Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## **SENATE BILL NO. 2364**

Introduced by

Senators Enget, Boehm, Paulson, Clemens

Representatives Hendrix, S. Olson

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 41-08-10, subsection 1 of section 41-08-43,

2 section 41-08-51, and subsection 1 of section 41-09-25 of the North Dakota Century Code,

- 3 relating to choice of law, the property interest in a financial asset held by a securities
- 4 intermediary, priority among security interests and entitlement holders, and the law governing
- 5 perfection and priority of security interests in investment property.

## 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 7 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 41-08-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 8 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 9 41-08-10. (8-110) Applicability Choice of law.
- 10 1. The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction, as specified in subsection 4, governs:
- 11 a. The validity of a security;
- b. The rights and duties of the issuer with respect to registration of transfer;
- 13 c. The effectiveness of registration of transfer by the issuer;
- 14 d. Whether the issuer owes any duties to an adverse claimant to a security; and
- e. Whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person to whom transfer of
  a certificated or uncertificated security is registered or a person who obtains
  control of an uncertificated security.
- 18 2. The local law of the securities intermediary's jurisdiction, as specified in-
- 19 subsection 5, law of this state governs:
- 20 a. Acquisition of a security entitlement from the securities intermediary;
- b. The rights and duties of the securities intermediary and entitlement holder arising
  out of a security entitlement;
- c. Whether the securities intermediary owes any duties to an adverse claimant to a
  security entitlement; and

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1		d.	Whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person who acquires a
2			security entitlement from the securities intermediary or a person who purchases a
3			security entitlement or interest therein from an entitlement holder.
4	3.	The	e local law of the jurisdiction in which a security certificate is located at the time of
5		deli	very governs whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person to whom
6		the	security certificate is delivered.
7	4.	"lss	uer's jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction under which the issuer of the security is
8		org	anized or, if permitted by the law of that jurisdiction, the law of another jurisdiction
9		spe	cified by the issuer. An issuer organized under the law of this state may specify the
10		law	of another jurisdiction as the law governing the matters specified in subdivisions b
11		thrc	ough e of subsection 1.
12	5.	The	e following rules determine a "securities intermediary's jurisdiction" for purposes of
13		this	section:
14		<del>a.</del>	If an agreement between the securities intermediary and its entitlement holder-
15			governing the securities account expressly provides that a particular jurisdiction
16			is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction for purposes of this part, this chapter,
17			or this title, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction.
18		<del>b.</del>	If subdivision a does not apply and an agreement between the securities
19			intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account
20			expressly provides that the agreement is governed by the law of a particular
21			jurisdiction, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction.
22		<del>C.</del>	If neither subdivision a nor b applies and an agreement between the securities
23			intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account
24			expressly provides that the securities account is maintained at an office in a
25			particular jurisdiction, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction.
26		<del>d.</del>	If none of the preceding subdivisions applies, the securities intermediary's-
27			jurisdiction is the jurisdiction in which the office identified in an account statement-
28			as the office serving the entitlement holder's account is located.
29		<del>e.</del>	If none of the preceding subdivisions applies, the securities intermediary's
30			jurisdiction is the jurisdiction in which the chief executive office of the securities
31			intermediary is located.

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1	<del>6.</del>	A securities intermediary's jurisdiction is not determined by the physical location of		
2		certificates representing financial assets, or by the jurisdiction in which is organized		
3		the issuer of the financial asset with respect to which an entitlement holder has a		
4		security entitlement, or by the location of facilities for data processing or other-		
5		recordkeeping concerning the account.		
6	<del>7.</del>	The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction or the securities intermediary's jurisdiction		
7		governs a matter or transaction specified in subsection 1 or 2 even if the matter or		
8		transaction does not bear any relation to the jurisdiction.		
9	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-08-43 of the North Dakota Century			
10	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:			
11	1.	To the extent necessary for a securities intermediary to satisfy all security entitlements		
12		with respect to a particular financial asset, all interests in that financial asset held by		
13		the securities intermediary are held by the securities intermediary for the entitlement		
14		holders, are not property of the securities intermediary, and are not subject to claims of		
15		creditors of the securities intermediary, except as otherwise provided in section		
16		<del>41-08-51</del> .		
17	SEC	CTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 41-08-51 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
18	amended and reenacted as follows:			
19	41-08-51. (8-511) Priority among security interests and entitlement holders.			
20	1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, if If a securities intermediary does			
21	not have	e sufficient interests in a particular financial asset to satisfy both its obligations to		
22	entitlem	ent holders who have security entitlements to that financial asset and its obligation to a		
23	creditor	creditor of the securities intermediary who has a security interest in that financial asset, the		
24	claims o	claims of entitlement holders, other than the creditor, have priority over the claim of the creditor.		
25	<del>2.</del>	A claim of a creditor of a securities intermediary who has a security interest in a		
26		financial asset held by a securities intermediary has priority over claims of the		
27		securities intermediary's entitlement holders who have security entitlements with		
28		respect to that financial asset if the creditor has control over the financial asset.		
29	<del>3.</del>	If a clearing corporation does not have sufficient financial assets to satisfy both its		
30		obligations to entitlement holders who have security entitlements with respect to a		
31		financial asset and its obligation to a creditor of the clearing corporation who has a		

- 1 security interest in that financial asset, the claim of the creditor has priority over the-
- 2 claims of entitlement holders.

3 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-09-25 of the North Dakota Century
4 Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the following rules apply:
   a. While a security certificate is located in a jurisdiction, the local law of that
   jurisdiction governs perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the
- 8 priority of a security interest in the certificated security represented thereby.
- 9 b. The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction as specified in subsection 4 of section
  10 41-08-10 governs perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the
  11 priority of a security interest in an uncertificated security.
- c. The local law of the securities intermediary's jurisdiction as specified in subsection 5 of section 41-08-10this state governs perfection, the effect of
   perfection or nonperfection, and the priority of a security interest in a security
   entitlement or securities account.
- 16 d. The local law of the commodity intermediary's jurisdiction governs perfection, the
  17 effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the priority of a security interest in a
  18 commodity contract or commodity account.
- e. Subdivisions b, c, and d apply even if the transaction does not bear any relation
  to the jurisdiction.