Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SECOND ENGROSSMENT with Conference Committee Amendments REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1176

Introduced by

Representatives Nathe, Hagert, Headland, Lefor, Porter, Stemen, Swiontek, Vigesaa Senators Bekkedahl, Hogue, Weber, Rummel

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact two new sections to chapter 54-27, a new section to 2 chapter 57-02, and a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating 3 to a legacy earnings fund, a legacy property tax relief fund, a primary residence certification, 4 and a limitation on property tax levies without voter approval; to amend and reenact section 5 6-09.4-10.1, subsection 1 of section 21-10-06, sections 40-40-06, 54-27-19.3, and 57-02-01, 6 subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1, section 57-02-08.8, section 57-02-08.9 as 7 amended by section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved by the sixty-ninth legislative 8 assembly, sections 57-02-08.10, 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1, 57-02-53, 57-09-04, 57-11-03, 57-12-06, 9 57-15-02.2, 57-15-14.2, and 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to funds 10 invested by the state investment board, property tax definitions, the renters refund, the property 11 tax credit for disabled veterans, the primary residence credit, property classifications, 12 assessment and budget hearing notices to property owners, school district levies, and the 13 property tax statement; to repeal sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century 14 Code, relating to legacy fund definitions and the legacy earnings fund; to provide for a 15 legislative management study; to provide for a legislative management report; to provide an 16 appropriation; to provide an exemption; to provide an effective date; to provide an expiration 17 date; and to declare an emergency.

18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 6-09.4-10.1 of the North Dakota Century Code isamended and reenacted as follows:

1	6-09.4-10	0.1. Legacy sinking and interest fund - Debt service requirements - Public					
2	finance authority.						
3	There is created in the state treasury the legacy sinking and interest fund. The fund consists						
4	of all moneys deposited in the fund under section 21-10-135 of this Act . Moneys in the fund may						
5	be spent by t	he public finance authority pursuant to legislative appropriations to meet the debt					
6	service requi	rements for evidences of indebtedness issued by the authority for transfer to the					
7	Bank of North	n Dakota for allocations to infrastructure projects and programs.					
8	SECTION	N 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 21-10-06 of the North Dakota Century					
9	Code is amer	nded and reenacted as follows:					
10	1. Sub	ject to the provisions of section 21-10-02, the board shall invest the following					
11	func	ls:					
12	a.	State bonding fund.					
13	b.	Teachers' fund for retirement.					
14	C.	State fire and tornado fund.					
15	d.	Workforce safety and insurance fund.					
16	e.	Public employees retirement system.					
17	f.	Insurance regulatory trust fund.					
18	g.	State risk management fund.					
19	h.	Budget stabilization fund.					
20	i.	Water projects stabilization fund.					
21	j.	Health care trust fund.					
22	k.	Cultural endowment fund.					
23	I.	Petroleum tank release compensation fund.					
24	m.	Legacy fund.					
25	n.	Legacy earnings fund.					
26	0.	Opioid settlement fund.					
27	p.<u>o.</u>	A fund under contract with the board pursuant to subsection 3.					
28	SECTION	N 3. AMENDMENT. Section 40-40-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
29	amended and	d reenacted as follows:					

1	40-4	40-06	3. Notice of preliminary budget statement - Contents - How given<u>public</u>						
2	<u>budget</u>	hear	ing date.						
3	1. On or before August tenth of each year, after the governing body has prepared the								
4	preliminary budget statement, the auditor of the municipality shall:								
5		a.	Provide the county auditor with a copy of the preliminary budget statement.						
6	b.<u>1.</u>	Set	a public budget hearing date no earlier than September seventh and no later than						
7		Oct	ober seventh for the purpose of adopting the final budget and making the annual						
8		tax	levy.						
9	c.<u>2.</u>	Pro	vide notice of the public budget hearing date to the county auditor.						
10	2.	For	municipalities anticipating levying less than one hundred thousand dollars in the						
11		curi	rent year, notice must:						
12		a.	Contain a statement of the total proposed expenditures for each fund in the						
13			preliminary budget, but need not contain any detailed statement of the proposed						
14			expenditures;						
15		b.	Be published at least once, not less than six days prior to the budget hearing, in a						
16			newspaper published in the municipality, if there is one, and if no newspaper is-						
17			published in the municipality, the notice must be published not less than six days						
18			prior to the meeting in the official city newspaper as provided by section						
19			40-01-09; and						
20		c.	Provide that any taxpayer may appear and discuss with the governing body any-						
21			item of proposed expenditures or may object to any item or amount.						
22	SEC		N 4. AMENDMENT. Section 54-27-19.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
23	amende	d an	d reenacted as follows:						
24	54-2	27-19	0.3. Legacy earnings highway distribution fund.						
25	A le	gacy	earnings highway distribution fund is created as a special fund in the state treasury						
26	into which must be deposited any allocations of legacy fund earnings made under section								
27	21-10-1	3 . An	y moneys in the legacy earnings highway distribution fund must be allocated and						
28	transfer	red b	y the state treasurer, as follows:						
29	1.	Sixt	ty percent must be transferred to the department of transportation for deposit in the						
30		stat	te highway fund;						
31	2.	Ten	percent must be transferred to the legacy earnings township highway aid fund;						

1	3.	One a	and five-tenths percent must be transferred to the public transportation fund; and							
2	4.	Twent	enty-eight and five-tenths percent must be allocated to cities and counties using the							
3		formu	mula established in subsection 4 of section 54-27-19. Moneys received by counties							
4		and ci	d cities must be used for roadway purposes in accordance with section 11 of							
5		article	X of the Constitution of North Dakota.							
6	SECTION 5. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created									
7	and ena	cted as	s follows:							
8	<u>Leg</u>	acy ea	rnings fund - State treasurer - Legacy fund distribution - Allocations.							
9	<u>1.</u>	<u>There</u>	is created in the state treasury the legacy earnings fund. The fund consists of all							
10		mone	ys distributed by the state treasurer from the legacy fund pursuant to section 26							
11		<u>of arti</u>	cle X of the Constitution of North Dakota. The distribution from the legacy fund							
12		<u>on Jul</u>	ly first of each odd-numbered year must be equal to eight percent of the five-year							
13		<u>avera</u>	ge value of the legacy fund balance as reported by the state investment board.							
14		<u>The a</u>	verage value of the legacy fund balance must be calculated using the fund							
15		balan	alance at the end of each fiscal year for the five-year period ending with the most							
16		recent	tly completed even-numbered fiscal year.							
17	<u>2.</u>	<u>From</u>	the amount distributed to the legacy earnings fund under subsection 1, the state							
18		<u>treasu</u>	irer shall allocate the funding in July of each odd-numbered year in the following							
19		order:								
20		<u>a.</u>]	The first one hundred two million six hundred twenty-four thousand dollars or an							
21		<u>a</u>	amount equal to the amount appropriated from the legacy sinking and interest							
22		<u>f</u>	und for debt service payments for a biennium, whichever is less, to the legacy							
23		<u>s</u>	sinking and interest fund under section 6-09.4-10.1.							
24		<u>b.</u>]	The remaining amount as follows:							
25		Ĺ	1) Thirty percent to the highway fund.							
26		(2	2) The remainder to the legacy property tax relief fund.							
27	SEC		6. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created							
28	and ena	cted as	s follows:							

- 1 Legacy property tax relief fund.
- 2 <u>There is created in the state treasury the legacy property tax relief fund. The fund consists</u>
- 3 of all moneys allocated to the fund under section 5 of this Act and all moneys transferred to the
- 4 fund by the legislative assembly.
- 5 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 6 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 7 **57-02-01**. Definitions.

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- 8 As used in this title, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
- 9 1. "Agricultural property" means platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural
- 10 crops or grazing farm animals, except lands platted and assessed as agricultural
- 11 property prior to March 30, 1981, shall continue to be assessed as agricultural
- 12 property until put to a use other than raising agricultural crops or grazing farm animals.
- 13 Agricultural property includes land on which a greenhouse or other building is located
- 14 if the land is used for a nursery or other purpose associated with the operation of the
- 15 greenhouse. The time limitations contained in this section may not be construed to
- prevent property that was assessed as other than agricultural property from being
 assessed as agricultural property if the property otherwise qualifies under this
 subsection.
- a. Property platted on or after March 30, 1981, is not agricultural property when any
 four of the following conditions exist:
 - (1) The land is platted by the owner.
 - (2) Public improvements, including sewer, water, or streets, are in place.
 - (3) Topsoil is removed or topography is disturbed to the extent that the property cannot be used to raise crops or graze farm animals.
 - (4) Property is zoned other than agricultural.
 - (5) Property has assumed an urban atmosphere because of adjacent residential or commercial development on three or more sides.
 - (6) The parcel is less than ten acres [4.05 hectares] and not contiguous to agricultural property.
- 30(7)The property sells for more than four times the county average true and full31agricultural value.

