Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2106

Introduced by

Senator Beard

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 61-01 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to weather modification operations in the state; to amend and reenact
- 3 subsection 1 of section 37-17.1-11, and sections 58-03-07, 61-02.1-02.1, and 61-16.1-09 of the
- 4 North Dakota Century Code, relating to weather modification; to repeal section 37-17.1-15 and
- 5 chapter 61-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to weather modification; and to
- 6 provide a penalty.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 8 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 37-17.1-11 of the North Dakota 9 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 1. In addition to disaster or emergency mitigation measures as included in the state and local disaster or emergency operational plans, the governor shall consider, on a continuing basis, steps that couldmay be taken to mitigate or reduce the harmful consequences of disasters or emergencies. At the governor's direction, and pursuant to any other authority and capability they haveof state agencies, state agencies charged with responsibilities in connection with floodplain management, stream encroachment and flow regulation, weather modification, fire prevention and control, air quality, public works, land use and land use planning, and construction standards, shall make studies of disaster or emergency mitigation-related matters. The governor, from time to time, periodically shall make recommendations to the legislative assembly, local governments, and other appropriate public and private entities as may facilitate measures for mitigation or reduction of the harmful consequences of disasters or emergencies.
 - **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 58-03-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 **58-03-07.** Powers of electors.

- The electors of each township have the power at the annual township meeting to:
- 1. To establish establish one or more pounds within the township, to determine the location of the pounds, to determine the number of poundmasters and to choose the poundmasters, and to discontinue pounds which have been established.
- 6 2. To select Select the township officers required to be chosen.
- 7 3. To direct Direct the institution or defense of actions in all controversies in which the township is interested.
- 4. To direct <u>Direct</u> the raising of <u>suchthe</u> sums <u>as they may deemdeemed</u> necessary to
 prosecute or defend actions in which the township is interested.
- 11 5. To make Make all rules and regulations for the impounding of animals.
- 12 6. To make such Make bylaws, rules, and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry into effect the powers granted to the township.
- 7. To impose penalties for each offense on persons offending against any rule or regulation established by the township.
- 16
 8. To applyApply penalties when collected in suchthe manner as they deemdeemed most
 17 conducive to the interests of the township.
 - 9. To ratifyRatify or reject recommendations offered by the board of township supervisors for the expenditure of funds for the purpose of purchasing building sites and for the purchase, location, erection, or removal of any building or erection for township purposes. NoA recommendation shallmay not be adopted except by a two-thirds vote of the electors present and voting at any annual township meeting.
 - 10. To authorize Authorize and empower the board of township supervisors to purchase liquids, compounds, or other ingredients for the destruction of noxious weeds, and sprinklers to be used in spraying saidthe liquids or compounds. NoA township shallmay not purchase more than two such sprinklers in any one year.
- 27 11. To authorize Authorize aid to a district fair association within the limits provided in title 4.
- 12. To authorize Authorize the levy of township taxes for the repair and construction of roads and bridges and for other township charges and expenses within the limits prescribed in title 57.

- 1 13. To direct Direct the expenditure of funds raised for the repair and construction of roads within the limits provided in title 24.
- 3 14. To authorize Authorize the dissolution of the township in the manner provided in this 4 title.
- 5 15. To authorize the Authorize entering into a contract for fire protection as provided for in section 18-06-10.
- 7 16. To authorize the expenditure of funds for the eradication of gophers, prairie dogs, crows, or magpies.
- 9 17. To authorize the expenditure of township funds for weather modification activities.
- 10 18. To authorize Authorize the expenditure of funds to pay membership fees in county,

 11 state, and national associations of township governments. This subsection may not be
- 12 construed to authorize a mill levy.
- 13 <u>19.18.</u> To support Support an airport or to support or create an airport authority and to levy a tax for airport purposes within the limitations of section 2-06-15.
- 15 <u>20.19.</u> To direct <u>Direct</u> the transfer of township funds to a rural fire protection district or rural fire department for fire protection within the township.
- 17 <u>21.20.</u> <u>To direct Direct</u> the transfer of township funds to a rural ambulance service district for emergency medical service within the township.
- 19 22.21. To establish Establish special assessment districts in accordance with chapter 58-18.
- SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 61-02.1-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 22 61-02.1-02.1. Funding Statewide water development projects Bond issuance 23 amount.
- 1. The priorities for the statewide water development program <u>must be authorized and</u>
 declared in the public interest. These priorities include municipal,:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>Municipal</u>, rural, and industrial projects; irrigation
- 27 <u>b.</u> <u>Irrigation</u> projects; general

