Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## FIRST ENGROSSMENT with House Amendments ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2297

Introduced by

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Senators Roers, Barta, Lee, Sorvaag

Representative O'Brien

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsection 3 of section 23-06.5-03 and section
- 2 23-12-13 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the determination of incapacity and
- 3 informed consent of incapacitated patients and minors.

## 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 23-06.5-03 of the North Dakota
   Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 3. A health care directive, including the agent's authority, is in effect only when the principal lacks capacity to make health care decisions, as certified in writing by the principal's attending physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist and filed in the principal's medical record, and ceases to be effective upon a determination that the principal has recovered capacity.
  - **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 23-12-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - 23-12-13. <u>PersonsIndividuals</u> authorized to provide informed consent to health care for incapacitated <u>personspatients and minors</u> Priority.
    - Informed consent for health care for a minor patient or a patient who is determined by a physician to be an incapacitated person, as defined in subsection 2 of section 30.1-26-01, and unable to consent may be obtained from a person authorized to consent on behalf of the patientFor purposes of this section:
      - a. "Incapacitated patient" means an adult unable to understand and appreciate the nature and consequence of a health care decision, including the benefits, harms, and reasonable alternatives to proposed health care, and unable to communicate

1			a health care decision, as certified by the patient's attending physician and filed in				
2			the patient's medical record.				
3		<u>b.</u>	"Minor" means an individual under eighteen years of age. Persons				
4	<u>2.</u>	<u>Unl</u>	Inless a court of competent jurisdiction determines otherwise, individuals in the				
5		follo	owing classes and in the following order of priority may provide informed consent to				
6		hea	Ith care on behalf of thean incapacitated patient:				
7		a.	The individual, if any, to whom the patient has given a durable power of attorney				
8			that encompasses the authority to make health care decisions, unless a court of				
9			competent jurisdiction specifically authorizes a guardian to make medical-				
10			decisions for the incapacitated person;				
11		<del>b.</del>	The appointed health care agent appointed through a health care directive				
12			under chapter 23-06.5 or a similar instrument executed in another jurisdiction in				
13			accordance with the law in that jurisdiction;				
14		<u>b.</u>	An appointed guardian or custodian of the patient, if any under chapter 30.1-28				
15			or a similar instrument executed in another jurisdiction in accordance with the law				
16			in that jurisdiction;				
17		<del>c.</del>	The patient's				
18		<u>C.</u>	A spouse of the patient who has maintained significant contacts contact with the				
19			incapacitated personpatient;				
20		<del>d.</del>	Children				
21		<u>d.</u>	A child of the patient who areis at least eighteen years of age and who have has				
22			maintained significant contacts with the incapacitated personpatient;				
23		e.	<del>Parents</del>				
24		<u>e.</u>	A parent of the patient, including a stepparent who has maintained significant				
25			contactscontact with the incapacitated personpatient;				
26		f.	Adult brothers and sisters				
27		<u>f.</u>	An adult sibling of the patient who have has maintained significant				
28			contactscontact with the incapacitated personpatient;				
29		<del>g.</del>	Grandparents				
30		<u>g.</u>	A grandparent of the patient who have has maintained significant contacts contact				
R1			with the incapacitated personnations:				

1		<del>h.</del>	Gra	<del>ndchildren</del>			
2		<u>h.</u>	<u>A gr</u>	andchild of the patient who areis at least eighteen years of age and who			
3			have	e <u>has</u> maintained significant <del>contacts</del> contact with the <del>incapacitated</del>			
4			pers	sonpatient; or			
5		i.	A cl	ose relative or friend of the patient who is at least eighteen years of age and			
6			who	has maintained significant <del>contacts</del> <u>contact</u> with the <del>incapacitated</del>			
7			pers	sonpatient; or			
8		<u>j.</u>	<u>An i</u>	nterdisciplinary team consisting of at least three health care professionals.			
9			<u>(1)</u>	An interdisciplinary team may include an employee or agent of a health care			
10				provider treating an incapacitated patient, including a member of the ethics			
11				committee, provided a member of the team is not directly involved with the			
12				treatment of the incapacitated patient.			
13			<u>(2)</u>	If consent is provided under this subdivision, a health care provider shall			
14				continue good faith efforts to identify and locate an individual in a preceding			
15				level of priority.			
16	<del>2.</del> <u>3.</u>	<u>Unle</u>	nless otherwise determined by court order, a parent may make health care decisions				
17		for t	the parent's minor child. Individuals in the following classes and in the following				
18		orde	rder of priority may provide informed consent to health care on behalf of a minor				
19		<u>pati</u>	ent if	a parent is unable to provide informed consent:			
20		<u>a.</u>	<u>A gu</u>	uardian acting under a court order specifically authorizing the guardian to			
21			<u>mak</u>	ke health care decisions for the minor;			
22		<u>b.</u>	An a	appointed guardian or custodian of the minor;			
23		<u>C.</u>	A no	oncustodial parent of the minor, including a stepparent who has maintained			
24			<u>sign</u>	ificant contact with the patient;			
25		<u>d.</u>	An a	adult sibling of the minor who has maintained significant contact with the			
26			min	<u>or;</u>			
27		<u>e.</u>	<u>A gr</u>	andparent of the minor who has maintained significant contact with the minor;			
28		<u>f.</u>	A cl	ose relative or friend of the minor who is at least eighteen years of age and			
29			who	has maintained significant contact with the minor; or			
30		a.	An i	nterdisciplinary team consisting of at least three health care professionals.			

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1 (1) An interdisciplinary team may include an employee or agent of a health care 2 provider treating a minor, including a member of the ethics committee, 3 provided a member of the team is not directly involved with the treatment of 4 the minor. 5 <u>(2)</u> If consent is provided under this subdivision, a health care provider shall 6 continue good faith efforts to identify and locate an individual in a preceding 7 level of priority. 8 A physicianhealth care provider seeking informed consent for proposed health care for 9 a minor patient or a patient who is an incapacitated person andan incapacitated 10 patient or a minor who is unable to consent must make reasonable efforts to locate 11 and secure authorization for the health care from a competent person individual in the 12 first or succeeding class identified in subsection 42 for an incapacitated patient or 13 subsection 3 for a minor. If the physician health care provider is unable to locate such 14 personindividual, authorization may be given by any personindividual in the next class 15 in the order of descending priority. A personAn individual identified in subsection 42 for 16 an incapacitated patient or subsection 3 for a minor may not provide informed consent 17 to health care if a personan individual of higher priority has refused to give such 18 authorization. 19 <del>3.</del>5. Before any personindividual authorized to provide informed consent pursuant tounder 20 this section exercises that authority, the personindividual must first determine in good 21 faith that the patient, if not incapacitated, would consent to the proposed health care. If 22 such a determination cannot be made, the decision to consent to the proposed health 23 care may be made only after determining that the proposed health care is in the 24 patient's best interests. 25 4. No person 26 An individual authorized to provide informed consent pursuant toin accordance with <u>6.</u> 27 this section may not provide consent for sterilization, abortion, or psychosurgery or for 28 admission to a state mental health facility for a period of more than forty-five days 29 without a mental health proceeding or other court order. 30 <del>5.</del>7. If a patient who is determined by a physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist to be an

incapacitated personpatient, or a personan individual interested in the patient's

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- welfare, objects to a determination of incapacity made pursuant toin accordance with
- 2 this section, a court hearing pursuant to chapter 30.1-28 must be held to determine the
- 3 issue of incapacity.