Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

#### **SENATE BILL NO. 2374**

Introduced by

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Senators Piepkorn, Bekkedahl, Rust

Representatives Hatlestad, Longmuir, J. Olson

A BILL-for an Act to create and enact a new subsection to section 38-08-04 and section
38-08-06.6 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to jurisdiction of the industrial
commission and payment for production from wells; to amend and reenact sections 38-08-06.3,
47-16-39.1, 47-16-39.2, and 47-16-39.4 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to royalties;
and to provide a penalty. for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 4.1-01 of the
North Dakota Century Code, relating to a postproduction royalty oversight program; and to
provide a report to the legislative management.

### 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9 **SECTION 1.** A new subsection to section 38-08-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is 10 created and enacted as follows: 11 The commission may not determine the legal relationship between a lessor and a 12 lessee or enforce lease terms or division orders. 13 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 38-08-06.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 38-08-06.3. Information statement to accompany payment to royalty owner - Penalty. 16 1. Any person whothat makes a payment to an owner of a royaltyan interest in land in 17 this state for the purchase of oil or gas produced from that royalty interest shall provide 18 with the payment to the royalty owner an information statement that, including a 19 portable document format and comma-separated values file which are unlocked and 20 editable by the recipient free of charge, which will allow the royalty owner to clearly 21 identify <u>clearly</u> the amount of oil or gas sold and the amount and purpose of each 22 deduction made from the gross amount due.

the information that the commission prescribes by rule.

The statement must be on forms approved by the industrial commission and contain-

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1 The name, address, telephone number, electronic mail address, and, if available, 2 facsimile number of the oil and gas operator and its designee must be made available 3 by the operator or designee to the industrial commission. 4 4. A person whothat fails to comply with the requirements of this section is guilty of a 5 class B misdemeanor. 6 If the mineral owner, mineral owner's assignee, or the owner of an overriding royalty 7 interest prevails in a proceeding under this section, the mineral owner, mineral owner's 8 assignee, or the owner of an overriding royalty interest is entitled to recover court 9 costs and reasonable attorney's fees. 10 SECTION 3. Section 38-08-06.6 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 11 as follows: 12 38-08-06.6. Ownership interest information statement - Penalty. 13 Within one hundred twenty days after the end of the month of the first sale of 14 production from a well or change in the spacing unit of a well or a decimal interest in a 15 mineral owner, the operator or payor shall provide the mineral owner with a statement 16 identifying the spacing unit for the well, and the effective date of the spacing unit 17 change or decimal interest change if applicable, the net mineral acres owned by the 18 mineral owner, the gross mineral acres in the spacing unit, and the mineral owner's 19 decimal interest that will be applied to the well. 20 An address provided under section 38-08-06.3 also must provide where additional 21 information may be obtained regarding how the operator or payor has calculated the 22 mineral owner's decimal interest and for any questions pertaining to the information-23 provided on the statement. Upon request of the mineral owner, the operator, payor, or 24 the operator's or payor's agent must provide the relevant document number or book 25 and page number of any recorded document and the county in which it was recorded 26 which relates to the owner's decimal interest. If information is requested by certified 27 mail, the answer must be mailed by certified mail within thirty days of receipt of the 28 request. 29 A person who fails to comply with the requirements of this section is liable to the 30 affected owner of an interest, except for the working interest, in the amount of five

hundred dollars for each violation and an additional five hundred dollars for each

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month the court determines the person was not in compliance with this section or wrongfully withheld information under this section. If a mineral owner brings an action to enforce this section and prevails, the court shall award reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.

The department of mineral resources shall make spacing information available, including any orders or cases pertaining to the spacing unit, free of charge on its website, to allow any individual mineral owner to verify the information provided on the statement. The department shall make orders and cases searchable by well name and legal description.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 47-16-39.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 47-16-39.1. Obligation to pay royalties Breach.
- The obligation arising under an oil and gas lease to pay oil or gas royalties to the mineral owner or, the mineral owner's assignee, or the owner of an overriding royalty interest, to deliver oil or gas to a purchaser to the credit of the mineral owner or the mineral owner's assignee, or to pay the market value thereofof the oil or gas is of the essence in the lease contract, and breach of the obligation may constitute grounds for the cancellation of the lease in cases in which it is determined by the court that the equities of the case require cancellation.
  - If the operator under an oil and gas lease fails to pay oil or gas royalties to the mineralowner or, the mineral owner's assignee, or the owner of an overriding royalty interest within one hundred fifty days after oil or gas produced under the lease is marketed and cancellation of the lease is not sought or if the operator fails to pay oil or gas royaltiesto an unleased mineral interest owner within one hundred fifty days after oil or gasproduction is marketed from the unleased mineral interest owner's mineral interest, the operator thereafter shall pay interest on the unpaid royalties, without the requirement that the mineral owner or, the mineral owner's assignee, or the owner of an overridingroyalty interest request the payment of interest, at the rate of eighteen percent perannum until paid. If the aggregate amount is less than fifty dollars, the operator may remit semiannually to a person entitled to royalties the aggregate of six months'