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1		b. Land that was assessed as agricultural property at the time the land was put to
2		use for extraction of oil, natural gas, or subsurface minerals as defined in section
3		38-12-01 must continue to be assessed as agricultural property if the remainder
4		of the surface owner's parcel of property on which the subsurface mineral activity
5		is occurring continues to qualify for assessment as agricultural property under
6		this subsection.
7	2.	"Air carrier transportation property" means the operative property of each airline
8		whose property is assessed for taxation purposes pursuant to chapters 57-06 and
9		57-32.
10	3.	"Assessed valuation" means fifty percent of the true and full value of property.
11	4.	"Centrally assessed property" means all property which is assessed by the state board
12		of equalization under chapters 57-05, 57-06, and 57-32.
13	5.	"Commercial property" means all property, or portions of property, not included in the
14		classes of property defined in subsections 1, 4, 11, 10, 12, 13, and 1214 .
15	6.	"Credits" means and includes every claim and demand for money or other valuable
16		thing, and every annuity or sum of money receivable at stated periods, due or to
17		become due, and all claims and demands secured by deeds or mortgages, due or to
18		become due.
19	7.	"Governing body" means a board of county commissioners, city council, board of city
20		commissioners, school board, or board of education, or the similarly constituted and
21		acting board of any other municipality.
22	8.	"Money" or "moneys" means gold and silver coin, treasury notes, bank notes, and
23		every deposit which any person owning the same or holding in trust and residing in
24		this state is entitled to withdraw as money or on demand.
25	9.	"Municipality" or "taxing district" means a county, city, township, school district, water
26		conservation and flood control district, Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, county
27		park district, joint county park district, irrigation district, park district, rural fire protection
28		district, or any other subdivision of the state empowered to levy taxes.
29	10.	"Nonprimary residential property" means residential property, or portions of residential
30		property, not included in the class of property defined in subsection 12.
31	<u>11.</u>	"Person" includes a firm, corporation, or limited liability company.

1	11.<u>12.</u>	"Primary residential property" means residential property certified as a primary
2		residence under section 14 of this Act.
3	<u>13.</u>	"Railroad property" means the operating property, including franchises, of each
4		railroad operated in this state, including any electric or other street or interurban
5		railway.
6	12.<u>14.</u>	"Residential property" means all property, or portions of property, used by an individual
7		or group of individuals as a dwelling, including property upon which a mobile home is
8		located but not including hotel and motel accommodations required to be licensed
9		under chapter 23-09 nor structures providing living accommodations for four or more
10		separate family units nor any tract of land upon which four or more mobile homes are
11		located. The term includes nonprimary residential property and primary residential
12		property.
13	13.<u>15.</u>	"Taxable valuation" signifies the valuation remaining after deducting exemptions and
14		making other reductions from the original assessed valuation, and is the valuation
15		upon which the rate of levy finally is computed and against which the taxes finally are
16		extended.
17	14.<u>16.</u>	"Tract", "lot", "piece or parcel of real property", or "piece or parcel of land" means any
18		contiguous quantity of land in the possession of, owned by or recorded as the property
19		of, the same claimant, person, or company.
20	15.<u>17.</u>	"True and full value" means the value determined by considering the earning or
21		productive capacity, if any, the market value, if any, and all other matters that affect the
22		actual value of the property to be assessed. This shall include, for purposes of arriving
23		at the true and full value of property used for agricultural purposes, farm rentals, soil
24		capability, soil productivity, and soils analysis.
25	16.<u>18.</u>	"Unencumbered cash" means the total cash on hand in any fund, less the amount
26		belonging to the fund in closed banks and less the amount of outstanding warrants,
27		bills, accounts, and contracts which are chargeable against the fund.
28	17.<u>19.</u>	There shall be a presumption that a unit of land is not a farm unless such unit contains
29		a minimum of ten acres [4.05 hectares], and the taxing authority, in determining
30		whether such presumption shall apply, shall consider such things as the present use,

the adaptability to use, and how similar type properties in the immediate area are
 classified for tax purposes.

3 SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subdivision b of subsection 2 of section 57-02-08.1 of the
4 North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 5 For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of b. 6 any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, 7 furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of 8 the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be 9 considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty 10 percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a 11 qualified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state 12 general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual 13 income, but the refund may not be in excess of four hundredsix hundred dollars. 14 If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars 15 must be sent to the qualifying applicant.
- SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.8 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

18 **57-02-08.8.** Property tax credit for disabled veterans - Certification - Distribution.

19 1. A disabled veteran of the United States armed forces with an armed forces 20 service-connected disability of fifty percent or greater or a disabled veteran who has 21 an extra-schedular rating to include individual unemployability that brings the veteran's 22 total disability rating to one hundred percent as determined by the department of 23 veterans' affairs, who was discharged under honorable conditions or who has been 24 retired from the armed forces of the United States, or the surviving spouse if the 25 disabled veteran is deceased, is eligible for a credit applied against the first eight 26 thousand one hundrednine thousand dollars of taxable valuation of the homestead 27 owned and occupied by the disabled veteran or surviving spouse equal to the 28 percentage of the disabled veteran's disability compensation rating for 29 service-connected disabilities as certified by the department of veterans' affairs for the 30 purpose of applying for a property tax credit. A surviving spouse who is receiving 31 United States department of veterans affairs dependency and indemnity compensation

1 receives a one hundred percent credit as described in this subsection. If the 2 determination of disability or service-connected death occurs subsequent to the 3 qualifying veteran's death through application of a law that renders a surviving spouse 4 of a qualifying veteran eligible for United States department of veterans affairs 5 disability and indemnity compensation, the determination for purposes of the credit 6 under this subsection is presumed to precede the veteran's death. Sufficient proof of 7 receipt of United States department of veterans affairs dependency and indemnity 8 compensation includes correspondence directed to a surviving spouse of a qualifying 9 veteran by the United States department of veterans affairs which indicates the 10 surviving spouse is a survivor of the qualifying veteran and is in receipt of United 11 States department of veterans affairs dependency and indemnity compensation. 12 2. If two disabled veterans are married to each other and living together, their combined 13 credits may not exceed one hundred percent of eight thousand one hundrednine 14 thousand dollars of taxable valuation of the homestead. If a disabled veteran co-owns 15 the homestead property with someone other than the disabled veteran's spouse. 16 parent, or child, the credit is limited to that disabled veteran's interest in the 17 homestead, to a maximum amount calculated by multiplying eight thousand 18 one hundred dollars of the taxable valuation byof the disabled veteran's percentage of 19 interest in the homestead property and multiplying the result by the applicant's certified 20 disability percentage, not to exceed the maximum credit amount in subsection 1. 21 3. A disabled veteran or unremarried surviving spouse claiming a credit under this 22 section for the first time shall file with the county auditor an affidavit showing the facts 23 required under this section, a description of the property, and a certificate from the 24 United States department of veterans' affairs, or its successor, certifying to the amount 25 of the disability. The affidavit and certificate must be open for public inspection. A 26 person shall thereafter furnish to the assessor or other assessment officials, when 27 requested to do so, any information which supports the claim for credit for any 28 subsequent year. 29 4. For purposes of this section, and except as otherwise provided in this section.

30 "homestead":

31 <u>a.</u> <u>"Child" means a child by birth, adoption, or marriage.</u>

1 "Homestead" has the meaning provided in section 47-18-01 except that it also <u>b.</u> 2 applies to a person who otherwise qualifies under the provisions of this section 3 whether the person is the head of the family. 4 "Parent" means a birth parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent. C. 5 5. This section does not reduce the liability of a person for special assessments levied 6 upon property. 7 6. A credit under this section terminates at the end of the taxable year of the death of the 8 applicant. 9 The board of county commissioners may cancel the portion of unpaid taxes that 7. 10 represents the credit calculated in accordance with this section for any year in which 11 the qualifying owner has held title to the homestead property. Cancellation of taxes for 12 any year before enactment of this section must be based on the law that was in effect 13 for that tax year. 14 8. Before the first of March of each year, the county auditor of each county shall certify to 15 the tax commissioner on forms prescribed by the tax commissioner the name and 16 address of each person for whom the property tax credit for homesteads of disabled 17 veterans was allowed for the preceding year, the amount of credit allowed, the total of 18 the tax mill rates of all taxing districts, exclusive of any state mill rates, that was 19 applied to other real estate in the taxing districts for the preceding year, and such other 20 information as may be prescribed by the tax commissioner. 21 9. On or before the first of June of each year, the tax commissioner shall audit the 22 certifications, make the required corrections, and certify to the state treasurer for 23 payment to each county the sum of the amounts computed by multiplying the credit 24 allowed for each homestead of a disabled veteran in the county by the total of the tax 25 mill rates, exclusive of any state mill rates that were applied to other real estate in the 26 taxing districts for the preceding year. 27 10. The county treasurer upon receipt of the payment from the state treasurer shall 28 apportion and distribute the payment without delay to the county and to the local 29 taxing districts of the county on the basis on which the general real estate tax for the 30 preceding year is apportioned and distributed.

