Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

### HOUSE BILL NO. 1176

#### Introduced by

Representatives Nathe, Hagert, Headland, Lefor, Porter, Stemen, Swiontek, Vigesaa Senators Bekkedahl, Hogue, Weber, Rummel

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact two new sections to chapter 54-27, a new section to
- 2 chapter 57-02, and a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating
- 3 to a legacy earnings fund, a legacy property tax relief fund, a primary residence certification,
- 4 and a limitation on property tax levies without voter approval; to amend and reenact
- 5 subsection 1 of section 21-10-06, section 57-02-01, subdivision c of subsection 1 of section
- 6 57-02-08.1, subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1, and sections 57-02-08.9,
- 7 57-02-08.10, 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1, 57-02-53, 57-09-04, 57-11-03, 57-12-06, and 57-20-07.1 of
- 8 the North Dakota Century Code, relating to funds invested by the state investment board,
- 9 property tax definitions, the homestead tax credit and renters refund, the primary residence
- 10 credit, property classifications, notices to property owners, and the property tax statement; to
- 11 repeal sections 21-10-12, 21-10-13, and 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating
- 12 to legacy fund definitions, the legacy earnings fund, and estimated property tax and budget
- 13 hearing notices; to provide an appropriation; to provide a transfer; to provide an effective date;
- 14 to provide an expiration date; and to declare an emergency.

### 15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

# 16 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 21-10-06 of the North Dakota Century

- 17 Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- Subject to the provisions of section 21-10-02, the board shall invest the following
   funds:
- 20 a. State bonding fund.
- 21 b. Teachers' fund for retirement.
- 22 c. State fire and tornado fund.
- 23 d. Workforce safety and insurance fund.
- e. Public employees retirement system.

1		f.	Insurance regulatory trust fund.						
2		g.	State risk management fund.						
3		h.	Budget stabilization fund.						
4		i.	Water projects stabilization fund.						
5		j.	Health care trust fund.						
6		k.	Cultural endowment fund.						
7		١.	Petroleum tank release compensation fund.						
8		m.	Legacy fund.						
9		n.	Legacy earnings fund.						
10		<del>0.</del>	Opioid settlement fund.						
11	ł	<del>р.<u>о.</u></del>	A fund under contract with the board pursuant to subsection 3.						
12	SEC	стю	N 2. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created						
13	and ena	octed	as follows:						
14	Leg	acy	earnings fund - State treasurer - Legacy fund distribution - Allocations.						
15	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	here is created in the state treasury the legacy earnings fund. The fund consists of all						
16		mo	neys distributed by the state treasurer from the legacy fund pursuant to section 26						
17		<u>of a</u>	article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. The distribution from the legacy fund						
18		<u>on</u> .	July first of each odd-numbered year must be equal to seven percent of the						
19		<u>five</u>	e-year average value of the legacy fund balance as reported by the state investment						
20		boa	ard. The average value of the legacy fund balance must be calculated using the						
21		<u>fun</u>	d balance at the end of each fiscal year for the five-year period ending with the						
22		mo	st recently completed even-numbered fiscal year.						
23	<u>2.</u>	<u>Fro</u>	m the amount distributed to the legacy earnings fund under subsection 1, the state						
24		trea	asurer shall allocate funding in July of each odd-numbered year in the following						
25		<u>ord</u>	<u>er:</u>						
26		<u>a.</u>	The first one hundred two million six hundred twenty-four thousand dollars or an						
27			amount equal to the amount appropriated from the legacy sinking and interest						
28			fund for debt service payments for a biennium, whichever is less, to the legacy						
29			sinking and interest fund under section 6-09.4-10.1.						
30		<u>b.</u>	The next two hundred twenty-five million dollars to the general fund to provide						
31			support for tax relief initiatives approved by the legislative assembly.						

1		<u>C.</u>	The next one hundred million dollars to the legacy earnings highway distribution						
2			fund for allocations under section 54-27-19.3.						
3		<u>d.</u>	The remaining amount to the legacy property tax relief fund under section 3 of						
4			this Act.						
5	SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is create								
6	and ena	cted	as follows:						
7	Leg	acy p	property tax relief fund - Intent.						
8	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	re is created in the state treasury the legacy property tax relief fund. The fund						
9		<u>con</u>	sists of all moneys allocated to the fund under section 2 of this Act and all moneys						
10		<u>tran</u>	sferred to the fund by the legislative assembly.						
11	<u>2.</u>	<u>It is</u>	the intent of the legislative assembly that:						
12		<u>a.</u>	The primary residence credit under section 57-02-08.9 be increased each						
13			biennium to provide additional property tax relief using only increased funding						
14			available from the legacy earnings fund allocation under section 2 of this Act.						
15		<u>b.</u>	After the amount of the primary residence credit under section 57-02-08.9						
16			exceeds two thousand dollars, future legislative assemblies use additional						
17			funding available from the legacy earnings fund allocation under section 2 of this						
18			Act in future biennial budgets to replace a portion or all of the funding transferred						
19			from the general fund or other sources to the legacy property tax relief fund for						
20			the primary residence credit.						
21	3.	<u>It is</u>	further the intent of the legislative assembly that after providing the amount						
22		<u>nee</u>	ded for the maximum property tax relief of all eligible taxpayers under the primary						
23		<u>resi</u>	dence credit under section 57-02-08.9, future legislative assemblies use any						
24		<u>exc</u>	ess funding available from the legacy earnings fund allocation under section 2 of						
25		<u>this</u>	Act in future biennial budgets to replace a portion or all of the funding from the						
26		gen	eral fund, oil and gas tax revenues, or other sources for:						
27		a.	The state reimbursement of the homestead credit under section 57-02-08.1;						
28		b.	The state reimbursement of the disabled veterans' credit under section						
29			<u>57-02-08.8;</u>						
30		C.	State-funded human services under chapter 50-35; and						

 1
 d. The portion of state aid for payments to school districts under chapter 15.1-27

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 attributable to property tax relief.

