Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for House Appropriations Committee February 19, 2025

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO FIRST ENGROSSMENT

#### **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1176**

Introduced by

Representatives Nathe, Hagert, Headland, Lefor, Porter, Stemen, Swiontek, Vigesaa Senators Bekkedahl, Hogue, Weber, Rummel

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact two new sections to chapter 54-27, a new section to 2 chapter 57-02, and a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 3 to a legacy earnings fund, a legacy property tax relief fund, a primary residence certification, 4 and a limitation on property tax levies without voter approval; to amend and reenact section 5 6-09.4-10.1, subsection 1 of section 21-10-06, sections 40-40-06, 54-27-19.3, and 57-02-01, 6 subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1, subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 7 57-02-08.1, sectionssection 57-02-08.9 as amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as 8 approved by the sixty-ninth legislative assembly, sections 57-02-08.10, 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1, 9 57-02-53, 57-09-04, 57-11-03, 57-12-06, 57-15-02.2, and 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota 10 Century Code, relating to funds invested by the state investment board, property tax definitions, 11 the homestead tax credit and renters refund, the primary residence credit, property 12 classifications, assessment and budget hearing notices to property owners, and the property tax 13 statement; to repeal sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century Code, 14 relating to legacy fund definitions and the legacy earnings fund; to provide an appropriation; to 15 provide a transfer; to provide an effective date; to provide an expiration date; and to declare an 16 emergency.

#### 17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 6-09.4-10.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	6-09.4-10.1. Legacy sinking and interest fund - Debt service requirements - Public		
2	finance auth	ority.	
3	There is created in the state treasury the legacy sinking and interest fund. The fund consists		
4	of all moneys	deposited in the fund under section 21-10-135 of this Act. Moneys in the fund may	
5	be spent by t	he public finance authority pursuant to legislative appropriations to meet the debt	
6	service requi	rements for evidences of indebtedness issued by the authority for transfer to the	
7	Bank of North	n Dakota for allocations to infrastructure projects and programs.	
8	SECTION	N 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 21-10-06 of the North Dakota Century	
9	Code is amer	nded and reenacted as follows:	
10	1. Sub	ject to the provisions of section 21-10-02, the board shall invest the following	
11	func	ls:	
12	a.	State bonding fund.	
13	b.	Teachers' fund for retirement.	
14	C.	State fire and tornado fund.	
15	d.	Workforce safety and insurance fund.	
16	e.	Public employees retirement system.	
17	f.	Insurance regulatory trust fund.	
18	g.	State risk management fund.	
19	h.	Budget stabilization fund.	
20	i.	Water projects stabilization fund.	
21	j.	Health care trust fund.	
22	k.	Cultural endowment fund.	
23	I.	Petroleum tank release compensation fund.	
24	m.	Legacy fund.	
25	n.	Legacy earnings fund.	
26	<del>0.</del>	Opioid settlement fund.	
27	<del>p.<u>o.</u></del>	A fund under contract with the board pursuant to subsection 3.	
28	SECTION	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 40-40-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
29	amended and	d reenacted as follows:	

1	40-4	10-06	. Notice of <del>preliminary budget statement - Contents - How givenpublic</del>
2	<u>budget</u>	hear	ing date.
3	<del>1.</del> (	On or	before August tenth of each year, after the governing body has prepared the
4	prelimin	ary b	udget statement, the auditor of the municipality shall:
5		<del>a.</del>	Provide the county auditor with a copy of the preliminary budget statement.
6	<del>b.<u>1.</u></del>	Set	a public budget hearing date no earlier than September seventh and no later than
7		Oct	ober seventh for the purpose of adopting the final budget and making the annual
8		tax	levy.
9	<del>c.<u>2.</u></del>	Pro	vide notice of the public budget hearing date to the county auditor.
10	<del>2.</del>	For	municipalities anticipating levying less than one hundred thousand dollars in the
11		curi	r <del>ent year, notice must:</del>
12		<del>a.</del>	Contain a statement of the total proposed expenditures for each fund in the
13			preliminary budget, but need not contain any detailed statement of the proposed
14			expenditures;
15		<del>b.</del>	Be published at least once, not less than six days prior to the budget hearing, in a
16			newspaper published in the municipality, if there is one, and if no newspaper is
17			published in the municipality, the notice must be published not less than six days-
18			prior to the meeting in the official city newspaper as provided by section
19			<del>40-01-09; and</del>
20		<del>C.</del>	Provide that any taxpayer may appear and discuss with the governing body any
21			item of proposed expenditures or may object to any item or amount.
22	SEC	стіоі	N 4. AMENDMENT. Section 54-27-19.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
24	54-2	27-19	0.3. Legacy earnings highway distribution fund.
25	A le	gacy	earnings highway distribution fund is created as a special fund in the state treasury
26	into whic	ch mi	ust be deposited any allocations of legacy fund earnings made under section
27	<del>21-10-1</del> 3	<del>3</del> 5 of	this Act. Any moneys in the legacy earnings highway distribution fund must be
28	allocate	d and	transferred by the state treasurer, as follows:
29	1.	Sixt	ty percent must be transferred to the department of transportation for deposit in the
30		stat	e highway fund;
31	2.	Ten	percent must be transferred to the legacy earnings township highway aid fund;

1	3.	One	and five-tenths percent must be transferred to the public transportation fund; and			
2	4.	Twe	enty-eight and five-tenths percent must be allocated to cities and counties using the			
3		form	nula established in subsection 4 of section 54-27-19. Moneys received by counties			
4		and	cities must be used for roadway purposes in accordance with section 11 of			
5		artic	ele X of the Constitution of North Dakota.			
6	SEC		<b>5.</b> A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
7	and ena	cted	as follows:			
8	<u>Leg</u>	<u>acy e</u>	earnings fund - State treasurer - Legacy fund distribution - Allocations.			
9	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	re is created in the state treasury the legacy earnings fund. The fund consists of all			
10		mor	neys distributed by the state treasurer from the legacy fund pursuant to section 26			
11		<u>of a</u>	rticle X of the Constitution of North Dakota. The distribution from the legacy fund			
12		<u>on J</u>	luly first of each odd-numbered year must be equal to seven percent of the			
13		five-	year average value of the legacy fund balance as reported by the state investment			
14		<u>boa</u>	board. The average value of the legacy fund balance must be calculated using the			
15		<u>func</u>	fund balance at the end of each fiscal year for the five-year period ending with the			
16		mos	most recently completed even-numbered fiscal year.			
17	<u>2.</u>	<u>Fror</u>	m the amount distributed to the legacy earnings fund under subsection 1, the state			
18		treasurer shall allocate funding in July of each odd-numbered year in the following				
19		orde	er:			
20		<u>a.</u>	The first one hundred two million six hundred twenty-four thousand dollars or an			
21			amount equal to the amount appropriated from the legacy sinking and interest			
22			fund for debt service payments for a biennium, whichever is less, to the legacy			
23			sinking and interest fund under section 6-09.4-10.1.			
24		<u>b.</u>	The next one hundred million dollars to the legacy earnings highway distribution			
25			fund for allocations under section 54-27-19.3.			
26		<u>C.</u>	The remaining amount to the legacy property tax relief fund under section 6 of			
27			this Act.			
28	SEC		<b>6.</b> A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
29	and ena	cted a	as follows:			

- 1 Legacy property tax relief fund.
- 2 <u>There is created in the state treasury the legacy property tax relief fund. The fund consists</u>
- 3 of all moneys allocated to the fund under section 5 of this Act and all moneys transferred to the
- 4 fund by the legislative assembly.
- 5 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 6 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 7 **57-02-01**. Definitions.

