring the vehicle to a stop, or-
21		whe	otherwise flees or attempts to elude, in any manner, a pursuing police vehicle or
22		pea	ce officer, when given a visual or audible signal to bring the vehicle to a stop, is
23		guilt	ly of a:
24		a.	Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class C felony for a subsequent
25			offense within three years;
26		b.	Class C felony if the driver violates this section while willfully fleeing during or-
27			after the commission of a felony; or
28		.	Class C felony if, at any time during the flight or pursuit, the driver willfully
29			operates the vehicle in a manner constituting an inherent risk of death or serious-
30			bodily injury to a third person.
31	<u> </u>	A si	gnal complies with this section if the signal is perceptible to the driver and:

1	a. If given from a vehicle, the signal is given by hand, voice, emergency light, or
2	siren, and the stopping vehicle is appropriately marked showing it to be an official
3	police vehicle; or
4	b. If not given from a vehicle, the signal is given by hand, voice, emergency light, or-
5	siren, and the officer is in uniform or prominently displays the officer's badge of
6	office.
7	<u>—3. A conviction under this section carries a presumption of a jail sentence of at least</u>
8	thirty days and, if there is an underlying conviction, the presumed jail sentence may
9	not be served concurrently to any jail sentence for the underlying conviction. If the
10	sentencing court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum term of
11	imprisonment, the court shall justify the reason for a departure from the presumptive
12	j ail sentence within the judgment.
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14	amended and reenacted as follows:
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16	- 1. a. A person who has been convicted anywhere of a felony offense involving-
17	violence or intimidation in violation of chapters 12.1-16 through 12.1-25 or an
18	equivalent felony offense of another state or the federal government is prohibited
19	from owning a firearm or having one in possession or under control from the date
20	of conviction and continuing for a period of ten years after the date of conviction
21	or the date of release from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever is latest.
22	b. A person who has been convicted anywhere of a felony offense of this or another
23	state or the federal government not provided for in subdivision a or who has been
24	convicted of a class A misdemeanor offense involving violence or intimidation in
25	violation of chapters 12.1-16 through 12.1-25 or an equivalent offense of another
26	state or the federal government and the offense was committed while using or
27	possessing a firearm, a dangerous weapon, or, as defined in section 12.1-01-04,
28	a destructive device or an explosive, is prohibited from owning a firearm or-
29	having one in possession or under control from the date of conviction and
30	continuing for a period of five years after the date of conviction or the date of
31	release from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever is latest.

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1	<u>— с.</u>	A person who is or has ever been diagnosed and confined or committed to a-
2		hospital or other institution in this state or elsewhere by a court of competent
3		jurisdiction, other than a person who has had the petition that provided the basis
4		for the diagnosis, confinement, or commitment dismissed under section-
5		25-03.1-17, 25-03.1-18, or 25-03.1-19, or equivalent statutes of another
6		jurisdiction, as a person requiring treatment as defined in section 25-03.1-02, or-
7		as a mentally deficient individual, is prohibited from purchasing a firearm or
8		having one in possession or under control. This limitation does not apply to a
9		person who has not suffered from the disability for the previous three years or
10		who has successfully petitioned for relief under section 62.1-02-01.2.
11	d.	A person under the age of eighteen years may not possess a handgun except
12		that such a person, while under the direct supervision of an adult, may possess a
13		handgun for the purposes of firearm safety training, target shooting, or hunting.
14	<u> </u>	A person who is a fugitive from justice is prohibited from owning a firearm or
15		having a firearm in possession or under control.
16	<u> <u>f.</u> <u>f. </u></u>	A person who, being an alien, is illegally or unlawfully in the United States is
17		prohibited from owning a firearm or having a firearm in possession or under
18		<u>control.</u>
19	<u> </u>	A person who has been convicted in any court of a misdemeanor crime of
20		domestic violence is prohibited from owning a firearm or having a firearm in
21		possession or under control. For the purposes of this section a "misdemeanor
22		crime of domestic violence" means the willful infliction of bodily injury against an
23		individual who:
24		(1) Is a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, or individual
25		similarly situated to a spouse of the victim;
26		(2) Is cohabitating, or has cohabitated, with the victim as a spouse or intimate
27		partner; or
28		(3) Shares a child in common with the victim.
29	<u> <u>h.</u> </u>	A person who has been discharged from the armed forces under dishonorable
30		conditions is prohibited from owning a firearm or having a firearm in possession
31		<u>or under control.</u>

