Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

### FIRST ENGROSSMENT

## **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1168**

Introduced by

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Representatives Louser, Jonas, Monson, Richter, Sanford, Toman Senators Burckhard, Thomas

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota
Century Code, relating to limitations on property tax levies by taxing districts except school
districts without voter approval; to amend and reenact sections 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-27-04.2, and
57-15-01.1, subsection 1 of section 57-15-14, section 57-15-14.2, and subdivision c of
subsection 1 of section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the state
school aid funding formula and school district levy authority; to repeal sections 15.1-27-04.3,
15.1-27-15.1, and 15.1-27-20.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to adjustments to

#### 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

state aid payments; and to provide an effective date.

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 15.1-27-04.1. Baseline funding Establishment Determination of state aid. (Effective through June 30, 2025) (Retroactive application See note)
    - 1. To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline funding consists of:
- 17 a. All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the 2018-19 school year;
  - b. An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
- 21 c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:

1	<del>(1)</del>	Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district
2		financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
3		superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
4	<del>(2)</del>	Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from
5		the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota
6		school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by
7		the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section
8		<del>15.1-02-08;</del>
9	<del>(3)</del>	Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district
10		financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
11		superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08,
12		with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an-
13		educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition
14		received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and
15		beginning in the 2021-22 school year, seventeen percent of tuition received-
16		under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an
17		air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, and an
18		additional seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to
19		educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding-
20		received through federal impact aid each school year thereafter, until the
21		2024-25 school year when sixty-eight percent of tuition received under an
22		agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base-
23		with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the
24		tuition calculation under this paragraph;
25	<del>(4)</del>	Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission
26		of electric power;
27	<del>(5)</del>	Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from-
28		sources other than coal; and
29	<del>(6)</del>	Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which-
30		compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);

1 An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the 2 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 3 <del>(1)</del> Mobile home tax revenue; 4 (2)Telecommunications tax revenue; and 5 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the <del>(3)</del> 6 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit; and 7 Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the e. 8 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district 9 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must-10 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are 11 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted-12 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district 13 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the 14 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district 15 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that 16 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the 17 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for-18 the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter. 19 <del>2.</del> The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in-<del>a.</del> 20 subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the 21 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. 22 For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section <del>b.</del> 23 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the 24 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. 25 The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in-26 subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district 27 becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline-28 funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's 29 adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid-30 for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary

district and for each year thereafter.

1		<del>C.</del>	Beg	<del>jinning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the</del>
2			sup	erintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student-
3			unit	Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the
4			dist	rict's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per-
5			wei	ghted student unit provided in subsection 3. For the 2023-24 school year the
6			sup	erintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student
7			unit	by forty percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per-
8			wei	ghted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the
9			202	3-24 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is
10			incr	eased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding
11			per	weighted student unit, after the reduction, may not be less than the payment
12			per	weighted student unit provided in subsection 3.
13	<del>3.</del>	<del>a.</del>	For	the 2023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the
14			gre	ater of:
15			<del>(1)</del>	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand six hundred
16				forty-six dollars;
17			<del>(2)</del>	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
18				student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
19				weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
20				weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
21				2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
22				six hundred forty-six dollars; or
23			<del>(3)</del>	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
24				amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by forty percent and
25				then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
26		<del>b.</del>	For	the 2024-25 school year and each school year thereafter, the superintendent
27			sha	Il calculate state aid as the greater of:
28			<del>(1)</del>	The district's weighted student units multiplied by eleven thousand
29				seventy-two dollars;
30			<del>(2)</del>	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
31				student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's

1				weig	hted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
2				weig	hted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
3				<del>2017</del>	-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by eleven thousand-
4				seve	nty-two dollars; or
5			<del>(3)</del>	The	district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
6				amo	unt in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifty-five percent for
7				the 2	2024-25 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
8				perc	ent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
9				and t	then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
0	4.	Afte	er dete	ermini	ng the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
11		pub	<del>lic ins</del>	structio	on shall:
2		<del>a.</del>	Sub	tract a	n amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the
3			scho	ool dis	trict, except the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this-
4			sub	divisio	n may not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for
5			purp	oses	of this subdivision by more than twelve percent, adjusted pursuant to
6			sect	ion 15	5.1-27-04.3; and
7		<del>b.</del>	Sub	tract a	n amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
8			sub	divisio	ns c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
9			seve	enty-fi	ve percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
20			shal	l adju	st revenues as follows:
21			<del>(1)</del>	Tuitio	on revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
22				<del>(a)</del>	In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
23					operation of an educational program provided at a residential
24					treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult-
25					farm management program, tuition received for the education of
26					high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under
27					an agreement to educate students from a school district on an
28					air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as
29					directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of
30					subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce
31					the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount of tuition-

