Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1041

Introduced by

Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Supreme Court)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 12.1-32-08 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to restitution.

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3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 12.1-32-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 12.1-32-08. Hearing prior to ordering restitution, reparation, or reimbursement of indigent defense costs and expenses Conditions Collection of restitution for insufficient funds checks Continuing appropriation.
 - Before imposing restitution or reparation as a sentence or condition of probation, the court shall hold a hearing on the matter with notice to the prosecuting attorney and to the defendant as to the nature and amount of restitution. The court, when sentencing a person adjudged guilty of criminal activities that have resulted in pecuniary damages, in addition to any other sentence the court may impose, shall order that the defendant make restitution to the victim or other recipient as determined by the court. Restitution must include payment to the owner of real property that is contaminated by the defendant in the manufacturing of methamphetamine for the cost of removing the contamination and returning the property to the property's condition before contamination and to any other person that has incurred costs in decontaminating the property. In determining the amount of restitution, the court shall take into account the reasonable damages sustained by the victim or victims of the criminal offense, whichdamages are limited to those directly related to the criminal offense and expensesactually incurred as a direct result of the defendant's criminal action. This can include an amount equal to the cost of necessary and related professional services and devices relating to physical, psychiatric, and psychological care. The defendant may

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be required as part of the sentence imposed by the court to pay the prescribed treatment costs for a victim of a sexual offense as defined in chapters 12.1-20 and 12.1-27.2. The court shall fix the amount of restitution or reparation and shall fix the manner of performance of any condition or conditions of probation established pursuant to this subsection. The court shall order restitution be paid to the division of adult services for any benefits the division has paid or may pay under chapter 54-23.4 unless the court, on the record, directs otherwise. Any payments made pursuant to the order must be deducted from damages awarded in a civil action arising from the sameincident. An order that a defendant make restitution or reparation as a sentence or condition of probation may, unless the court directs otherwise, be filed without filingfee, transcribed, and enforced by the person entitled to the restitution or reparation or by the division of adult services in the same manner as civil judgments rendered by the courts of this state may be enforced. Upon thirty days' written notice to the victim's last known address, the court may order the judgment imposing a duty to payrestitution or reparation be docketed in the same manner as a civil judgment undersection 29-26-22.1.

- 2. If the court has retained jurisdiction for claims of restitution, to make a claim for restitution, the victim shall submit information by affidavit or declaration and, as applicable, documentary evidence. The information submitted must describe the items or elements of loss, itemize the total dollar amounts of restitution claimed, and present facts and evidence sufficient to support a finding the restitution is directly related to the offense and the amount awarded. The prosecutor shall serve the defendant with a copy of the information submitted by the victim no later than sixty days following sentencing.
- 3. The defendant may challenge restitution but must do so by requesting a hearing within thirty days of being served with the written notification of the amount of restitution requested. The hearing request must be made in writing and filed with the court. If no hearing is requested, the court may enter a judgment ordering restitution. A defendant may not challenge restitution after the thirty day time period has passed.
- In determining the amount of restitution, the court shall take into account the
 reasonable damages sustained by the victim or victims of the criminal offense, which

- damages are limited to those directly related to the criminal offense and expenses actually sustained as a direct result of the defendant's criminal action. This can include an amount equal to the cost of necessary and related professional services and devices relating to physical, psychiatric, and psychological care. The defendant may be required as part of the sentence imposed by the court to pay the prescribed treatment costs for a victim of a sexual offense as defined in chapters 12.1-20 and 12.1-27.2. The court shall fix the amount of restitution or reparation and shall fix the manner of performance of any condition or conditions of probation established pursuant to this subsection. The court shall order restitution be paid to the division of adult services for any benefits the division has paid or may pay under chapter 54-23.4 unless the court, on the record, directs otherwise. Any payments made pursuant to the order must be deducted from damages awarded in a civil action arising from the same incident.
 - 5. An order that a defendant make restitution or reparation as a sentence or condition of probation, unless the court directs otherwise, may be filed without filing fee, transcribed, and enforced by the person entitled to the restitution or reparation or by the division of adult services in the same manner as civil judgments rendered by the courts of this state may be enforced. Upon thirty days' written notice to the victim's last known address, the court may order the judgment imposing a duty to pay restitution or reparation be docketed in the same manner as a civil judgment under section 29-26-22.1.
 - 6. When the restitution ordered by the court under subsection 1 is the result of a finding that the defendant issued a check or draft without sufficient funds or without an account, the court shall impose as costs the greater of the sum of ten dollars or an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the amount of restitution ordered. The costs imposed under this subsection, however, may not exceed one thousand dollars. The state-employed clerks of district court shall remit the funds collected as costs under this subsection to the state treasurer for deposit in the restitution collection assistance fund. The funds deposited into the restitution collection assistance fund are appropriated to the judicial branch on a continuing basis for the purpose of defraying expenses incident to the collection of restitution, including operating expenses and the

victim.

- compensation of additional necessary personnel. The state's attorneys and county-employed clerks of district court shall remit the funds collected as costs under this subsection to the county treasurer to be deposited in the county general fund.

 The court may order the defendant to perform reasonable assigned work as a condition of probation, which assigned work need not be related to the offense
 - 4.a.8. Under section 12.1-32-07, the court may order that the defendant reimburse indigent defense costs and expenses as a condition of probation.

charged, but must not be solely for the benefit of a private individual other than the

- a. Unless it finds that there is no likelihood that the defendant is or will be able to pay attorney's fees and expenses, the court, in its judgment of conviction, and in any order or amended judgment following a revocation or other postjudgment proceeding, shall notify the defendant, the defendant's probation officer, and the prosecuting attorney of the presumed amount of costs and expenses to be reimbursed, as determined by the commission on legal counsel for indigents, and of the right to a hearing on the reimbursement amount. The reimbursement amount must include an application fee imposed under section 29-07-01.1 if the fee has not been paid before disposition of the case and the court has not waived payment of the fee.
- b. If the defendant or prosecutor requests a hearing within thirty days of receiving notice under this subdivision, the court shall schedule a hearing at which the actual amount of attorney's fees and expenses must be shown. In determining the amount and method of reimbursement, the court shall consider the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that reimbursement of costs and expenses will impose.
- b.c. A defendant who is required to reimburse indigent defense costs and expenses as a condition of probation and who is not willfully in default in that reimbursement may at any time petition the court that imposed the condition to waive reimbursement of all or any portion of the costs and expenses. If the court is satisfied that reimbursement of the amount due will impose undue hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive

1 reimbursement of all or any portion of the amount due or modify the method of 2 payment. 3 c.d. If at any time the court finds that the defendant is able to reimburse costs and 4 expenses and has willfully failed to do so, the court may continue, modify, or 5 enlarge the conditions of probation or revoke probation as provided in 6 subsection 6 or 7, as applicable, of section 12.1-32-07. 7 5.9. If the court finds that the defendant is unable to pay a fine, supervision fee, 8 reimbursement for indigent defense costs and expenses, or restitution or reparations. 9 the court may order the defendant to perform reasonable assigned work in lieu of all or 10 part of a fine, a supervision fee, reimbursement for indigent defense costs and 11 expenses, or restitution or reparations. The defendant may not perform reasonable 12 assigned work in lieu of restitution or reparations unless the person entitled to 13 restitution or reparations has consented in writing or on the record.