3 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **57-02-01. Definitions.** 

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6 As used in this title, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

- 7 "Agricultural property" means platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural 1. 8 crops or grazing farm animals, except lands platted and assessed as agricultural 9 property prior to March 30, 1981, shall continue to be assessed as agricultural 10 property until put to a use other than raising agricultural crops or grazing farm animals. 11 Agricultural property includes land on which a greenhouse or other building is located 12 if the land is used for a nursery or other purpose associated with the operation of the 13 greenhouse. The time limitations contained in this section may not be construed to 14 prevent property that was assessed as other than agricultural property from being 15 assessed as agricultural property if the property otherwise gualifies under this 16 subsection.
- a. Property platted on or after March 30, 1981, is not agricultural property when any
  four of the following conditions exist:
  - (1) The land is platted by the owner.
  - (2) Public improvements, including sewer, water, or streets, are in place.
  - (3) Topsoil is removed or topography is disturbed to the extent that the property cannot be used to raise crops or graze farm animals.
    - (4) Property is zoned other than agricultural.
- 24 (5) Property has assumed an urban atmosphere because of adjacent
  25 residential or commercial development on three or more sides.
  - (6) The parcel is less than ten acres [4.05 hectares] and not contiguous to agricultural property.
  - (7) The property sells for more than four times the county average true and full agricultural value.
- 30b.Land that was assessed as agricultural property at the time the land was put to31use for extraction of oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals as defined in section

1		38-12-01 must continue to be assessed as agricultural property if the remainder
2		of the surface owner's parcel of property on which the subsurface mineral activity
3		is occurring continues to qualify for assessment as agricultural property under
4		this subsection.
5	2.	"Air carrier transportation property" means the operative property of each airline
6		whose property is assessed for taxation purposes pursuant to chapters 57-06 and
7		57-32.
8	3.	"Assessed valuation" means fifty percent of the true and full value of property.
9	4.	"Centrally assessed property" means all property which is assessed by the state board
10		of equalization under chapters 57-05, 57-06, and 57-32.
11	5.	"Commercial property" means all property, or portions of property, not included in the
12		classes of property defined in subsections 1, 4, 11, and 12.
13	6.	"Credits" means and includes every claim and demand for money or other valuable
14		thing, and every annuity or sum of money receivable at stated periods, due or to
15		become due, and all claims and demands secured by deeds or mortgages, due or to
16		become due.
17	7.	"Governing body" means a board of county commissioners, city council, board of city
18		commissioners, school board, or board of education, or the similarly constituted and
19		acting board of any other municipality.
20	8.	"Money" or "moneys" means gold and silver coin, treasury notes, bank notes, and
21		every deposit which any person owning the same or holding in trust and residing in
22		this state is entitled to withdraw as money or on demand.
23	9.	"Municipality" or "taxing district" means a county, city, township, school district, water
24		conservation and flood control district, Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, county
25		park district, joint county park district, irrigation district, park district, rural fire protection
26		district, or any other subdivision of the state empowered to levy taxes.
27	10.	"Nonprimary residential property" means residential property, or portions of residential
28		property, not included in the class of property defined in subsection 12.
29	<u>11.</u>	"Person" includes a firm, corporation, or limited liability company.
30	<del>11.<u>12.</u></del>	"Primary residential property" means residential property certified as a primary
31		residence under section 11 of this Act.

- <u>13.</u> "Railroad property" means the operating property, including franchises, of each
   railroad operated in this state, including any electric or other street or interurban
   railway.
- 4 <u>12.14.</u> "Residential property" means all property, or portions of property, used by an individual
  or group of individuals as a dwelling, including property upon which a mobile home is
  located but not including hotel and motel accommodations required to be licensed
  under chapter 23-09 nor structures providing living accommodations for four or more
  separate family units nor any tract of land upon which four or more mobile homes are
  located. The term includes nonprimary residential property and primary residential
  property.
- 11 <u>13.15.</u> "Taxable valuation" signifies the valuation remaining after deducting exemptions and
  12 making other reductions from the original assessed valuation, and is the valuation
  13 upon which the rate of levy finally is computed and against which the taxes finally are
  14 extended.
- 15 <u>14.16.</u> "Tract", "lot", "piece or parcel of real property", or "piece or parcel of land" means any
  16 contiguous quantity of land in the possession of, owned by or recorded as the property
  17 of, the same claimant, person, or company.
- 18 <u>15.17.</u> "True and full value" means the value determined by considering the earning or
  19 productive capacity, if any, the market value, if any, and all other matters that affect the
  20 actual value of the property to be assessed. This shall include, for purposes of arriving
  21 at the true and full value of property used for agricultural purposes, farm rentals, soil
  22 capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis.
- 16.18. "Unencumbered cash" means the total cash on hand in any fund, less the amount
  belonging to the fund in closed banks and less the amount of outstanding warrants,
  bills, accounts, and contracts which are chargeable against the fund.
- 26 <u>17.19.</u> There shall be a presumption that a unit of land is not a farm unless such unit contains
  27 a minimum of ten acres [4.05 hectares], and the taxing authority, in determining
- 28 whether such presumption shall apply, shall consider such things as the present use,
- 29 the adaptability to use, and how similar type properties in the immediate area are
- 30 classified for tax purposes.

1	SECTION 5.	AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
2	North Dakota Cer	ntury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
3	c. The	e exemption must be determined according to the following schedule:
4	(1)	If the person's income is not in excess of forty <u>fifty</u> thousand dollars, a
5		reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's
6		homestead up to a maximum reduction of nine thousandeleven thousand
7		two hundred fifty dollars of taxable valuation.
8	(2)	If the person's income is in excess of <del>forty<u>fifty</u> thousand dollars and not in</del>
9		excess of seventyeighty thousand dollars, a reduction of fifty percent of the
10		taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of
11		four thousand five hundredfive thousand six hundred twenty-five dollars of
12		taxable valuation.
13	SECTION 6.	AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
14	North Dakota Cer	ntury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
15	b. Fo	r the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of
16	any	y federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture,
17	fur	nishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of
18	the	e rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be
19	cor	nsidered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty
20	рег	rcent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a
21	qua	alified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state
22	gei	neral fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual
23	inc	ome, but the refund may not be in excess of four hundredsix hundred dollars.
24	lf tl	he calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars
25	mu	ist be sent to the qualifying applicant.
26	SECTION 7.	AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is
27	amended and ree	enacted as follows:

1	57-0	2-08	.9. Pr	imary	residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the
2	first <del>two</del>	taxa	able <del>y</del>	<del>/ears</del> y	<u>vear</u> beginning after December 31, <del>2023</del> 2024)
3	1.	<del>An i</del>	ndivie	dual <u>A</u>	axpayer is entitled to a credit <del>of five hundred dollars</del> against the
4		prop	perty	tax du	e on the <del>individual's<u>taxpayer's</u> primary residence <u>as provided in this</u></del>
5		<u>sec</u>	tion. 1	The cr	edit <del>mayː</del>
6		<u>a.</u>	<u>Is lir</u>	nited t	o one thousand five hundred fifty dollars.
7		<u>b.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>not re</u>	educe the property tax due on voter-approved levies.
8		<u>C.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>not re</u>	educe the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.
9		<u>d.</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>ı</u> not e	xceed the amount of property tax due <u>against the primary residence</u> .
10			The	credit	must
11		<u>e.</u>	<u>Mus</u>	<u>st</u> be a	pplied to reduce the property tax owed on the individual's <u>taxpayer's</u>
12			prim	nary re	sidence after other exemptions or credits under this chapter have been
13			appl	lied.	
14	2.	For	purpo	oses o	f this section <del>, "primary<u>:</u></del>
15		<u>a.</u>	"Ow	ned" r	neans the individual holds a present ownership interest, including
16			<u>own</u>	ership	in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
17			<u>own</u>	ership	interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
18			purc	chaser	under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
19			<u>0000</u>	upanc	y or a tenancy under a lease.
20		<u>b.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>"Prin</u>	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state owned and occupied by
21				<del>an in</del>	dividual as that individual's primary place of residence and includes
22				resid	ences taxed under chapter 57-55, including the land, appurtenances,
23				<u>and i</u>	mprovements used in the residential occupancy of the dwelling, that is:
24				<u>(a)</u>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
25					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
26				<u>(b)</u>	Designed or adapted for human residence;
27				<u>(c)</u>	Used as a residence; and
28				<u>(d)</u>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
29					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
30					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
31					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.

1			<u>(2)</u>	<u>For p</u>	purposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
2				<u>(a)</u>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
3				<u>(b)</u>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under
4					chapter 57-55.
5		<u>C.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	alifyin	<u>g trust" means a trust:</u>
6			<u>(1)</u>	<u>In wl</u>	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
7				trans	ferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
8				<u>the t</u>	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
9				has t	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
10				resic	ence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
11				<u>expe</u>	nses specified in the instrument or court order:
12				<u>(a)</u>	<u>For life;</u>
13				<u>(b)</u>	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
14				<u>(c)</u>	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
15					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
16					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
17					which the property is located; and
18			<u>(2)</u>	<u>That</u>	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
19				<u>that:</u>	
20				<u>(a)</u>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
21					interest acquired; and
22				<u>(b)</u>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
23					property is located.
24		<u>d.</u>	<u>"Tru</u>	<u>istor" i</u>	neans an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
25			prop	<u>perty t</u>	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
26			<u>or t</u>	<u>ne indi</u>	vidual's spouse.
27	3.	An	indivi	dual w	ho does not reside in the primary residence in this state is eligible for
28		the	credi	t unde	r this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a
29		nur	sing h	nome,	hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and
30		the	portio	on of tl	ne primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented
31		to a	anothe	er <del>indiv</del>	<del>/idual</del> person.

1	4.	Onl	y one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
2	1.		inst any primary residence. If a credit under this section is applied against the
3		Ŭ	perty tax due on a primary residence subject to a real estate transaction, any
4		•	ration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
5		<u>the</u>	amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
6	5.	An i	individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under
7		sub	section 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
8	6.	The	credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any
9		prop	perty.
10	7.	To a	apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax
11		com	nmissioner <del>, by April first of each year,</del> an application containing a verified statement
12		of fa	acts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the <del>claim<u>application</u> on a</del>
13		forn	n and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. <u>The application must be</u>
14		filec	<u>I:</u>
15		<u>a.</u>	By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence
16			taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
17		<u>b.</u>	By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary
18			residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
19	8.	The	tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
20		and	make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax
21		com	nmissioner shall make these forms available upon request.
22	SEC		N 8. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
24	57-0	)2-08	.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the
25	first tax	able	year beginning after December 31, 2024)
26	1.	A ta	xpayer is entitled to a credit against the property tax due on the taxpayer's <u>parcel</u>
27		<u>of</u> p	rimary residence <u>residential property</u> as provided in this section. The credit:
28		a.	Is limited to one thousand five hundred fifty dollars.
29		b.	May not reduce the property tax due on voter-approved levies.
30		C.	May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.

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1		d.	Мау	/ not e	exceed the amount of property tax due against the <u>parcel of</u> primary
2			resi	dence	residential property.
3		e.	Mus	st be a	pplied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer'sparcel of
4			prim	nary <del>re</del>	esidenceresidential property after other exemptions or credits under this
5			cha	pter h	ave been applied.
6	2.	For	purp	oses d	of this section:
7		<del>a.</del>	<del>"Ом</del>	/ned"	means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including
8			own	ership	o in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
9			own	ershi	o interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
10			pure	chase	r under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
11			OCC	upanc	<del>y or a tenancy under a lease.</del>
12		<del>b.</del>	<del>(1)</del>	<del>"Prir</del>	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
13				<del>appı</del>	urtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
14				dwe	l <del>ling, that is:</del>
15				<del>(a)</del>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
16					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
17				<del>(b)</del>	Designed or adapted for human residence;
18				<del>(c)</del>	Used as a residence; and
19				<del>(d)</del>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
20					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
21					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
22					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
23			<del>(2)</del>	For	purposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
24				<del>(a)</del>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
25				<del>(b)</del>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under-
26					chapter 57-55.
27		<del>C.</del>	<del>"Qu</del>	alifyin	g trust" means a trust:
28			<del>(1)</del>	<del>ln w</del>	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
29				trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
30				the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
31				has	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary

1		residence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
2		expenses specified in the instrument or court order:
3		<del>(a)</del> <del>For life;</del>
4		(b) For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
5		(c) Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
6		court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to-
7		identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
8		which the property is located; and
9		(2) That acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
10		that:
11		(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
12		interest acquired; and
13		(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
14		property is located.
15		d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
16		property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
17		or the individual's spouse.
18	<del>3.</del>	An individual who does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
19		under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
20		hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
21		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
22		<del>person.</del>
23	<del>4.</del>	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
24		against any <u>parcel of</u> primary residenceresidential property. If a credit under this
25		section is applied against the property tax due on a parcel of primary
26		residenceresidential property subject to a real estate transaction, any proration of the
27		amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on the amount of
28		property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
29	<del>5.</del>	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under-
30		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.