1	11.	On	or before the first day of June of each year, the tax commissioner shall certify to								
2		the	state treasurer the amount computed by multiplying the property tax credit allowed								
3		und	er this section for homesteads of disabled veterans in the state for the preceding								
4		yea	ar by one mill for deposit in the state medical center fund.								
5	12.	Sup	plemental certifications by the county auditor and by the tax commissioner and								
6		sup	plemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed								
7		in th	is section to make such corrections as may be necessary because of errors or								
8		beca	ause of approval of an application for abatement filed by a person because the								
9		crec	dit provided for the homestead of a disabled veteran was not allowed in whole or in								
10		part									
11	SEC		N 10. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code as								
12	amende	d by :	section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2201, as approved by the sixty-ninth legislative								
13	assembl	y, is a	amended and reenacted as follows:								
14	57-0	2-08	.9. Primary residence credit - Qualification - Application. (Effective for the								
15	first two	ə taxa	able years year beginning after December 31, 2023<u>2024</u>)								
16	1.	A ta	xpayer is entitled to a credit of five hundred dollars against the property tax due on								
17		the	taxpayer's primary residence as provided in this section. The credit may:								
18		<u>a.</u>	Is limited to one thousand six hundred dollars.								
19		<u>b.</u>	May not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.								
20		<u>C.</u>	May not exceed the amount of property tax due against the primary residence.								
21			The credit must								
22		<u>d.</u>	Must be applied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's primary								
23			residence after other exemptions or credits under this chapter have been applied.								
24	2.	For	purposes of this section:								
25		a.	"Owned" means an individual holds a present ownership interest, including								
26			ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present								
27			ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a								
28			purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of								
29			occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.								

1	b.	(1)	"Prir	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
2			аррі	urtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
3			dwe	lling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:
4			(a)	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
5				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
6			(b)	Designed or adapted for human residence;
7			(c)	Used as a residence; and
8			(d)	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an
9				individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned
10				through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
11				beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
12		(2)	For	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
13			(a)	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
14			(b)	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter
15				57-55.
16	C.	"Qu	alifyin	g trust" means a trust:
16 17	C.	"Qu (1)	•	g trust" means a trust: hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
	C.		In w	•
17	C.		In w trans	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
17 18	C.		In w trans the t	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
17 18 19	C.		In w trans the t has	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
17 18 19 20	C.		In w trans the t has resid	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
17 18 19 20 21	C.		In w trans the t has resid	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
17 18 19 20 21 22	C.		In w trans the t has resid expe	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	C.		In w trans the t has resid expe (a)	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	C.		In w trans the t has resid expe (a) (b)	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	C.		In w trans the t has resid expe (a) (b)	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	C.		In w trans the t has resid expe (a) (b)	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	C.		In w trans the t has resid expe (a) (b) (c)	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument aferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	C.	(1)	In w trans the t has resid expe (a) (b) (c)	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary dence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and enses specified in the instrument or court order: For life; For the lesser of life or a term of years; or Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the property is located; and acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order

1		(a) Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
2		interest acquired; and
3		(b) Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
4		property is located.
5		d. "Trustor" means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
6		property to a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
7		or the individual's spouse.
8	3.	An individual who does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
9		under this section if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
10		hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of
11		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another
12		person.
13	4.	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
14		against any primary residence. A trust may not claim a credit for more than one
15		primary residence under this section. If a credit under this section is applied against
16		the property tax due on a primary residence subject to a real estate transaction, any
17		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on
18		the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
19	5.	An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under
20		subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
21	6.	The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any
22		property.
23	7.	To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax
24		commissioner , by April first of each year, an application containing a verified statement
25		of facts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the claimapplication on a
26		form and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be
27		filed:
28		a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence
29		taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
30		b. By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary
31		residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.

1	8.	The	e tax o	commi	ssioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,						
2		and	l mak	make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax							
3		con	ommissioner shall make these forms available upon request.								
4	SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.9 of the North Dakota Century Code is										
5	amende	d an	d reer	nacted	as follows:						
6	57-0	02-08	8.9. Pi	rimary	residence credit - Qualification - Application . (Effective for the						
7	first tax	able	year	<u>years</u>	beginning after December 31, 2024<u>2025</u>)						
8	1.	A ta	axpay	er is e	ntitled to a credit against the property tax due on the taxpayer's <u>parcel</u>						
9		<u>of</u> p	orimar	y resic	lence <u>residential property</u> as provided in this section. The credit:						
10		a.	ls lii	mited 1	o one thousand six hundred dollars.						
11		b.	Мау	/ not re	educe the liability for special assessments levied upon any property.						
12		C.	Мау	/ not e	xceed the amount of property tax due against the <u>parcel of</u> primary						
13			resi	dence	residential property.						
14		d.	Mus	st be a	pplied to reduce the property tax owed on the taxpayer's parcel of						
15			prin	nary re	sidenceresidential property after other exemptions or credits under this						
16			cha	pter ha	ave been applied.						
17	2.	For	purp	oses c	f this section:						
18		a.	"Ом	/ned" r	neans an individual holds a present ownership interest, including-						
19			owr	ership	in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present						
20			owr	ership	interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a						
21			pure	chaser	under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of						
22			occ	upanc	y or a tenancy under a lease.						
23		b.	(1)	"Prin	nary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,						
24				appu	rtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the						
25				dwel	ling, that, subject to paragraph 2 and subsection 3, is:						
26				(a)	Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a						
27					beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;						
28				(b)	Designed or adapted for human residence;						
29				(c)	Used as a residence; and						
30				(d)	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, by an						
31					individual who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned						

	0			,	
1					through a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or
2					beneficiary of the trust who qualifies for the credit.
3			(2)	For	ourposes of the definition of "primary residence" under this subdivision:
4				(a)	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
5				(b)	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under chapter
6					57-55.
7		C.	"Q t	ialifyin	g trust" means a trust:
8			(1)	In w	hich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
9				trans	sferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
10				the t	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
11				has	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
12				resid	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
13				expe	enses specified in the instrument or court order:
14				(a)	For life;
15				(b)	For the lesser of life or a term of years; or
16				(c)	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
17					court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to-
18					identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in-
19					which the property is located; and
20			(2)	That	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order-
21				that:	
22				(a)	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
23					interest acquired; and
24				(b)	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
25					property is located.
26		d.	"Tr t	ustor" I	means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal
27			pro	perty t	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
28			or t	he ind	vidual's spouse.
29	3.	An	indivi	dual w	ho does not reside in the primary residence is eligible for the credit
30		un	der th	is sect	ion if the individual's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home,
31		ho	spital,	or oth	er care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts and the portion of

1		the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not rented to another-
2		person.
3	4 .	Only one credit under this section may be applied against the property taxes levied
4		against any <u>parcel of</u> primary residence<u>residential property</u>. A trust may not claim a
5		credit for more than one <u>parcel of</u> primary residenceresidential property under this
6		section. If a credit under this section is applied against the property tax due on a
7		parcel of primary residenceresidential property subject to a real estate transaction, any
8		proration of the amount of property tax owed by a buyer or seller must be based on

- 9 the amount of property tax owed after application of the credit under this section.
- 5. An individual whose primary residence is a farm structure exempt from taxation under
 subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 is not eligible for a credit under this section.
- 12 6. The credit may not reduce the liability for special assessments levied upon any 13 property.
- To apply for a credit under this section, an applicant shall sign and file with the tax commissioner, an application containing a verified statement of facts establishing the-
- applicant's eligibility as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner
 prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application must be filed:
- a. By April 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2025 for a primary residence taxed as real estate under this title or as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
- By September 1, 2025, to request a credit for taxable year 2026 for a primary
 residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter 57-55.
- 8.3. The tax commissioner, in consultation with the county auditors, shall prescribe, design,
 and make available all forms necessary to effectuate this section. The tax commissioner shall make these forms available upon request.
- 25 **SECTION 12. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows:

57-02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective through June 30, 2026May 31, 2026)

- 29 1. By June first of each year June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:
- 30a.Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the31sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for

1			taxa	able year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify							
2			<u>to th</u>	to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of							
3			crea	credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year							
4			<u>202</u>	<u>2024;</u>							
5		<u>b.</u>	Rev	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be							
6			<u>app</u>	lied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 2025							
7			and	determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section							
8			57-0	02-08.9 <u>for taxable year 2025;</u> and							
9		b.<u>c.</u>	Prov	vide to each county auditor:							
10			(1)	A copy of each approved application under subdivision ab which identifies a							
11				primary residence located in the county; and							
12			(2)	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for							
13				t he current taxable year <u>2025</u> .							
14	2.	By	Nove	mber 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall:							
15		<u>a.</u>	<u>Rev</u>	view the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary							
16			resi	dences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied							
17			<u>aga</u>	inst taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify							
18			<u>for t</u>	he credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and							
19		<u>b.</u>	<u>Prov</u>	vide to each county auditor:							
20			<u>(1)</u>	A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a							
21				primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and							
22			<u>(2)</u>	The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary							
23				residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.							
24	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2025:							
25			(1)	The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each							
26				primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the							
27				tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding							
28				property tax statement.							
29			<u>(2)</u>	The county auditor shall consider an application received under section							
30				57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter							
31				57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary							

1		residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for
2		an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The
3		county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of
4		taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The
5		county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this
6		paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay
7		according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,
8		and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and
9		sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for
10		abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.
11		b. For taxable year 2026, the county auditor shall apply the credit under section
12		57-02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter
13		57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence
14		on the corresponding mobile home tax statement.
15	3.<u>4.</u>	By January first of each yearJanuary 15, 2026, the county auditor shall certify to the
16		tax commissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under
17		subsection 1subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and under subsection 2 which were
18		applied towardagainst property taxes owed on primary residences in the county for the
19		preceding yearas provided in subsection 3.
20	<u>4.5.</u>	By June first of each year after 2024<u>May 31, 2026</u>, the tax commissioner shall review
21		a sampling of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the
22		application of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county
23		the aggregate dollar amount of credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in each
24		county for the preceding yearapplied against property taxes owed on primary
25		residences in the county as provided in subsection 3.
26	<u>5.6.</u>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later
27		than June thirtieth of each year after 2024, the county treasurer shall apportion and
28		distribute the payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the
29		same basis as property taxes for the preceding yearand mobile home taxes were
30		apportioned and distributed for the taxable year in which the taxes were levied.