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- 8 As used in this title, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
- 9 1. "Agricultural property" means platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural
- 10 crops or grazing farm animals, except lands platted and assessed as agricultural
- 11 property prior to March 30, 1981, shall continue to be assessed as agricultural
- 12 property until put to a use other than raising agricultural crops or grazing farm animals.
- 13 Agricultural property includes land on which a greenhouse or other building is located
- 14 if the land is used for a nursery or other purpose associated with the operation of the
- 15 greenhouse. The time limitations contained in this section may not be construed to
- prevent property that was assessed as other than agricultural property from being
  assessed as agricultural property if the property otherwise qualifies under this
  subsection.
- 19a.Property platted on or after March 30, 1981, is not agricultural property when any20four of the following conditions exist:
  - (1) The land is platted by the owner.
  - (2) Public improvements, including sewer, water, or streets, are in place.
  - (3) Topsoil is removed or topography is disturbed to the extent that the property cannot be used to raise crops or graze farm animals.
    - (4) Property is zoned other than agricultural.
  - (5) Property has assumed an urban atmosphere because of adjacent residential or commercial development on three or more sides.
  - (6) The parcel is less than ten acres [4.05 hectares] and not contiguous to agricultural property.
- 30(7)The property sells for more than four times the county average true and full31agricultural value.

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1		b. Land that was assessed as agricultural property at the time the land was put to
2		use for extraction of oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals as defined in section
3		38-12-01 must continue to be assessed as agricultural property if the remainder
4		of the surface owner's parcel of property on which the subsurface mineral activity
5		is occurring continues to qualify for assessment as agricultural property under
6		this subsection.
7	2.	"Air carrier transportation property" means the operative property of each airline
8		whose property is assessed for taxation purposes pursuant to chapters 57-06 and
9		57-32.
10	3.	"Assessed valuation" means fifty percent of the true and full value of property.
11	4.	"Centrally assessed property" means all property which is assessed by the state board
12		of equalization under chapters 57-05, 57-06, and 57-32.
13	5.	"Commercial property" means all property, or portions of property, not included in the
14		classes of property defined in subsections 1, 4, <del>11, 10, 12, 13,</del> and <del>1214</del> .
15	6.	"Credits" means and includes every claim and demand for money or other valuable
16		thing, and every annuity or sum of money receivable at stated periods, due or to
17		become due, and all claims and demands secured by deeds or mortgages, due or to
18		become due.
19	7.	"Governing body" means a board of county commissioners, city council, board of city
20		commissioners, school board, or board of education, or the similarly constituted and
21		acting board of any other municipality.
22	8.	"Money" or "moneys" means gold and silver coin, treasury notes, bank notes, and
23		every deposit which any person owning the same or holding in trust and residing in
24		this state is entitled to withdraw as money or on demand.
25	9.	"Municipality" or "taxing district" means a county, city, township, school district, water
26		conservation and flood control district, Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, county
27		park district, joint county park district, irrigation district, park district, rural fire protection
28		district, or any other subdivision of the state empowered to levy taxes.
29	10.	"Nonprimary residential property" means residential property, or portions of residential
30		property, not included in the class of property defined in subsection 12.
31	<u>11.</u>	"Person" includes a firm, corporation, or limited liability company.

1	<del>11.<u>12.</u></del>	"Primary residential property" means residential property certified as a primary
2		residence under section 14 of this Act.
3	<u>13.</u>	"Railroad property" means the operating property, including franchises, of each
4		railroad operated in this state, including any electric or other street or interurban
5		railway.
6	<del>12.<u>14.</u></del>	"Residential property" means all property, or portions of property, used by an individual
7		or group of individuals as a dwelling, including property upon which a mobile home is
8		located but not including hotel and motel accommodations required to be licensed
9		under chapter 23-09 nor structures providing living accommodations for four or more
10		separate family units nor any tract of land upon which four or more mobile homes are
11		located. The term includes nonprimary residential property and primary residential
12		property.
13	<del>13.<u>15.</u></del>	"Taxable valuation" signifies the valuation remaining after deducting exemptions and
14		making other reductions from the original assessed valuation, and is the valuation
15		upon which the rate of levy finally is computed and against which the taxes finally are
16		extended.
17	<del>14.<u>16.</u></del>	"Tract", "lot", "piece or parcel of real property", or "piece or parcel of land" means any
18		contiguous quantity of land in the possession of, owned by or recorded as the property
19		of, the same claimant, person, or company.
20	<del>15.<u>17.</u></del>	"True and full value" means the value determined by considering the earning or
21		productive capacity, if any, the market value, if any, and all other matters that affect the
22		actual value of the property to be assessed. This shall include, for purposes of arriving
23		at the true and full value of property used for agricultural purposes, farm rentals, soil
24		capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis.
25	<del>16.<u>18.</u></del>	"Unencumbered cash" means the total cash on hand in any fund, less the amount
26		belonging to the fund in closed banks and less the amount of outstanding warrants,
27		bills, accounts, and contracts which are chargeable against the fund.
28	<del>17.<u>19.</u></del>	There shall be a presumption that a unit of land is not a farm unless such unit contains
29		a minimum of ten acres [4.05 hectares], and the taxing authority, in determining
30		whether such presumption shall apply, shall consider such things as the present use,

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- the adaptability to use, and how similar type properties in the immediate area are
   classified for tax purposes.
- 3 SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
  4 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - c. The exemption must be determined according to the following schedule:
- 6 (1) If the person's income is not in excess of fortyfifty thousand dollars, a
  7 reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's
  8 homestead up to a maximum reduction of nine thousand dollars of taxable
  9 valuation.
- 10(2)If the person's income is in excess of fortyfifty thousand dollars and not in11excess of seventyeighty thousand dollars, a reduction of fifty percent of the12taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of13four thousand five hundred dollars of taxable valuation.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

16 For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of b. 17 any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, 18 furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of 19 the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be 20 considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty 21 percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a 22 gualified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state 23 general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual 24 income, but the refund may not be in excess of four hundredsix hundred dollars. 25 If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars 26 must be sent to the qualifying applicant.

27 SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is 28 amended and reenacted as follows:

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2	f <del>irst two taxable years<u>year</u> beginning after December 31, 2023<u>2024</u>)</del>
3	
4	property tax due on the individual'staxpayer's primary residence as provided in this
5	<u>section</u> . The credit may:
6	a. Is limited to one thousand four hundred fifty dollars.
7	<u>b.</u> May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.
8	<u><u><u> </u></u></u>
9	The credit must
10	<u>d.</u> <u>Must</u> be applied to reduce the property tax owed on the individual'staxpayer's
11	primary residence after other exemptions or credits under this chapter have been
12	applied.
13	
14	<u>a. "Owned" means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including</u>
15	ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
16	ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
17	purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
18	occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.
19	<u>b. (1)</u> <u>"Primary residence" means a dwelling in this state owned and occupied by</u>
20	an individual as that individual's primary place of residence and includes
21	residences taxed under chapter 57-55, including the land, appurtenances,
22	and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the dwelling, that is:
23	(a) Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
24	beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
25	(b) Designed or adapted for human residence;
26	(c) <u>Used as a residence; and</u>
27	(d) Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
28	individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
29	through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
30	beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
31	(2) For purposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:

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1	(a) An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
2	(b) <u>A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under</u>
3	<del>chapter 57-55.</del>
4	<u> </u>
5	(1) In which the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
6	transferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
7	the trustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
8	has the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
9	residence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
10	expenses specified in the instrument or court order:
11	(a) For life;
12	(b) For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
13	(c) Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
14	court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
15	identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
16	which the property is located; and
17	(2) That acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
18	that:
19	(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
20	interest acquired; and
21	(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
22	property is located.
23	d. <u>"Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal</u>
24	property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
25	or the individual's spouse.
26	
27	the credit under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a
28	nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and
29	the portion of the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented
30	to another individual <u>person</u> .

