Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

SENATE BILL NO. 2129

Introduced by

Workforce Development Committee

(At the request of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners)

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sixnine new sections to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota

2 Century Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; to

3 amend and reenact section 43-29-01.1, subsection 1 of section 43-29-02, sections 43-29-03,

 $4 \qquad 43 - 29 - 04, \ 43 - 29 - 05, \ 43 - 29 - 05.1, \ 43 - 29 - 06, \ 43 - 29 - 07, \ 43 - 29 - 07.1, \ 43 - 29 - 07.2, \ 43 - 29 - 07.3, \\$

- 5 43-29-08.1, 43-29-13, 43-29-14, and 43-29-15, subsection 2 of section 43-29-16, sections
- 6 43-29-16.1 and 43-29-17, and subsection 2 of section 43-29-19 of the North Dakota Century
- 7 Code, relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; to repeal
- 8 sections 43-29-09, 43-29-10, 43-29-11, and 43-29-12.1 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 9 relating to the practice of veterinary medicine and veterinary technology; and to provide a

10 penalty.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

14 **43-29-01.1. Definitions.**

15 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- "Accepted livestock management practice" means a procedure that is commonly
 preformed as part of the routine management of livestock which includes vaccination,
 implantation of growth hormones, branding, castration, dehorning, docking,
 earmarking, semen collection, nonsurgical artificial insemination, and assisting in a
- 20 <u>nonsurgical birthing process.</u>

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1	2.	"Animal" means any member of the animal kingdom other than a human being
2		whether living or dead.
3	<u>2.3.</u>	"AccreditedApproved college of veterinary medicine" means any veterinary college or
4		division of a university or college which offers the degree of doctor of veterinary
5		medicine or its equivalent and which conforms to the standards required for
6		accreditation by the council on education of the American veterinary medical
7		associationhas been approved by the board by rule an accrediting entity approved by
8		the board, if the entity is nationally recognized and develops and maintains
9		accreditation standards for veterinary education.
10	2.<u>3.</u>4.	"AccreditedApproved program in veterinary technology" means any postsecondary
11		educational program of two or more academic years that is accredited by the
12		committee on veterinary technician education and activities of the American veterinary
13		medical association which offers a degree in veterinary technology or its equivalent
14		and has been approved by the board by rule.
15	3.	"Animal" means any animal other than a human being. The term includes any
16		mammal, bird, fish, reptile, or fowl, whether wild or domestic, living or dead.
17	<mark>4.</mark> 5.	"Board" means the board of veterinary medical examiners.
18	5.<u>6.</u>	"Certificate" means a certificate issued by the educational commission for foreign
19		veterinary graduates or the educational equivalence program of the American
20		association of veterinary state boards, indicating the holder has demonstrated
21		knowledge and skill equivalent to that possessed by a graduate of an accredited
22		college of veterinary medicine.
23	6.	"Licensed veterinarian" means a person who is licensed by the board to practice-
24		veterinary medicine.
25	7.	"Licensed veterinary technician" means a person who has graduated from an-
26		accredited program in veterinary technology or an equivalent program as determined
27		by the board, and who has passed an examination prescribed by the board.
28	8.	"Client" means the patient's owner, owner's agent, or other individual presenting the
29		patient for care.

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1	<u>6.7.</u>	"Complementary, integrative, and alternative therapies" means a heterogeneous group
2		of preventative, diagnostic, and therapeutic philosophies and practices not considered
3	1	part of conventional veterinary medicine practiced by most veterinarians.
4	<u>7.8.</u>	"Consent" means the veterinarian has informed the client of the diagnostic and
5		treatment options, risk assessment, and prognosis, and the client has authorized the
6	I	recommended services.
7	<u>8.9.</u>	"Consultation" means that a veterinarian receives advice or assistance in person, or
8		by any method of communication, from a veterinarian or other individual whose
9	I	expertise, in the opinion of the veterinarian, would benefit a patient.
10	<u>9.10.</u>	"Direct supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is readily available on the
11		premises where the patient is being treated and has assumed responsibility for the
12	I	veterinary care given to the patient by an individual working under the direction of the
13		veterinarian.
14	11.	"Foreign practitioner" has the same meaning as defined under section 43-51-01.
15	<u>10.12.</u>	"Immediate supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is in the immediate area
16		and within audible and visual range of the patient and the individual treating the patient
17		and has assumed responsibility for the veterinary care given to the patient by an
18	1	individual working under the direction of the veterinarian.
19	<u> 11.13.</u>	"Impaired veterinarian" means a veterinarian who is unable to practice veterinary
20		medicine with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability or
21	I	the use of alcohol, drugs, or other habit-forming chemicals.
22	<u>12.14.</u>	"Impaired veterinary technician" means a veterinary technician who is unable to
23		practice veterinary technology with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical
24	1	or mental disability or the use of alcohol, drugs, or other habit-forming chemicals.
25	<u>13.15.</u>	"Indirect supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is not on the premises where
26		the patient is being treated but has given written or oral instructions for the treatment
27		of the patient, is readily available for communication, and has assumed responsibility
28		for the veterinary care given to the patient by an individual working under the direction
29	I	of the veterinarian.
30	<u> 14.16.</u>	"Jurisdiction" means any commonwealth, state, or territory of the United States of
31		America, including the District of Columbia, or any province of Canada.