- 28 <u>c. General</u> water management projects, including rural flood control, snagging and clearing, channel improvement, recreation, and planning studies; flood and
- 30 <u>d.</u> <u>Flood</u> control projects; and weather modification projects, which are authorized
 31 and declared to be in the public interest.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

- The state water commission may provide the funds necessary to construct thesethe

 projects authorized under subsection 1 from money appropriated to the state water

 commission from the resources trust fund or by issuing bonds in an amount not to

 exceed sixty million dollars plus the costs of issuance of the bonds, capitalized

 interest, and reasonably required reserves. The proceeds of any bonds issued under

 the authority provided in this section are appropriated to the state water commission

 for the purposes set forth in this section.
 - 2.3. If the state water commission determines it is appropriate to do so, it may, in lieu of issuing or in combination with the issuance of bonds pursuant to this section or section 61-02.1-01, for all or part of the state's cost share for the projects set forth in those provisions, use funds appropriated to it from the resources trust fund.
 - **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 61-16.1-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

61-16.1-09. Powers of water resource board.

Each water resource board shall have the power and authority to:

- 1. Sue and be sued in the name of the district.
- 2. Exercise the power of eminent domain as follows:
 - a. Except as permitted under subdivision b, the board shall comply with title 32 for the purpose of acquiring and securing by eminent domain any rights, titles, interests, estates, or easements necessary or proper to carry out the duties imposed by this chapter, and particularly to acquire the necessary rights in land for the construction of dams, flood control projects, and other water conservation, distribution, and supply works of any nature and to permit the flooding of lands, and to secure the right of access to suchthe dams and other devices and the right of public access to any waters impounded thereby.
 - b. (1) If the interest sought to be acquired is an easement for a right of way for any project authorized in this chapter for which federal or state funds have been made available, the district may acquire the right of way by quick take eminent domain as authorized by section 16 of article I of the Constitution of North Dakota, after the district attempts to purchase the easement for the right of way by:

1		(a) C	Conducting informal negotiations for not less than sixty days . ; <u>or</u>
2		(b) It	f informal negotiations fail, the district shall engage<u>engaging</u> in formal
3		n	egotiations by:
4		[1] Sending the landowner an appraisal and written offer for just
5			compensation, which includes a specific description of the exact
6			location of the right of way, by certified mail or commercial
7			delivery requiring a signed receipt, and receiving the signed
8			receipt or documentation of constructive notice.
9		[2	Sending the landowner a written request for a meeting by
10			certified mail or commercial delivery requiring a signed receipt if
11			there is no agreement regarding compensation or no response to
12			the written offer within fifteen days of receipt, and receiving the
13			signed receipt or documentation of constructive notice.
14		[3	Sending the landowner a written notice, by certified mail or
15			commercial delivery requiring a signed receipt, of intent to take
16			possession of the right of way if there is no agreement regarding
17			compensation or no response to the written request for a
18			meeting within thirty days of receipt, and receiving the signed
19			receipt or documentation of constructive notice.
20	(2)	Any wr	itten communication to the landowner must include contact
21		informa	ation for responding to the board and a description of the required
22		negotia	ation timeline.
23	(3)	A distri	ct may not include or <u>utilizeuse</u> any reference to quick take eminent
24		domair	during negotiations to acquire the necessary easement for a right of
25		way. If	formal negotiation efforts fail, the district shall request approval from
26		the boa	ard of county commissioners of the county in which the right of way is
27		located	to take possession of the right of way by quick take eminent domain.
28		After re	eceiving the request, the county commissioners shall hold a public
29		meetin	g and give the landowner thirty days' notice of the meeting to allow
30		the lan	downer to attend. After receiving verification from the district that
31		there h	as been no reference or threat of quick take eminent domain by the

district during negotiations, the commissioners shall vote on whether to approve the taking of the easement for a right of way using quick take eminent domain. If the county commissioners approve the use of quick take eminent domain by a majority vote, the district may take immediate possession of the right of way, but not a blanket easement, if the district files an affidavit by the chairman of the water resource board which states the district has fulfilled the required negotiation steps and deposits the amount of the written offer with the clerk of the district court of the county in which the right of way is located.