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1	<u>     4.  </u>	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
2		against any primary residence. If a credit under this section is applied against the
3		property tax due on a primary residence subject to a real estate transaction, any
4		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
5		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
6	<u> </u>	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under-
7		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
8	<del>6.</del>	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any-
9		<del>property.</del>
10	<u> </u>	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax-
11		commissioner, by April first of each year, an application containing a verified statement
12		of facts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the claimapplication on a
13		form and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be
14		filed:
15		a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence
16		taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
17		<u>b. By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary</u>
18		residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
19	<del>8.</del>	The tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
20		and make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax-
21		commissioner shall make these forms available upon request.
22	<del>SEC</del>	CTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
23	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
24	<del>57-(</del>	02-08.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the
25	<del>first tax</del>	able year beginning after December 31, 2024)
26	<u> </u>	A taxpayer is entitled to a credit against the property tax due on the taxpayer's parcel
27		of primary residenceresidential property as provided in this section. The credit:
28		a. Is limited to one thousand four hundred fifty dollars.
29		b. May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.
30		c. May not exceed the amount of property tax due against the parcel of primary
31		residence <u>residential property</u> .

	Legislative Assembly
1	d. Must be applied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's parcel of
2	primary residence <u>residential property</u> after other exemptions or credits under this
3	chapter have been applied.
4	
5	a. "Owned" means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including
6	ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
7	ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
8	purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
9	occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.
10	b. (1) "Primary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
11	appurtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
12	<del>dwelling, that is:</del>
13	(a) Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
14	beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
15	(b) Designed or adapted for human residence;
16	
17	(d) Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
18	individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
19	through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or-
20	beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
21	(2) For purposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
22	(a) An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
23	(b) A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under
24	<del>chapter 57-55.</del>
25	c. "Qualifying trust" means a trust:
26	(1) In which the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
27	transferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
28	the trustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
29	has the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
30	residence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
31	expenses specified in the instrument or court order:

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1	<del>(a) For life;</del>
2	(b) For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
3	(c) Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
4	court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to-
5	identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
6	which the property is located; and
7	(2) That acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order-
8	that:
9	(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the-
10	interest acquired; and
11	(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
12	property is located.
13	d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
14	property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
15	<del>or the individual's spouse.</del>
16	
17	under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
18	hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
19	the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
20	<del>person.</del>
21	
22	against any <u>parcel of</u> primary residence <u>residential property</u> . If a credit under this-
23	section is applied against the property tax due on a <u>parcel of</u> primary
24	residence <u>residential property</u> subject to a real estate transaction, any proration of the
25	amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on the amount of
26	property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
27	
28	subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
29	6. The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any
30	<del>property.</del>

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2	commissioner an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the
3	applicant's eligibility as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner-
4	prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be filed:
5	a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence
6	taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
7	b. By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary
8	residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
9	-8.3. The tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
10	and make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax-
11	commissioner shall make these forms available upon request.
12	SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code as
13	amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved by the sixty-ninth legislative
14	assembly, is amended and reenacted as follows:
15	57-02-08.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the
16	first <del>two </del> taxable <del>years</del> year beginning after December 31, <del>2023</del> 2024)
17	1. A taxpayer is entitled to a credit of five hundred dollars against the property tax due on
18	the taxpayer's primary residence as provided in this section. The credit-may:
19	a. Is limited to one thousand four hundred fifty dollars.
20	b. May not reduce the property tax due on voter-approved levies.
21	c. May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.
22	d. May not exceed the amount of property tax due against the primary residence.
23	The credit must
24	e. Must be applied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's primary
25	residence after other exemptions or credits under this chapter have been applied.
26	2. For purposes of this section:
27	a. "Owned" means an individual holds a present ownership interest, including
28	ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
29	ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
30	purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
31	occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.

1	t	Э.	(1)	"Prin	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
2				арри	urtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
3				dwel	lling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:
4				(a)	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
5					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
6				(b)	Designed or adapted for human residence;
7				(c)	Used as a residence; and
8				(d)	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
9					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
10					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
11					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
12			(2)	For	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
13				(a)	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
14				(b)	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter
15					57-55.
16	C	С.	"Qu	alifyin	g trust" means a trust:
17			(1)	In w	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
18				trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
19				the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
20				has	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
21				resic	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
22				expe	enses specified in the instrument or court order:
23				(a)	For life;
24				(b)	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
25				(c)	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
26					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
27					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
28					which the property is located; and
			( <b>2</b> )	Thet	
29			(2)	Inat	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
29 30			(2)	that:	

	-	-
1		(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
2		interest acquired; and
3		(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
4		property is located.
5		d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
6		property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
7		or the individual's spouse.
8	3.	An individual who does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
9		under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
10		hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
11		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
12		person.
13	4.	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
14		against any primary residence. A trust may not claim a credit for more than one
15		primary residence under this section. If a credit under this section is applied against
16		the property tax due on a primary residence subject to a real estate transaction, any
17		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
18		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
19	5.	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under
20		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
21	6.	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any
22		property.
23	7.	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax
24		commissioner <del>, by April first of each year,</del> an application containing a verified statement
25		of facts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the claimapplication on a
26		form and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be
27		filed:
28		a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence
29		taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
30		b. By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary
31		residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.

	-		
1	8.	The	e tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
2		and	make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax
3		com	nmissioner shall make these forms available upon request.
4	SE		N 11. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5	amende	ed and	d reenacted as follows:
6	57-	02-08	.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the
7	<del>first ta</del>	able	year beginning after December 31, 2024)
8	1.	A ta	expayer is entitled to a credit against the property tax due on the taxpayer's parcel
9		<u>of</u> p	rimary residenceresidential property as provided in this section. The credit:
10		a.	Is limited to one thousand four hundred fifty dollars.
11		b.	May not reduce the property tax due on voter-approved levies.
12		C.	May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.
13		d.	May not exceed the amount of property tax due against the parcel of primary
14			residenceresidential property.
15		e.	Must be applied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's parcel of
16			primary residence residential property after other exemptions or credits under this
17			chapter have been applied.
18	2.	For	purposes of this section:
19		<del>.</del>	"Owned" means an individual holds a present ownership interest, including-
20			ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present-
21			ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
22			purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
23			occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.
24		b.	(1) "Primary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
25			appurtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
26			dwelling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:
27			(a) Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
28			beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
29			(b) Designed or adapted for human residence;
30			(c) Used as a residence; and

1	(d) Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
2	individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
3	through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
4	beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
5	(2) For purposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
6	(a) An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
7	(b) A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter-
8	<del>57-55.</del>
9	
10	(1) In which the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
11	transferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on-
12	the trustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust-
13	has the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
14	residence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
15	expenses specified in the instrument or court order:
16	<del>a) For life;</del>
17	(b) For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
18	(c) Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
19	court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to-
20	identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in-
21	which the property is located; and
22	(2) That acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
23	that:
24	(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
25	interest acquired; and
26	(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
27	property is located.
28	d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal-
29	property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
30	or the individual's spouse.