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1	<u>15.17.</u>	<u>"Pa</u>	tient" means an animal or group of animals examined or treated by a veterinarian.			
2	<u> 16.18.</u>	"Pra	Practice of veterinary medicine" means to<u>the</u>:			
3		a.	Diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve, or prevent animalDiagnosis, prognosis,			
4			correction, supervision, recommendation, or performance of any medical or			
5			surgical treatment, including complementary, integrative or alternative therapies,			
6			for the diagnosis, prevention, cure, or relief of a wound, disease, deformity,			
7			defect, <u>fracture, bodily</u> injury, or other<u>dental,</u> physical<u>, behavioral,</u> or mental			
8			conditions. The term includes the prescription or administration of any drug,			
9			medicine, biologic, apparatus, application, anesthetic, or other therapeutic or			
10			diagnostic substance or technique, the use of any manual or mechanical			
11			procedure for testing for pregnancy, or for correcting sterility or infertility, or to-			
12			render advice or recommendation with regard to any of the above.condition of an			
13			animal;			
14		b.	RepresentPrescription, distribution, or administration of a drug, medicine,			
15			anesthetic, biologic, appliance, apparatus, application, or treatment to an animal;			
16		<u>C.</u>	Provision of any manual or mechanical procedure for the diagnosis or treatment			
17			of pregnancy, sterility, or infertility of an animal;			
18		<u>d.</u>	Determination of the health, fitness, or soundness of an animal;			
19		<u>e.</u>	Representation of oneself, directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and			
20			willingness to do an act described in subdivision a.as engaging in the practice of			
21			veterinary medicine; or			
22		c.<u>f.</u>	Use of any title, word, abbreviation, or letter in a manner or under circumstances			
23			that induce the belief the person<u>that the individual</u> using the<u>such</u> title, word,			
24			abbreviation, or letter is qualified to do any act described in subdivision a			
25			authorized to practice veterinary medicine under this chapter.			
26		d.	Apply principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection, environmental			
27			pollution control, animal nutrition, zoonotic disease control, and disaster medicine-			
28	I		in the promotion and protection of public health.			
29	<u> 17.19.</u>	<u>a.</u>	"Practice of veterinary technology" means the:			
30			(1) Provision of professional medical care, monitoring, or treatment on the basis			
31			of written or oral instructions from a veterinarian;			

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1			<u>(2)</u>	Representation of oneself, directly or indirectly, as engaging in the practice
2				of veterinary technology; or
3			<u>(3)</u>	Use of any title, word, abbreviation, or letter in a manner or under
4				circumstances that induce the belief that the individual using such title is
5				authorized to practice veterinary technology under this chapter.
6		<u>b.</u>	<u>This</u>	s section may not be construed to permit a veterinary technician to do the
7			<u>follc</u>	<u>owing:</u>
8			(1)	Surgery, except when acting as a surgical assistant to a veterinarian;
9			<u>(2)</u>	Diagnose;
10			<u>(3)</u>	Prognose; or
11	1		<u>(4)</u>	Prescribe.
12	<u> 18.20.</u>	<u>"Sta</u>	ate bo	pard examination" means the jurisprudence examination administered by the
13	1	<u>boa</u>	<u>ird.</u>	
14	<u>19.21.</u>	<u>"Su</u>	pervi	sing veterinarian" means a veterinarian who has a valid veterinarian-client-
15		pati	ient re	elationship and assumes responsibility for the veterinary care provided to the
16	l	pati	ient b	y an individual working under the direction of the veterinarian.
17	20. 22.	"Te	leadvi	ice" means the provision of any health information, opinion, or guidance that
18		<u>is n</u>	ot spe	ecific to a particular animal's health, illness, or injury and is not intended to
19	l	<u>dia</u>	gnose	e, prognose, or treat an animal.
20	21. 23.	"Te	lehea	Ith" means the use of technology to gather and deliver health information,
21	1	<u>adv</u>	<u>vice, e</u>	education, or patient care remotely.
22	22. 24.	"Te	letriag	ge" means electronic communication with the client to determine urgency and
23	l	nee	ed for	immediate referral to a veterinarian.
24	23. 25.	<u>"Ve</u>	terina	rian" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary medicine
25		unc	ler thi	s chapter.
26	9.<mark>24.</mark>26.	"Ve	terina	rian-client-patient relationship" means :
27		a.	А <u>а</u>	relationship in which the veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for
28			mał	king medical judgments regarding the health of an animal and the need for
29			mee	dical treatment, a patient and the client, who is the owner or other caretaker,
30			has	agreed to follow the instructions of the veterinarian.

4		b There is sufficient knowledge of the enimal by the veteringging to initiate at least a
1		b. There is sufficient knowledge of the animal by the veterinarian to initiate at least a
2		general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal.
3		c. The practicing veterinarian is readily available for followup in the case of adverse
4		reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy. This relationship exists only when
5		the veterinarian has recently seen and is personally acquainted with the keeping
6		and care of the animal by virtue of an examination of the animal and by medically-
7	I	appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal is kept.
8	10.<mark>25.</mark>27	"Veterinary medicine" includes veterinary surgery, obstetrics, dentistry,
9		chiropractic, acupuncture, and all other branches or specialties of veterinary medicine.
10	26. 28.	"Veterinary premises" means any premises or facility where the practice of veterinary
11		medicine is performed but may not include the premises of a client, research facility,
12	1	military base, or an approved college of veterinary medicine.
13	27. 29.	"Veterinary technician" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary
14	1	technology under this chapter.
15	28. 30.	"Veterinary technology" includes all branches or specialties of veterinary technology.
16	29. 31.	"Veterinary telemedicine" means the virtual practice of veterinary medicine over the
17		telecommunications infrastructure.
18	SEC	TION 2. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
19	and ena	cted as follows:
20	<u>Req</u>	uirements of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.
21	<u>1.</u>	A veterinarian-client-patient relationship may not be established unless the
22		veterinarian has sufficient knowledge of the patient to initiate a general or preliminary
23		diagnosis of the medical condition of the patient. To establish a veterinarian-client-
24		patient relationship, the veterinarian must be personally acquainted with the keeping
25		and care of the patient by virtue of a medically appropriate and timely in-person
26		examination of the patient by the veterinarian, or by a timely in-person visit to the
27		premises where the patient is managed or resides.
28	<u>2.</u>	The veterinarian must be reasonably available for patient followup care after a
29		veterinarian-client-patient relationship is established.
30	<u>3.</u>	The veterinarian shall provide oversight of patient treatment.
31	<u>4.</u>	Patient records must be maintained according to rules promulgated by the board.

