

February 12, 2025

Sixty-ninth  
Legislative Assembly  
of North Dakota

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

### SENATE BILL NO. 2280

Introduced by

Senators Meyer, Barta, Bekkedahl, Cleary

Representatives Nelson, Warrey

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 26.1-36.12 of the North Dakota Century Code,  
2 relating to prior authorization for health and dental insurance; to provide for a legislative  
3 management study; to provide for a legislative management report; and to provide an effective  
4 date.

5 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

6 **SECTION 1.** Chapter 26.1-36.12 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted  
7 as follows:

8 **26.1-36.12-01. Definitions.**

9 As used in this chapter:

- 10 1. "Adverse determination" means a decision by a prior authorization review organization  
11 relating to an admission, extension of stay, or health care service that is partially or  
12 wholly adverse to the enrollee, including a decision to deny an admission, extension of  
13 stay, or health care service on the basis it is not medically necessary.
- 14 2. "Appeal" means a formal request, either orally or in writing, to reconsider an adverse  
15 determination regarding an admission, extension of stay, or health care service.
- 16 3. "Authorization" means a determination by a prior authorization review organization that  
17 a health care service has been reviewed and, based on the information provided,  
18 satisfies the prior authorization review organization's requirements for medical  
19 necessity and appropriateness, and payment will be made for that health care service.

- 1       4. "Clinical criteria" means the written policies, written screening procedures, drug  
2       formularies or lists of covered drugs, determination rules, determination abstracts,  
3       clinical protocols, practice guidelines, medical protocols, and any other criteria or  
4       rationale used by the prior authorization review organization to determine the  
5       necessity and appropriateness of health care services.
- 6       5. "Emergency health care services" means health care services, supplies, or treatments  
7       furnished or required to screen, evaluate, and treat an emergency medical condition.
- 8       6. "Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition that manifests itself by  
9       symptoms of sufficient severity which may include pain and that a prudent layperson  
10       who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine could reasonably  
11       expect the absence of medical attention to result in placing the individual's health in  
12       jeopardy, impairment of a bodily function, or dysfunction of any body part.
- 13       7. "Enrollee" means an individual who has contracted for or who participates in coverage  
14       under a policy for that individual or that individual's eligible dependents.
- 15       8. "Health care services" means health care procedures, treatments, or services  
16       provided by a licensed facility or provided by a licensed physician, licensed dentist, or  
17       within the scope of practice for which a health care professional is licensed. The term  
18       includes dental services and the provision of pharmaceutical products or services or  
19       durable medical equipment.
- 20       9. "Medically necessary" as the term applies to health care services means health care  
21       services a prudent physician or dentist would provide to a patient for the purpose of  
22       preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, or its symptoms in a  
23       manner that is:
- 24       a. In accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;  
25       b. Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration; and  
26       c. Not primarily for the economic benefit of the health plans and purchasers or for  
27       the convenience of the patient, treating physician, treating dentist, or other health  
28       care provider.
- 29       10. "Medication assisted treatment" means the use of medications, commonly in  
30       combination with counseling and behavioral therapies, to provide a comprehensive  
31       approach to the treatment of substance use disorders. United States food and drug

1 administration-approved medications used to treat opioid addiction include methadone  
2 and buprenorphine, alone or in combination with naloxone and extended-release  
3 injectable naltrexone. Types of behavioral therapies include individual therapy, group  
4 counseling, family behavior therapy, motivational incentives, and other modalities.