1	<del>3.</del>	An individual who does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
2		under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
3		hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
4		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
5		person.
6	<u>     4.  </u>	-Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
7		against any <u>parcel of primary</u> residenceresidential property. A trust may not claim a
8		credit for more than one parcel of primary residence residential property under this
9		section. If a credit under this section is applied against the property tax due on a
10		parcel of primary residence residential property subject to a real estate transaction, any
11		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
12		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
13	<u> </u>	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under-
14		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
15	<u> </u>	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any
16		<del>property.</del>
17	<del>7.</del>	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax
18		commissioner an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the
19		applicant's eligibility as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner
20		prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be filed:
21		a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence
22		taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
23		b. By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary
24		residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
25	<u> </u>	The tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
26		and make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax
27		commissioner shall make these forms available upon request.
28	SEC	CTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
20	amondo	d and reenacted as follows:

29 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	57-02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through						
2	<del>June 30, 2026<u>May 31, 2026</u>)</del>						
3	1.	Ву	June first of each yearJune 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:				
4		a.	Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the				
5			sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for				
6			taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certif	y_			
7			to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of	Ĺ			
8			credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year	ſ_			
9			<u>2024.</u>				
10		<u>b.</u>	Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be				
11			applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025				
12			and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section				
13			57-02-08.9 <u>for taxable year 2025;</u> and				
14		<del>b.<u>c.</u></del>	Provide to each county auditor:				
15			(1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision ab which identifies a	а			
16			primary residence located in the county; and				
17			(2) The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for				
18			the current taxable year <u>2025</u> .				
19	2.	<u>By</u>	November 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:				
20		<u>a.</u>	Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary				
21			residences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied	_			
22			against taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualif	<u>y</u>			
23			for the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and				
24		<u>b.</u>	Provide to each county auditor:				
25			(1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a				
26			primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and				
27			(2) The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary				
28			residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.				
29	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	For taxable year 2025:				
30			(1) The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each				
31			primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the				

1		tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding
2		property tax statement.
3		(2) The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
4		57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
5		57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
6		residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
7		an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
8		county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
9		taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
10		county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this
11		paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay
12		according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
13		and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
14		sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
15		abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.
16		b. For taxable year 2026, the county auditor shall apply the credit under section
17		57-02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
18		57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence
19		on the corresponding mobile home tax statement.
20	<del>3.<u>4.</u></del>	By January first of each yearJanuary 15, 2026, the county auditor shall certify to the
21		tax commissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under
22		subsection 1subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and under subsection 2 which were
23		applied towardagainst property taxes owed on primary residences in the county for the
24		preceding yearas provided in subsection 3.
25	<u>4.5.</u>	By June first of each year after 2024May 31, 2026, the tax commissioner shall review
26		a sampling of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the
27		application of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county
28		the aggregate dollar amount of credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in each-
29		county for the preceding yearapplied against property taxes owed on primary
30		residences in the county as provided in subsection 3.

1	<u>5.6.</u>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later	
2		than June thirtieth of each year <del>after 2024</del> , the county treasurer shall apportion and	
3		distribute the payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the	
4		same basis as property taxes <del>for the preceding year<u>and mobile home taxes</u> were</del>	
5		apportioned and distributed for the taxable year in which the taxes were levied.	
6	<del>6.<u>7.</u></del>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and	
7		supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribe	ed
8		in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.	
9	<del>7.<u>8.</u></del>	The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to	
10		effectuate this section.	
11	<del>8.</del> 9.	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessar	y
12		to effectuate this section.	
13	SEC	CTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
14	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:	
15	57-0	02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. <del>(Effective through</del>	-
16	<del>May 31,</del>		
16 17	<b>May 31</b> , 1.		
	•	<del>, 2026)</del>	
17	•	<del>, 2026)</del> By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:	
17 18	•	<ul> <li><del>, 2026)</del></li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the</li> </ul>	£ <del>y</del> -
17 18 19	•	<ul> <li>, 2026)</li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for-</li> </ul>	
17 18 19 20	•	<ul> <li>, 2026)</li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for-taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certification of t</li></ul>	F
17 18 19 20 21	•	<ul> <li>, 2026)</li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for-taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certified to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of the state treasurer for payment to each county the state treas</li></ul>	F
17 18 19 20 21 22	•	<ul> <li>, 2026)</li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for-taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certified to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year</li> </ul>	F
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	•	<ul> <li><b>a</b>. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certified to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024.</li> </ul>	F
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	•	<ul> <li>, 2026)</li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall: <ul> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied fortaxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certified to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024.</li> <li>b. Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	f- r-
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> </ol>	•	<ul> <li>, 2026)</li> <li>By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall: <ul> <li>a. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certif to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024.</li> <li>b. Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	f- r-
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>	•	<ul> <li><b>a</b>: Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certified to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024.</li> <li><b>b</b>: Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section</li> </ul>	f- r-
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ol>	•	<ul> <li><b>b</b> June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li><b>a</b>. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certil to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024.</li> <li><b>b</b>. Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2025; and</li> </ul>	- -
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> </ol>	•	<ul> <li><b>b</b> June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:</li> <li><b>a</b>. Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certified to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2024.</li> <li><b>b</b>. Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2025; and</li> <li><b>c</b>. Provide to each county auditor:</li> </ul>	- -

1			<del>(2)</del>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for
2				taxable year 2025.
3	<del>2.</del>	<del>By</del> -	Nove	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
4		<del>a.</del>	Rev	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
5			resi	dences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied
6			aga	inst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify-
7			for t	the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and
8		<del>b.</del>	Pro	vide to each county auditor:
9			<del>(1)</del>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a
10				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and
11			<del>(2)</del>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary
12				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.
13	<del>3.</del>	<del>a.</del>	For	taxable year 2025:
14			<del>(1)</del>	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each
15				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the
16				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding-
17				property tax statement.
18			<del>(2)</del>	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section
19				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
20				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary
21				residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
22				an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
23				county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
24				taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
25				county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this
26				paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay-
27				according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
28				and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
29				sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
30				abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.

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1		<del>b.</del> <del>For taxabl</del>	e year 2026, the <u>The</u> county auditor shall apply the credit under section
2		57-02-08.9	o to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
3		<del>57-55 and</del>	identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary-
4		residence	parcel of primary residential property on the corresponding property tax
5		<u>statement</u>	<u>or</u> mobile home tax statement.
6	4 <u>.2.</u>	By January <del>15,</del>	<del>2026<u>fifteenth</u> of each year</del> , the county auditor shall certify to the tax
7		commissioner t	he sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under-
8		subdivisions b a	and c of subsection 1 and subsection 2 which <u>that</u> were applied against
9		property taxes	owed on primary residences in the county as provided in-
10		subsection 3for	-
11		a. <u>The prece</u>	ding taxable year for primary residential property taxed as real estate
12		<u>under this</u>	<u>title.</u>
13		b. The curre	nt taxable year for primary residential property taxed as a mobile home
14		<u>under cha</u>	<u>pter 57-55</u> .
15	<del>5.<u>3.</u></del>	By May <del>31, 202</del>	ethirty-first of each year, the tax commissioner shall review a sampling
16		of information p	provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the application
17		o <del>f the credit an</del>	e certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county the
18		aggregate dolla	r amount of credits applied against property taxes owed on primary
19		residences in th	<del>ne county as provided<u>certified by the counties</u> in subsection <u>32</u>.</del>
20	<del>6.<u>4.</u></del>	Within fourteen	days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, <del>but no later</del>
21		than June thirti	<del>eth of each year,</del> the county treasurer shall apportion and distribute the
22		payment to the	county and to the taxing districts of the county on the same basis as
23		property taxes	and mobile home taxes were apportioned and distributed for the
24		taxable year in	which the taxes were levied.
25	<del>7.<u>5.</u></del>	Supplemental o	certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and
26		supplemental p	ayments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed
27		n this section t	o make corrections necessary because of errors.
28	<del>8.<u>6.</u></del>	The county auc	litors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to
29		effectuate this s	section.
30	<del>9.<u>7.</u></del>	The tax commis	ssioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
31		to effectuate thi	s section.