1	<u>5.</u>	A veterinarian-client-patient relationship may not be established solely through
2		veterinary telemedicine.
3	<u>6.</u>	A veterinarian seeking consultation must maintain the veterinarian-client-patient
4		relationship.
5	<u>7.</u>	A veterinarian may terminate a veterinarian-client-patient relationship by notifying the
6		client that the veterinarian no longer wishes to serve the patient and client.
7	<u>8.</u>	The veterinarian shall refer the patient to another veterinarian for diagnosis, care, and
8		treatmentprovide medical records to the client, another veterinarian, or a foreign
9		practitioner designated by the client if the veterinarian-client-patient relationship has
10		been terminated and an ongoing medical or surgical condition exists. The veterinarian
11		must allow the client a reasonable amount of time to arrange care with another
12		veterinarian unless the circumstance, patient, or client threatens the safety of the
13		veterinarian or the staff.
14	<u>9.</u>	A veterinarian who in good faith engages in the practice of veterinary medicine by
15		rendering or attempting to render emergency care may not be subject to penalty
16		based solely on the inability to establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.
17	<u>10.</u>	The veterinarian-client-patient relationship may extend to all veterinarians within the
18		same practice with access to the patient records.
19	SEC	TION 3. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 43-29-02 of the North Dakota Century
20	Code is	amended and reenacted as follows:
21	1.	The state board of veterinary medical examiners consists of five gubernatorially
22		appointed members. In appointing the board members, the governor shall appoint
23		three veterinarians, one veterinarian<u>veterinary</u> technician, and one individual
24		representing the public. In appointing the veterinarian members of the board, the
25		governor shall make an effort to appoint:
26		a. One veterinarian whose practice has a predominant focus on large animals;
27		b. One veterinarian whose practice has a predominant focus on small animals; and
28		c. One veterinarian whose practice focuses on both large and small animals.
29	SEC	TION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amende	d and reenacted as follows:

1	43-2	9-03	. Officers of board - Seal - Meetings - Limitations on meetings -		
2	ExaminationsDuties of board - Rules - Code of ethics - Inspection of facilities -				
3	Educati	onal	requirements - Reciprocity<u>Fees</u>.		
4	1.	The	board shall elect a president and a secretary. The board shall have a seal, and		
5		the	president and the secretary may administer oaths<u>vice president</u>. The board shall		
6		hold	I meetings semiannually in the spring and fall of each year for the		
7		exa	minationapproval of candidates at a time and place specified by the		
8		boa	rd applicants for licensure. The board may hold any other meeting it determines		
9		nec	essary at the time and place it designates. No session of the board may exceed		
10		two	days. A quorum of the board consists of two members and such quorum is		
11		suf fi	cient<u>must be present</u> to conduct the business and proceedings of the board,		
12		exce	ept that any changes in the rules must be taken at a meeting at which all the		
13		mer	nbers are present.		
14	2.	The	board may adopt and enforce reasonable rules, and orders that it determines to		
15		be r	necessary to the performance of its duties and the regulation of the practice of		
16		vete	erinary medicine; establish standards for professional conduct, inspection of		
17		facil	ities, and educational requirements for renewal and granting of licenses; prescribe-		
18		form	ns for application for examination; prepare and supervise examination of applicants-		
19		for I	icense to practice veterinary medicine; obtain the services of professional		
20		exa	mination agencies in lieu of its own preparation of such examinations; and issue-		
21		and	revoke licenses as provided in this chapter. All rules must be submitted to the		
22		atto	rney general in accordance with chapter 28-32., veterinary technology, and		
23		vete	erinary telemedicine, including to:		
24		<u>a.</u>	Establish standards for professional conduct and inspection of veterinary		
25			premises;		
26		<u>b.</u>	Establish requirements for granting of licenses and temporary licenses;		
27		<u>C.</u>	Establish requirements for renewal of licenses and continuing education;		
28		<u>d.</u>	Prepare application forms for licensure and renewal;		
29		<u>e.</u>	Administer the state board examination for qualified applicants;		
30		<u>f.</u>	Obtain the services of professional examination agencies to administer national		
31			examinations; and		

1 Issue, suspend, revoke, or place on probationary status licenses and temporary <u>g.</u> 2 licenses as provided in this chapter. 3 3. All rules must be submitted to the attorney general in accordance with chapter 28-32. 4 3.4. The board may, in its discretion, enter reciprocal agreements with the examining 5 boards of other states and nations, governing the granting of licenses to practice 6 veterinary medicine and surgery in this state without the applicant taking a written 7 examination. Under no circumstances, however, may any reciprocal agreement be-8 entered with the board of another state or nation unless the requirements for the 9 granting of licenses in the other state or nation are on an equal or higher standard to 10 the requirements of this state. The board may prescribe by rule any other terms or 11 conditions to be contained in the agreements. The board shall determine the fee for 12 license by reciprocity agreement. shall set the following by rule: 13 Application fee; a. 14 License fee; b. 15 Temporary license fee; C. 16 d. Renewal fee; 17 Late renewal fee; and <u>e.</u> 18 <u>f.</u> Continuing education fee. 19 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is 20 amended and reenacted as follows: 21 43-29-04. Record of proceedings of board - Register of applicants kept by board -22 Records and register as evidence. 23 The state board of veterinary medical examiners shall keep a record of all its proceedings 24 and a register of applicants for licenses showing the name of each applicant, the time spent by 25 each applicant in the study and practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry or 26 veterinary technology, and the name and location of the school, college, or universityprogram 27 which granted the applicant a degree or diploma. Such books and records are prima facie 28 evidence of the matters recorded therein. 29 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is 30 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 43-29-05. Compensation and expenses of members of board. 2 Members of the board may receive for each day during which they are actually engaged in 3 the performance of the duties of their office such per diem as must be fixed by the board. They 4 may also be reimbursed for necessary travel expenses and meals and lodging expenses at the 5 same rate and in the same manner as are elected officials and employees of the state. 6 The board may select one of its members to attend the annual meeting of the national 7 organization of state examining boards. The member so selected may be reimbursed for 8 necessary travel expenses and meals and lodging expenses at the same rate and in the same-9 manner as are elected officials and employees of the state. 10 The board may incur no expense exceeding the sum received as fees, as hereinafter 11 provided. 12 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 13 amended and reenacted as follows: 14 43-29-05.1. Executive secretary director. 15 The board may employ an executive secretarydirector and such other personsindividuals as 16 it deems advisablenecessary to carry out the purpose of this chapter at such salaries as it may 17 determine. 18 Each biennium the executive secretary shall prepare the budget of the board for 19 presentation to the executive office of the budget. The executive secretary shall also carry out 20 all routine secretarial and other duties as directed by the board. 21 SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 22 amended and reenacted as follows: 23 43-29-06. Graduation from recognized school and certificate or permit from 24 boardLicense required. 25 Only a graduate of the veterinary course offered in a veterinary school, college, or university-26 recognized by the board, and who possesses a certificate of registrationAn individual must have 27 a license or temporary license issued by the board which is in effect, may engage in the to 28 practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology. 29 SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is 30 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 43-29-07. Application for license - Change of address - Display of certificate of