1 Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and 6.7. 2 supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed 3 in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors. 4 7.8. The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to 5 effectuate this section. 6 <u>8.9.</u> The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary 7 to effectuate this section. 8 SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.10 of the North Dakota Century Code is 9 amended and reenacted as follows: 10 57-02-08.10. Primary residence credit - Certification - Distribution. (Effective 11 throughafter May 31, 2026) 12 1. By June 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall: 13 Review a sampling of information certified by the county auditor regarding the a. 14 sum of the credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for 15 taxable year 2024 to verify the accuracy of the application of the credit and certify-16 to the state treasurer for payment to each county the aggregate dollar amount of 17 credits applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year-18 2024. 19 Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for credits to be b. 20 applied against real estate and mobile home taxes levied for taxable year 21 2025and determine which applicants qualify for the credit allowed under section 22 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2025; and 23 Provide to each county auditor: c. 24 (1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision b which identifies a 25 primary residence located in the county; and 26 (2)The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 in the county for 27 taxable year 2025. 28 2. By November 1, 2025, the tax commissioner shall: 29 Review the applications received under section 57-02-08.9 for primary a. 30 residences taxed as mobile homes under chapter 57-55 for credits to be applied

1			against taxes levied for taxable year 2026 and determine which applicants qualify	نحمد	~
2				•	y-
2		h	for the credit allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for taxable year 2026; and		
		b.	Provide to each county auditor:		
4			(1) A copy of each approved application under subdivision a which identifies a	(1)	
5			primary residence taxed under chapter 57-55 located in the county; and		
6			(2) The sum of the credits allowed under section 57-02-08.9 for primary	(2)	
7			residences taxed under chapter 57-55 in the county for taxable year 2026.		
8	3.	a.	For taxable year 2025:	For	
9			(1) The county auditor shall apply the credit under section 57-02-08.9 to each-	(1)	
10			primary residence taxed as real estate under this title and identified by the		
11			tax commissioner as a qualifying primary residence on the corresponding		
12			property tax statement.		
13			(2) The county auditor shall consider an application received under section	(2)	
14			57-02-08.9 for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter		
15			57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary		
16			residence under subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 as an application for		
17			an abatement and refund of taxes in the amount of the credit allowed. The		
18			county auditor shall present the application for abatement and refund of		
19			taxes to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting. The		÷
20			county commissioners shall approve the applications filed under this		
21			paragraph as soon as practicable and refunds must be issued without delay		≁
22			according to the procedures in section 57-23-09. The application, notice,		
23			and hearing requirements and procedures under chapter 57-23 and		
24			sections 57-55-04.1 and 57-55-12 do not apply to an application for		
25			abatement and refund filed under this paragraph.		
26		b.	For taxable year 2026, the <u>The</u> county auditor shall apply the credit under section	For '	
27			57-02-08.9 to each primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter	57-0	
28			57-55 and identified by the tax commissioner as a qualifying primary	57- 5	
29			residenceparcel of primary residential property on the corresponding property tax	resie	<u>(</u>
30			statement or mobile home tax statement.	<u>state</u>	

1	<u>4.2.</u>	By January 15, 2026<u>fifteenth of each year</u>, the county auditor shall certify to the tax					
2		commissioner the sum of the credits approved by the tax commissioner under-					
3		subdivisions b and c of subsection 1 and subsection 2 which <u>that</u> were applied against					
4		property taxes owed on primary residences in the county as provided in					
5		subsection 3for:					
6		a. The preceding taxable year for primary residential property taxed as real estate					
7		under this title.					
8		b. The current taxable year for primary residential property taxed as a mobile home					
9		under chapter 57-55.					
10	5.<u>3.</u>	By May 31, 2026 thirty-first of each year, the tax commissioner shall review a sampling-					
11		of information provided by the county auditor to verify the accuracy of the application					
12		of the credit and certify to the state treasurer for payment to each county the					
13		aggregate dollar amount of credits applied against property taxes owed on primary-					
14		residences in the county as provided <u>certified by the counties</u> in subsection <u>32</u> .					
15	<u>6.4.</u>	Within fourteen days of receiving the payment from the state treasurer, but no later-					
16		than June thirtieth of each year, the county treasurer shall apportion and distribute the					
17		payment to the county and to the taxing districts of the county on the same basis as					
18		property taxes and mobile home taxes were apportioned and distributed for the					
19		taxable year in which the taxes were levied.					
20	7.<u>5.</u>	Supplemental certifications by the county auditor and the tax commissioner and					
21		supplemental payments by the state treasurer may be made after the dates prescribed					
22		in this section to make corrections necessary because of errors.					
23	8.<u>6.</u>	The county auditors shall provide information requested by the tax commissioner to					
24		effectuate this section.					
25	9.<u>7.</u>	The tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary					
26		to effectuate this section.					
27	SEC	TION 14. A new section to chapter 57-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
28	and ena	cted as follows:					

1	Primary residence certification - Eligibility for primary residential property						
2	classification - Application.						
3	<u>1.</u>	To be eligible for a primary residential property classification under this chapter, a					
4		prim	nary re	esidence must be certified by the county director of tax equalization as			
5		<u>prov</u>	/ided	in this section.			
6	<u>2.</u>	<u>A dv</u>	velling	g does not lose its character as a primary residence if the owner of the			
7		<u>dwe</u>	elling o	does not reside in the primary residence because the individual is confined in			
8		<u>a nu</u>	ursing	home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as that confinement lasts			
9		and	the p	ortion of the primary residence previously occupied by the individual is not			
10		<u>rent</u>	ed to	another person.			
11	<u>3.</u>	<u>To b</u>	e cer	tified as a primary residence and eligible for the primary residential property			
12		<u>clas</u>	sifica	tion under this chapter, an owner shall sign and file with the tax commissioner			
13		<u>an a</u>	applic	ation containing a verified statement of facts establishing the owner's			
14		prop	<u>perty i</u>	meets the eligibility requirements to be considered a primary residence under			
15		<u>this</u>	sectio	on as of the date of the application on a form and in the manner prescribed by			
16		the the	tax co	ommissioner.			
17		<u>a.</u>	<u>An a</u>	application for primary residence certification must be filed by April first of			
18			<u>eac</u> ł	n year to request a primary residence certification for:			
19			(1)	The taxable year during which the application is filed for a primary residence			
20				taxed as real estate under this title.			
21			<u>(2)</u>	The taxable year succeeding the taxable year during which the application			
22				is filed for a primary residence taxed as a mobile home under chapter			
23				<u>57-55.</u>			
24		<u>b.</u>	<u>As s</u>	oon as practicable after receiving the applications, no later than May thirty-			
25			<u>first</u>	of each year, the tax commissioner shall:			
26			<u>(1)</u>	Review the applications received under this subsection and determine			
27				which applicants qualify for the primary residence certification; and			
28			<u>(2)</u>	Provide to each county director of tax equalization a copy of each approved			
29				or rejected application received under this subsection which identifies			
30				property located in the county.			

1		<u>C.</u>	Within fifteen days of receipt of the applications from the tax commissioner under
2			paragraph 2 of subdivision b, the county director of tax equalization shall notify
3			the applicant of the approval or denial of the application and reflect the
4			appropriate classification of the property on the assessment list.
5		<u>d.</u>	The tax commissioner may request additional documentation from the applicant
6			when making the determination of eligibility.
7		<u>e.</u>	Determinations of eligibility under this subsection may be appealed through the
8			informal equalization process and formal abatement process.
9	<u>4.</u>	<u>A p</u>	imary residence certification under this section is valid for the entire taxable year
10		for v	which the application for certification was approved, without regard to any change
11		<u>of o</u>	wnership of the property which occurs after the application for certification was
12		<u>app</u>	roved.
13	<u>5.</u>	<u>The</u>	tax commissioner shall prescribe, design, and make available all forms necessary
14		<u>to e</u>	ffectuate this section. Application forms must include the full name and address of
15		<u>the</u>	applicant and any other information prescribed by the tax commissioner. The
16		<u>cou</u>	nty director of tax equalization shall make these forms available to applicants upon
17		req	uest.
18	<u>6.</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of this section:
19		<u>a.</u>	"Owned" means the individual holds a present ownership interest, including
20			ownership in fee simple, holds a present life estate or other terminable present
21			ownership interest, holds a beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, or is a
22			purchaser under a contract for deed. The term does not include a mere right of
23			occupancy or a tenancy under a lease.
24		<u>b.</u>	(1) "Primary residence" means a dwelling in this state, including the land,
25			appurtenances, and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the
26			dwelling, which is not exempt from property taxes as a farm residence and,
27			subject to subsection 2 and paragraph 2, as of the assessment date of the
28			<u>taxable year, is:</u>
29			(a) Owned by one or more individuals, either directly or through a
30			beneficial interest in a qualifying trust;
31			(b) Designed or adapted for human residence;