1	<del>6.</del>	The	credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any							
2		prop	<del>perty.</del>							
3	<del>7.</del>	<del>To a</del>	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax-							
4		con	missioner an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the							
5		app	licant's eligibility as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner							
6		pres	scribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be filed:							
7		<del>a.</del>	By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence-							
8			taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.							
9		<del>b.</del>	By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary							
10			residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.							
11	<del>8.<u>3.</u></del>	The	tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,							
12		and	make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax-							
13		con	missioner shall make these forms available upon request.							
14	SEC		N 9. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
15	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:							
16	57-0	2-08	.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through							
17	June 30	<del>, 202</del>	2 <mark>6</mark> May 31, 2026)							
18	1.	By .	June first of each yearJune 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:							
19		a.	Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the							
20			sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for							
21			taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify							
22			to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of							
23			credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year							
24			<u>2024.</u>							
25		<u>b.</u>	Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be							
26			applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025							
27			and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section							
28			57-02-08.9 <u>for taxable year 2025;</u> and							
29	ł	<del>).<u>C.</u></del>	Provide to each county auditor:							
30			(1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision ab which identifies a							
31			primary residence located in the county; and							

1			(2)	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for
2				t <del>he current</del> taxable year <u>2025</u> .
3	2.	By I	Nover	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
4		<u>a.</u>	<u>Rev</u>	iew the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
5			resid	dences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied
6			<u>aga</u>	inst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify
7			<u>for t</u>	he credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and
8		<u>b.</u>	Prov	vide to each county auditor:
9			<u>(1)</u>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a
10				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and
11			<u>(2)</u>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
12				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.
13	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2025:
14			<u>(1)</u>	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each
15				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the
16				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding
17				property tax statement.
18			<u>(2)</u>	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
19				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
20				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
21				residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
22				an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
23				county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
24				taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
25				county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this
26				paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay
27				according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
28				and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
29				sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
30				abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.

1		b. For taxable year 2026, the county auditor shall apply the credit under section
2		57-02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
3		57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence
4		on the corresponding mobile home tax statement.
5	<del>3.<u>4.</u></del>	By January first of each yearJanuary 15, 2026, the county auditor shall certify to the
6		tax commissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under
7		subsection 1subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and under subsection 2 which were
8		applied towardagainst property taxes owed on primary residences in the county for the
9		preceding yearas provided in subsection 3.
10	4. <u>5.</u>	By June first of each year after 2024May 31, 2026, the tax commissioner shall review
44		

- a sampling of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the
   application of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county
   the aggregate dollar amount of credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in each county for the preceding yearapplied against property taxes owed on primary
   residences in the county as provided in subsection 3.
- 165.6.Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later17than June thirtieth of each year after 2024, the county treasurer shall apportion and18distribute the payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the19same basis as property taxes for the preceding year and mobile home taxes were
- 20 apportioned and distributed for the taxable year in which the taxes were levied.
- 6.7. Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and
  supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed
  in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.
- 7.8. The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to
   effectuate this section.
- 26 8.9. The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
  27 to effectuate this section.

SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

# 1 57-02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through

## 2 May 31, 2026)

3 1. By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:

3	١.	₽у	June 1, 2020, the tax commissioner shall.
4		<del>a.</del>	Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the
5			sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for-
6			taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify-
7			to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of
8			credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year
9			<del>2024.</del>
10		<del>b.</del>	Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be-
11			applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year
12			2025and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section
13			57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2025; and
14		<del>C.</del>	Provide to each county auditor:
15			(1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision b which identifies a
16			primary residence located in the county; and
17			(2) The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for
18			taxable year 2025.
19	<del>2.</del>	<del>By</del> -	November 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
20		<del>a.</del>	Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
21			residences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied
22			against taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify
23			for the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and
24		<del>b.</del>	Provide to each county auditor:
25			(1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a
26			primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and
27			(2) The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
28			residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.

29 <del>3.</del> a. For taxable year 2025:

30(1)The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each31primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the

1			tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding-
2			property tax statement.
3		(	(2) The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
4			57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
5			57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
6			residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
7			an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
8			county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
9			taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
10			county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this-
11			paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay
12			according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
13			and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
14			sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
15			abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.
16		<del>b.</del>	For taxable year 2026, the <u>The</u> county auditor shall apply the credit under section
17		:	57-02-08.9 to each <del>primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter</del>
18		ł	57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
19		ł	residenceparcel of primary residential property on the corresponding property tax
20		5	<u>statement or</u> mobile home tax statement.
21	4 <u>.2.</u>	By Ja	anuary <del>15, 2026<u>fifteenth of each year</u>, the county auditor shall certify to the tax</del>
22		comn	nissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under
23		<del>subdi</del>	visions b and c of subsection 1 and subsection 2 which <u>that</u> were applied against
24		prope	erty taxes owed on primary residences in the county as provided in
25		subse	ection 3for:
26		<u>a.</u>	The preceding taxable year for primary residential property taxed as real estate
27		<u>!</u>	under this title.
28		<u>b.</u>	The current taxable year for primary residential property taxed as a mobile home
29		ļ	under chapter 57-55.
30	<del>5.<u>3.</u></del>	By M	ay <del>31, 2026<u>thirty-first of each year</u>, the tax commissioner shall <del>review a sampling</del></del>
31		<del>of inf</del>	ormation provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the application

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1		of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county the
2		aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against property taxes owed on primary
3		<del>residences in the county as provided<u>certified by the counties</u> in subsection <u>32</u>.</del>
4	<del>6.<u>4.</u></del>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, <del>but no later</del>
5		t <del>han June thirtieth of each year,</del> the county treasurer shall apportion and distribute the
6		payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the same basis as
7		property taxes and mobile home taxes were apportioned and distributed for the
8		taxable year in which the taxes were levied.
9	<del>7.<u>5.</u></del>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and
10		supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed
11		in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.
12	<del>8.<u>6.</u></del>	The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to
13		effectuate this section.
14	<del>9.<u>7.</u></del>	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
15		to effectuate this section.
16	SEC	CTION 11. A new section to chapter 57-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
17	and ena	cted as follows:
18	<u>Prir</u>	nary residence certification - Eligibility for primary residential property
19	<u>classifi</u>	cation - Application.
20	<u>1.</u>	To be eligible for a primary residential property classification under this chapter, a
21		primary residence must be certified by the county director of tax equalization as
22		provided in this section.
23	<u>2.</u>	A dwelling does not lose its character as a primary residence if the owner of the
24		dwelling does not reside in the primary residence because the individual is confined in
25		a nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts
26		and the portion of the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not
27		rented to another person.
28	<u>3.</u>	To be certified as a primary residence and eligible for the primary residential property
29		classification under this chapter, an owner shall sign and file with the tax commissioner
30		an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the owner's
31		property meets the eligibility requirements to be considered a primary residence under