1	<u> </u>
2	under control if that person is subject to a court order that:
3	(1) Was issued after a hearing of which such person received actual notice, and
4	at which such person had an opportunity to participate;
5	(2) Restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate
6	partner of the person or child of the intimate partner or person, or engaging
7	in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of
8	bodily injury to the partner or child; and
9	<u>(3) (a) Includes a finding the person represents a credible threat to the</u>
10	physical safety of the intimate partner or child; or
11	(b) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened
12	use of physical force against the intimate partner or child that would
13	reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury.
14	<u>2.</u> A person who violates subdivision a or, b, e, f, g, h, or i of subsection 1 is guilty of a
15	class C felony, and a person who violates subdivision c or d of subsection 1 is guilty of
16	a class A misdemeanor.
17	<u><u><u> </u></u></u>
18	felony convictions on separate occasions under any provisions in chapter 12.1-16,
19	12.1-17, 12.1-18, or 12.1-20, section 12.1-21-01, chapter 12.1-22, subsection 1 of
20	19-03.1-23, or a similar offense from another court in North Dakota or a court of record
21	in the United States, is guilty of a class B felony. A conviction under this subsection
22	carries a presumptive minimum term of imprisonment of five years. If the sentencing
23	court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum term of imprisonment for an
24	offense under this section, the court shall justify the reasoning for a departure from the
25	presumptive minimum sentence within the judgment.
26	-2.4. For the purposes of this section, "conviction" means a determination that the person
27	committed one of the above-mentioned crimes upon a verdict of guilt, a plea of guilty,
28	or a plea of nolo contendere even though:
29	a. The court suspended execution of sentence in accordance with subsection 3 of
30	section 12.1-32-02;

1 The court deferred imposition of sentence in accordance with subsection 4 of 2 section 12.1-32-02; 3 The court placed the person on probation; 4 The person's conviction has been reduced in accordance with subsection 9 of-5 section 12.1-32-02 or section 12.1-32-07.1; 6 Sentence dispositions, sentence reductions, or offense determinations equivalent 7 to this section were imposed or granted by a court, board, agency, or law of 8 another state or the federal government; or 9 The person committed an offense equivalent to an offense described in-10 subdivision a or b of subsection 1 when that person was subject to juvenile-11 adjudication or proceedings and a determination of a court under chapter 27-20.4 12 or of a court of another state or the federal government was made that the 13 person committed the delinguent act or offense. 14 For purposes of subsection 1, unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil-3.5. 15 rights expressly provides that a person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive 16 firearms, a person is not considered to have been convicted of a crime under-17 subdivision a, b, or g of subsection 1 if: 18 The conviction has been expunged or set aside; or a 19 The conviction is for an offense for which the person has been pardoned or hasb. 20 had civil rights restored if the law of the applicable jurisdiction provides for the 21 loss of civil rights for the offense. 22 A felon who is not sentenced under section 12.1-32-09.1 may possess a rifle that has 6. 23 a barrel sixteen inches [40.72 centimeters] or longer or a shotgun that has a barrel 24 eighteen inches [45.72 centimeters] or longer and which is one of the following: 25 A firearm, including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or-a. 26 similar type of ignition system, manufactured before 1899. 27 A replica of any firearm described in subdivision a, if the replica is not designed 28 or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or 29 uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer-30 manufactured in the United States and which is not readily available in the-31 ordinary channels of commercial trade.