1			<u>(c)</u>	Used as a residence; and
2			. ,	Occupied as a primary place of residence by an owner, an individual
2			<u>(d)</u>	
				who has a life estate in the property, or, for property owned through a
4				beneficial interest in a qualifying trust, by a trustor or beneficiary of the
5				trust who qualifies for the certification.
6		<u>(2)</u>	<u>For p</u>	purposes of the term:
7			<u>(a)</u>	An individual may not have more than one primary residence.
8			<u>(b)</u>	A primary residence includes a primary residence taxed under
9				chapter 57-55.
10	<u>C.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	alifyin	g trust" means a trust:
11		(1)	<u>In w</u>	nich the agreement, will, or court order creating the trust, an instrument
12			trans	ferring property to the trust, or any other agreement that is binding on
13			<u>the t</u>	rustee provides that the trustor of the trust or a beneficiary of the trust
14			has t	the right to use and occupy as the trustor's or beneficiary's primary
15			resid	lence rent free and without charge except for taxes and other costs and
16			<u>expe</u>	enses specified in the instrument or court order:
17			<u>(a)</u>	For life:
18			<u>(b)</u>	<u>For the lesser of life or a term of years; or</u>
19			<u>(c)</u>	Until the date the trust is revoked or terminated by an instrument or
20			~~/	court order that describes the property with sufficient certainty to
21				identify it and is recorded in the real property records of the county in
22				which the property is located; and
23		<u>(2)</u>	That	acquires the property in an instrument of title or under a court order
24		₹ ~ /	that:	
25			<u>(a)</u>	Describes the property with sufficient certainty to identify it and the
			<u>(a)</u>	
26			4.5	interest acquired; and
27			<u>(b)</u>	Is recorded in the real property records of the county in which the
28				property is located.
29	<u>d.</u>			<u>means an individual who transfers an interest in real or personal</u>
30		pro	perty t	o a qualifying trust, whether during the individual's lifetime or at death,
31		<u>or t</u> l	he indi	vidual's spouse.

- 1 SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 2 amended and reenacted as follows:

57-02-27. Property to be valued at a percentage of assessed value - Classification of property - Limitation on valuation of annexed agricultural lands.

- 5 <u>1.</u> All property subject to taxation based on the value thereof must be valued as follows:
- 6 <u>1.</u> <u>a.</u> All <u>primary residential property and nonprimary</u> residential property to be valued
 7 at nine percent of assessed value. If any property is used for both residential and
 8 nonresidential purposes, the valuation must be prorated accordingly.
- 9 2. b. All agricultural property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value as
 10 determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.
- 11 3. <u>c.</u> All commercial property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value.
- 4. <u>d.</u> All centrally assessed property to be valued at ten percent of assessed value
 except as provided in section 57-06-14.1.
- 14 2. The resulting amounts must be known asresulting from the calculation under
 15 subsection 1 are the taxable valuation.
- 16 In determining the assessed value of real and personal property, except agricultural <u>3.</u> 17 property, the assessor may not adopt a lower or different standard of value because 18 the same is to serve as a basis of taxation, nor may the assessor adopt as a criterion 19 of value the price at which said property would sell at auction, or at forced sale, or in 20 the aggregate with all the property in the town or district, but the assessor shall value 21 each article or description by itself, and at such sum or price as the assessor believes 22 the same to be fairly worth in money. In assessing any tract or lot of real property, 23 there must be determined the value of the land, exclusive of improvements, and the 24 value of all taxable improvements and structures thereon, and the aggregate value of 25 the property, including all taxable structures and other improvements, excluding the 26 value of crops growing upon cultivated lands. In valuing any real property upon which 27 there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry, the same must be valued at 28 such a price as such property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair 29 voluntary sale for cash. Agricultural lands within the corporate limits of a city which are 30 not platted constitute agricultural property and must be so classified and valued for 31 ad valorem property tax purposes until such lands are put to another use. Agricultural

1		lands, whether within the corporate limits of a city or not, which were platted and						
2		assessed as agricultural property prior to March 30, 1981, must be assessed as						
3		agricultural property for ad valorem property tax purposes until put to another use.						
4		Such valuation must be uniform with the valuation of adjoining unannexed agricultural						
5		land.						
6	SEC	CTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
7	amende	d and reenacted as follows:						
8	57-0	2-27.1. Property to be valued at true and full value.						
9	<u>1.</u>	All assessors and boards of equalization shall place the values of all items of taxable						
10		property at the true and full value of the property except as otherwise specifically						
11		provided by law, and the amount of taxes that may be levied on such property must be						
12		limited as provided in this chapter. For the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 57-02-27.1,						
13		57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04, the term "true and full value" has the same meaning as						
14		provided in subsection 15 of section 57-02-01, except that "true and full value" of						
15		agricultural lands must be as determined pursuant to section 57-02-27.2.						
16	<u>2.</u>	The governing body of the city or township may establish valuations that recognize the						
17		supply of vacant lots available for sale.						
18	SEC	TION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-53 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
19	amende	d and reenacted as follows:						
20	57-0	02-53. Assessment increase notice to property owner.						
21	1.	a. When any assessor has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract						
22		of land and improvements to an amount that is an increase of three thousand dollars						
23		or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the previous year's assessment,						
24		theAn assessor shall deliver written notice of the amount of increase and theamount of						
25		the previoustrue and full value of each parcel of taxable property for the current year's						
26		assessment to the property owner at the expense of the assessment district for which						
27		the assessor is employed and previous year, including improvements, which have been						
28		assessed by the assessor.						
29	<u>2.</u>	Delivery of written notice to a property owner under this subdivisionsection must be						
30		completed at least fifteen days before the meeting of the local board of equalization.						

25.1003.06000

1		b.	If written notice by the assessor was not required under subdivision a and action
2			by the township, city, or county board of equalization or order of the state board
3			of equalization has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract of land
4			and improvements to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of three
5			thousand dollars or more and ten percent or more from the amount of the
6			previous year's assessment, written notice of the amount of increase and the
7			amount of the previous year's assessment must be delivered to the property
8			owner. The written notice under this subdivision must be mailed or delivered at
9			the expense of the township, city, or county that made the assessment increase-
10			or at the expense of the township, city, or county that was ordered to make the
11			increase by the state board of equalization. Delivery of written notice to a
12			property owner under this subdivision must be completed within fifteen days after
13			the meeting of the township, city, or county board of equalization that made or
14			ordered the assessment increase and within thirty days after the meeting of the
15			state board of equalization, if the state board of equalization ordered the
16			assessment increase.
17	c.<u>3.</u>	The	e tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
18		sub	section <u>section</u> . The written notice under subdivision a <u>this section</u> must show-
19		the	contain:
20		<u>a.</u>	The true and full value of the parcel of taxable property, including improvements,
21			that the assessor determined for the current year and for the previous year and
22			must also show the.
23		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u> date prescribed by law, time, and location for the meeting of the local board
24			of equalization of the assessment district in which the <u>parcel of taxable</u> property
25			is located and the meeting date <u>, time, and location</u> of the county board of
26			equalization <u>hearing of each taxing district</u> .
27	<u>d.4.</u>	Del	ivery of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the
28		pro	perty owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's
29		last	-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification
30		of r	eceipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to
31		rece	eive notice.

7

2. The form of notice prescribed by the tax commissioner must require a statement to
 inform the taxpayer that an assessment increase may mean property taxes on the
 parcel will increase. The notice may contain an estimate of a tax increase resulting
 from the assessment increase.

5 SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 57-09-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6 amended and reenacted as follows:

57-09-04. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice.

8 The township board of equalization shall ascertain whether all taxable property in its 9 township has been properly placed upon the assessment list and duly valued by the assessor. 10 In case any real property has been omitted by inadvertence or otherwise, the board shall place 11 the same upon the list with the true value thereof. The board shall proceed to correct the 12 assessment so that each tract or lot of real property is entered on the assessment list at the true 13 value thereof. The board may not increase the valuation returned by the assessor to an amount 14 that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the 15 previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the owner's agent reasonable notice 16 and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the board to increase it. All complaints 17 and grievances of residents of the township must be heard and decided by the board and it may 18 make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by nonresidents with reference to the 19 assessment of any real property and complaints by others with reference to any assessment 20 made after the meeting of the township board of equalization must be heard and determined by 21 the county board of equalization. The board must comply with any requirement for notice of an 22 assessment increase under section 57-02-53. 23 SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 57-11-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 24 amended and reenacted as follows: 25 57-11-03. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice.