5 11. "Policy" means ~~an insurance policy, a health maintenance organization contract, a~~  
6 ~~health service corporation contract, an employee welfare benefits plan, a hospital or~~  
7 ~~medical services plan, or any other benefits program providing payment,~~  
8 ~~reimbursement, or indemnification for health care costs. The term includes a health~~  
9 ~~benefit plan as defined in section 26.1-36.3-01 or a dental benefit plan as defined in~~  
10 ~~section 26.1-36.9-01. The term does not include medical assistance, benefits under~~  
11 ~~title 65, or the public employees retirement system health benefits uniform group~~  
12 ~~insurance program plans under chapter 54-52.1.~~

13 12. "Prior authorization" means the review conducted before the delivery of a health care  
14 service, including an outpatient health care service, to evaluate the necessity,  
15 appropriateness, and efficacy of the use of health care services, procedures, and  
16 facilities, by a person other than the attending health care professional, for the  
17 purpose of determining the medical necessity of the health care services or admission.  
18 The term includes a review conducted after the admission of the enrollee and in  
19 situations in which the enrollee is unconscious or otherwise unable to provide advance  
20 notification. The term does not include a referral or participation in a referral process  
21 by a participating provider unless the provider is acting as a prior authorization review  
22 organization.

23 13. "Prior authorization review organization" means a person that performs prior  
24 authorization for:

25 a. An employer with employees in the state who are covered under a policy;

26 b. An insurer that writes policies;

27 c. A preferred provider organization or health maintenance organization; or

28 d. Any other person that provides, offers to provide, or administers hospital,

29 outpatient, medical, prescription drug, or other health benefits to an individual

30 treated by a health care professional in the state under a policy.

- 1       14. "Urgent health care service" means a health care service for which, in the opinion of a  
2       health care professional with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition, the  
3       application of the time periods for making a non-expedited prior authorization might:  
4       a. Jeopardize the life or health of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain  
5       maximum function; or  
6       b. Subject the enrollee to pain that cannot be managed adequately without the care  
7       or treatment that is the subject of the prior authorization review.

8       **26.1-36.12-02. Disclosure and review of prior authorization requirements.**

- 9       1. A prior authorization review organization shall make any prior authorization  
10       requirements and restrictions readily accessible on the organization's website to  
11       enrollees, health care professionals, and the general public. Requirements include the  
12       written clinical criteria and be described in detail using plain and ordinary language  
13       comprehensible by a layperson.  
14       2. If a prior authorization review organization intends to implement a new prior  
15       authorization requirement or restriction, or amend an existing requirement or  
16       restriction, the prior authorization review organization shall:  
17       a. Ensure the new or amended requirement is not implemented unless the prior  
18       authorization review organization's website has been updated to reflect the new  
19       or amended requirement or restriction; and  
20       b. Provide contracted health care providers of enrollees written notice of the new or  
21       amended requirement or amendment no fewer than ~~one hundred twenty~~sixty  
22       days before the requirement or restriction is implemented.

23       **26.1-36.12-03. Personnel qualified to make adverse determinations.**

24       A prior authorization review organization shall ensure ~~all an~~ adverse ~~determinations are~~  
25       ~~made~~determination made for a health benefit plan is reviewed by a licensed physician ~~or,~~  
26       licensed dentist, ~~or licensed~~ pharmacist. The reviewing individual:

- 27       1.  
28       ~~Shall possess a valid nonrestricted license to practice medicine or dentistry;~~  
29       ~~2. Must be of the same or similar specialty as the physician or dentist who typically~~  
30       ~~manages the condition or illness or provides the health care service involved in the~~

1            ~~request;~~        ~~3.~~        Must have experience treating patients with the condition or  
2            illness for which the health care service is being requested; and

3            4.2.    Shall make the adverse determination under the clinical direction of one of the prior  
4            authorization review organization's medical directors who is responsible for the health  
5            care services provided to enrollees.