1				revenue received for the education of students not residing in the
2				state and for which the state has not entered a cross-border education
3				contract; and
4			<del>(b)</del>	The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
5				tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements-
6				of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
7				of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
8				adjacent school district.
9		<del>(2)</del>	After	adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the
10			supe	rintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types
11			<del>by th</del>	e percentage of mills levied in 2022 by the school district for sinking
12			and i	interest relative to the total mills levied in 2022 by the school district for
13			all pu	urposes.
14	<del>5.</del>	The amo	ount rei	maining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
15		amount	o <del>f state</del>	e aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
16		requirem	<del>ients o</del>	<del>r limitations.</del>
17	<del>6.</del>	On or be	fore Ju	une thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
18		superinte	endent	of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current-
19		school y	ear.	
20	<del>7.</del>	For purp	<del>oses o</del>	f the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
21		with the	<del>school</del>	districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public-
22		instructio	<del>on on a</del>	<del>in annual basis:</del>
23		a. The	<del>amou</del>	int of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
24		pre	<del>vious s</del>	school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
25		sub	section	<del>1 1;</del>
26		<del>b.</del> The	<del>total r</del>	number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
27		dist	rict for	all purposes; and
28		e. The	<del>numb</del>	er of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
29		for	<del>sinkin</del> g	and interest fund purposes.
30	Bas	eline fun	ding -	Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective after
31	June 30	<del>, 2025)</del>		

- To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline funding consists of:
   All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the state of the superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline funding. A district baseline funding consists of:
  - All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
     2018-19 school year;
  - An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
  - c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
    - (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
    - (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
    - (3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and beginning in the 2025-26 school year, eighty-five percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, until the 2026-27 school year, and each school year thereafter, when all tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph;

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1 (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission 2 of electric power; 3 (5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from 4 sources other than coal; and 5 Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which (6) 6 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); and 7 An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the d. 8 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 9 (1) Mobile home tax revenue; 10 (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and 11 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the 12 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit. 13 Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the e. 14 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district 15 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must 16 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are 17 offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted 18 student units the school district offered in the year before the school district 19 became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the 20 calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district 21 becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that 22 become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the 23 superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for 24 the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter. 25 2. a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in 26 subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the 27 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. 28 b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 29 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the 30 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. 31 The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in

1 subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district 2 becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline 3 funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's 4 adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid 5 for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary 6 district and for each year thereafter. 7 Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the C. 8 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student 9 unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the 10 district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per 11 weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. For the 2023-24 school year the 12 superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student 13 unit by forty percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per 14 weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the 15 2023-24 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is 16 increased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding 17 per weighted student unit, after the reduction, may not be less than the payment 18 per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. 19 3. For the 2023-24 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the a. 20 greater of: 21 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand six hundred 22 forty-six dollars; 23 (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted 24 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's 25 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline 26 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 27 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand 28 six hundred forty-six dollars; or 29 The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the 30 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by forty percent and

then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.

1 For the 2024-25 school year and each school year thereafter, the superintendent 2 shall calculate state aid as the greater of: 3 The district's weighted student units multiplied by eleven thousand 4 seventy-two dollars; 5 One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted (2) 6 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's 7 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline 8 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 9 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by eleven thousand 10 seventy-two dollars; or 11 The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the (3) 12 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifty-five percent for 13 the 2024-25 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen 14 percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero. 15 and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1. 16 After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of 17 public instruction shall: 18 a. Subtract an amount equal to sixtyfifty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of 19 the school district; and 20 Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in b. 21 subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for 22 seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction 23 shall adjust revenues as follows: 24 (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows: 25 (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the 26 operation of an educational program provided at a residential 27 treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult 28 farm management program, tuition received for the education of 29 high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under 30 an agreement to educate students from a school district on an 31 air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as

1		directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of	
2		subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also sh	nall reduce
3		the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount	of tuition
4		revenue received for the education of students not residing i	in the
5		state and for which the state has not entered a cross-border	education
6		contract; and	
7		(b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the	e total
8		tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the req	uirements
9		of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the	amount
10		of tuition revenue received for the education of students resi	iding in an
11		adjacent school district.	
12		(2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the	
13		superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all reven	ue types
14		by the percentage of mills levied in 20222024 by the school distric	t for
15		sinking and interest relative to the total mills levied in 20222024 by	the
16		school district for all purposes.	
17	5.	The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is	the
18		amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other	statutory
19		requirements or limitations.	
20	6.	On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the	
21		superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the	ne current
22		school year.	
23	7.	For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in colla	boration
24		with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of pu	ıblic
25		instruction on an annual basis:	
26		a. The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county d	uring the
27		previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions	c and d of
28		subsection 1;	
29		b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each s	chool
30		district for all purposes; and	

