



The North Dakota Association of School Psychologists (NDASP) asks lawmakers to oppose the harmful policies outlined in the table below that target LGBTQ+ youth. These policies disallow students from using school facilities consistent with a student’s gender identity; require parental consent to have a student’s gender identity affirmed and acknowledged in school; mandatory parental notification when a student discloses they may be questioning their sexuality or gender identity; prohibition of classroom instruction on nonheteronormative sexual orientations and gender identities; removal of classroom materials that are inclusive of LGBTQ+ students and families; and afford protections for individuals who refuse to affirm a student’s identity and punitive measures for individuals who do. The following bills are discriminatory, against best practices, and do not reflect the peace and tranquility North Dakota is known for.

Vote NAY on House Bills			Vote NAY on Senate Bills
HB1249	HB1333	HB1489	SB2199
HB1254	HB1403	HB1522	SB2231
HB1297	HB1473	HB1526	SB2260
HB1301	HB1474		
HB1332	HB1488		

These proposed bills are in direct conflict with NDASP’s adopted position statement from the National Association of School Psychologists (NASP) which states that:

Positive educational and social outcomes for all children and youth are possible only in a society—and schools within it—that guarantees **equitable treatment to all people**, regardless of race, class, culture, language, gender, gender identity, religion, sexual orientation, nationality, citizenship, ability, and other dimensions of difference (NASP, 2019).

Additionally, school psychologists are guided by an ethical code that calls for beneficence, through which they respect the rights and dignity of all persons, and nonmaleficence, which requires that they do no harm. NASP’s ethical standards require school psychologists to validate and affirm a young person’s authentic lived experience, value their integrity, ensure their safety, and promote their well-being (NASP, 2020b). The proposed laws would prohibit school psychologists from practicing ethically.

Our LGBTQ+ youth need our support now more than ever. Some alarming statistics from The Trevor Project 2022 Survey include:

- 45% of LGBTQ youth seriously considered attempting suicide in the past year.
- 60% of LGBTQ youth who wanted mental health care in the past year were not able to get it.
- 73% of LGBTQ youth reported experiencing symptoms of anxiety
- 58% of LGBTQ youth reported experiencing symptoms of depression

NDASP also vehemently supports the use of evidence-based practice through an ethical lens. Conversion 'therapy' is not evidence based and has been determined to be fraudulent by several states. In fact, "The present-day scientific consensus is that such practices are not only ineffective, but highly harmful and fundamentally unethical." (Conine, Campau, Petronelli, 2022). Examples of historical unethical practices used in conversion therapy include corporal punishments such as spanking and electroshock therapy, among other questionable practices. The United Nations Human Rights Council (2020) goes as far to say that these practices are not only a public health problem, but also "violate the prohibition of torture and ill-treatment." 17% of LGBTQ youth reported being threatened with or subjected to conversion therapy (The Trevor Project, 2022), which can have life-threatening effects.

Support for LGBTQ+ youth leads to better outcomes for them and society as a whole. LGBTQ+ youth report that when adults talk to them respectfully about their LGBTQ+ identity and use their names and pronouns correctly, they feel supported. Research indicates that LGBTQ+ youth are more resilient when they have supportive people in their lives. Further, LGBTQ+ youth with higher resilience are 59% less likely to attempt suicide and 69% less likely to consider suicide (The Trevor Project, 2022). NDASP supports legislative actions to increase access to mental health for all individuals, including LGBTQ+ youth.

Please join NDASP in supporting our LGBTQ+ youth by voting "nay" on the house and senate bills listed above.

Sincerely,



Alannah Valenta, PsyS, NCSP

NDASP President, on behalf of North Dakota Association of School Psychologists

References:

Conine, D. E., Campau, S. C., & Petronelli, A. K. (2022). LGBTQ+ conversion therapy and applied behavior analysis: A call to action. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis* (55, 6-18).

National Association of School Psychologists. (2022). Safe and Supportive Schools for Transgender and Gender Diverse Students. [Position Statement].

National Association of School Psychologists. (2020b). The Professional Standards of the National Association of School Psychologists.

National Association of School Psychologists. (2019). Prejudice, Discrimination, and Racism. [Position Statement].

The Trevor Project. (2022). 2022 National Survey on LGBTQ Youth Mental Health. www.thetrevorproject.org/survey-2022/assets/static/trevor01_2022survey_final.pdf

United Nations Human Rights Council. 2020, Report on Conversion Therapy, <https://www.ohchr.org/en/calls-for-input/report-conversion-therapy>. Accessed 27 Jan. 2023.