25.1015.01005 Title.03000 Adopted by the Industry, Business and Labor Committee

January 28, 2025

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

HOUSE BILL NO. 1378

Introduced by

Representative J. Johnson

1	A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 6 of the North Dakota Century Code,
2	relating to mandating the payment of interest on escrow accounts for residential mortgages; to
3	provide a penalty; and to provide for application.for an Act to create and enact three new
4	sections to chapter 47-10.2 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the payment of
5	interest on escrow accounts for residential mortgages; to amend and reenact section
6	47-10.2-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to definitions for escrow accounts; to
7	provide a penalty; and to provide for application.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9	SEC	THON 1. A new chapter to title 6 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
10	enacted	as follows:
11	— <u>Defi</u>	<u>nitions.</u>
12	<u>—1.</u>	"Borrower" means a person that holds a residential mortgage loan and has an escrow
13		account with a lender for the purpose of paying property taxes, insurance, or other
14		related expenses.
15	<u>2.</u>	"Escrow account" means an account held by a lender or servicer used to collect and
16		hold funds for the payment of property taxes, homeowner's insurance, and other
17		related expenses associated with a residential mortgage.
18	<u> 3.</u>	"Escrow funds" means money placed into an escrow account by a borrower for the
19		payment of obligations such as property taxes, homeowner's insurance, and other
20		expenses associated with home ownership.

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"Interest rate" means the percentage rate paid by the lender on funds held in escrow accounts.

"Lender" means a bank, mortgage company, or other financial institution that services residential mortgage loans and holds escrow accounts. A lender shall pay interest onfunds held in an escrow account that maintains a minimum average balance of five hundred dollars. The escrow account must have been in existence for a minimum of three months before the interest may be credited. Only active accounts are eligible for accumulation of interest.

Determining the acceptable interest rate.

- The interest rate paid on escrow funds must be based on prevailing market rates for a saving or similar deposit account. At minimum, all interest paid under this chapter must be set at one-half percent annually. If the lender adjusts the interest rate, the changemust be consistent with changes in market rates for comparable deposit products. A rate change may not disproportionately favor the lender. An adjustment to the interest rate must be communicated to the borrower at least thirty days before the new rate is applied.
- A lender holding an escrow account shall use a transparent and clear formula for determining the escrow account interest rate and clearly disclose the interest rate applied to escrow accounts in a loan agreement. If a lender offers multiple types of deposit accounts with different interest rates, the borrower must be informed of the type of deposit product tied to the borrower's escrow account.

Compliance and enforcement - Penalty.

- 1. The department of financial institutions shall enforce this chapter.
- 2. A lender holding an escrow account shall submit an annual report to the department detailing the amount of interest credited to escrow accounts, including information on the rates applied and the number of borrowers affected.
- 3. A lender that fails to pay interest on eligible escrow accounts is subject to a civilpenalty determined by the department and suspension of business operations withinthe state until compliance is achieved.

1	<u>4.</u>	If a lender fails to credit interest to an escrow account, the borrower is entitled to
2		receive the unpaid interest, plus an additional penalty interest rate, not to exceed ten
3		percent of the unpaid interest, for each year of nonpayment.
4	— <u>Disc</u>	closure - Opt-out.
5	<u>1.</u>	A lender shall state in the mortgage agreement and in periodic statements how escrow
6		funds are managed, including details on the interest rate and how interest is credited.
7	<u> 2.</u>	A borrower may opt-out of the interest payment provision only if the borrower's
8		mortgage agreement explicitly allows the borrower to opt-out and the borrower agrees
9		to forfeit the interest in exchange for a reduced mortgage rate or other benefit.
10	——SEC	CTION 2. APPLICATION. This Act applies to an escrow account created after the
11	effective	date of this Act. For an existing escrow account, interest payments required by this Act
12	must be	gin on January 1, 2026.
13	SEC	CTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 47-10.2-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
15	47-1	0.2-01. Definitions.
16	In se	ections 47-10.2-01 through 47-10.2-03, unless the context or subject matter otherwise
17	requires	
18	1.	"Borrower" means the obligor under a residential mortgage held by a mortgagee.
19	2.	"Escrow account" means an account held by a lender or servicer used to collect and
20		hold funds for the payment of property taxes, homeowner's insurance, and other
21		related expenses associated with a residential mortgage.
22	3.	"Escrow funds" means money placed into an escrow account by a borrower for the
23		payment of obligations such as property taxes, homeowner's insurance, and other
24		expenses associated with home ownership.
25	4.	"Interest rate" means the percentage rate paid by the lender on funds held in escrow
26		accounts.
27	5.	"Lender" means a bank, mortgage company, credit union, or other financial institution
28		that services residential mortgage loans and holds escrow accounts. The term does
29		not include the North Dakota housing finance agency.
30	6.	_"Servicer" means a person or entity maintaining an escrow account for a residential
31		mortgagee.

1	3.7. "Surplus amount" means from the annual escrow account analysis, any amount
2	greater than or equal to fifty dollars, excluding any escrow cushion required by the
3	servicer.
4	SECTION 2. A new section to chapter 47-10.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
5	and enacted as follows:
6	Lender's obligation to pay interest on escrow accounts.
7	A lender shall pay interest on funds held in an escrow account that maintains a minimum
8	average balance of five hundred dollars. The escrow account must have been in existence for a
9	minimum of three months before the interest may be credited. Only active accounts are eligible
10	for accumulation of interest.
11	SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 47-10.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
12	and enacted as follows:
13	Determining the acceptable interest rate.
14	1. The interest rate paid on escrow funds must be based on prevailing market rates for a
15	saving or similar deposit account. At minimum, all interest paid under this chapter must
16	be set at one-half percent annually. If the lender adjusts the interest rate, the change
17	must be consistent with changes in market rates for comparable deposit products. A
18	rate change may not disproportionately favor the lender.
19	2. A lender holding an escrow account shall use a transparent and clear formula for
20	determining the escrow account interest rate and clearly disclose the interest rate
21	applied to escrow accounts in a loan agreement. If a lender offers multiple types of
22	deposit accounts with different interest rates, the borrower must be informed of the
23	type of deposit product tied to the borrower's escrow account.
24	SECTION 4. A new section to chapter 47-10.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
25	and enacted as follows:
26	Disclosure - Opt-out.
27	1. A lender shall state in the mortgage agreement and in periodic statements how escrow
28	funds are managed, including details on the interest rate and how interest is credited.
29	2. A borrower may opt-out of the interest payment provision only if the borrower's
30	mortgage agreement explicitly allows the borrower to opt-out and the borrower agrees
31	to forfeit the interest in exchange for a reduced mortgage rate or other benefit.

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 - SECTION 5. APPLICATION. This Act applies to an escrow account created after the
- 2 effective date of this Act. For an existing escrow account, interest payments required by this Act
- 3 must begin on January 1, 2026.