1	SECTION 14. A new section to chapter 57-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created							
2	and enacted as follows:							
3	Primary residence certification - Eligibility for primary residential property							
4	<u>classifi</u>	catio	n - Ap	oplication.				
5	<u>1.</u>	<u>To b</u>	To be eligible for a primary residential property classification under this chapter, a					
6		prim	nary r	esidence must be certified by the county director of tax equalization as				
7		prov	<u>vided</u>	in this section.				
8	<u>2.</u>	<u>A dv</u>	vellin	g does not lose its character as a primary residence if the owner of the				
9		<u>dwe</u>	lling	does not reside in the primary residence because the individual is confined in				
10		<u>a nu</u>	ursing	home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts				
11		and	the p	portion of the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not				
12		<u>rent</u>	ed to	another person.				
13	<u>3.</u>	<u>To b</u>	e cer	rtified as a primary residence and eligible for the primary residential property				
14		<u>clas</u>	<u>sifica</u>	tion under this chapter, an owner shall sign and file with the tax commissioner				
15		<u>an a</u>	an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the owner's					
16		prop	perty	meets the eligibility requirements to be considered a primary residence under				
17		<u>this</u>	secti	on as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner prescribed by				
18		the t	tax co	ommissioner.				
19		<u>a.</u>	<u>An a</u>	application for primary residence certification must be filed by February first of				
20			<u>eac</u>	h year to request a primary residence certification for:				
21			<u>(1)</u>	The taxable year during which the application is filed for a primary residence				
22				taxed as real estate under this title.				
23			<u>(2)</u>	The taxable year succeeding the taxable year during which the application				
24				is filed for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter				
25				<u>57-55.</u>				
26		<u>b.</u>	<u>As s</u>	soon as practicable after receiving the applications, no later than February				
27			<u>twer</u>	nty-eighth of each year, the tax commissioner shall:				
28			<u>(1)</u>	Review the applications received under this subsection and determine				
29				which applicants qualify for the primary residence certification; and				

1			(2) Provide to each county director of tax equalization a copy of each approved				
2			or rejected application received under this subsection which identifies				
3			property located in the county.				
4		<u>c.</u>	Within fifteen days of receipt of the applications from the tax commissioner under				
5			paragraph 2 of subdivision b, no later than March fifteenth of each year, the				
6			county director of tax equalization shall notify the applicant of the approval or				
7			denial of the application and reflect the appropriate classification of the property				
8			on the assessment list.				
9		<u>d.</u>	The tax commissioner may request additional documentation from the applicant				
10			when making the determination of eligibility.				
11		<u>e.</u>	Determinations of eligibility under this subsection may be appealed through the				
12			informal equalization process and formal abatement process.				
13	<u>4.</u>	<u>A p</u>	rimary residence certification under this section is valid for the entire taxable year				
14		<u>for</u>	which the application for certification was approved, without regard to any change				
15		<u>of c</u>	ownership of the property which occurs after the application for certification was				
16		<u>app</u>	proved.				
17	<u>5.</u>	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary					
18		to effectuate this section. Application forms must include the full name and address of					
19		the applicant and any other information prescribed by the tax commissioner. The					
20		<u>cou</u>	inty director of tax equalization shall make these forms available to applicants upon				
21		req	<u>uest.</u>				
22	<u>6.</u>	For	purposes of this section:				
23		<u>a.</u>	"Owned" means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including				
24			ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present				
25			ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a				
26			purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of				
27			occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.				
		<u>b.</u>	(1) "Primary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,				
28		_					
28 29			appurtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the				

1			<u>subj</u> e	ect to subsection 2 and paragraph 2, as of the assessment date of the
2			<u>taxal</u>	ole year, is:
3			<u>(a)</u>	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
4				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
5			<u>(b)</u>	Designed or adapted for human residence;
6			<u>(c)</u>	<u>Used as a residence; and</u>
7			<u>(d)</u>	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, an individual
8				who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned through a
9				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or beneficiary of the
10				trust who qualifies for the certification.
11		<u>(2)</u>	<u>For p</u>	purposes of the term:
12			<u>(a)</u>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
13			<u>(b)</u>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under
14				<u>chapter 57-55.</u>
15	<u>C.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	alifying	<u>g trust" means a trust:</u>
16		<u>(1)</u>	<u>In w</u> ł	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
17			trans	ferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
18			the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
19			<u>has t</u>	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
20			resid	ence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
21			<u>expe</u>	nses specified in the instrument or court order:
22			<u>(a)</u>	<u>For life;</u>
23			<u>(b)</u>	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
24			<u>(c)</u>	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
25				court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
26				identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
27				which the property is located; and
28		<u>(2)</u>	<u>That</u>	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
29			<u>that:</u>	
30			<u>(a)</u>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
31				interest acquired; and

1			<u>(b)</u>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
2				property is located.
3		<u>d.</u>	<u>"Trustor" n</u>	neans an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
4			property to	a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
5			or the indiv	vidual's spouse.
6	SEC		15. AMEN	DMENT. Section 57-02-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7	amende	d and	l reenacted	as follows:
8	57-0	)2-27	. Property	to be valued at a percentage of assessed value - Classification of
9	propert	y - Li	mitation or	n valuation of annexed agricultural lands.
10	<u>1.</u>	All p	property sub	ject to taxation based on the value thereof must be valued as follows:
11	<del>1.</del>	<u>a.</u>	All <u>primary</u>	residential property and nonprimary residential property to be valued
12			at nine pe	rcent of assessed value. If any property is used for both residential and
13			nonreside	ntial purposes, the valuation must be prorated accordingly.
14	<del>2.</del>	<u>b.</u>	All agricult	ural property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value as
15			determine	d pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
16	<del>3.</del>	<u>C.</u>	All comme	rcial property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value.
17	<del>4.</del>	<u>d.</u>	All central	y assessed property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value
18			except as	provided in section 57-06-14.1.
19	<u>2.</u>	The	resulting a	mounts must be known asresulting from the calculation under
20		<u>sub</u> :	section 1 ar	e the taxable valuation.
21	<u>3.</u>	In d	etermining	he assessed value of real and personal property, except agricultural
22		prop	perty, the as	sessor may not adopt a lower or different standard of value because
23		the	same is to s	serve as a basis of taxation, nor may the assessor adopt as a criterion
24		of va	alue the prio	ce at which said property would sell at auction, or at forced sale, or in
25		the	aggregate v	vith all the property in the town or district, but the assessor shall value
26		eacl	n article or o	description by itself, and at such sum or price as the assessor believes
27		the	same to be	fairly worth in money. In assessing any tract or lot of real property,
28		ther	e must be c	letermined the value of the land, exclusive of improvements, and the
29		valu	e of all taxa	ble improvements and structures thereon, and the aggregate value of
30		the	property, inc	cluding all taxable structures and other improvements, excluding the
31		valu	e of crops g	growing upon cultivated lands. In valuing any real property upon which