2 registrationRequirements for veterinarian licensure.

3 1. A person desiring

4 The board may grant a license to practice veterinary medicine in this state shall make-5 written application to the board. The application must show the applicant is a graduate of an-6 accredited college of veterinary medicine or the holder of a certificate. The application must also 7 show the applicant is a person of good moral character and any other information and proof the 8 board may require. The application must be accompanied by a fee in the amount established by 9 the board. If the board determines an applicant possesses the proper qualifications, the board 10 shall admit the applicant to the next examination. If the applicant is eligible for license without 11 examination under section 43-29-07.2, the board may grant the applicant a license. If an 12 applicant is found not qualified to take the examination or for a license without examination, the 13 board shall immediately notify the applicant in writing of this finding and the grounds of this 14 finding. An applicant found ungualified may request a hearing on the guestion of the applicant's 15 qualifications. 16 Each veterinarian licensed by the board, whether a resident or not, shall notify the 2. 17 secretary of any change in that person's office address or employment within sixty-18 days after the change has taken place. Any person licensed to practice veterinary 19 medicine after the fifteenth day of April, or any person issued a temporary permit to 20 practice veterinary medicine after that date, is exempt from this requirement to pay the 21 annual registration fee until the first day of July of the year following licensure. 22 3. Registration is a condition precedent to the practice of veterinary medicine and 23 surgery in this state, and a certificate of registration currently in effect must be on-24 display at all times in the office of each veterinarian engaged in active practice.to an 25 applicant who: 26 Is a graduate of an approved college of veterinary medicine or has completed an <u>1.</u> 27 equivalency program of veterinary medicine as established by the board by rule; 28 2. Passes the national board examination and clinical competency test, or the North 29 American veterinary licensing examination; 30 3. Passes the state board examination;

- 31 <u>4.</u> <u>Has no grounds for license refusal under section 43-29-14; and</u>

1	<u>5.</u>	Meets any additional requirements for licensure established by the board by rule.			
2	SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
3	amended and reenacted as follows:				
4	43-2	43-29-07.1. Veterinary technicians - ExaminationsRequirements for veterinary			
5	<u>technic</u>	ian licensure.			
6	1.	An			
7	The	board may grant a license to practice veterinary technology to an applicant for-			
8	licensur	e as a veterinary technician must have an examination date offered at least annually at			
9	a time, 	place, and date determined by the board at least ninety days before the scheduled			
10	examina	ation.			
11	2.	An applicant for licensure as a veterinary technician must pass the veterinary			
12		technician national examination with a score approved by the board.			
13	3.	An applicant for licensure as a veterinary technician who has successfully passed the			
14		veterinary technician national examination shall request that the applicant's-			
15		examination scores be forwarded to the board. An applicant is eligible for licensure			
16		upon meeting the licensure requirements set by the board.who:			
17	<u>1.</u>	Is a graduate of an approved program of veterinary technology or completed an			
18		equivalency program of veterinary technology as established by the board by rule;			
19	<u>2.</u>	Passes the veterinary technician national examination;			
20	<u>3.</u>	Passes the state board examination;			
21	<u>4.</u>	Has no grounds for license refusal under section 43-29-14; and			
22	<u>5.</u>	Meets any additional requirements for licensure established by the board by rule.			
23	SEC	CTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
24	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:			
25	43-2	29-07.2. Examination - License without examination - Temporary permitlicense.			
26	1.	The board shall hold at least two examinations a year. The board shall adopt rules			
27		governing preparation, administration, and grading of examinations. Examinations			
28		must be designed to test the examinee's knowledge of and proficiency in the subjects-			
29		and techniques commonly taught in veterinary schools. To pass the examination, the			
30		examinee must demonstrate scientific and practical knowledge sufficient to prove-			
31		competency to practice veterinary medicine in the judgment of the board. An examinee			

1		must be tested by written examination, supplemented by any oral interview and
2		practical demonstration the board determines necessary. The board may adopt and
3		use the examination prepared by the national board of veterinary medical examiners.
4		After each examination, the board shall notify each examinee of the result of the
5		examination, and the board shall issue a license to each person who passed the
6		examination. The board shall record each new license and issue a certificate of
7		registration to each new licensee. Any person failing an examination may be admitted
8		to any subsequent examination on approval by the board and payment of the
9		application fee.
10	2.	The board may issue a license without a written examination to a qualified applicant
11		who furnishes satisfactory proof of graduation from an accredited or approved college-
12		of veterinary medicine, or holds a certificate, and who:
13		a. Has for the five years immediately before filing of the application been a
14		practicing veterinarian licensed in a state having license requirements at the time-
15		the applicant was first licensed which were substantially equivalent to the
16		requirements of this chapter;
17		b. Has within the three years immediately before filing the application successfully
18		completed the examinations provided by the national board of veterinary medical-
19		examiners; or
20		c. Currently holds a license to practice in at least one state, has active diplomat
21		status in a specialty organization recognized by the American veterinary medical
22		association, and whose practice is limited to the certified specialty in the state in
23		which the specialist is licensed without examination.
24	3.	The board may issue without examination a temporary permitlicense to practice
25		veterinary medicine in this state to:
26		a. A qualified applicant for license pending examination, if the temporary permit
27		expires the day after the notice of results of the first examination given after the
28		permit is issued. A temporary permit may not be issued to an applicant who-
29		previously has failed the examination in this or any other state or a foreign
30		country.