At its meeting, the board of equalization shall proceed to equalize and correct the assessment roll. It may change the valuation and assessment of any real property upon the roll by increasing or diminishing the true and full valuation thereof as is reasonable and just to render taxation uniform, except that the board may not increase the valuation of any property returned by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the previous year's assessment without first giving the owner or the

1	owner's	ager	nt reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the						
2	board to) incr	ease it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the city must be heard and						
3	decided	decided by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by							
4	nonresi	dents	with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints by others						
5	with refe	erenc	e to any assessment made after the meeting of the city board of equalization must						
6	be hear	d and	d determined by the county board of equalization. The board shall comply with any						
7	requirer	nent	for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.						
8	SEG	стю	N 20. AMENDMENT. Section 57-12-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
9	amende	ed an	d reenacted as follows:						
10	57-	12-06	6. County board of equalization - Equalizing between assessment districts						
11	and bet	wee	n properties - Limitation on increase - Notice .						
12	1.	The	e rules prescribed in section 57-12-05 apply when the board of county						
13		con	nmissioners is equalizing assessments between the several assessment and taxing						
14		dist	tricts in the county provided that in such case, except as otherwise provided in						
15		sub	psection 2, the board may raise or lower the valuation of classes of property only so						
16		as	to equalize the assessments as between districts. If the board orders an increase						
17		unc	ler this subsection, the board must comply with any requirement for notice of an-						
18		ass	essment increase under section 57-02-53.						
19	2.	Not	twithstanding any other provision of this section:						
20		a.	The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization						
21			may reduce the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real estate even						
22			though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local board of						
23			equalization. The county board of equalization may not reduce any such						
24			assessment unless the owner of the property or the person to whom it was						
25			assessed first appeals to the county board of equalization, either by appearing						
26			personally or by a representative before the board or by mail or other						
27			communication to the board, in which the owner's reasons for asking for the						
28			reduction are made known to the board. The proceedings of the board shall show						
29			the manner in which the appeal was made known to the board and the reasons						
30			for granting any reduction in any such assessment.						

1		b.	The county board of equalization after notice to the local board of equalization
2			may increase the assessment on any separate piece or parcel of real property
3			even though such property was assessed in a city or township having a local
4			board of equalization. The county board of equalization may not increase the
5			valuation returned by the assessor or the local board of equalization to an
6			amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the
7			amount of the previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the
8			owner's agent notice by mail to the owner of the property that such person may
9			appear before the board on the date designated in the notice, which date must be
10			at least five days after the mailing of the notice. The county auditor as clerk of the
11			board shall send such notice to the person or persons concerned. If the board
12			orders an increase under this subdivision, the board must comply with any
13			requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
14		C.	If the county board of equalization during the course of its equalization sessions
15			determines that any property of any person has been listed and assessed in the
16			wrong classification, it shall direct the county auditor to correct the listing so as to
17			include such assessment in the correct classification.
18	3.	The	owner of any separate piece or parcel of real estate that has been assessed may
19		app	eal the assessment thereon to the state board of equalization as provided in
20		sect	tion 57-13-04; provided, however, that such owner has first appealed the
21		asse	essment to the local equalization board of the taxing district in which the property
22		was	assessed and to the county board of equalization of the county in which the
23		prop	perty was assessed. Notwithstanding this requirement, an owner of property which
24		has	been subjected to a new assessment authorized under section 57-14-08 may
25		app	eal the new assessment to the state board of equalization in the manner provided
26		for i	n section 57-14-08.
27	SEC		121. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
28	amende	d and	reenacted as follows:
29	57-1	5-02	.2. Estimated property tax and budgetBudget hearing notice.
30	1.	On	or before August tenth of each year, the governing body of a taxing district shall
31		prov	vide to the county auditor in each county in which the taxing district has taxable

1		pro	perty a preliminary budget statement and the date, time, and location of the taxing
2		dist	trict's public hearing on its property tax levy, which may be no earlier than
3		Sep	otember seventh. A taxing district that fails to provide the information required under
4		this	subsection on or before August tenth may not impose a property tax levy in a
5		gre	ater amount of dollars than was imposed by the taxing district in the prior year.
6	2.	By	August thirty-first of each year, the county treasurer shall provide a written notice to
7		the	owner of each parcel of taxable property with a total estimated property tax of at-
8		lea	st one hundred dollars. The text of the notice must contain:
9		a.	The date, time, and location of the public budget hearing for each of the taxing
10			districts in which the property owner's parcel is located , which anticipate levying -
11			in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in the current year, and the location at
12			which the taxing district's budget is available for review; and
13		b.	The true and full value of the property based on the best information available;
14		C.	A column showing the actual property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the
15			taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding
16			taxable year and a column showing the estimated property tax levy in dollars
17			against the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which
18			the notice applies based on the preliminary budget statements of all taxing
19			jurisdictions;
20		d.	A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's total levy from the
21			previous year and the taxing district's estimated levy with the word "INCREASE"
22			printed in boldface type if the proposed tax levy is larger in dollars than the levy in-
23			dollars in the previous year;
24		e.	Information identifying the estimated property tax savings that will be provided
25			pursuant to section 57-20-07.1 based on the best information available;
26		f.	A statement that there will be an opportunity for citizens to present oral or written
27			comments regarding each taxing district's property tax levy ; and
28		g.	The actual amount of the special assessment installment payable against the
29			parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year.
30	3.	Del	ivery of written notice under this section must be by personal delivery to the
31		pro	perty owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's

1		last	t-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with verification
2		of r	eceipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to
3		rec	eive notice. If a parcel of taxable property is owned by more than one owner, notice
4		mu	st be sent to only one owner of the property. Failure of an owner to receive a notice
5		unc	der this section will not relieve the owner of property tax liability or modify the
6		qua	alifying date under section 57-20-09 for which an owner may receive a discount for
7		ear	ly payment of tax.
8	4.	The	e tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
9		sec	tion.
10	5.	The	e direct cost of providing taxpayer notices under this section may be allocated in a
11		ma	nner proportionate to the number of notices mailed on behalf of each taxing district
12		tha	t intends to levy in excess of one hundred thousand dollars in property taxes in the
13		cur	rent year.
14	SEG	стю	N 22. A new section to chapter 57-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
15	and ena	acted	as follows:
16	Lim	nitatio	on on levies by taxing districts without voter approval.
17	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Notwithstanding that a taxing district may have unused or excess levy authority
18			under any other provision of law, this section supersedes and limits that authority.
19			This section may not be interpreted as authority to increase any property tax levy
20			authority otherwise provided by law and must be applied to limit any property tax
21			levy authority to which a taxing district may otherwise be entitled. Property taxes
22			levied in dollars by a taxing district may not exceed the greater of the base year
23			levy increased by the allowable percentage limit or the adjusted year levy
24			increased by the allowable percentage limit.
25		<u>b.</u>	Excluding any negative excess percentage increase, a taxing district may carry
26			forward an excess percentage increase to be used in any of the five succeeding
27			taxable years. An excess percentage increase may be used only once to
28			increase the limitation under subdivision a and may not be carried forward
29			beyond five taxable years. The oldest unused excess percentage increase must
30			be applied first.
31	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	e limitation under subsection 1 does not apply to:

4		-	Now or increased preparity tax low, outbarity that becomes sucilable to the taxing
1		<u>a.</u>	New or increased property tax levy authority that becomes available to the taxing
2			district in the current taxable year resulting from:
3			(1) <u>A change in state law.</u>
4			(2) Approval by the electors of the taxing district.
5		<u>b.</u>	Property tax levy authority increased above zero mills in the current taxable year
6			by the governing board of the taxing district, provided the levy authority was not
7			previously used.
8		<u>C.</u>	Any irrepealable tax to pay bonded indebtedness levied under section 16 of
9			article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
10		<u>d.</u>	The one-mill levy for the state medical center authorized by section 10 of article X
11			of the Constitution of North Dakota.
12		<u>e.</u>	The levy, not to exceed one mill, for the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District,
13			authorized by section 57-15-26.8.
14		<u>f.</u>	Taxes or special assessments levied to pay the principal and interest on any
15			obligations of any political subdivision, including taxes levied for deficiencies in
16			special assessment and improvement district funds and revenue bond and
17			reserve funds.
18		<u>g.</u>	Taxes levied to pay bonds, evidences of indebtedness, or obligations of any
19			political subdivision, including taxes levied to pay evidences of indebtedness
20			under chapter 57-47 issued by the Bank of North Dakota from the infrastructure
21			revolving loan fund.
22		<u>h.</u>	Taxes levied pursuant to law for the proportion of the cost to any taxing district for
23			a special improvement project by general taxation.
24		<u>i.</u>	<u>Taxes levied under sections 40-24-10, 40-43-01, 57-15-28, 57-15-41, and</u>
25			57-15-48 and chapter 61-16.1.
26		<u>j.</u>	Taxes levied by a school district under subsection 5 of section 57-15-14.2.
27	<u>3.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Except as provided in subdivision b, a majority of the qualified electors in a taxing
28			district voting on the question at a statewide general election may approve a
29			ballot measure to authorize the taxing district to impose a property tax levy
30			exceeding the limitation under subsection 1 for four taxable years at a time,
31			beginning with the taxable year after the general election during which the ballot
			g