- (4) Within thirty days after notice has been given in writing to the landowner by the clerk of the district court that a deposit has been made for the taking of a right of way as authorized in this subsection, the owner of the property taken may appeal to the district court by serving a notice of appeal upon the acquiring agency, and the matter must be tried at the next regular or special term of court with a jury unless a jury beis waived, in the manner prescribed for trials under chapter 32-15.
- 17 18

19

16

- (5) If ownership of a right of way has not terminated, ownership of a right of way acquired under this subdivision terminates automatically when the district no longer needs the right of way for the purpose for which it was acquired.
- 2021

22

23

- 3. Accept funds and property or other assistance, financial or otherwise, from federal, state, and other public or private sources for the purposes of aiding the construction or maintenance of water conservation, distribution, and flood control projects; and cooperate and contract with the state or federal government, or any department or agency thereof, or any municipality within the district, in furnishing assurances and meeting local cooperation requirements of any project involving control, conservation, distribution, and use of water.
- 2425

26

4. Procure the services of engineers and other technical experts, and employ an attorney

2728

29

30

5. Plan, locate, relocate, construct, reconstruct, modify, maintain, repair, and control all dams and water conservation and management devices of every nature and water

to assist, advise, and act for it in its proceedings.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

24

25

- 1 channels, and to control and regulate the same and all reservoirs, artificial lakes, and 2 other water storage devices within the district.
 - 6. Maintain and control the water levels and the flow of water in the bodies of water and streams involved in water conservation and flood control projects within the district and regulate streams, channels, drains, or watercourses and the flow of water in them by changing, widening, deepening, straightening, or otherwise improving them; or by cleaning out and repairing a drain.
 - 7. Regulate and control water for the prevention of floods and flood damages by deepening, widening, straightening, or diking the channels or floodplains of any stream or watercourse within the district, and construct reservoirs or other structures to impound and regulate suchthe waters.
 - 8. Make rules and regulations concerning the management, control, regulation, and conservation of waters and prevent the pollution, contamination, or other misuse of the water resources, streams, or bodies of water included within the district.
 - 9. Do all things reasonably necessary and proper to preserve the benefits to be derived from the conservation, control, and regulation of the water resources of this state.
 - 10. Construct, operate, and maintain recreational facilities, including beaches, swimming areas, boat docking and landing facilities, toilets, wells, picnic tables, trash receptacles, and parking areas, and to establish and enforce rules and regulations for the use thereofof the recreational facilities.
- 21 11. Have, in addition to any powers provided in this chapter, the authority to construct an assessment drain in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.
 - 12. Acquire by lease, purchase, gift, condemnation, or other lawful means and to hold in its corporate name for its use and control both real and personal property and easements and rights of way within or without the limits of the district for all purposes authorized by law or necessary to the exercise of any other stated power.
- 27 13. Convey, sell, dispose of, or lease personal and real property of the district as provided by this chapter.
- 29 14. Authorize and issue warrants to finance construction of water conservation and flood control projects, assess benefited property for part or all of the cost of suchthe