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1	b.	A nonresident veterinarian validly licensed in another state or a foreign country
2		who pays the fee established and published by the board if the temporary permit
3		is issued for a period of no more than sixty days and no more than one permit is
4		issued to a person during each calendar year.
5	C.	A senior veterinary student who practices in the office of and under the direct
6		supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A temporary student permit may not
7		exceed six months from its date of issuance and is granted without payment of a
8		fee.
9	d.	A graduate of a nonaccredited college of veterinary medicine, who has-
10		satisfactorily completed the fourth year of clinical study at an accredited or
11		approved college of veterinary medicine, has successfully passed the
12		examination provided by the national board of veterinary medical examiners, and
13		is enrolled in the educational commission for foreign veterinary graduates
14		program. The holder of a temporary permit issued under this subdivision must
15		practice under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian. A temporary permit-
16		issued under this subdivision is valid until the holder obtains a certificate or for-
17		two years a qualified applicant who has met the requirements established by the
18		board.
19	SECTIO	N 12. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-07.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is
20	amended an	d reenacted as follows:
21	43-29-07	7.3. LicenseVeterinarian - License renewal - Continuing education
22	requirement	ts.
23	1. All -	licenses expireA veterinarian license expires annually as of July first but may be-
24	ren	ewed by registration with the board and payment of the registration renewal fee
25	est	ablished by the board. On June first of each year, the board shall mail a notice to
26	eac	h licensed veterinarian that the licensee's license will expire as of July first and
27	pro	vide the licensee with a form for registration. The board shall issue a new certificate
28	of r	egistration to a person reregistering under this section. Any person who willfully or-
29	by ⊣	neglect fails to renew a license and who practices veterinary medicine after the-
30	exp	viration of the license is practicing in violation of this chapteron June thirtieth.

1	<u>2.</u>	A veterinarian license may be renewed by submission of the following to the board, no
2		later than June thirtieth:
3		a. A complete renewal application;
4		b. Payment of the renewal fee established by the board; and
5		c. Proof of completion of board required continuing education.
6	<u>3.</u>	An individual who neglects or willfully fails to renew a license and practices veterinary
7		medicine after the expiration of the license, is practicing veterinary medicine in
8		violation of this chapter.
9	2.<u>4.</u>	Any qualified personAn individual may renew an expired license within twofive years of
10		the date of its expiration by making written completing an application for renewal and,
11		paying the current renewal fee plus all delinquent renewal fees, and completing all
12		required continuing education. After twofive years have elapsed since the date of
13		expiration, a license may not be renewed, but the holder may make application apply
14		for a new license and take the license examination. The board may by rule waive the
15		payment of the registration renewal fee of a licensed veterinarian during the period
16		when the veterinarian is on active duty with any branch of the armed services of the
17		United States, not to exceed the longer of three years or the duration of active duty.
18	3.<u>5.</u>	The board may adopt rules establishing requirements for the continuing education of
19		veterinarians and veterinary technicians. The board may refuse to renew or may
20		suspend, revoke, or place on probationary status any license issued under this
21		chapter upon proof the licenseeveterinarian has failed to meet the applicable
22		continuing education requirements. Applicants for accreditation of continuing
23		education courses, classes, or activities may be charged a reasonable fee determined
24		by the board.
25	SEC	TION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
27	43-2	9-08.1. Veterinary technician - Renewal of license <u>- Continuing education</u>
28	<u>requirer</u>	nents.
29	1.	A license issued to a veterinary technician under this chapter expireslicense expires
30		annually on December thirty-first.

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1	2.	A veterinary technician shall submit renewal fees and current mailing address
2		beforelicense may be renewed by submission of the following to the board, no later
3		than December thirty-first on an application form provided and mailed to the
4		licenseholder by the board:
5		a. <u>A complete renewal application;</u>
6		b. Payment of a renewal fee established by the board; and
7		c. Proof of completion of board required continuing education.
8	3.	A veterinary technician shall submit evidence of completion of required continuing-
9		education credits in the veterinary field during the calendar year in order to apply for a
10		license renewalAn individual who neglects or willfully fails to renew a license and
11		practices veterinary technology after the expiration of the license, is practicing
12		veterinary technology in violation of this chapter.
13	4.	Failure to submit the appropriateAn individual may renew an expired license renewal
14		fee every year results in forfeiture of all rights and privileges under this chapter and the
15		veterinary technician may not perform veterinary technician services unless the
16		veterinary technician pays a delinquency fee in addition to the licensewithin five years
17		of the date of its expiration by completing an application for renewal, paying the
18		current renewal fee plus all delinquent renewal fees, and completing all required
19		continuing education. After five years have elapsed since the date of expiration, a
20		license may not be renewed, but the holder may apply for a new license.
21	<u>5.</u>	The board may refuse to renew or may suspend, revoke, or place on probationary
22		status any license issued under this chapter upon proof the veterinary technician has
23		failed to meet the applicable continuing education requirements.
24	SEC	TION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is
25	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
26	43-2	9-13. Practices excepted from chapterExceptions to the unlicensed practice of
27	<u>veterina</u>	ry medicine.
28	<u>1.</u>	The following persons individuals may not be considered to be engaging in the practice
29		of veterinary medicine in this state:
30	1.	a. Those who administer to livestocktreat animals, the title to which rests inowned
31		<u>by</u> themselves , or in their regular employer, except when the ownership of the