1	C.	The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
2		for sinking and interest fund purposes.
3	SECTIO	N 2. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amended and	d reenacted as follows:
5	15.1-27-	04.2. State aid - Minimum local effort - Determination.
6	If a distri	ct's taxable valuation per student is less than twenty percent of the state average
7	valuation per	student, the superintendent of public instruction, for purposes of determining state
8	aid in accord	ance with <u>subsection 4 of</u> section 15.1-27-04.1, shall <del>utilize</del> <u>use</u> an amount equal to
9	sixtyfifty mills	times twenty percent of the state average valuation per student multiplied by the
0	number of we	eighted student units in the district.
11	SECTIO	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended and	d reenacted as follows:
3	57-15-01	.1. Protection of taxpayers and taxing districts.
4	Each tax	ing district may levy the lesser of the amount in dollars as certified in the budget of
5	the governing	g body, or the amount in dollars as allowed in this section, subject to the following:
6	1. No	taxing district may levy more taxes expressed in dollars than the amounts allowed
7	by t	his section.
8	2. For	purposes of this section:
9	a.	"Base year" means the taxing district's taxable year with the highest amount
20		levied in dollars in property taxes of the three taxable years immediately
21		preceding the budget year <u>;</u> .
22	b.	"Budget year" means the taxing district's year for which the levy is being
23		determined under this section;
24	C.	"Calculated mill rate" means the mill rate that results from dividing the base year
25		taxes levied by the sum of the taxable value of the taxable property in the base
26		year plus the taxable value of the property exempt by local discretion or
27		charitable status, calculated in the same manner as the taxable property; and.
28	d.	"Property exempt by local discretion or charitable status" means property
29		exempted from taxation as new or expanding businesses under chapter 40-57.1;
30		improvements to property under chapter 57-02.2; or buildings belonging to
₹1		institutions of public charity, new single-family residential or townhouse or

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- 1 condominium property, property used for early childhood services, or pollution 2 abatement improvements under section 57-02-08. 3 <u>e.</u> "Taxing district" means any political subdivision, other than a school district, 4 empowered by law to levy taxes. 5 3. A taxing district may elect to levy the amount levied in dollars in the base year. Any 6 levy under this section must be specifically approved by a resolution approved by the 7 governing body of the taxing district. Before determining the levy limitation under this 8 section, the dollar amount levied in the base year must be: 9 Reduced by an amount equal to the sum determined by application of the base 10 year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final base year taxable 11 valuation of any taxable property and property exempt by local discretion or 12 charitable status which is not included in the taxing district for the budget year but 13 was included in the taxing district for the base year. 14 Increased by an amount equal to the sum determined by the application of the b. 15 base year's calculated mill rate for that taxing district to the final budget year 16 taxable valuation of any taxable property or property exempt by local discretion or 17 charitable status which was not included in the taxing district for the base year 18 but which is included in the taxing district for the budget year. 19 Reduced to reflect expired temporary mill levy increases authorized by the C. 20 electors of the taxing district. For purposes of this subdivision, an expired-21 temporary mill levy increase does not include a school district general fund mill-22 rate exceeding one hundred ten mills which has expired or has not received 23 approval of electors for an extension under subsection 2 of section 57-64-03. 24 <del>d.</del> Reduced by the amount of state aid under chapter 15.1-27, which is determined 25 by multiplying the budget year taxable valuation of the school district by the 26 lesser of the base year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills or fifty 27 mills, if the base year is a taxable year before 2013.
  - 4. In addition to any other levy limitation factor under this section, a taxing district may increase its levy in dollars to reflect new or increased mill levies authorized by the legislative assembly or authorized by the electors of the taxing district.