1		this section as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner prescribed by				
2		the t	tax co	ommissioner.		
3		<u>a.</u>	<u>An a</u>	application for primary residence certification must be filed by February first of		
4			<u>eac</u>	h year to request a primary residence certification for:		
5			(1)	The taxable year during which the application is filed for a primary residence		
6				taxed as real estate under this title.		
7			<u>(2)</u>	The taxable year succeeding the taxable year during which the application		
8				is filed for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter		
9				<u>57-55.</u>		
10		<u>b.</u>	<u>As s</u>	soon as practicable after receiving the applications, no later than February		
11			<u>twe</u>	nty-eighth of each year, the tax commissioner shall:		
12			<u>(1)</u>	Review the applications received under this subsection and determine		
13				which applicants qualify for the primary residence certification; and		
14			<u>(2)</u>	Provide to each county director of tax equalization a copy of each approved		
15				or rejected application received under this subsection which identifies		
16				property located in the county.		
17		<u>C.</u>	<u>With</u>	nin fifteen days of receipt of the applications from the tax commissioner under		
18			para	agraph 2 of subdivision b, no later than March fifteenth of each year, the		
19			<u>cou</u>	nty director of tax equalization shall notify the applicant of the approval or		
20			<u>den</u>	ial of the application and reflect the appropriate classification of the property		
21			<u>on t</u>	he assessment list.		
22		<u>d.</u>	<u>The</u>	tax commissioner may request additional documentation from the applicant		
23			<u>whe</u>	en making the determination of eligibility.		
24		<u>e.</u>	Dete	erminations of eligibility under this subsection may be appealed through the		
25			info	rmal equalization process and formal abatement process.		
26	<u>4.</u>	<u>A pr</u>	imary	residence certification under this section is valid for the entire taxable year		
27		<u>for v</u>	vhich	the application for certification was approved, without regard to any change		
28		<u>of o</u>	wner	ship of the property which occurs after the application for certification was		
29		<u>app</u>	rovec	<u>i.</u>		
30	<u>5.</u>	<u>The</u>	tax c	commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary		
31		<u>to e</u>	ffectu	ate this section. Application forms must include the full name and address of		

1			<u>the</u>	the applicant and any other information prescribed by the tax commissioner. The						
2			<u>cou</u>	county director of tax equalization shall make these forms available to applicants upon						
3			req	request.						
4	<u>6</u>	<u>3.</u>	<u>For</u>	purp	oses c	of this section:				
5			<u>a.</u>	<u>"Ov</u>	vned"	means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including				
6				owr	nership	o in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present				
7				<u>owr</u>	nership	o interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a				
8				pure	chase	under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of				
9				<u>000</u>	upanc	<u>y or a tenancy under a lease.</u>				
10			<u>b.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>"Prin</u>	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,				
11					<u>appι</u>	irtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the				
12					<u>dwel</u>	ling, which is not exempt from property taxes as a farm residence and,				
13					<u>subj</u>	ect to subsection 2 and paragraph 2, as of the assessment date of the				
14					<u>taxa</u>	<u>ble year, is:</u>				
15					<u>(a)</u>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a				
16						beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;				
17					<u>(b)</u>	Designed or adapted for human residence;				
18					<u>(c)</u>	Used as a residence; and				
19					<u>(d)</u>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, an individual				
20						who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned through a				
21						beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or beneficiary of the				
22						trust who qualifies for the exemption.				
23				<u>(2)</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of the term:				
24					<u>(a)</u>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.				
25					<u>(b)</u>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under				
26						<u>chapter 57-55.</u>				
27			<u>C.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	alifyin	<u>g trust" means a trust:</u>				
28				<u>(1)</u>	<u>In w</u>	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument				
29					trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on				
30					<u>the t</u>	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust				
31					<u>has </u>	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary				

1				resic	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
2				<u>expe</u>	enses specified in the instrument or court order:
3				<u>(a)</u>	<u>For life;</u>
4				<u>(b)</u>	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
5				<u>(c)</u>	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
6					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
7					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
8					which the property is located; and
9			<u>(2)</u>	That	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
10				that:	
11				<u>(a)</u>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
12					interest acquired; and
13				<u>(b)</u>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
14					property is located.
15		<u>d.</u>	<u>"Tru</u>	ustor" i	means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
16			pro	<u>perty t</u>	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
17			<u>or t</u>	he ind	vidual's spouse.
18	SEC	СТЮ	N 12.	AME	NDMENT. Section 57-02-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is
19	amende	ed an	d reei	nacteo	l as follows:
20	57-0	02-27	'. Pro	perty	to be valued at a percentage of assessed value - Classification of
21	propert	y - Li	imita	tion o	n valuation of annexed agricultural lands.
22	<u>1.</u>	All	prope	erty su	oject to taxation based on the value thereof must be valued as follows:
23	<del>1.</del>	<u>a.</u>	All Į	orimar	y residential property and nonprimary residential property to be valued
24			at n	ine pe	rcent of assessed value. If any property is used for <del>both<u>primary</u></del>
25			<u>resi</u>	dentia	l, nonprimary residential, and nonresidential purposes, the valuation
26			mus	st be p	rorated accordingly.
27	<del>2.</del>	<u>b.</u>	All a	agricul	tural property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value as
28			dete	ermine	ed pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
29	<del>3.</del>	<u>C.</u>	All o	comm	ercial property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value.
30	4 <del>.</del>	<u>d.</u>	All o	centra	ly assessed property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value
31			exc	ept as	provided in section 57-06-14.1.

2.

1 2

subsection 1 are the taxable valuation.

3 3. In determining the assessed value of real and personal property, except agricultural 4 property, the assessor may not adopt a lower or different standard of value because 5 the same is to serve as a basis of taxation, nor may the assessor adopt as a criterion 6 of value the price at which said property would sell at auction, or at forced sale, or in 7 the aggregate with all the property in the town or district, but the assessor shall value 8 each article or description by itself, and at such sum or price as the assessor believes 9 the same to be fairly worth in money. In assessing any tract or lot of real property, 10 there must be determined the value of the land, exclusive of improvements, and the 11 value of all taxable improvements and structures thereon, and the aggregate value of 12 the property, including all taxable structures and other improvements, excluding the 13 value of crops growing upon cultivated lands. In valuing any real property upon which 14 there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry, the same must be valued at 15 such a price as such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair 16 voluntary sale for cash. Agricultural lands within the corporate limits of a city which are 17 not platted constitute agricultural property and must be so classified and valued for 18 ad valorem property tax purposes until such lands are put to another use. Agricultural 19 lands, whether within the corporate limits of a city or not, which were platted and 20 assessed as agricultural property prior to March 30, 1981, must be assessed as 21 agricultural property for ad valorem property tax purposes until put to another use. 22 Such valuation must be uniform with the valuation of adjoining unannexed agricultural 23 land.