1			animal was transferred or otherwise manipulated to avoid the requirements of
2			this chapter , or those who perform gratuitous services .
3	2.	<u>b.</u>	AnyoneAn individual who conducts experiments in scientific research in the
4			development of methods, techniques, or treatment, directly or indirectly
5			applicable to the problems of medicine, and who in connection with these
6			activities uses animals.
7	3.	<u>C.</u>	Anyone who is a regular <u>A</u> student <u>enrolled</u> in an accredited or approved college
8			of veterinary medicine performing duties or actions assigned by an instructor or
9			working under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian during a school
10			vacation period.
11	4.	<u>d.</u>	Anyone licensed in another state or nation when <u>An individual</u> engaged in this
12			state in consultation with veterinarians legally practicing herein.
13	5.	<u>e.</u>	A senior student who is in an approved school of veterinary medicine and who-
14			obtains from the board a student permit to practice in the office and under the
15			direct supervision of any veterinarian practicing within this state.
16	6.	Any	An employee of the United States or this state while in the performance of duties
17		as	employees <u>an employee</u> .
18	7.	<u>f.</u>	AnyA merchant or manufacturer selling nonprescription medicine, feed, an
19			appliance, or any other product used<u>for</u> use as labeled in the prevention or
20			treatment of animal diseases.
21	8.	<u>g.</u>	Any veterinary technician or other <u>An</u> employee of a licensed veterinarian
22			performing duties under the direction andor supervision of the veterinarian
23			responsible for the technician's or other employee's performance, except the
24			following duties:
25			(1) Performing surgery:
26			(2) Diagnosing;
27			(3) Prognosing; or
28			(4) Prescribing.
29	9.	<u>h.</u>	Any member of the faculty of an accredited college of veterinary medicine
30			performing regular functions or a personAn individual lecturing or giving
31			instructions or demonstrations within the individual's area of professional

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1			expertiseat an accredited college of veterinary medicine or in connection with aan-
2			approved continuing education course or seminar.
3	10.	<u>i.</u>	Any personAn individual selling or applying any pesticide, insecticide, or
4			herbicide.
5	11.	<u>j.</u>	A nyAn individual who is not a graduate of a foreign<u>an approved</u> college of
6			veterinary medicine who<u>,</u> and is in the process of obtaining a certificate and is
7			enrolled in an equivalency program of veterinary medicine as approved by the
8			board, performing duties or actions assigned by the graduate's instructorsan
9			instructor in an accredited approved college of veterinary medicine.
10	12.	<u>k.</u>	Any personAn individual performing a direct embryo transfer procedure on a
11			recipient cow. Except as provided in this subsection, a personan individual
12			performing a direct embryo transfer procedure on a recipient cow may not
13			administer prescription drugs to the cow during, or as part of, the procedure. The
14			owner of the recipient cow, however, may administer or cause the administration
15			of prescription drugs to the recipient cow during, or as part of, the procedure if a
16			veterinarian-client-patient relationship existsas prescribed by a veterinarian.
17		<u>l.</u>	An individual who administers medication or treatment as prescribed by a
18			veterinarian.
19	L	<u>m.</u>	An individual who performs gratuitous services for an animal in a life-threatening
20			situation.
21		n.	An individual who engages in any of these acts if the individual is not diagnosing,
22			prescribing, or treating a condition that has not been previously diagnosed by a
23			veterinarian who has referred the animal for treatment:
24			(1) Grooming:
25			(2) Training or conditioning;
26			(3) Horseshoeing or farrier work;
27			(4) Massage therapy or acupressure;
28			(5) Microchip implantation; or
29			(6) An accepted livestock management practice.
30	<u>2.</u>	<u>This</u>	s section may not be construed to protect individuals from animal cruelty laws in
31		<u>this</u>	<u>state.</u>

1 SECTION 15. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Co	de is created
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2 and enacted as follows:

2	and enacted as follows:				
3	<u>Ex</u>	ceptio	eptions to unlicensed practice of veterinary technology.		
4	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	The following individuals may not be considered to be engaging in the practice of		
5		<u>vet</u>	veterinary technology in this state:		
6		<u>a.</u>	An individual who treats an animal owned by the individual or the individual's		
7			regular employer, except when ownership of the animal was transferred or		
8			otherwise manipulated to avoid the requirements of this chapter.		
9		<u>b.</u>	An individual who conducts experiments in scientific research in the development		
10			of methods, techniques, or treatment, directly or indirectly applicable to the		
11			problems of medicine, and who in connection with these activities uses animals.		
12		<u>C.</u>	A student enrolled in an approved program of veterinary technology performing		
13			duties or actions assigned by an instructor or working under the direct		
14			supervision of a veterinarian.		
15		<u>d.</u>	An employee of the United States or this state while in the performance of duties		
16			as employees.		
17		<u>e.</u>	An employee of a veterinarian performing duties under the direction or		
18	1		supervision of the veterinarian responsible for the employee's performance.		
19		<u>f.</u>	An individual lecturing or giving instructions or demonstrations within the		
20			individual's area of professional expertise in connection with an approveda		
21			continuing education course or seminar.		
22		<u>g.</u>	An individual who is not a graduate of an approved program of veterinary		
23			technology, enrolled in an equivalency program of veterinary technology as		
24			approved by the board, performing duties or actions assigned by an instructor in		
25			an approved program of veterinary technology.		
26		<u>h.</u>	An individual who administers medication or treatment as prescribed by a		
27			veterinarian.		
28		<u>i.</u>	An individual who performs gratuitous services for an animal in a life-threatening		
29			situation.		
30	<u>2.</u>	<u>Thi</u>	s section may not be construed to protect individuals from animal cruelty laws in		
31		<u>this</u>	s state.		