1				measure was approved. The ballot measure must state the proposed percentage
2				increase and the proposed dollar amount increase exceeding the limitation under
3				subsection 1. The procedure under this subsection applies only to authorization
4				of a property tax levy exceeding the limitation under subsection 1.
5			<u>b.</u>	A majority of the qualified electors in a township voting on the question at an
6				annual township meeting may approve a property tax levy exceeding the
7				limitation under subsection 1 for four taxable years at a time, beginning with the
8				taxable year during which the annual township meeting vote under this
9				subdivision is held. The notice and voting procedures applicable to the approval
10				of a township tax levy under section 57-15-19 and approval of increased
11				township general fund levy authority under section 57-15-20 apply to the vote
12				under this subsection. The electors of the township voting on the question must
13				be notified of the proposed percentage increase and the proposed dollar amount
14				increase exceeding the limitation under subsection 1 before the vote.
15	<u>4</u> .	<u>.</u>	<u>For</u>	taxable year 2025, a city may levy an amount equal to the amount levied in dollars
16			<u>in tł</u>	ne preceding taxable year under sections 40-05-19 and 57-15-42 as part of the levy
17			und	ler section 57-15-08 without including the dollars levied for this purpose as part of
18			<u>the</u>	limitation under subsection 1.
19	<u>5</u> .	<u>.</u>	<u>A ci</u>	ty or county may not supersede or modify the application of this section under
20			<u>hon</u>	ne rule authority.
21	<u>6</u> .	<u>.</u>	<u>For</u>	purposes of this section:
22			<u>a.</u>	"Adjusted year levy" means amount of property tax levied in dollars by the taxing
23				district in the preceding taxable year adjusted as follows:
24				(1) When property and improvements to property which were not taxable in the
25				preceding taxable year are taxable in the current year, the amount levied in
26				dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be increased
27				to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed against the additional
28				taxable valuation attributable to that property at the mill rate applied to all
29				property in the preceding taxable year, excluding the mill rate associated
30				with:

1				<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under
2					section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
3				<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
4					authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
5					<u>Dakota.</u>
6		(2	<u>2)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n a property tax exemption existed in the preceding taxable year which
7				has	been reduced or no longer exists for the current taxable year, the
8				<u>amo</u>	unt levied in dollars in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district
9				mus	t be increased to reflect the taxes that would have been imposed
10				<u>agai</u>	nst the portion of the taxable valuation of the property which is no
11				long	er exempt at the mill rate applied to all property in the preceding taxable
12				year	excluding the mill rate associated with:
13				<u>(a)</u>	Any irrepealable tax levied to pay bonded indebtedness levied under
14					section 16 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota.
15				<u>(b)</u>	A tax levied for the one-mill levy for the state medical center
16					authorized by section 10 of article X of the Constitution of North
17					Dakota.
18		(3	<u>3)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n property that was taxable in the preceding taxable year is not taxable
19				<u>for th</u>	ne current taxable year, the amount levied in dollars in the preceding
20				<u>taxa</u>	ble year by the taxing district must be reduced by the amount of taxes
21				that that	were imposed against the taxable valuation of that property in the
22				prec	eding taxable year.
23		(4	<u>4)</u>	<u>Whe</u>	n a temporary mill levy increase, excluding an increase under this
24				<u>secti</u>	on, authorized by the electors of the taxing district or mill levy
25				<u>impc</u>	sition authority under state law existed in the preceding taxable year
26				<u>but i</u>	s no longer applicable or has been reduced, the amount levied in
27				<u>dolla</u>	rs in the preceding taxable year by the taxing district must be adjusted
28				<u>to re</u>	flect the expired temporary mill levy increase and the eliminated or
29				<u>redu</u>	ced mill levy under state law before the percentage increase allowable
30				<u>unde</u>	er this subsection is applied.
31	<u>k</u>	<u>). "</u>	'Allo	wable	e percentage limit" means three percent.

	•		-
1	<u>C</u>	<u>. "Ba</u>	se year levy" means the highest amount of property tax levied in dollars by a
2		<u>taxi</u>	ng district in the three taxable years immediately preceding the current
3		taxa	able year.
4	<u>d</u>	<u>. "Ex</u>	cess percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest
5		<u>hun</u>	dredth of a percent, between:
6		<u>(1)</u>	The allowable percentage limit; and
7	÷	<u>(2)</u>	The difference between the actual amount of property tax levied in dollars
8			and the greater of the base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the
9			resulting difference under this paragraph divided by the greater of the base
10			<u>year levy or adjusted year levy.</u>
11	<u>e</u>	<u>. "Pro</u>	oposed percentage increase" means the difference, rounded to the nearest
12		hun	dredth of a percent, between:
13		<u>(1)</u>	The difference between the amount of property tax in dollars proposed to be
14			levied by the governing board of the taxing district and the greater of the
15			base year levy or the adjusted year levy with the resulting difference under
16			this paragraph divided by the greater of the base year levy or adjusted year
17			levy; and
18		<u>(2)</u>	The allowable percentage limit.
19	<u>f</u>	<u>. "Ta</u>	xing district" means any political subdivision empowered to levy taxes.
20	SECTI	ON 23.	AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
21	amended a	and ree	nacted as follows:
22	57-15-	14.2. S	chool district levies.
23	1. T	he boa	rd of a school district may levy a tax not exceeding the amount in dollars that
24	ŧł	ne scho	ol district levied for the prior year, plus twelve percent, up to <u>an amount in</u>
25	<u>d</u>	<u>ollars th</u>	nat would be generated by a levy of seventysixty mills on the taxable valuation
26	0	f the dis	strict, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services<u>the</u>
27	<u>S(</u>	<u>chool d</u>	istrict's local contribution to the costs of education. The proceeds of this levy
28	r	nust be	deposited into the school district's general fund and <u>may be</u> used in -
29	a	ccorda i	nce with this subsection for any purpose related to the provision of educational
30	<u>S</u> (ervices	. The proceeds may not be transferred into any other fund.

1	2.	The board of a school district may levy no more than ten mills on the taxable valuation
2		of the district, for any purpose related to the provision of educational services. The
3		proceeds of this levy must be deposited into the school district's general fund and
4		used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into
5		any other fund. The levy authority under this subsection may not be considered new or
6		increased property tax levy authority for purposes of the levy limitation under
7		section 22 of this Act.
8	<u>3.</u>	The board of a school district may levy no more than twelve mills on the taxable
9		valuation of the district, for miscellaneous purposes and expenses. The proceeds of
10		this levy must be deposited into a special fund known as the miscellaneous fund and
11		used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds may not be transferred into
12		any other fund.
13	3.<u>4.</u>	The board of a school district may levy no more than three mills on the taxable
14		valuation of the district for deposit into a special reserve fund, in accordance with
15		chapter 57-19.
16	<u>4.5.</u>	The board of a school district may levy no more than the number of mills necessary,
17		on the taxable valuation of the district, for the payment of tuition, in accordance with
18		section 15.1-29-15. The proceeds of this levy must be deposited into a special fund
19		known as the tuition fund and used in accordance with this subsection. The proceeds
20		may not be transferred into any other fund.
21	<u>5.6.</u>	The board of a school district may levy no more than five mills on the taxable valuation
22		of the district, pursuant to section 57-15-15.1, for purposes of developing a school
23		safety plan in accordance with section 15.1-09-60. The proceeds of this levy must be
24		deposited into a special fund known as the school safety plan fund and used in
25		accordance with this subsection.
26	6.<u>7.</u>	Nothing in this section limits the board of a school district from levying:
27		a. Mills for a building fund, as permitted in sections 15.1-09-49 and 57-15-16; and
28		b. Mills necessary to pay principal and interest on the bonded debt of the district,
29		including the mills necessary to pay principal and interest on any bonded debt
30		incurred under section 57-15-17.1 before July 1, 2013.

25.1003.06000

24

SECTION 24. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

3 57-20-07.1. County treasurer to mail real estate tax statement - Contents of statement. 4 1. On or before December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail a 5 real estate tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's 6 last-known address. The form of the real estate tax statement to be used in every 7 county must be prescribed and approved for use by the tax commissioner. The 8 statement must be provided in a manner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed 9 record of the obligation for payment of taxes and special assessments as provided in 10 the statement. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the 11 county treasurer shall send only one statement to one of the owners of that property. 12 Additional copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their 13 request and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. The 14 tax statement must: 15 a. Include a dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the 16 property and the total mill levy applicable. 17 b. Include, or be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns showing, for 18 the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately 19 preceding taxable years, the: 20 The property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school (1)21 district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel. 22 The amount of property tax levied as a result of mills levied by a school (2) 23 district under section 21-03-15 and subdivision b of subsection 7 of section

c. Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of
North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled
"legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings
realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019,
chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27.
(1) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27.

57-15-14.2.