The resulting amounts must be known as resulting from the calculation under

SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

#### 26 **57-02-27.1. Property to be valued at true and full value.**

All assessors and boards of equalization shall place the values of all items of taxable
 property at the true and full value of the property except as otherwise specifically
 provided by law, and the amount of taxes that may be levied on such property must be
 limited as provided in this chapter. For the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1,
 57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04, the term "true and full value" has the same meaning as

1		prov	vided in <del>subsection 15 of</del> section 57-02-01, except that "true and full value" of						
2		agri	cultural lands must be as determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.						
3	<u>2.</u>	The	governing body of the city or township may establish valuations that recognize the						
4		sup	ply of vacant lots available for sale.						
5	SEC		14. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
6	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:						
7	57-0	)2-53	. Assessment increaseand budget hearing notice to property owner.						
8	1.	<del>a.</del>	When any assessor has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract-						
9		<del>of la</del>	and and improvements to an amount that is an increase of three thousand dollars-						
10		<del>or n</del>	nore and ten percent or more from the amount of the previous year's assessment,						
11		the	On or before March first of each year the governing body of a taxing district shall						
12		<u>prov</u>	vide to the assessor in each township, city, or county in which the taxing district has						
13		<u>taxa</u>	ble property the date, time, and location of the taxing district's public hearing on its						
14		prop	perty tax levy, which may be no earlier than September seventh. A taxing district						
15		<u>that</u>	fails to provide the information required under this subsection on or before August						
16		<u>tent</u>	tenth may not impose a property tax levy in a greater amount of dollars than was						
17		imp	osed by the taxing district in the prior year.						
18	<u>2.</u>	<u>An</u> a	assessor shall deliver written notice of the amount of increase and the:						
19		<u>a.</u>	The amount of the previouscurrent year's assessment to the property owner at						
20			the expense of the assessment district for which the assessor is employed of						
21			each parcel of taxable property, including improvements, which has been						
22			assessed by the assessor.						
23		<u>b.</u>	The date, time, and location of the taxing district's public hearing on its property						
24			tax levy, which may be no earlier than September seventh.						
25	<u>3.</u>	Deli	very of written notice to a property owner under this subdivisionsection must be						
26		com	pleted at least fifteen days before the meeting of the local board of equalization.						
27		<del>b.</del>	If written notice by the assessor was not required under subdivision a and action-						
28			by the township, city, or county board of equalization or order of the state board-						
29			of equalization has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract of land-						
30			and improvements to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of three-						
31			thousand dollars or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the						

1		previous year's assessment, written notice of the amount of increase and the	
2		amount of the previous year's assessment must be delivered to the property	
3		owner. The written notice under this subdivision must be mailed or delivered at	-
4		the expense of the township, city, or county that made the assessment increase	e-
5		or at the expense of the township, city, or county that was ordered to make the	-
6		increase by the state board of equalization. Delivery of written notice to a	
7		property owner under this subdivision must be completed within fifteen days af	ter-
8		the meeting of the township, city, or county board of equalization that made or	
9		ordered the assessment increase and within thirty days after the meeting of the	<del>)</del>
10		state board of equalization, if the state board of equalization ordered the	
11		assessment increase.	
12	<del>c.<u>4.</u></del>	The tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this	
13		subsectionsection. The written notice under subdivision athis section must show	
14		the <u>contain:</u>	
15		<u>a.</u> <u>The</u> true and full value of the <u>parcel of taxable</u> property, including improvement	S,
16		that the assessor determined for the current year and for the previous year and	₽
17		must also show the.	
18		<u>b.</u> <u>The</u> date prescribed by law for the meeting of the local board of equalization of	:
19		the assessment district in which the <u>parcel of taxable</u> property is located and th	ie
20		meeting date of the county board of equalization.	
21		c. The date, time, and location of the public budget hearing for each of the taxing	-
22		districts in which the property owner's parcel of taxable property is located and	-
23		the location at which the taxing district's budget will be available for review.	
24		d. A statement that there will be an opportunity for citizens to present oral or writte	<u>en</u>
25		comments regarding each taxing district's property tax levy at the public budge	<u>t</u>
26		hearing of each taxing district.	
27	<del>d.<u>5.</u></del>	Delivery of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the	
28		property owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's	
29		last-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification	n
30		of receipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented t	o
31		receive notice.	

1 The form of notice prescribed by the tax commissioner must require a statement to-2. 2 inform the taxpayer that an assessment increase may mean property taxes on the 3 parcel will increase. The notice may contain an estimate of a tax increase resulting 4 from the assessment increase. 5 If a parcel of taxable property is owned by more than one owner, notice may be sent to 6. 6 only one owner of the property. Failure of an owner to receive a notice under this 7 section does not relieve the owner of property tax liability or modify the qualifying date 8 <u>under section 57-20-09 for which an owner may receive a discount for early payment</u> 9 of tax. 10 SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 57-09-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is 11 amended and reenacted as follows: 12 57-09-04. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice. 13 The township board of equalization shall ascertain whether all taxable property in its 14 township has been properly placed upon the assessment list and duly valued by the assessor. 15 In case any real property has been omitted by inadvertence or otherwise, the board shall place 16 the same upon the list with the true value thereof. The board shall proceed to correct the 17 assessment so that each tract or lot of real property is entered on the assessment list at the true 18 value thereof. The board may not increase the valuation returned by the assessor to an amount 19 that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the 20 previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the owner's agent reasonable notice 21 and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the board to increase it. All complaints 22 and grievances of residents of the township must be heard and decided by the board and it may 23 make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by nonresidents with reference to the 24 assessment of any real property and complaints by others with reference to any assessment 25 made after the meeting of the township board of equalization must be heard and determined by 26 the county board of equalization. The board must comply with any requirement for notice of an 27 assessment increase under section 57-02-53. 28 SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-11-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 29 amended and reenacted as follows:

#### 1 57-11-03. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice. 2 At its meeting, the board of equalization shall proceed to equalize and correct the 3 assessment roll. It may change the valuation and assessment of any real property upon the roll 4 by increasing or diminishing the true and full valuation thereof as is reasonable and just to 5 render taxation uniform, except that the board may not increase the valuation of any property-6 returned by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen 7 percent from the amount of the previous year's assessment without first giving the owner or the 8 owner's agent reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the 9 board to increase it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the city must be heard and 10 decided by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by 11 nonresidents with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints by others 12 with reference to any assessment made after the meeting of the city board of equalization must 13 be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. The board shall comply with any-14 requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53. 15 SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 57-12-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 16 amended and reenacted as follows: 17 57-12-06. County board of equalization - Equalizing between assessment districts 18 and between properties - Limitation on increase - Notice. 19 The rules prescribed in section 57-12-05 apply when the board of county 1. 20 commissioners is equalizing assessments between the several assessment and taxing 21 districts in the county provided that in such case, except as otherwise provided in 22 subsection 2, the board may raise or lower the valuation of classes of property only so 23 as to equalize the assessments as between districts. If the board orders an increase-24 under this subsection, the board must comply with any requirement for notice of an-25 assessment increase under section 57-02-53. 26 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section: 27 The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization a. 28 may reduce the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real estate even 29 though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local board of 30 equalization. The county board of equalization may not reduce any such 31 assessment unless the owner of the property or the person to whom it was