1	SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
2	amended and reenacted as follows:			
3	43-29-14. Refusal, suspension, and revocation of license and certificate -			
4	Reinstateme	nt and relicense.		
5	1. The	state board of veterinary medical examiners may refuse to issue a license or		
6	certi	ificate of registrationtemporary license, or may suspend or revoke a license and		
7	certi	ificate of registrationor temporary license, upon any of the following grounds:		
8	a.	Fraud or deception in procuring the license, including conduct that violates the		
9		security or integrity of any licensing examination.		
10	b.	The use of advertising or solicitation that is false, misleading, or otherwise		
11		determined unprofessional under rules adopted by the board.		
12	С.	Habitual intemperance in the use of intoxicating liquors, or habitual addiction to-		
13		the use of morphine, cocaine, or other habit-forming drugsAn individual is		
14		determined to be an impaired veterinarian as defined by section 43-29.01.1 or an		
15		impaired veterinary technician as defined by section 43-29-01.1.		
16	d.	Immoral, unprofessional, or dishonorableUnprofessional conduct manifestly		
17		disqualifying the licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician from practicing		
18		veterinary medicine or veterinary technology as defined by the rules adopted by		
19		the board, or violating the code of ethics adopted by the board by rule.		
20	e.	Incompetence, gross negligence, or other malpractice in the practice of		
21		veterinary medicine or veterinary technology.		
22	f.	Employment of unlicensed personsindividuals to perform work that under this		
23		chapter can lawfully be done only by personsindividuals licensed to practice		
24		veterinary medicine <u>or veterinary technology</u> .		
25	g.	Fraud or dishonest conduct in applying or reporting diagnostic biological tests,		
26		inspecting foodstuffs, or in issuing health certificatesregulatory documents.		
27	h.	Failure of the licensee to keep the premises and equipment used in the licensee's-		
28		practice in a reasonably clean and sanitary condition and failure to use		
29		reasonably sanitary methods in the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary		
30		technology.		
31	i.	Violation of the rules adopted by the board.		

1		j.	Conviction of an offense determined by the board to have a direct bearing upon a-
2			person's<u>the</u> ability <u>of an individual</u> to serve the public as a veterinarian <u>or</u>
3			veterinary technician, or when the board determines, following conviction of any
4			offense, that a personan individual is not sufficiently rehabilitated under section
5			12.1-33-02.1.
6		k.	Willful or repeated violations of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board.
7		I.	Failure to report, as required by law, or making false report of, any contagious or
8			infectious disease.
9		m.	Cruelty to animals as defined under chapter 36-21.2.
10		n.	Revocation of a license to practice veterinary medicine or veterinary technology
11			by another statejurisdiction on grounds other than nonpayment of a
12			registration <u>renewal</u> fee.
13		0.	The use, prescription, or dispensing of any veterinary prescription drug, or the
14			prescription or extra-label use of any over-the-counter drug, in the absence of a
15			valid veterinarian-client-patient relationship, except as provided by section
16			43-29-19.
17	2.	Any	/ person<u>An</u> individual whose license has been revoked may apply to the board for
18		rein	statement and relicensure one year after the date of revocation. The board may
19		reis	sue a license if the board is satisfied the applicant is qualified to practice veterinary
20		me	dicine or veterinary technology, meets the existing requirements for licensure, and
21		will	comply with the rules regarding the practice of veterinary medicine or veterinary
22		<u>tec</u> ł	nnology.
23	SEC	стіоі	N 17. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
24	amende	d and	d reenacted as follows:
25	43-2	29-15	5. Complaints - Investigations.
26	1.	Any	/ person<u>An</u> individual may file a written complaint with the board setting forth the
27		spe	cific charges upon which the complaint is made. Upon receiving a complaint, the
28		boa	rd shall notify the veterinarian <u>or veterinary technician</u> of the complaint and request
29		a w	ritten response from the veterinarian <u>or veterinary technician</u> . The board may adopt
30		rule	es establishing a peer review committee for the purpose of investigating complaints
31		and	I providing recommendations to the board. A veterinarian or veterinary technician

1		who	o is the subject of an investigation by the board shall cooperate fully with the
2		inve	estigation. Cooperation includes responding fully and promptly to any reasonable
3		que	estion raised by or on behalf of the board relating to the subject of the investigation
4		and	I providing copies of records when reasonably requested by the board. <u>Failure to</u>
5		<u>coo</u>	perate in the investigative process may be grounds for disciplinary action against
6		<u>the</u>	veterinarian or veterinary technician.
7	2.	То р	oursue the investigation, the board may subpoena and examine witnesses and
8		rece	ords, including medical records, copy, photograph, or take samples. The board may-
9		req	uire the veterinarian to give statements under oath, to submit to a physical or
10		psy	chological examination, or both, by a physician or other qualified evaluation
11		prot	fessional selected by the board if it appears to be in the best interest of the public
12		that	t this evaluation be secured. After review of the complaint, the veterinarian's
13		res	ponse, and information obtained in the investigation, the board shall determine if
14		the	re is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and that the allegations
15		con	stitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board. If the board determines
16		the	re is a reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and the allegations
17		con	stitute a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board, the board shall take
18		app	propriate action. If a reasonable basis is not found by the board, the board shall
19		noti	fy the complaining party and the veterinarian in writing:
20		<u>a.</u>	Subpoena and examine witnesses, records, medical records, copy, photograph,
21			or take samples;
22		<u>b.</u>	Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to give statements under oath;
23		<u>C.</u>	Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to submit to a physical
24			examination, chemical dependency evaluation, or psychological examination by a
25			physician or other qualified evaluation professional selected by the board if there
26			is reasonable cause to believe the veterinarian or veterinary technician is
27			impaired as defined by 43-29-01.1;
28		<u>d.</u>	Require the veterinarian or veterinary technician to enroll in a treatment or
29			monitoring program approved by the board if the board determines in good faith
30			enrollment would be beneficial to the veterinarian or veterinary technician or to
31			protect the public.