1	c. A muzzleloading rifle or muzzleloading shotgun designed to use black powder or
2	a black powder substitute and which cannot use fixed ammunition.
3	SECTION 6. Section 62.1-02-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
4	as follows:
5	62.1-02-15. Possession of a firearm in furtherance of a felony crime of violence or
6	drug trafficking crime.
7	<u>1. Any person who, during and in relation to any felony crime of violence or drug</u>
8	trafficking crime, uses or carries a firearm, or who, in furtherance of any such crime,
9	possesses a firearm, is guilty of a class B felony. A conviction under this section
10	carries a presumptive minimum term of imprisonment which may not run concurrently
11	to the punishment provided for the felony crime of violence or drug trafficking crime.
12	The presumptive minimum term of imprisonment is:
13	<u>a. Not less than three years;</u>
14	<u>b.</u> Not less than five years if the firearm is brandished; or
15	<u><u> </u></u>
16	<u>2. If the firearm possessed by a person convicted of a violation of this section is a short-</u>
17	barreled rifle, short-barreled shotgun, machine gun, submachine gun, or fully
18	automatic rifle, the presumptive minimum term of imprisonment is not less than seven
19	years.
20	<u>— 3. For a violation of this section which occurs after a previous conviction under this</u>
21	section has become final, the person is guilty of a class A felony and the presumptive
22	minimum term of imprisonment is not less than ten years.
23	<u>4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:</u>
24	<u>a. A term of imprisonment imposed on a person under this section may not run</u>
25	concurrently with any other term of imprisonment imposed on the person,
26	including any term of imprisonment imposed for the felony crime of violence or
27	drug trafficking crime during which the firearm was used, carried, or possessed;
28	<u>b. An offender who is convicted of a crime under this section is not eligible for</u>
29	release from confinement on any basis until eighty-five percent of the sentence
30	imposed by the court has been served or the sentence is commuted. For

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1	purposes of this subsection, confinement does not include placement in a
2	halfway house, treatment facility, or other community placement; and
3	<u>c. If the sentencing court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum term</u>
4	of imprisonment for an offense under this section, the court shall justify the
5	reasoning for a departure from the presumptive minimum sentence within the
6	judgment.
7	<u>5. For purposes of this section:</u>
8	a. "Brandish" means, with respect to a firearm, to display all or part of the firearm, or
9	otherwise make the presence of the firearm known to another individual, in order
10	to intimidate that individual, regardless of whether the firearm is directly visible to
11	that individual.
12	<u>b.</u> "Drug trafficking crime" means a violation of subsection 1 or 3 of section
13	19-03.1-23.
14	<u><u>c.</u> <u>"Felony crime of violence" means a felony violation of section 12.1-16-01,</u></u>
15	12.1-16-02, 12.1-16-03, 12.1-17-01.2, 12.1-17-02, 12.1-17-03, 12.1-17-04,
16	12.1-17-12, 12.1-18-01, 12.1-18-02, 12.1-20-03, 12.1-20-04, 12.1-20-07, -
17	12.1-20-12.3, 12.1-21-01, 12.1-21-02, 12.1-22-01, or 12.1-22-02.
18	SECTION 4. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - FIREARM POSSESSION. During
19	the 2023-24 interim, the legislative management shall consider studying those provisions of the
20	North Dakota Century Code that prohibit certain individuals from possessing a firearm. The
21	study may include an examination of the state's firearm and weapon possession prohibitions as
22	compared to the federal regulations. The study must include an examination of whether the
23	category of individuals prohibited from possessing a firearm by statute should be maintained as
24	is, narrowed, or expanded. The study must include input from the attorney general, the supreme
25	court, the association of counties, the league of cities, the state's attorney association, the
26	association of criminal defense lawyers, the peace officers association, and the national rifle
27	association. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations,
28	together with any legislation necessary to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-ninth
29	legislative assembly.