1			assessed first appeals to the county board of equalization, either by appearing
2			personally or by a representative before the board or by mail or other
3			communication to the board, in which the owner's reasons for asking for the
4			reduction are made known to the board. The proceedings of the board shall show
5			the manner in which the appeal was made known to the board and the reasons
6			for granting any reduction in any such assessment.
7		b.	The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization
8			may increase the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real property
9			even though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local
10			board of equalization. The county board of equalization may not increase the
11			valuation returned by the assessor or the local board of equalization to an
12			amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the
13			amount of the previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the
14			owner's agent notice by mail to the owner of the property that such person may-
15			appear before the board on the date designated in the notice, which date must be
16			at least five days after the mailing of the notice. The county auditor as clerk of the
17			board shall send such notice to the person or persons concerned. If the board
18			orders an increase under this subdivision, the board must comply with any
19			requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
20		C.	If the county board of equalization during the course of its equalization sessions
21			determines that any property of any person has been listed and assessed in the
22			wrong classification, it shall direct the county auditor to correct the listing so as to
23			include such assessment in the correct classification.
24	3.	The	owner of any separate piece or parcel of real estate that has been assessed may
25		app	eal the assessment thereon to the state board of equalization as provided in
26		sec	tion 57-13-04; provided, however, that such owner has first appealed the
27		ass	essment to the local equalization board of the taxing district in which the property
28		was	s assessed and to the county board of equalization of the county in which the
29		prop	perty was assessed. Notwithstanding this requirement, an owner of property which
30		has	been subjected to a new assessment authorized under section 57-14-08 may

- appeal the new assessment to the state board of equalization in the manner provided
   for in section 57-14-08.
- 3 SECTION 18. A new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
  4 and enacted as follows:

## 5 <u>Limitation on levies by taxing districts without voter approval.</u>

- a. Notwithstanding that a taxing district may have unused or excess levy authority
   under any other provision of law, this section supersedes and limits that authority.
   This section may not be interpreted as authority to increase any property tax levy
- 9 <u>authority otherwise provided by law and must be applied to limit any property tax</u>
- 10 levy authority to which a taxing district may otherwise be entitled. Property taxes
- 11 levied in dollars by a taxing district may not exceed the greater of the base year
- 12 levy increased by the allowable percentage limit or the adjusted year levy
- 13 increased by the allowable percent limit.
- 14 <u>b.</u> Excluding any negative excess percentage increase, a taxing district may carry
- 15 forward an excess percentage increase to be used in any of the five succeeding
- 16 <u>taxable years. An excess percentage increase may be used only once to</u>
- 17 <u>increase the limitation under subdivision a and may not be carried forward</u>
- 18 <u>beyond five taxable years. The oldest unused excess percentage increase must</u>
  19 be applied first.
- 20 <u>2.</u> <u>The limitation under subsection 1 does not apply to:</u>
- 21 <u>a.</u> <u>New or increased property tax levy authority that becomes available to the taxing</u>
   22 district in the current taxable year resulting from:
  - (1) <u>A change in state law.</u>

23

24

- (2) Approval by the electors of the taxing district.
- b. Property tax levy authority increased above zero mills in the current taxable year
  by the governing board of the taxing district, provided the levy authority was not
  previously used.
- 28 <u>c.</u> Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of
   29 article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
- 30
   d.
   The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X

   31
   of the Constitution of North Dakota.

1		<u>e.</u>	The levy, not to exceed one mill, for the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District,						
2			authorized by section 57-15-26.8.						
3		<u>f.</u>	-						
4		_	obligations of any political subdivision, including taxes levied for deficiencies in						
5			special assessment and improvement district funds and revenue bond and						
6			reserve funds.						
7		<u>g.</u>	Taxes levied pursuant to law for the proportion of the cost to any taxing district for						
8		-	a special improvement project by general taxation.						
9		<u>h.</u>	Taxes levied under sections 40-24-10, 40-43-01, and 57-15-41, and chapter						
10		_	<u>61-16.1.</u>						
11	<u>3.</u>	Am	ajority of the qualified electors in a taxing district, at a regular or special election of						
12	_		taxing district, may approve a property tax levy exceeding the limitation under						
13			section 1 for only one taxable year. The ballot measure must state the proposed						
14			centage increase and the proposed dollar amount increase exceeding the limitation						
15		-	er subsection 1.						
16	<u>4.</u>	<u>A ci</u>	ty or county may not supersede or modify the application of this section under_						
17		<u>hon</u>	<u>ne rule authority.</u>						
18	<u>5.</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of this section:						
19		<u>a.</u>	"Adjusted year levy" means amount of property tax levied in dollars by the taxing						
20			district in the preceding taxable year adjusted as follows:						
21			(1) When property and improvements to property which were not taxable in the						
22			preceding taxable year are taxable in the current year, the amount levied in						
23			dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be increased						
24			to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed against the additional						
25			taxable valuation attributable to that property at the mill rate applied to all						
26			property in the preceding taxable year, excluding the mill rate associated						
27			with:						
28			(a) Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under						
29			section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.						

1			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
2			~~/	authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
3				Dakota.
4		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	<u>n a property tax exemption existed in the preceding taxable year which</u>
5			<u>has l</u>	peen reduced or no longer exists for the current taxable year, the
6			<u>amo</u>	unt levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district
7			must	be increased to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed
8			<u>agai</u> i	nst the portion of the taxable valuation of the property which is no
9			long	er exempt at the mill rate applied to all property in the preceding taxable
10			<u>year</u>	excluding the mill rate associated with:
11			<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under
12				section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
13			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
14				authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
15				<u>Dakota.</u>
16		<u>(3)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable
17			<u>for th</u>	ne current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding
18			<u>taxa</u>	ole year by the taxing district must be reduced by the amount of taxes
19			that y	were imposed against the taxable valuation of that property in the
20			prec	eding taxable year.
21		<u>(4)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n a temporary mill levy increase, excluding an increase under this
22			<u>secti</u>	on, authorized by the electors of the taxing district or mill levy
23			impo	sition authority under state law existed in the preceding taxable year
24			<u>but i</u>	s no longer applicable or has been reduced, the amount levied in
25			<u>dolla</u>	rs in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be adjusted
26			<u>to re</u>	flect the expired temporary mill levy increase and the eliminated or
27			<u>redu</u>	ced mill levy under state law before the percentage increase allowable
28			unde	er this subsection is applied.
29	<u>b.</u>	<u>"Allo</u>	owable	e percentage limit" means three percent.

