

Good afternoon, Industry Business and Labor Committee members, and thank you for giving me the opportunity to provide testimony in support of Senate Bill # 2210, which passed the Senate unanimously on February 2nd and will clarify the role of North Dakota trustees who provide service to IRA owners and retirement plans and participants.

I'm originally from Rugby and moved to Fargo to earn my accounting degree and MBA at NDSU. During the past 19 years, I've worked for Ascensus Trust Company (formerly known as Frontier Trust). Over the past 7+ years, I've had the opportunity to serve as Ascensus Trust's President.

I am also involved in 3 other trust companies owned by Ascensus Trust's parent company, Ascensus Group, LLC. I am the President & CEO of Provident Trust, based in Nevada, and serve as Chairman of the Board for both PAi Trust Company, based in South Dakota and Newport Trust Company, based in New Hampshire.

I am also a registered representative for Ascensus Broker Dealer Services, LLC who is the distributor of the North Dakota College SAVE plan. I'm sharing this affiliation for transparency purposes only, as Bill # 2210 should have no impact on either Ascensus Broker Dealer Services or the North Dakota College SAVE plan.

Ascensus Trust is the largest of the 4 trust companies currently owned by Ascensus Group, which is a retirement plan recordkeeper that supports everything from individual retirement accounts and 529 college savings accounts to simple and complex qualified retirement plans—and even state-facilitated retirement plans.

At Ascensus Trust's headquarters in Fargo, we act as a directed, non-discretionary trustee or custodian to support more than 55,000 employer retirement plans, 1.7 million qualified plan participants, and 580,000 IRAs across the entire country. Our organization's focus has always been on the retirement plan sector, and we generally don't provide support to personal or family trusts other than to a very limited business line.

Ascensus Trust has been a state-chartered trust company, regulated by the North Dakota Department of Financial Institutions, since 2007, when we converted from a federal savings bank. Since 2007, we've experienced substantial growth, with our assets under administration increasing from \$15B to more than \$100B as of December 31st, 2022.

This growth has been fueled both organically and through mergers and acquisitions. After Ascensus Trust was purchased in 2007, Ascensus has acquired 4 additional trust companies. Whenever possible, we've tried to consolidate business to Ascensus Trust to benefit both from our region's strong workforce and from the North Dakota DFI's commonsense, transparent, and collaborative approach to regulation.

As we've grown, we've also been conscious of certain differences between the governing laws in the states that we operate in—and where our trust companies are based. This is why I'm here today.

Last year, Ascensus acquired trust companies based in New Hampshire and South Dakota. As we were planning to bring these organizations together, we became aware of a particular provision in the North Dakota Century Code that is inconsistent with similar laws in most other states. Specifically, we have



concerns about certain language that was included when North Dakota adopted the Uniform Trust Code in 2007.

The Uniform Trust Code was originally created to provide a consistent framework for state trust law to provide uniform treatment of trusts across the country—and fortunately, 36 states, including North Dakota, have adopted the UTC.

The products and accounts that Ascensus Trust supports are often governed by a complex and everevolving set of rules established and enforced by the Department of Labor and the IRS.

When North Dakota adopted the UTC in 2007, the Century Code specifically excluded, quote, "trusts that are part of employee benefit arrangements or individual retirement accounts."

Despite our best efforts, we don't know why North Dakota's version of the UTC excluded employee benefit arrangements or individual retirement accounts. Nor does the legislative history at the time of enactment provide any insight into why it was drafted this way. The rationale could have been that, because federal retirement law often preempts state law, carving out IRAs and other retirement plans simply reflected that fact. But while most retirement account rules *are* governed by federal law, at times trust companies or banks may still need to rely on state laws to resolve certain issues. For example, state law may help determine the proper beneficiary of a retirement account.

Based on our research, it appears that North Dakota is one of only 8 states that excluded these accounts when adopting the UTC.

Because North Dakota's Uniform Trust Code does not apply to retirement savings accounts, common law applies. The common law of trusts in North Dakota provides far less specificity than the UTC, and this lack of certainty creates a less predictable business environment for Ascensus Trust and other trust companies or banks that operate in North Dakota.

Based on the benefits of providing more clarity in the statute, we are requesting that you amend North Dakota's Uniform Trust Code to *include* coverage of employee benefit arrangements and individual retirement accounts under Title 59.

If this bill passes, it would allow Ascensus Trust to continue its strong growth inside North Dakota while being Ascensus Group's primary trust company for supporting new retirement account opportunities (including the possibility of Ascensus Trust supporting another ~1 million account holders within the next 12-18 months).

I've discussed this proposal with several other trust companies domiciled in North Dakota, and also with Rick Clayburgh at the North Dakota Bankers Association and Barry Haugen at the Independent Community Banks of North Dakota. All are supportive of this change.

I have also discussed with Commissioner Kruse at the North Dakota Department of Financial Institutions, and they do not have any concerns with the change.

Thank you again for your time and attention today—and for considering this request.

I am happy to answer any questions that you have about my background, Ascensus Trust, or the proposed language change.