30 (1) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27
31 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each

1			parc	el shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy
2			redu	ction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the
3			num	ber of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill
4			rate	of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of <u>one</u>
5			<u>hunc</u>	dred twenty-five mills or the sum of:
6			(a)	Fifty millsThe number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under
7				chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year; orand
8			(b)	The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minusexcluding
9				sixty mills.
10		(2)	Legi	slative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the
11			taxa	ble value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax
12			state	ement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount
13			calc	ulated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by
14			the t	axable value of taxable property in the zone for the taxable year.
15	<u>d.</u>	<u>Pro</u>	vide ir	formation identifying the primary residence credit, including information
16		rega	arding	the portion of the credit derived from funding distributed from the
17		lega	acy fur	<u>ıd.</u>
18		<u>(1)</u>	The	statement must include a separate line item identifying the primary
19			resid	lence credit realized by the taxpayer for each taxable year shown.
20		<u>(2)</u>	<u>The</u>	statements must include a separate line item or conspicuous
21			<u>desc</u>	ription identifying the portion of the credit derived from funding
22			<u>distr</u>	ibuted from the legacy fund.
23			<u>(a)</u>	The dollar amount of the primary residence credit derived from
24				funding distributed from the legacy fund is calculated as the product of
25				the total amount of the primary residence credit realized by the
26				taxpayer in a taxable year multiplied by the applicable percent.
27			<u>(b)</u>	By November first of each year, the tax commissioner shall notify
28				each county auditor of the applicable percent to be used for the
29				calculation in paragraph a for the current and prior two taxable years.
30			<u>(c)</u>	For purposes of this paragraph, "applicable percent" means the
31				percent, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, calculated as

	U	-
1		the quotient of the amount allocated to the legacy property tax relief
2		fund from the legacy earnings fund for the primary residence credit
3		pursuant to section 5 of this Act divided by the total amount
4		appropriated from the legacy property tax relief fund for the primary
5		residence credit, using the allocations and appropriations for the
6		relevant tax years.
7	2.	Failure of an owner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor
8		extend the discount privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.
9	SEC	TION 25. REPEAL. Sections 21-10-12 and 21-10-13 of the North Dakota Century
10	Code are	e repealed.
11	SEC	TION 26. LEGISLATIVE INTENT - CONSIDERATION OF FUTURE PROPERTY TAX
12	RELIEF.	It is the intent of the sixty-ninth legislative assembly that the seventieth legislative
13	assembly	y consider using any funding available from the legacy property tax relief fund
14	exceedin	g the amount needed for the primary residence credit to provide property tax relief to
15	other pro	perty classifications, including agricultural, commercial, centrally assessed, and
16	nonprima	ary residential property.
17	SEC	TION 27. LEGISLATIVE TAX REFORM AND RELIEF ADVISORY COMMITTEE -
18	PROPER	RTY TAX REFORM AND RELIEF STUDY - TAX COMMISSIONER REPORT -
19	REPORT	TO LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT.
20	1.	During the 2025-26 interim, the legislative management shall appoint a legislative tax
21		reform and relief advisory committee.
22	2.	The committee must consist of three members of the finance and taxation standing
23		committee of the house of representatives, three members of the finance and taxation
24		standing committee of the senate, one member of the appropriations committee of the
25		house of representatives, and one member of the appropriations committee of the
26		senate, appointed by the respective majority leaders of the house of representatives
27		and senate. The legislative management shall designate the chairman of the
28		committee. The committee shall operate according to the statutes and procedures
29		governing the operation of other legislative management interim committees.

1	3.	The	com	mittee	shall study property tax reform and relief. Based on information
2		prov	/ided	by the	e tax department and input from local taxing districts, the study must
3		inclu	ude c	onside	eration of:
4		a.	Hist	orical	property tax relief provided by the legislative assembly.
5		b.	The	estim	ated and actual fiscal impact of the property tax relief provided by the
6			sixty	y-ninth	legislative assembly.
7		C.	Info	rmatio	n from the tax commissioner and local taxing district representatives
8			rega	arding	the progress of implementing the primary residence credit and primary
9			resi	dence	certification process.
10		d.	Info	rmatio	n and analysis from the tax commissioner regarding the impact of the
11			prop	perty ta	ax levy limitation under section 22 of this Act on taxing districts.
12			(1)	By A	pril 1, 2026, the tax commissioner shall gather and analyze information
13				from	local taxing districts necessary to conduct an analysis of the impact of
14				the le	evy limitation, including:
15				(a)	Action taken by the taxing districts to implement the levy limitation;
16				(b)	Taxing district property value increases, separated by increases on
17					existing property and new property;
18				(c)	The number of taxing districts required to reduce the taxing district's
19					total levy in dollars to comply with the levy limitation, including the
20					method used by the taxing district to reduce the total levy in dollars
21					and which levies were impacted by the total levy reduction; and
22				(d)	Suggestions for improvement of the levy limitation.
23			(2)	The	tax commissioner shall provide a summary of the tax commissioner's
24				findir	ngs to the committee no later than June 1, 2026.
25		e.	The	feasit	ility and desirability of revising the content of the real estate tax
26			stat	ement	to improve transparency in property taxation, which may include a
27			revi	ew of	the statutory requirements related to the contents and delivery of the
28			real	estate	e tax statement, available historical real estate tax statements, and
29			info	rmatio	n regarding any administrative costs associated with updates to the
30			real	estate	e tax statement.

1		f.	Information and analysis from the tax commissioner, state supervisor of
2			assessments, and local taxing district representatives related to tax exempt
3			property. Upon request, the tax commissioner and state supervisor of
4			assessments shall gather and compile information from the county directors of
5			tax equalization and city, county, and township assessors related to tax exempt
6			property. If valuation information is requested, and the actual true and full value of
7			a parcel of tax exempt property is not available, the tax commissioner and state
8			supervisor of assessments shall develop a uniform method to be used by the
9			county directors of tax equalization and city, county, and township assessors to
10			estimate true and full value. Upon request, the county directors of tax
11			equalization and city, county, and township assessors shall provide the tax
12			commissioner and state supervisor of assessments information without delay.
13	4.	The	e committee shall report its findings and recommendations, together with any
14		legi	islation required to implement the recommendations, to the seventieth legislative
15		ass	embly
16	SE	СТІО	N 28. EXEMPTION - INTEGRATED FORMULA GAP FUNDING PROGRAM -
17	DEFICI	ENC	Y APPROPRIATION REQUEST - REPORT.
18	1.	Not	withstanding the provisions of chapter 15.1-27, the superintendent of public
19		inst	ruction shall develop an integrated formula gap funding program, for the biennium
20		beg	jinning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027.
21	2.	To l	be eligible for gap funding, a school district must have:
22		a.	Proportionately reduced the school district's property tax levies to comply with
23			section 22 of this Act;
24		b.	As a result of the proportional reduction in subdivision a, reduced the mills levied
25			for the school district's local contribution to the costs of education under
26			subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2 to a levy of less than sixty mills in the taxable
27			year ending during the school year; and
28		C.	Levied at least sixty mills for the school district's local contribution to the costs of
29			education for the taxable year preceding the taxable year ending during the
30			school year, unless the levy was reduced due to the property tax levy limitation
31			under section 22 of this Act, the twelve percent general fund levy limit in

- 1 subsection 1 of section 57-15-14.2, as it existed on December 31, 2024, or an 2 unanticipated increase in the total taxable valuation of the school district after the 3 school district's budget was adopted.
- 4 A school district seeking gap funding under this section shall apply, on a form and in 3. 5 the manner prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction, to request gap 6 funding. If the superintendent of public instruction determines the applicant meets the 7 criteria under subsection 2, the superintendent of public instruction shall issue gap 8 funding equal to the amount by which the value of 60 mills in the state aid calculation 9 deducted in chapter 15.1-27 exceeds the amount the school district levied for the 10 school district's local contribution to the costs of education under subsection 1 of 11 section 57-15-14.2 for the taxable year ending during the school year.
- 12 The superintendent of public instruction may use funding provided for integrated 4. 13 formula payments to provide gap funding to eligible school districts.
- 14 5. If the superintendent of public instruction anticipates a shortfall in funding for the 15 integrated formula payments for the 2025-27 biennium, the superintendent shall 16 request a deficiency appropriation from the seventieth legislative assembly.
- 17 6. The superintendent of public instruction shall provide at least one report to the budget 18 section during the 2025-26 interim and a report to the appropriations committees of 19 the seventieth legislative assembly regarding the status of the program.
- 20 SECTION 29. APPROPRIATION - TAX COMMISSIONER - PRIMARY RESIDENCE

21 **CREDIT - DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION REQUEST - INFORMATION ON PROPERTY TAX**

- 22 STATEMENTS.
- 23 1. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the legacy property tax relief fund, not 24 otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$408,900,000, or so much of the sum as may be 25 necessary, to the tax commissioner for the state reimbursement under the primary 26 residence credit for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027. If 27 the tax commissioner anticipates expenditures will exceed the amount appropriated 28 under this section, the tax commissioner may use unspent funding appropriated in the 29 homestead tax credit line item or the disabled veterans' credit line item in House Bill 30 No. 1006, as approved by the sixty-ninth legislative assembly, to provide any 31

1	deficiency appropriation from the seventieth legislative assembly for any remaining						
2		amount needed for the primary residence credit. The tax commissioner shall report to					
3		the office of management and budget and the legislative council any amounts used					
4		from the homestead tax credit and disabled veterans' credit line items for the primary					
5		residence credit.					
6	2.	Pursuant to section 57-20-07.1, the tax commissioner shall notify each county auditor					
7		that the applicable percent for taxable years 2025 and 2026 is 100 percent, which					
8		reflects the portion of the primary residence credit derived from funding distributed					
9		from the legacy fund.					
10	SEC	CTION 30. TAX COMMISSIONER - PROPERTY TAX RELIEF PROGRAMS - PUBLIC					
11	AWARE	NESS. Any tax relief program advertising or public awareness campaigns conducted by					
12	the tax commissioner during the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027,						
13	must identify the amount of funding being utilized from the earnings of the legacy fund for the						
14	program	IS.					
15	SEC	CTION 31. EFFECTIVE DATE.					
16	1.	Sections 8, 9, 10, 22, and 23 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after					
17		December 31, 2024.					
18	2.	Sections 7, 11, 14, 15, and 16 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after					
19		December 31, 2025.					
20	3.	Section 12 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2025.					
21	4.	Section 13 of this Act becomes effective on June 1, 2026.					
22	SEC	CTION 32. EMERGENCY. Sections 10 and 12 of this Act are declared to be an					
23	emerge	ncy measure.					