1		there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry, the same must be valued at
2		such a price as such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair
3		voluntary sale for cash. Agricultural lands within the corporate limits of a city which are
4		not platted constitute agricultural property and must be so classified and valued for
5		ad valorem property tax purposes until such lands are put to another use. Agricultural
6		lands, whether within the corporate limits of a city or not, which were platted and
7		assessed as agricultural property prior to March 30, 1981, must be assessed as
8		agricultural property for ad valorem property tax purposes until put to another use.
9		Such valuation must be uniform with the valuation of adjoining unannexed agricultural
10		land.
11	SEC	CTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
12	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
13	57-0	02-27.1. Property to be valued at true and full value.
14	<u>1.</u>	All assessors and boards of equalization shall place the values of all items of taxable
15		property at the true and full value of the property except as otherwise specifically
16		provided by law, and the amount of taxes that may be levied on such property must be
17		limited as provided in this chapter. For the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1,
18		57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04, the term "true and full value" has the same meaning as
19		provided in <del>subsection 15 of</del> section 57-02-01, except that "true and full value" of
20		agricultural lands must be as determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
21	<u>2.</u>	The governing body of the city or township may establish valuations that recognize the
22		supply of vacant lots available for sale.
23	SEC	CTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is
24	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
25	57-0	02-53. Assessment <del>increase</del> notice to property owner.
26	1.	a. When any assessor has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract
27		of land and improvements to an amount that is an increase of three thousand dollars-
28		or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the previous year's assessment,
29		theAn assessor shall deliver written notice of the amount of increase and the amount of
30		the previoustrue and full value of each parcel of taxable property for the current year's
31		assessment to the property owner at the expense of the assessment district for which

- the assessor is employed and previous year, including improvements, which have been
   assessed by the assessor.
- <u>2.</u> Delivery of written notice to a property owner under this <u>subdivisionsection</u> must be
   completed at least fifteen days before the meeting of the local board of equalization.
- b. If written notice by the assessor was not required under subdivision a and action
  by the township, city, or county board of equalization or order of the state board
  of equalization has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract of landand improvements to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of three-
- 9 thousand dollars or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the-
- 10 previous year's assessment, written notice of the amount of increase and the-
- 11 amount of the previous year's assessment must be delivered to the property-
- 12 owner. The written notice under this subdivision must be mailed or delivered at
- 13 the expense of the township, city, or county that made the assessment increase-
- 14 or at the expense of the township, city, or county that was ordered to make the
- 15 increase by the state board of equalization. Delivery of written notice to a-
- 16property owner under this subdivision must be completed within fifteen days after-17the meeting of the township, city, or county board of equalization that made or-
- 18 ordered the assessment increase and within thirty days after the meeting of the
- 19state board of equalization, if the state board of equalization ordered the20assessment increase.
- e.3. The tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
   subsectionsection. The written notice under subdivision athis section must show the contain:

# 24 <u>a.</u> The true and full value of the parcel of taxable property, including improvements, 25 that the assessor determined for the current year and for the previous year and 26 <u>must also show the.</u>

27b.The date prescribed by law, time, and location for the meeting of the local board28of equalization of the assessment district in which the parcel of taxable property29is located and the meeting date, time, and location of the county board of30equalization hearing of each taxing district.

1 Delivery of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the <del>d.</del>4. 2 property owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's 3 last-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification 4 of receipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to 5 receive notice. 6 <del>2.</del> The form of notice prescribed by the tax commissioner must require a statement to 7 inform the taxpayer that an assessment increase may mean property taxes on the 8 parcel will increase. The notice may contain an estimate of a tax increase resulting 9 from the assessment increase. 10 SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 57-09-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is 11 amended and reenacted as follows: 12 57-09-04. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice. 13 The township board of equalization shall ascertain whether all taxable property in its 14 township has been properly placed upon the assessment list and duly valued by the assessor. 15 In case any real property has been omitted by inadvertence or otherwise, the board shall place 16 the same upon the list with the true value thereof. The board shall proceed to correct the 17 assessment so that each tract or lot of real property is entered on the assessment list at the true 18 value thereof. The board may not increase the valuation returned by the assessor to an amount-19 that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the 20 previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the owner's agent reasonable notice 21 and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the board to increase it. All complaints 22 and grievances of residents of the township must be heard and decided by the board and it may 23 make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by nonresidents with reference to the 24 assessment of any real property and complaints by others with reference to any assessment 25 made after the meeting of the township board of equalization must be heard and determined by 26 the county board of equalization. The board must comply with any requirement for notice of an 27 assessment increase under section 57-02-53. 28 SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 57-11-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 29 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	57-1	1-03. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice.							
2	At it	At its meeting, the board of equalization shall proceed to equalize and correct the							
3	assessment roll. It may change the valuation and assessment of any real property upon the roll								
4	by increasing or diminishing the true and full valuation thereof as is reasonable and just to								
5	render ta	axation uniform, except that the board may not increase the valuation of any property							
6	returned	by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen							
7	percent	from the amount of the previous year's assessment without first giving the owner or the							
8	owner's	agent reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the							
9	board to	increase it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the city must be heard and							
10	decided	by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by							
11	nonresio	lents with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints by others							
12	with refe	erence to any assessment made after the meeting of the city board of equalization must							
13	be heard	d and determined by the county board of equalization. <del>The board shall comply with any</del>							
14	requiren	nent for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.							
15	SEC	TION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-12-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
16	amende	d and reenacted as follows:							
17	57-1	2-06. County board of equalization - Equalizing between assessment districts							
18	and bet	ween properties - Limitation on increase - Notice.							
19	1.	The rules prescribed in section 57-12-05 apply when the board of county							
20		commissioners is equalizing assessments between the several assessment and taxing							
21		districts in the county provided that in such case, except as otherwise provided in							
22		subsection 2, the board may raise or lower the valuation of classes of property only so							
23		as to equalize the assessments as between districts. If the board orders an increase							
24		under this subsection, the board must comply with any requirement for notice of an							
25		assessment increase under section 57-02-53.							
26	2.	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section:							
27		a. The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization							
28		may reduce the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real estate even							
29		though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local board of							
30		equalization. The county board of equalization may not reduce any such							
31		assessment unless the owner of the property or the person to whom it was							

1			assessed first appeals to the county board of equalization, either by appearing
2			personally or by a representative before the board or by mail or other
3			communication to the board, in which the owner's reasons for asking for the
4			reduction are made known to the board. The proceedings of the board shall show
5			the manner in which the appeal was made known to the board and the reasons
6			for granting any reduction in any such assessment.
7		b.	The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization
8			may increase the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real property
9			even though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local
10			board of equalization. The county board of equalization may not increase the
11			valuation returned by the assessor or the local board of equalization to an
12			amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the
13			amount of the previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the
14			owner's agent notice by mail to the owner of the property that such person may
15			appear before the board on the date designated in the notice, which date must be
16			at least five days after the mailing of the notice. The county auditor as clerk of the
17			board shall send such notice to the person or persons concerned. If the board
18			orders an increase under this subdivision, the board must comply with any
19			requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
20		C.	If the county board of equalization during the course of its equalization sessions
21			determines that any property of any person has been listed and assessed in the
22			wrong classification, it shall direct the county auditor to correct the listing so as to
23			include such assessment in the correct classification.
24	3.	The	owner of any separate piece or parcel of real estate that has been assessed may
25		app	eal the assessment thereon to the state board of equalization as provided in
26		sec	tion 57-13-04; provided, however, that such owner has first appealed the
27		ass	essment to the local equalization board of the taxing district in which the property
28		was	assessed and to the county board of equalization of the county in which the
29		prop	perty was assessed. Notwithstanding this requirement, an owner of property which
30		has	been subjected to a new assessment authorized under section 57-14-08 may

appeal the new assessment to the state board of equalization in the manner provided
 for in section 57-14-08.