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

- projects, and require appropriations and tax levies to maintain sinking funds for construction warrants on a cash basis at all times.
 - 15. Borrow money within the limitations imposed by this chapter for projects hereinauthorized under this chapter and pledge security for the repayment of such the loans.
 - 16. Order or initiate appropriate legal action to compel the entity responsible for the maintenance and repair of any bridge or culvert to remove from under, within, and around suchthe bridge or culvert all dirt, rocks, weeds, brush, shrubbery, other debris, and any artificial block whichthat hinders or decreases the flow of water through suchthe bridge or culvert.
 - 17. Order or initiate appropriate legal action to compel the cessation of the destruction of native woodland bordering within two hundred feet [60.96 meters] of that portion of a riverbank subject to overflow flooding that will cause extensive property damage, or in the alternative, order, that, if suchthe destruction is permitted, the party or parties responsible for the destruction must, when the board has determined that such the destruction will cause excessive property damage from overflow flooding due to the erosion or blocking of the river channel, plant a shelterbelt which meets the specifications of the board. In the event the native woodland within suchthe area has already been destroyed, the board may, in its discretion, order the planting of a shelterbelt which, in the judgment of the board, will curtail the erosion or blocking of such the river channel where overflow flooding has caused extensive property damage. For purposes of this subsection, the words "riverbank" and "river channel" relate to rivers as defined in the United States geological survey base map of North Dakota, edition of 1963. The provisions of this subsection shallmay not be construed to limit, impair, or abrogate the rights, powers, duties, or functions of any federal, state, or local entity to construct and maintain any flood control, irrigation, recreational, or municipal or industrial water supply project.
 - 18. Petition any zoning authority established pursuant to chapter 11-33, 11-35, or 40-47 or section 58-03-13 to assume jurisdiction over a floodplain for zoning purposes when suchthe zoning is required to regulate and enforce the placement, erection, construction, reconstruction, repair, and use of buildings and structures to protect and promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the public within a floodplain area.

- In the event such the zoning authority fails to act or does not exist, the board may request the state water commission to assist it the board in a study to determine and delineate the floodplain area. Upon completion of such the study, the board shall make suitable recommendations for the establishment of a floodplain zone to all zoning authorities and the governing bodies of all political subdivisions having jurisdiction within the floodplain area.
 - 19. Plan, locate, relocate, construct, reconstruct, modify, extend, improve, operate, maintain, and repair sanitary and storm sewer systems, or combinations thereof, including sewage and water treatment plants, and regulate the quantity of sewage effluent discharged from municipal lagoons; and contract with the United States government, or any department or agency thereofof the United States government, or any private or public corporation or limited liability company, the government of this state, or any department, agency, or political subdivision thereof, or any municipality or person with respect to any such systems.
- 20. Develop water supply systems, store and transport water, and provide, contract for, and furnish water service for domestic, municipal, and rural water purposes, irrigation, milling, manufacturing, mining, metallurgical, and any and all other beneficial uses, and fix the terms and rates therefor. Each district may acquire, construct, operate, and maintain dams, reservoirs, ground water storage areas, canals, conduits, pipelines, tunnels, and any and all works, facilities, improvements, and property necessary therefor.
- 21. Coordinate proposals for installation, modification, or construction of culverts and bridges in an effort to achieve appropriate sizing and maximum consistency of road openings. The department of transportation, railroads, counties, and townships shall cooperate with the districts in this effort. Each district shall also shall consider the possibility of incorporating appropriate water control structures, where appropriate, as a part of such the road openings.
- 22. Plug abandoned water wells and participate in cost-sharing arrangements with water well owners to plug water wells to protect aquifers from pollution or depletion, maintain pressure, and prevent damage to surrounding property.

19

20

Century Code are repealed.

1 Have, in addition to any powers provided in this chapter, the authority to conduct 2 weather modification operations in accordance with the procedures and provisions of 3 chapter 61-04.1. 4 24. Establish, deepen, widen, and improve drains; and extend drains as necessary to 5 provide a suitable outlet or reasonably drain lands within a practical drainage area. 6 25.24. Install artificial subsurface drainage systems. 7 SECTION 5. A new section to chapter 61-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is created 8 and enacted as follows: 9 Weather modification prohibited - Penalty. 10 It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to perform or contract for the performance of <u>1.</u> 11 weather modification in the state. 12 2. As used in this section "weather modification" means and extends to the control, 13 alteration, and amelioration of weather elements, including human-caused changes in 14 the natural precipitation process, hail suppression or modification, and alteration of 15 other weather phenomena, including clouds, temperature, wind direction, and velocity, 16 and the initiating, increasing, decreasing, and otherwise modifying by artificial methods 17 of precipitation in the form of rain, snow, hail, mist, or fog through cloud seeding,

electrification, or by other means to provide immediate practical benefits.

SECTION 6. REPEAL. Section 37-17.1-15 and Chapter 61-04.1 of the North Dakota

Page No. 10