Advanced Nuclear Energy

North Dakota Senate Energy & Natural Resources Committee

Chairman Dale Patten & Members of the Committee

March 23, 2023



Marc Nichol Senior Director, New Reactors ©2023 Nuclear Energy Institute



Nuclear Provided Over 50% of Clean Electricity



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Nuclear generated 19% of electricity in the U.S.

From 92 reactors at 53 plant sites across the country

Nuclear power reactor

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Updated: May 2022 for the Year 2021

Lowest System Cost Achieved by Enabling Large Scale New Nuclear Deployment

Lowest Cost System



Nuclear is 43% of generation (>300 GW of new nuclear)

Energy System with Nuclear Constrained



Wind and Solar are 77% of generation



Wind and solar are 50%



Nuclear is 13% (>60 GW of new nuclear)

Increased cost to customers of \$449 Billion

Both scenarios are successful in achieving 95% clean electricity grid by over 95% by 2050 and economy-wide GHG by over 60%



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Expanding Versatility through Advanced Technology





System Benefits of Advanced Reactors



Source: SMR Start, SMRs in Integrated Resource Planning

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Strong Federal Support for Advanced Reactors

- DOE funding 12 different designs, >\$5B over 7 years
- Infrastructure Bill
 - \$2.5B funding for two demonstration projects
- Inflation Reduction Act
 - PTC: At least \$30/MWh for 10 years
 - ITC: 30% of investment
 - Both can be monetized, include 10% bonus for siting in certain energy communities
 - Loan Guarantees up to \$40B in expanded authority
 - HALEU Fuel \$700M
- CHIPS Act
 - Financial assistance to States, Tribes, local governments and Universities

September 2022

Current Federal Policy Tools to Support New Nuclear

The following is a fist of current policy tools that could directly support the deployment of new nuclear could potentially indirectly support the deployment or planning for new nuclear, and that currently support the deployment of new nuclear.

Programs that Could Directly Support Deployment of New Nuclear

Clean Electricity Production Credit – 45Y

The Instains Reduction Act created a new technology-netural tax credit for all clean electricity technologies, including devenced nuclear and poner uprates that are pieces into service in 2023 or atter. The bill does not change the existing Advances Nucceer Production Tax credits but precludes credits from being Calimes under both programs. The value of the credit will be at least 330 per megawath-hou, sepanding on inflation, or the first tax pers of parts operation. The credit phases out when carbon emissions from electricity production are 73 percent below the 2022 level. The following is a link to the statutory ingeage.

https://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?req=45y&f=treesort&fq=true&num=2&hl=true&edition=prefim& granuleId=USC-prelim-title26-section45Y

Clean Electricity Investment Credit – 48E

As an alternative to the clean electricity PTC, the Intration Reduction Ack provides the option of claiming a clean electricity investment credit for zero-emissions fucilities that is placed into zervice in 2023 or thereafter. This provides a credit of 20 general of the investment in a new zero-ation electricity facility, including nuclear plants. Like the other credits, this investment tax credit can be monetized. The TC phases out under the same providences the clean electricity PTC.

https://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?req=48E+clean&f=treesort&fq=true&num=4&hl=true&edition=p _elim&granuleId=USC-prelim-title26-section48E_

Both the clean electricity PTC and ITC include a 10-percentage point bonus for facilities sited in certain energy communities such as those that have hosted coal plants. The following is a link to the statutory language.

Credit for Production from Advanced Nuclear Power Facilities – 45J

The nuclear production has credit 24 USC 45) provides a credit of 1.5 acets per bilowat/how up to a maximum of 25.2 million per tar up ear for 8 years. Only the first 6000 Mill of the capabily installed where 2005 for a setign approved siter 1953 are eligible for the tax credit. The credit does not include a direct pay providion, so the owner will need to have offsetting tasable income to calm the credit to transfer the credit to an eligible project partner. The following is a film to the distable ingregat.

ttp://uscode.house.gov/view.xhtml?reg=production+tax+credit&r=&rg=true&num=1&hl=true&editio =prelim&granuleId=USC-prelim-ttle26=section431

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Current Federal Policies: <u>https://www.nei.org/CorporateSite/media/filefolder/advantages/Current-Policy-Tools-to-Support-New-Nuclear.pd</u>f



State Policy Options: <u>https://www.nei.org/resources/reports-briefs/policy-options-for-states-to-support-new-nuclea</u>r

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Advanced Nuclear Deployment Plans

Projects in planning or under consideration in U.S. and Canada >20; Globally >30



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