3 SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 57-15-02.2. Estimated property tax and budgetBudget hearing notice.

- On or before August tenth of each year, the governing body of a taxing district shall
  provide to the county auditor in each county in which the taxing district has taxable
  property a preliminary budget statement and the date, time, and location of the taxing
  district's public hearing on its property tax levy, which may be no earlier than
  September seventh. A taxing district that fails to provide the information required under
  this subsection on or before August tenth may not impose a property tax levy in a
  greater amount of dollars than was imposed by the taxing district in the prior year.
- By August thirty-first of each year, the county treasurer shall provide a written notice to
   the owner of each parcel of taxable property with a total estimated property tax of at
   least one hundred dollars. The text of the notice must contain:
- 16a.The date, time, and location of the public budget hearing for each of the taxing17districts in which the property owner's parcel is located, which anticipate levying-18in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in the current year, and the location at19which the taxing district's budget is available for review; and
- 20 b. The true and full value of the property based on the best information available;
- c. A column showing the actual property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the
   taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding
   taxable year and a column showing the estimated property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies based on the preliminary budget statements of all taxing jurisdictions;
- A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's total levy from the
  previous year and the taxing district's estimated levy with the word "INCREASE"
  printed in boldface type if the proposed tax levy is larger in dollars than the levy in
  dollars in the previous year;

1		e.	Information identifying the estimated property tax savings that will be provided						
2			pursuant to section 57-20-07.1 based on the best information available;						
3		f.	A statement that there will be an opportunity for citizens to present oral or written						
4			comments regarding each taxing district's property tax levy <del>; and</del>						
5		<del>g.</del>	The actual amount of the special assessment installment payable against the						
6			parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year.						
7	3.	Deli	very of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the						
8		prop	perty owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's						
9		last-	known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification						
10		of re	eceipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to						
11		rece	eive notice. If a parcel of taxable property is owned by more than one owner, notice						
12		mus	t be sent to only one owner of the property. Failure of an owner to receive a notice						
13		unde	er this section will not relieve the owner of property tax liability or modify the						
14		qual	lifying date under section 57-20-09 for which an owner may receive a discount for						
15		earl	y payment of tax.						
16	4.	The	tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this						
17		sect	ion.						
18	5.	The	direct cost of providing taxpayer notices under this section may be allocated in a						
19		man	ner proportionate to the number of notices mailed on behalf of each taxing district						
20		that	intends to levy in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in property taxes in the						
21		curr	ent year.						
22	SEC		<b>1 22.</b> A new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created						
23	and ena	cted a	as follows:						
24	<u>Lim</u>	itatio	n on levies by taxing districts without voter approval.						
25	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Notwithstanding that a taxing district may have unused or excess levy authority						
26			under any other provision of law, this section supersedes and limits that authority.						
27			This section may not be interpreted as authority to increase any property tax levy						
28			authority otherwise provided by law and must be applied to limit any property tax						
29			levy authority to which a taxing district may otherwise be entitled. Property taxes						
30			levied in dollars by a taxing district may not exceed the greater of the base year						

1			levy increased by the allowable percentage limit or the adjusted year levy
2			increased by the allowable percentage limit.
3		<u>b.</u>	Excluding any negative excess percentage increase, a taxing district may carry
4			forward an excess percentage increase to be used in any of the five succeeding
5			taxable years. An excess percentage increase may be used only once to
6			increase the limitation under subdivision a and may not be carried forward
7			beyond five taxable years. The oldest unused excess percentage increase must
8			be applied first.
9	<u>2.</u>	The	e limitation under subsection 1 does not apply to:
10		<u>a.</u>	New or increased property tax levy authority that becomes available to the taxing
11			district in the current taxable year resulting from:
12			(1) <u>A change in state law.</u>
13			(2) Approval by the electors of the taxing district.
14		<u>b.</u>	Property tax levy authority increased above zero mills in the current taxable year
15			by the governing board of the taxing district, provided the levy authority was not
16			previously used.
17		<u>C.</u>	Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of
18			article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
19		<u>d.</u>	The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X
20			of the Constitution of North Dakota.
21		<u>e.</u>	The levy, not to exceed one mill, for the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District,
22			authorized by section 57-15-26.8.
23		<u>f.</u>	Taxes or special assessments levied to pay the principal and interest on any
24			obligations of any political subdivision, including taxes levied for deficiencies in
25			special assessment and improvement district funds and revenue bond and
26			reserve funds.
27		<u>g.</u>	Taxes levied pursuant to law for the proportion of the cost to any taxing district for
28		-	a special improvement project by general taxation.
29		<u>h.</u>	<u>Taxes levied under sections 40-24-10, 40-43-01, 57-15-28, 57-15-41, and</u>
30		<u></u>	57-15-48 and chapter 61-16.1.
31		<u>i.</u>	Taxes levied, up to eighteen mills, under section 57-15-20.
01		<u>L</u> .	

1	3.	A majority of the qualified electors in a taxing district, voting on the question at a								
2		regular or specialstatewide primary or general election, or sixty percent of the qualified								
3		<u>electors in a taxing district at a special election of the taxing district,</u> may approve a								
4		property tax levy exceeding the limitation under subsection 1 for <del>only one<u>two</u>four</del>								
5		taxable yearyears at a time, beginning with the taxable year after the general election								
6		during which the ballot measure was approved. The ballot measure must state the								
7		proposed percentage increase and the proposed dollar amount increase exceeding								
8		the limitation under subsection 1.								
9	<u>4.</u>	A majority of the qualified electors in a city or county at a statewide primary or general								
10		election may elect for the city or county to be excluded from the limitation under this								
11		section for a period of ten taxable years at a time.								
12	<u> <u>5.</u> </u>	-For taxable year 2025, a city may levy an amount equal to the amount levied in dollars								
13		in the preceding taxable year under sections 40-05-19 and 57-15-42 as part of the levy								
14		under section 57-15-08 without including the dollars levied for this purpose as part of								
15		the limitation under subsection 1.								
16	<u><del>6.</del>5.</u>	A city or county may not supersede or modify the application of this section under								
17		home rule authority.								
18	<u>7.6.</u>	For purposes of this section:								
19		a. "Adjusted year levy" means amount of property tax levied in dollars by the taxing								
20		district in the preceding taxable year adjusted as follows:								
21		(1) When property and improvements to property which were not taxable in the								
22		preceding taxable year are taxable in the current year, the amount levied in								
23		dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be increased								
24		to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed against the additional								
25		taxable valuation attributable to that property at the mill rate applied to all								
26		property in the preceding taxable year, excluding the mill rate associated								
27		with:								
28		(a) Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under								
29		section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.								

1			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
2			~~/	authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
3				Dakota.
4		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	<u>n a property tax exemption existed in the preceding taxable year which</u>
5			<u>has l</u>	peen reduced or no longer exists for the current taxable year, the
6			<u>amo</u>	unt levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district
7			must	be increased to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed
8			<u>agai</u> i	nst the portion of the taxable valuation of the property which is no
9			long	er exempt at the mill rate applied to all property in the preceding taxable
10			<u>year</u>	excluding the mill rate associated with:
11			<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under
12				section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
13			<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
14				authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
15				<u>Dakota.</u>
16		<u>(3)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable
17			<u>for th</u>	ne current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding
18			<u>taxa</u>	ole year by the taxing district must be reduced by the amount of taxes
19			that y	were imposed against the taxable valuation of that property in the
20			prec	eding taxable year.
21		<u>(4)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n a temporary mill levy increase, excluding an increase under this
22			<u>secti</u>	on, authorized by the electors of the taxing district or mill levy
23			impo	sition authority under state law existed in the preceding taxable year
24			<u>but i</u>	s no longer applicable or has been reduced, the amount levied in
25			<u>dolla</u>	rs in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be adjusted
26			<u>to re</u>	flect the expired temporary mill levy increase and the eliminated or
27			<u>redu</u>	ced mill levy under state law before the percentage increase allowable
28			unde	er this subsection is applied.
29	<u>b.</u>	<u>"Allo</u>	owable	e percentage limit" means three percent.