6            ~~**26.1-36.12-04. Consultation before issuing an adverse determination.**~~

7            ~~If a prior authorization review organization is questioning the medical necessity of a health~~  
8            ~~care service, the prior authorization review organization shall notify the enrollee's physician or~~  
9            ~~dentist that medical necessity is being questioned. Before issuing an adverse determination, the~~  
10           ~~prior authorization review organization shall allow the enrollee's physician or dentist the~~  
11           ~~opportunity to discuss the medical necessity of the health care service on the telephone with the~~  
12           ~~physician or dentist who will be responsible for determining authorization of the health care~~  
13           ~~service under review.~~

14           ~~**26.1-36.12-05**~~**26.1-36.12-04. Personnel qualified to review appeals.**

- 15           1.    A prior authorization review organization shall ensure all appeals are reviewed by a  
16           physician or dentist. The reviewing individual:
- 17           a.    Shall possess a valid nonrestricted license to practice medicine or dentistry;
  - 18           b.    Must be in active practice in the same or similar specialty as the physician or  
19           dentist who typically manages the medical condition or disease for at least five  
20           consecutive years;
  - 21           c.    Must be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing, the health care  
22           services under appeal;
  - 23           d.    May not be employed by a prior authorization review organization or be under  
24           contract with a prior authorization review organization other than to participate in  
25           one or more of the prior authorization review organization's health care provider  
26           networks or to perform reviews of appeals, or otherwise have any financial  
27           interest in the outcome of the appeal;
  - 28           e.    May not have been directly involved in making the adverse determination; and
  - 29           f.    Shall consider all known clinical aspects of the health care service under review,  
30           including a review of all pertinent medical records provided to the prior  
31           authorization review organization by the enrollee's health care provider, any

1 relevant records provided to the prior authorization review organization by a  
2 health care facility, and any medical literature provided to the prior authorization  
3 review organization by the health care provider.

4 2. A review of an adverse determination involving a prescription drug must be conducted  
5 by a licensed pharmacist or physician who is competent to evaluate the specific  
6 clinical issues presented in the review.

7 **26.1-36.12-0626.1-36.12-05. Prior authorization - Nonurgent circumstances.**

8 1. If a prior authorization review organization requires prior authorization of a health care  
9 service, the prior authorization review organization shall make a prior authorization or  
10 adverse determination and notify the enrollee and the enrollee's health care provider  
11 of the decision within ~~two-business~~seven calendar days of obtaining all necessary  
12 information to make the decision. For purposes of this subsection, "necessary  
13 information" includes the results of any face-to-face clinical evaluation or second  
14 opinion that may be required.

15 2. A prior authorization review organization shall allow an enrollee and the enrollee's  
16 health care provider fourteen business days following a nonurgent circumstance or  
17 provision of health care services for the enrollee or health care provider to notify the  
18 prior authorization review organization of the nonurgent circumstance or provision of  
19 health care services.

20 **26.1-36.12-0726.1-36.12-06. Prior authorization - Urgent health care services.**

21 A prior authorization review organization shall render a prior authorization or adverse  
22 determination concerning urgent health care services and notify the enrollee and the enrollee's  
23 health care provider of that prior authorization or adverse determination within ~~twenty-~~  
24 ~~four~~seventy-two hours after receiving all information needed to complete the review of the  
25 requested health care services.

26 **26.1-36.12-0826.1-36.12-07. Prior authorization - Emergency medical condition.**

27 1. A prior authorization review organization may not require prior authorization for  
28 prehospital transportation or for the provision of emergency health care services for an  
29 emergency medical condition.

30 2. A prior authorization review organization shall allow an enrollee and the enrollee's  
31 health care provider a minimum of two business days following an emergency

1 admission or provision of emergency health care services for an emergency medical  
2 condition for the enrollee or health care provider to notify the prior authorization review  
3 organization of the admission or provision of health care services.

4 ~~3. A prior authorization review organization shall cover emergency health care services~~  
5 ~~for an emergency medical condition necessary to screen and stabilize an enrollee. If,~~  
6 ~~within seventy-two hours of an enrollee's admission, a health care provider certifies in~~  
7 ~~writing to a prior authorization review organization that the enrollee's condition~~  
8 ~~required emergency health care services for an emergency medical condition, that~~  
9 ~~certification will create a presumption the emergency health care services for the~~  
10 ~~emergency medical condition were medically necessary. The presumption may be~~  
11 ~~rebutted only if the prior authorization review organization can establish, with clear and~~  
12 ~~convincing evidence, that the emergency health care services for the emergency~~  
13 ~~medical condition were not medically necessary.~~