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- Under this section a taxing district may supersede any applicable mill levy limitations
   otherwise provided by law, or a taxing district may levy up to the mill levy limitations
   otherwise provided by law without reference to this section, but the provisions of this
   section do not apply to the following:
  - Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied pursuant to section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
  - b. The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
  - 6. A school district choosing to determine its levy authority under this section may apply subsection 3 only to the amount in dollars levied for general fund purposes under section 57-15-14 or, if the levy in the base year included separate general fund and special fund levies under sections 57-15-14 and 57-15-14.2, the school district may apply subsection 3 to the total amount levied in dollars in the base year for both the general fund and special fund accounts. School district levies under any section other than section 57-15-14 may be made within applicable limitations but those levies are not subject to subsection 3.
  - 7. Optional levies under this section may be used by any city or county that has adopted a home rule charter unless the provisions of the charter supersede state laws related to property tax levy limitations.
  - **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
    - Unless authorized by the electors of the school district in accordance with this section, a school district may not impose greater levies than those permitted under section 57-15-14.2.
      - a. In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand according to the last federal decennial census there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school district election.
      - b. In any school district having a total population of fewer than four thousand, there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school

- Legislative Assembly 1 board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting 2 upon the question at any regular or special school election. 3 C. After June 30, 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of 4 increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the 5 number of mills proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which 6 that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2009, approval by electors of increased 7 levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten 8 taxable years. 9 The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section d. 10 approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated 11 effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of a school district subject to 12 this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2015 of up to a 13
  - For taxable years beginning after 2012: e.

section 57-15-01.1 or this section.

The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by electors of a school district for any period of time that includes a taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by one hundred fifteen mills as a precondition of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27.

specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school

district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under

- (2) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, approved by electors of a school district for any period of time that does not include a taxable year before 2009, must be reduced by forty mills as a precondition of receiving state aid in accordance with chapter 15.1-27.
- (3) The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills, placed on the ballot in a school district election for electoral approval of increased levy authority under subdivision a or b, after June 30, 20132025, must be stated as a specific number of mills of general fund levy authority and must include a statement that the statutory school district general fund levy limitation is seventysixty mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the school district.

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f. The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before

July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2015. If the electors of

a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a

specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2015, the school

district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under

section 57-15-01.1 or this section.

**SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-15-14.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

# 57-15-14.2. School district levies.

- 1. The board of a school district may levy a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars that the school district levied for the prior year, plus twelve percent, up to would be generated by a levy of seventy fifty mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services the school district's local contribution to the costs of education. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into the school district's general fund and may be used in accordance with this subsection for any purposes related to the provision of educational services. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
- 2. The board of a school district may levy no more than ten mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into the school district's general fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
- 3. The board of a school district may levy no more than twelve mills on the taxable valuation of the district, for miscellaneous purposes and expenses. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the miscellaneous fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.
- 3.4. The board of a school district may levy no more than three mills on the taxable valuation of the district for deposit into a special reserve fund, in accordance with chapter 57-19.

- The board of a school district may levy no more than the number of mills necessary,
  on the taxable valuation of the district, for the payment of tuition, in accordance with
  section 15.1-29-15. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund
  known as the tuition fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds
  may not be transferred into any other fund.
  - 5.6. The board of a school district may levy no more than five mills on the taxable valuation of the district, pursuant to section 57-15-15.1, for purposes of developing a school safety plan in accordance with section 15.1-09-60. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the school safety plan fund and used in accordance with this subsection.
  - 6.7. Nothing in this section limits the board of a school district from levying:
    - a. Mills for a building fund, as permitted in sections 15.1-09-49 and 57-15-16; and
    - b. Mills necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district, including the mills necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt incurred under section 57-15-17.1 before July 1, 2013.

**SECTION 6.** A new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

## Limitation on levies by taxing districts without voter approval.

- 1. a. Notwithstanding that a taxing district may have unused or excess levy authority under any other provision of law, this section supersedes and limits that authority.

  This section may not be interpreted as authority to increase any property tax levy authority otherwise provided by law and must be applied to limit any property tax levy authority to which a taxing district may otherwise be entitled. Property taxes levied in dollars by a taxing district may not exceed the amount the taxing district levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by more than three percent, except:
  - (1) When property and improvements to property which were not taxable in the preceding taxable year are taxable in the current year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be increased for purposes of this section to reflect the taxes that would have been