1		<u>C.</u>	<u>"Base</u>	e year levy" means the highest amount of property tax levied in dollars by a					
2			<u>taxing</u>	g district in the three taxable years immediately preceding the current					
3			<u>taxab</u>	taxable year.					
4		<u>d.</u>	<u>"Exce</u>	ess percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest					
5			<u>hundr</u>	redth of a percent, between:					
6			<u>(1)</u>	The allowable percentage limit; and					
7	÷		<u>(2)</u>	The difference between the actual amount of property tax levied in dollars					
8			i	and the greater of the base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the					
9			ļ	resulting difference under this paragraph divided by the greater of the base					
10				<u>year levy or adjusted year levy.</u>					
11		<u>e.</u>	<u>"Prop</u>	posed percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest					
12			<u>hundr</u>	redth of a percent, between:					
13			(1)	The difference between the amount of property tax in dollars proposed to be					
14			ļ	levied by the governing board of the taxing district and the greater of the					
15			ļ	base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the resulting difference under					
16			1	this paragraph divided by the greater of the base year levy or adjusted year					
17			ļ	levy; and					
18			<u>(2)</u>	The allowable percentage limit.					
19		<u>f.</u>	<u>"Taxir</u>	ng district" means any political subdivision empowered to levy taxes.					
20	SEC	TIO	N 23. A	MENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
21	amendeo	d an	d reena	acted as follows:					
22	57-20	0-07	.1. Cou	unty treasurer to mail real estate tax statement - Contents of statement.					
23	1.	On	or befo	pre December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail a					
24		rea	estate	e tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's					
25		last	-known	n address. The form of the real estate tax statement to be used in every					
26		cou	nty mu	ist be prescribed and approved for use by the tax commissioner. The					
27		stat	ement	must be provided in a manner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed					
28		reco	ord of tl	he obligation for payment of taxes and special assessments as provided in					
29		the	statem	nent. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the					
30		cou	nty trea	asurer shall send only one statement to one of the owners of that property.					
31		Add	litional	copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their					

1	req	equest and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. The						
2	tax	statement must:						
3	a.	Inclu	ude a o	dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the				
4		prop	perty a	nd the total mill levy applicable.				
5	b.	Inclu	ude, oi	be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns showing, for				
6		the	taxable	e year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately				
7		prec	ceding	taxable years <del>, the</del> :				
8		<u>(1)</u>	<u>The</u>	property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school				
9			distri	ct and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel.				
10		<u>(2)</u>	<u>The</u> a	amount of property tax levied as a result of voter-approved levy				
11			autho	prity, which must be separately stated for each taxing district that levied				
12			prope	erty tax as a result of voter-approved levy authority.				
13	c.	Prov	vide in	formation identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of				
14		Nor	th Dak	ota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled				
15		"leg	islative	e tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings				
16		real	realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019,					
17		cha	chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27.					
18		(1)	For p	ourposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27				
19			is de	termined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each				
20			parce	el shown on the tax statement by <del>the number of mills of mill levy</del>				
21			redue	ction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the				
22			numł	per of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill				
23			rate (	<del>of the school district in which the parcel is located</del> the lesser of <u>one</u>				
24			<u>hund</u>	red twenty-five mills or the sum of:				
25			(a)	Fifty millsThe number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under				
26				chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year; orand				
27			(b)	The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minusexcluding				
28				sixty mills.				
29		(2)	Legis	slative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the				
30			taxab	ble value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax				
31			state	ment by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount				

1		(	calcu	lated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by
2				axable value of taxable property in the zone for the taxable year.
3	<u>d.</u>			formation identifying the primary residence credit, including information
4	—			the portion of the credit derived from funding distributed from the
5		legac	•	
6		•	•	statement must include a separate line item identifying the primary_
7		. ,		ence credit realized by the taxpayer for each taxable year shown.
8				statements must include a separate line item or conspicuous
9		. ,		ription identifying the portion of the credit derived from funding
10				buted from the legacy fund.
11			<u>(a)</u>	The dollar amount of the primary residence credit derived from
12		-	<del>(a)</del>	funding distributed from the legacy fund is calculated as the product of
13				the total amount of the primary residence credit realized by the
14				taxpayer in a taxable year multiplied by the applicable percent.
15			<u>(b)</u>	By November first of each year, the tax commissioner shall notify
16		-	<u>101</u>	each county auditor of the applicable percent to be used for the
17				calculation in paragraph a for the current and prior two taxable years.
18			<u>(c)</u>	For purposes of this paragraph, "applicable percent" means the
19			<b>₹○</b> 7	percent, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, calculated as
20				the quotient of the amount allocated to the legacy property tax relief
21				fund from the legacy earnings fund for the primary residence credit
22				pursuant to section 5 of this Act divided by the total amount
23				appropriated from the legacy property tax relief fund for the primary
24				residence credit, using the allocations and appropriations for the
25				relevant tax years.
26	2. Failu	ire of a	an ov	vner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor
20				ount privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.
28				AL. Sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century
20 29	Code are repe			h = 0000000 2 1 10 12 and 2 1 10 10 01 the North Dakota Century
20		alcu.		

1	SEC	TION 25. APPROPRIATION - TRANSFER - GENERAL FUND TO LEGACY
2	PROPE	RTY TAX RELIEF FUND - INFORMATION ON PROPERTY TAX STATEMENTS - TAX
3	COMMI	SSIONER.
4	1.	There is appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not
5		otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$74,601,793, which the office of management and
6		budget shall transfer to the legacy property tax relief fund, during the biennium
7		beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027. For legislative council budget
8		status reporting purposes, the transfer under this subsection is considered an ongoing
9		funding item.
10	2.	There is appropriated out of any moneys in the legacy property tax relief fund, not
11		otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$473,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be
12		necessary, to the tax commissioner for the state reimbursement under the primary
13		residence credit for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027.
14		Of the \$473,000,000, \$74,601,793 is from the general fund pursuant to subsection 1,
15		and \$398,398,207 is from the legacy earnings fund.
16	3.	Pursuant to section 57-20-07.1, the tax commissioner shall notify each county auditor
17		that the applicable percent for taxable years 2025 and 2026 is 84.23 percent, which
18		reflects the portion of the primary residence credit derived from funding distributed
19		from the legacy fund.
20	SEC	TION 26. APPROPRIATION - TAX COMMISSIONER - HOMESTEAD TAX CREDIT.
21	There is	appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise
22	appropri	ated, the sum of \$5,450,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the tax
23	commiss	sioner for the purpose of the state reimbursement of the homestead tax credit, for the
24	bienniun	n beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027.
25	SEC	CTION 27. EFFECTIVE DATE.
26	1.	Sections 8, 9, 10, and 22 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after
27		December 31, 2024.
28	2.	Sections 7, 11, 14, 15, and 16 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after
29		December 31, 2025.
30	3.	Section 12 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2025.
31	4.	Section 13 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2026.

# 1 SECTION 28. EMERGENCY. Sections 10 and 12 of this Act are declared to be an

2 emergency measure.