14 ~~4.~~ The medical necessity or appropriateness of emergency health care services for an  
15 emergency medical condition may not be based on whether those services were  
16 provided by participating or nonparticipating providers. ~~Restrictions on coverage of~~  
17 ~~emergency health care services for an emergency medical condition provided by~~  
18 ~~nonparticipating providers may not be greater than restrictions that apply when those~~  
19 ~~services are provided by participating providers.~~

20 ~~5.4.~~ If an enrollee receives an emergency health care service that requires immediate  
21 postevaluation or poststabilization services, a prior authorization review organization  
22 shall make an authorization determination within two business days of receiving a  
23 request. If the authorization determination is not made within two business days, the  
24 services must be deemed approved.

25 ~~26.1-36.12-09~~ ~~26.1-36.12-08.~~ **No prior authorization for medication assisted treatment.**

26 A prior authorization review organization may not require prior authorization for the  
27 provision of medication assisted treatment for the treatment of opioid use disorder.

28 ~~26.1-36.12-10~~ ~~26.1-36.12-09.~~ **Retrospective denial.**

29 A prior authorization review organization may not revoke, limit, condition, or restrict a prior  
30 authorization if care is provided within forty-five business days from the date the health care

1 provider received the prior authorization unless there is evidence the prior authorization was  
2 based on fraud.

3 **~~26.1-36.12-11~~26.1-36.12-10. Length of prior authorization.**

4 A prior authorization is valid for six months after the date the health care provider receives  
5 the prior authorization.

6 **~~26.1-36.12-12~~26.1-36.12-11. Chronic or long-term care conditions.**

7 If a prior authorization review organization requires a prior authorization for a health care  
8 service for the treatment of a chronic or long-term care condition, the prior authorization  
9 remains valid for twelve months.

10 **~~26.1-36.12-13~~26.1-36.12-12. Continuity of care for enrollees.**

- 11 1. On receipt of information documenting a prior authorization from the enrollee or from  
12 the enrollee's health care provider, a prior authorization review organization shall  
13 honor a prior authorization granted to an enrollee from a previous prior authorization  
14 review organization for at least the initial sixty days of an enrollee's coverage under a  
15 new policy.
- 16 2. During the time period described in subsection 1, a prior authorization review  
17 organization may perform its review to grant a prior authorization.
- 18 3. If there is a change in coverage of, or approval criteria for, a previously authorized  
19 health care service, the change in coverage or approval criteria does not affect an  
20 enrollee who received prior authorization before the effective date of the change for  
21 the remainder of the enrollee's plan year. This subsection does not apply if a prior  
22 authorization review organization changes coverage terms for a drug or device that  
23 has been:
- 24 a. Deemed unsafe by the United States food and drug administration; or  
25 b. Withdrawn by the United States food and drug administration or product  
26 manufacturer.
- 27 4. A prior authorization review organization shall continue to honor a prior authorization  
28 the organization has granted to an enrollee if the enrollee changes products under the  
29 same health insurance company.



1 **26.1-36.12-1426.1-36.12-13. Failure to comply - Services deemed authorized.**

2 If a prior authorization review organization fails to comply with the deadlines and other  
3 requirements in this chapter, any health care services subject to review automatically are  
4 deemed authorized by the prior authorization review organization.

5 **26.1-36.12-1526.1-36.12-14. Procedures for appeals of adverse determinations.**

- 6 1. A prior authorization review organization shall have written procedures for appeals of  
7 adverse determinations. The right to appeal must be available to the enrollee and the  
8 attending health care professional.
- 9 2. The enrollee may review the information relied on in the course of the appeal, present  
10 evidence and testimony as part of the appeals process, and receive continued  
11 coverage pending the outcome of the appeals process.