I				imposed against the additional taxable valuation attributable to that property
2				at the mill rate applied to all property in the preceding taxable year.
3			<u>(2)</u>	When a property tax exemption existed in the preceding taxable year which
4				has been reduced or no longer exists for the current taxable year, the
5				amount levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district
6				must be increased for purposes of this section to reflect the taxes that would
7				have been imposed against the portion of the taxable valuation of the
8				property which is no longer exempt at the mill rate applied to all property in
9				the preceding taxable year.
10			<u>(3)</u>	When property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable
11				for the current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding
12				taxable year by the taxing district must be reduced for purposes of this
13				section by the amount of taxes that were imposed against the taxable
14				valuation of that property in the preceding taxable year.
15			<u>(4)</u>	When a temporary mill levy increase, excluding an increase under this
16				section, authorized by the electors of the taxing district or mill levy
17				imposition authority under state law existed in the previous taxable year but
18				is no longer applicable or has been reduced, the amount levied in dollars in
19				the previous taxable year by the taxing district must be adjusted to reflect
20				the expired temporary mill levy increase and the eliminated or reduced mill
21				levy under state law before the percentage increase allowable under this
22				subsection is applied.
23		<u>b.</u>	If the	e actual percentage increase in property taxes levied in dollars by a taxing
24			<u>distr</u>	ict compared to the property taxes levied in the preceding taxable year is
25			<u>less</u>	than the percentage increase limitation under subdivision a, the taxing
26			<u>distr</u>	ict may carry forward the excess percentage increase to the succeeding
27			<u>taxa</u>	ble year. A taxing district may not carry forward any amount of unused
28			exce	ess percentage increase beyond the taxable year succeeding the taxable
29			year	during which the excess percentage increase accumulated.
30	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	limita	ation on the total amount levied by a taxing district under subsection 1 does
31		not	apply	to:

1 New or increased property tax levy authority that was not available to the taxing <u>a.</u> 2 district in the preceding taxable year, including property tax levy authority 3 provided by state law or approved by the electors of the taxing district. 4 b. Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of 5 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. Any tax levied for this purpose must 6 be excluded from the mill rate applied under paragraphs 1 through 3 of 7 subdivision a of subsection 1. 8 The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X <u>C.</u> 9 of the Constitution of North Dakota. Any tax levied for this purpose must be 10 excluded from the mill rate applied under paragraphs 1 through 3 of subdivision a 11 of subsection 1. 12 <u>d.</u> The levy, not to exceed one mill, for the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, 13 authorized by section 57-15-26.8. 14 Taxes or special assessments levied to pay the principal and interest on any <u>e.</u> 15 obligations of any political subdivision, including taxes levied for deficiencies in 16 special assessment and improvement district funds and revenue bond and 17 reserve funds. 18 <u>f.</u> Taxes levied pursuant to law for the proportion of the cost to any taxing district for 19 a special improvement project by general taxation. 20 Taxes levied under sections 40-24-10, 40-43-01, and 57-15-41, and chapter <u>g.</u> 21 61-16.1. 22 A levy exceeding the percentage increase limitation under subsection 1 may be 3. 23 imposed upon approval of a ballot measure, stating the percentage of the proposed 24 property tax levy increase percentage compared to the percentage limitation under 25 subsection 1, by at least sixty percent of the qualified electors of the taxing district 26 voting on the guestion at a regular or special election of the taxing district. A levy 27 exceeding the percentage increase limitation under subsection 1 may be approved by 28 electors for not more than five taxable years at a time. 29 A city or county may not supersede or modify the application of the provisions of this 30 section under home rule authority. 31 For purposes of this section: 5.

1	<u>a. "E</u>	ccess percentage increase" means the difference between the percentage		
2	inc	rease limitation under subdivision a of subsection 1 for a taxable year and the		
3	act	ual percentage increase in property taxes levied in dollars by a taxing district		
4	<u>in t</u>	he taxable year compared to the preceding taxable year.		
5	<u>b.</u> <u>"Ta</u>	xing district" means any political subdivision, other than a school district,		
6	em	powered to levy taxes.		
7	SECTION 7.	AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-20-07.1 of the		
8	North Dakota Cer	ntury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:		
9	c. Pro	ovide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of		
10	No	rth Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled		
11	"le	gislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings		
12	rea	lized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019,		
13	cha	apter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27.		
14	(1)	For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27		
15		is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each		
16		parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy		
17		reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the		
18		number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill-		
19		rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of one		
20		hundred thirty-five mills or the sum of:		
21		(a) FiftyThe number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter		
22		57-64 for the 2012 taxable year; orand		
23		(b) The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus, excluding		
24		<del>sixty</del> <u>fifty</u> mills.		
25	(2)	Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the		
26		taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax		
27		statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount		
28		calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by		
29		the taxable value of taxable property in the zone for the taxable year.		
30	SECTION 8.	<b>REPEAL.</b> Sections 15.1-27-04.3, 15.1-27-15.1, and 15.1-27-20.2 of the North		
31	Dakota Century Code are repealed.			

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly

- 1 **SECTION 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.** Sections 3, 4, 5, and 6 of this Act are effective for taxable
- 2 years beginning after December 31, 2024.