1		<u>C.</u>	<u>"Ba</u>	se year levy" means the highest amount of property tax levied in dollars by a
2			<u>taxi</u>	ng district in the three taxable years immediately preceding the current
3			<u>taxa</u>	<u>ble year.</u>
4		<u>d.</u>	<u>"Exc</u>	cess percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest
5			<u>hun</u>	dredth of a percent, between:
6			<u>(1)</u>	The allowable percentage limit; and
7	÷		<u>(2)</u>	The difference between the actual amount of property tax levied in dollars
8				and the greater of the base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the
9				resulting difference under this paragraph divided by the greater of the base
10				<u>year levy or adjusted year levy.</u>
11		<u>e.</u>	<u>"Pro</u>	posed percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest
12			<u>hun</u>	dredth of a percent, between:
13			(1)	The difference between the amount of property tax in dollars proposed to be
14				levied by the governing board of the taxing district and the greater of the
15				base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the resulting difference under
16				this paragraph divided by the greater of the base year levy or adjusted year
17				levy; and
18			<u>(2)</u>	The allowable percentage limit.
19		<u>f.</u>	<u>"Tax</u>	king district" means any political subdivision empowered to levy taxes.
20	SECT	ΓΙΟΝ	N 19.	AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
21	amended	and	d reer	nacted as follows:
22	57-20	)-07	.1. Co	ounty treasurer to mail real estate tax statement - Contents of statement.
23	1.	On	or be	fore December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail a
24		real	esta	te tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's
25		last-	-knov	n address. The form of the real estate tax statement to be used in every
26		coui	nty m	ust be prescribed and approved for use by the tax commissioner. The
27		state	emer	t must be provided in a manner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed
28		recc	ord of	the obligation for payment of taxes and special assessments as provided in
29		the	state	ment. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the
30		coui	nty tr	easurer shall send only one statement to one of the owners of that property.
31		Add	itiona	al copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their

1	requ	request and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. The						
2	tax	statement must:						
3	a.	Include a dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the						
4		prop	perty a	nd the total mill levy applicable.				
5	b.	Inclu	ude, or	be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns showing, for				
6		the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately						
7		preceding taxable years <del>, the</del> :						
8		(1)	<u>The</u> p	property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school				
9			distri	ct and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel.				
10		<u>(2)</u>	<u>The</u> a	amount of property tax levied as a result of voter-approved levy				
11			autho	prity, which must be separately stated for each taxing district that levied				
12			prope	erty tax as a result of voter-approved levy authority.				
13	C.	Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of						
14		North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled						
15		"legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings						
16		realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019,						
17		chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27.						
18		(1)	For p	ourposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27				
19			is de	termined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each				
20			parce	el shown on the tax statement by <del>the number of mills of mill levy</del>				
21			reduc	ction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the-				
22			numt	per of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill				
23		rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of one						
24		hundred twenty-five mills or the sum of:						
25			(a)	Fifty mills The number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under				
26				<u>chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year; orand</u>				
27			(b)	The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minusexcluding				
28				sixty mills.				
29		(2)	Legis	slative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the				
30			taxab	ble value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax				
31			state	ment by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount				

1			calcu	ulated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by						
2		the taxable value of taxable property in the zone for the taxable year.								
3	<u>d.</u>	Prov	Provide information identifying the primary residence credit, including information							
4		rega	regarding the portion of the credit derived from funding distributed from the							
5		lega	legacy fund.							
6		<u>(1)</u>	The	statement must include a separate line item identifying the primary						
7			resic	lence credit realized by the taxpayer for each taxable year shown.						
8		<u>(2)</u>	The	statements must include a separate line item or conspicuous						
9			desc	ription identifying the portion of the credit derived from funding						
10			distributed from the legacy fund.							
11			<u>(a)</u>	The dollar amount of the primary residence credit derived from						
12				funding distributed from the legacy fund is calculated as the product of						
13				the total amount of the primary residence credit realized by the						
14				taxpayer in a taxable year multiplied by the applicable percent.						
15			<u>(b)</u>	By November first of each year, the tax commissioner shall notify						
16				each county auditor of the applicable percent to be used for the						
17				calculation in paragraph a for the current and prior two taxable years.						
18			<u>(c)</u>	For purposes of this paragraph, "applicable percent" means the						
19				percent, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, calculated as						
20				the quotient of the amount allocated to the legacy property tax relief						
21				fund from the legacy earnings fund for the primary residence credit						
22				pursuant to section 2 of this Act divided by the total amount						
23				appropriated from the legacy property tax relief fund for the primary						
24				residence credit, using the allocations and appropriations for the						
25				<u>relevant tax years.</u>						
26	2. Fai	ailure of an owner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor								
27	extend the discount privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.									
28	SECTION 20. REPEAL. Sections 21-10-12, 21-10-13, and 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota									
29	29 Century Code are repealed.									

#### 1 **SECTION 21. APPROPRIATION - TRANSFER - GENERAL FUND TO LEGACY** 2 **PROPERTY TAX RELIEF FUND - INFORMATION ON PROPERTY TAX STATEMENTS - TAX** 3 COMMISSIONER. 4 There is appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not 1. 5 otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$310,001,793, which the office of management 6 and budget shall transfer to the legacy property tax relief fund, during the biennium 7 beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027. For legislative council budget 8 status reporting purposes, the transfer under this subsection is considered an ongoing 9 funding item. 10 2. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the legacy property tax relief fund, not 11 otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$483,400,000, or so much of the sum as may be 12 necessary, to the tax commissioner for the state reimbursement under the primary 13 residence credit for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027. 14 Of the \$483,400,000, \$310,001,793 is from the general fund pursuant to subsection 1. 15 and \$173,398,207 is from the legacy earnings fund pursuant to section 2 of this Act. 16 3. Pursuant to section 57-20-07.1, the tax commissioner shall notify each county auditor 17 that the applicable percent for taxable years 2025 and 2026 is 35.87 percent, which 18 reflects the portion of the primary residence credit derived from funding distributed 19 from the legacy fund. 20 **SECTION 22. EFFECTIVE DATE.** 21 1. Sections 5, 6, 7, and 18 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after 22 December 31, 2024. 23 Sections 4, 8, 11, 12, and 13 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after 2. 24 December 31, 2025. 25 Section 9 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2025. 3. 26 4. Section 10 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2026. 27 **SECTION 23. EMERGENCY.** Sections 7 and 9 of this Act are declared to be an emergency 28 measure.