- monthly royalties. Payment of a claim for unpaid royalties does not relieve liability for unpaid interest and a separate action may be maintained for the interest.
- 3. The district court for the county in which the oil or gas well is located has jurisdiction over any proceeding brought under this section. The prevailing party in any proceeding brought under this section is entitled to recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees. If the mineral owner, mineral owner's assignee, or the owner of an overriding royalty interest prevails in any proceeding brought under this section, the mineral owner, mineral owner's assignee, or the owner of an overriding royalty interest is entitled to recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
- 4. This section does not apply if mineral owners or their assignees elect to take their proportionate share of production in kind, in the event of a dispute of title existing that would affect distribution of royalty payments, or if a mineral owner cannot be located after reasonable inquiry by the operator; however, the operator shall make royalty payments to those mineral owners whose title and for any ownership interest that is not in dispute.
- 2.<u>5.</u> This section does not apply to obligations to pay oil and gas royalties under an oil and gas lease on minerals owned or managed by the board of university and school lands.
- 6. Payments made under this section must identify interest and royalty amounts separately.
- 7. A claim for relief for compensation brought under this chapter must be commenced within the limitations period provided under section 28-01-15.
- SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 47-16-39.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 47-16-39.2. Inspection of production and royalty payment records Penalty.
- 1. A royalty owner, a royalty owner's assignee, an unleased mineral interest owner, or a designated representative, upon written notice, is entitled to inspect and copy the oil and gas production and royalty payment records for the lease of the person obligated to pay royalties under the lease or division orderas required by section 47-16-39.1.

  The person obligated to pay royalties under the lease shall make that person's oil and gas royalty payment and production records available for inspection and copying at that person's usual and customary place of business within the United States. Upon

- b. Notwithstanding subsection 2, at the discretion of the board, a proceeding brought under this section may be brought in the district court of Burleigh County or in the county in which the oil or gas well is located.
- 4. If the board of university and school lands is successful in any proceeding brought under this section, the district court shall allow the board to recover court costs; reasonable costs, fees, disbursements, and expenses incurred by the board in inspecting the and copying the oil and gas production and royalty payment records of the person obligated to pay royalties under the lease; and reasonable attorney's fees.
  - a. The district court also shall assess a civil penalty of two thousand dollars per day for each day the person obligated to pay royalties under the lease failed to send the oil and gas royalty payment and production records to the board in accordance with subsection 1.
- b. The civil penalty under subdivision a ceases to accrue on the date the proceedings are initiated under subsection 1.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 47-16-39.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

## 47-16-39.4. Resolution of spacing unit ownership interest disputes - Penalty.

- 1. If the mineral owner and mineral developer disagree over the mineral owner's ownership interest in a spacing unit, the mineral developer shall furnish the mineral owner with a description of the conflict including the document number or book and page number of any recorded documents relevant to the dispute and the proposed resolution or along with that portion of the title opinion that concerns the disputed interest, if available to the mineral developer.
- 2. A mineral developer shall pay the mineral owner five hundred dollars per day for each day the court determines the mineral developer was not in compliance with this section or wrongfully withheld information under this section. If a mineral owner brings an action to enforce this section and prevails, the court shall award reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.

**SECTION 1.** A new section to chapter 4.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

1	Pos	tproduction royalty oversight program - Report.
2	1.	The commissioner shall establish a program providing technical assistance and
3		support to mineral owners, lease owners, and mineral companies relating to royalty
4		payment issues.
5	2.	The commissioner may contract for ombudsmen to be a resource for technical
6		assistance and followup on royalty payment issues.
7	3.	The program may provide technical education, support, and outreach on royalty
8		payment related matters in coordination with other entities.
9	4.	The commissioner may contract with local individuals, deemed trustworthy by the
10		mineral owners, lease owners, and mineral companies, to be ombudsmen. The
11		commissioner is not subject to the provisions of chapter 54-44.4 when contracting for
12		the services of ombudsmen.
13	5.	The names of landowners, mineral owners, lease owners, and mineral companies that
14		receive assistance under the program are not subject to section 44-04-18 and
15		section 6 of article XI of the Constitution of North Dakota.
16	6.	The commissioner shall submit expenses related to the implementation of the program
17		to the industrial commission for reimbursement.
18	7.	The ombudsmen may act as a central point of contact on inquiries from mineral
19		owners, lease owners, or mineral companies relating to royalty payment issues. Upon
20		receipt of an inquiry from a mineral or lease owner, the ombudsman shall gather the
21		appropriate information and contact history from the royalty owner and gather the
22		information necessary from the oil and gas operator to connect the parties or
23		determine what information is needed to resolve the inquiry or determine the facts.
24	8.	The ombudsman shall maintain a list of key contacts for each oil and gas operator with
25		active wells in the state, including the name, address, telephone number, and
26		electronic mail address of the individual. A royalty payor shall verify the accuracy of the
27		payor's key contact information and update the ombudsmen in the event of a change
28		in key contact information.
29	9.	The commissioner shall maintain a royalty owner information website that may include
30		contact information of royalty payors, information on general royalty ownership and the
31		royalty payment process, and frequently asked questions related to royalty issues.

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1	10. By June first of each even-numbered year, the commissioner shall provide a report to
2	the legislative management. The report may include:
3	a. A summary of the nature of the inquiries and resolutions received through the
4	program.
5	b. Timeliness of responses received by ombudsmen from royalty payors.
6	c. Key issues that have been identified as common communication challenges
7	between royalty owners and operators.
8	d. Areas where education and awareness of the oil and gas industry processes
9	relating to royalty payment and royalty statements, division orders, ownership
10	calculation, and title defects and opinions may be useful.
11	e. An assessment on the type, quality, and validity of royalty owner inquiries.
12	f. Any barriers to access to information for royalty owners.