12 **26.1-36.12-1626.1-36.12-15. Effect of change in prior authorization clinical criteria.**

13 1. If, during a plan year, a prior authorization review organization changes coverage  
14 terms for a health care service or the clinical criteria used to conduct prior  
15 authorizations for a health care service, the change in coverage terms or in clinical  
16 criteria does not apply until the next plan year for any enrollee who received prior  
17 authorization for a health care service using the coverage terms or clinical criteria in  
18 effect before the effective date of the change.

19 2. This section does not apply if a prior authorization review organization changes  
20 coverage terms for a drug or device that has been:

- 21 a. Deemed unsafe by the United States food and drug administration; or  
22 b. Withdrawn by the United States food and drug administration or product  
23 manufacturer.

24 **26.1-36.12-1726.1-36.12-16. Notification to claims administrator.**

25 If the prior authorization review organization and the claims administrator are separate  
26 entities, the prior authorization review organization shall notify, either electronically or in writing,  
27 the appropriate claims administrator for the health benefit plan of any adverse determination  
28 that is reversed on appeal.

29 **26.1-36.12-1826.1-36.12-17. Annual report to insurance commissioner.**

- 1       1. A prior authorization review organization shall report to the insurance commissioner by  
2       September first of each year, ~~in a form and manner specified by the commissioner,~~  
3       information regarding prior authorization requests for the previous calendar year.
- 4       2. The report must be available online and in a form specified by the commissioner.
- 5       3. The report must include the:
  - 6           a. Total number of prior authorization requests received;
  - 7           b. Number of prior authorization requests for which an authorization was issued;
  - 8           c. Number of prior authorization requests for which an adverse determination was  
9           issued;
  - 10          d. Number of adverse determinations reversed on appeal; ~~and~~
  - 11          e. Reasons an adverse determination was issued, expressed as a percentage of all  
12          adverse determinations. ~~The reasons may, which must~~ include:
    - 13           (1) The patient did not meet prior authorization criteria;
    - 14           (2) Incomplete information was submitted by the provider to the prior  
15           authorization review organization;
    - 16           (3) The treatment program changed; or
    - 17           (4) The patient is no longer covered by the health benefit plan;
  - 18          f. Number of prior authorization requests submitted but not necessary;
  - 19          g. Number of prior authorization requests submitted by electronic means; and
  - 20          h. Number of prior authorization requests submitted by nonelectronic means,  
21          including mail and facsimile.

**SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - PRIOR AUTHORIZATION  
REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
UNIFORM GROUP INSURANCE PROGRAM PLANS - INSURANCE COMMISSIONER DATA  
COLLECTION AND REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT.**

- 26       1. During the 2025-26 interim, the legislative management shall consider studying prior  
27       authorization requirements imposed by the public employees retirement system  
28       uniform group insurance plans under chapter 54-52.1 and the impact on patient care  
29       and health care costs.
- 30       2. The study must include input from stakeholders, including patients, providers, and  
31       commercial insurance plans.

- 1       3. The study must require insurance plans to submit to the insurance commissioner by  
2       July 1, 2025, for the immediately preceding calendar year for each commercial  
3       product:
  - 4       a. The number of prior authorization requests for which an authorization was  
5       issued;
  - 6       b. The number of prior authorization requests for which an adverse determination  
7       was issued, sorted by health care service, whether the adverse determination  
8       was appealed, or whether the adverse determination was upheld or reversed on  
9       appeal;
  - 10      c. The reasons for prior authorization denial, including the patient did not meet prior  
11      authorization criteria, incomplete information was submitted by the provider to the  
12      utilization review organization, a change in treatment program, or the patient is  
13      no longer covered by the plan; and
  - 14      d. The number of denials reversed by internal appeals or external reviews.
- 15      4. The insurance commissioner shall aggregate this data into a report and submit it to the  
16      legislative management by November 1, 2025.
- 17      5. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations, together  
18      with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the seventieth  
19      legislative assembly.

20      **SECTION 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.** This Act becomes effective on January 1, 2026.