1		(1)	Failure to satisfactorily undergo an examination or enroll in a treatment and
2			monitoring program must be reported to the board by the treating
3			professional.
4		<u>(2)</u>	The veterinarian or veterinary technician shall consent to the approved
5			evaluation, examination, or the progress of the treatment or monitoring
6			program, at such intervals the board deems necessary.
7		<u>(3)</u>	The treating professional may release examination information, or treatment
8			and monitoring program information, to the board so the board may
9			evaluate the results of the examination or the progress and effectiveness of
10			the treatment or monitoring program.
11		<u>(4)</u>	Absent a release on file from the veterinarian or veterinary technician, all
12			records released to the board are confidential and are not public records.
13		<u>(5)</u>	The veterinarian or veterinary technician must be responsible for all
14			expenses related to evaluation and treatment.
15	<u>3.</u>	<u>After revi</u>	ew of the complaint, the response from the veterinarian or veterinary
16		<u>technicia</u>	n, and information obtained in the investigation, the board shall determine if
17		<u>there is a</u>	reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and if the allegations
18		<u>constitute</u>	e a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board. If the board determines
19		<u>there is a</u>	reasonable basis to believe the allegations are true and the allegations
20		<u>constitute</u>	e a violation of this chapter or the rules of the board, the board shall take
21		appropria	ate action. If a reasonable basis is not found by the board, the board shall
22		notify the	complaining party and the veterinarian or veterinary technician in writing.
23	<u>4.</u>	<u>Unless th</u>	ne board proceeds with a disciplinary action, the complaint, the response, and
24		any recor	rds received by the board during an investigation of a complaint under this
25		section a	re exempt records, as defined in section 44-04-17.1.
26	<u>5.</u>	<u>A veterin</u>	arian or veterinary technician shall report in good faith any impaired
27		veterinari	ian or impaired veterinary technician as defined by 43-29-01.1.
28	6.	The boar	d may adopt rules as necessary to carry out this section.
29	SEC	CTION 18.	A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
30	and ena	cted as fol	lows:

1		-
1	Self	f-reporting and self-referral.
2	1.	A veterinarian or veterinary technician may voluntarily self-report or self-refer to a
3		treatment or monitoring program approved or contracted by the board to seek
4		assistance for a potential or existing impairment due to a mental health or substance
5		use disorder.
6	2.	A veterinarian or veterinary technician who under this section voluntarily seeks
7		assistance from a treatment or monitoring program in assessing or treating a potential
8		or existing impairment will not be reported to the board solely on the basis of self-
9		reporting or self-referral.
10	3.	The identity of the veterinarian or veterinary technician and findings of the evaluation
11		only may be reported to the board when:
12		a. A veterinarian or veterinary technician refuses to undergo an evaluation by the
13		program;
14		b. The evaluation reveals evidence of an impairment that could affect the ability of
15		the veterinarian or veterinary technician to practice, or constitutes a threat to the
16		safety of a patient or the public; or
17		c. The veterinarian or veterinary technician refuses to cooperate with a treatment
18		plan, monitoring and followup, or aftercare directed by the program, including a
19		recommendation about continuing practice.
20	4.	Participation in the program does not protect a veterinarian or veterinary technician
21		from disciplinary action resulting from a complaint.
22	5.	A veterinarian or veterinary technician who self-reports or self-refers to the board for a
23		potential or existing impairment may be referred by the board to a treatment or
24		monitoring program in a manner prescribed by the board by rule, and subsequent
25		reporting by the program to the board is at the discretion of and in the manner
26		prescribed by the board.
27	6.	A veterinarian or veterinary technician who has completed a treatment or monitoring
28		program and is in full compliance with all parts of the treatment or monitoring plan and
29		aftercare, may answer in the negative to a question on an application to the board for
30		licensure or licensure renewal regarding current impairment by the condition for which
31		the veterinarian or veterinary technician completed treatment. However, any

1		recurrence of the impairment or the existence of other potential impairments that are
2		not currently known to the program must be reported on the application.
3	7.	Notwithstanding section 44-04-18, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all
4		records related to participation in a treatment or monitoring program established under
5		this section containing identifying information about a veterinarian or veterinary
6		technician are confidential and only may be disclosed when:
7		a. Disclosure is reasonably necessary for the accomplishment of the purposes of
8		intervention, rehabilitation, referral assistance, or supportive services;
9		b. Disclosure is required by law in a legal or administrative hearing or requested by
10		the board for a formal disciplinary action;
11		c. Disclosure is necessary regarding a veterinarian's or veterinary technician's
12		noncompliance with the program;
13		d. A staff member is handling records for administrative purposes as provided under
14		this section; and
15		e. A person is participating in treatment or program monitoring, evaluations, or
16		followup.
17	8.	A person in attendance at any meeting of a treatment or monitoring program is not
18		required to testify as to the content of any findings, committee discussions, or
19		proceedings, unless requested by the board for a disciplinary proceeding or regarding
20		noncompliance with the program.
21	SE	CTION 19. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
22	and ena	acted as follows:
23	<u>lmr</u>	nunity from liability.
24	<u>The</u>	e following individuals must be immune from liability in any civil or criminal proceeding
25	brought	against the individual for any action occurring while the individual was acting in good
26	<u>faith wit</u>	hin the scope of the individual's respective capacity:
27	<u>1.</u>	A member of the board;
28	<u>2.</u>	A member of a peer review committee;
29	<u>3.</u>	A witness testifying in a proceeding or hearing authorized under this chapter or
30		administrative proceeding held under chapter 28-32;
31	<u>4.</u>	A treating professional;

1	<u>5.</u>	An individual who files a complaint pursuant to this Act; and
2	<u>6.</u>	An individual reporting an impaired veterinarian or impaired veterinary technician as
3		defined by 43-29-01.1.
4	SEC	TION 20. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 43-29-16 of the North Dakota
5	Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
6	2.	In any order or decision issued by the board in which disciplinary action is imposed
7		against a licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician , the board may direct the
8		licenseeveterinarian or veterinary technician to pay the board a sum not to exceed the
9		reasonable and actual costs, including attorney's fees, incurred by the board in the
10		investigation and prosecution of the case. When applicable, the licensee's license or
11		temporary license of the veterinarian or veterinary technician may be suspended until
12		the costs are paid to the board.
13	SEC	TION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-16.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
15	43-2	9-16.1. Abandonment of animals by owner<u>client</u> - Disposal of remains .
16	1.	Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed doctor of veterinary-
17		medicineveterinarian for treatment, boarding, or other care, which is abandoned by its-
18		owner or its owner's agentthe client for a period of more than ten days after a written
19		notice, by registered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is givenmailed to the
20		owner or its owner's agentclient at the last-known address, may be turned over to the
21		custody of the nearest humane society or dog pound in the area or disposed of as
22		such custodian may deem proper.
23	2.	The givingservice of notice to the owner, or the agent of the ownerclient, of such
24		animal by the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian, as provided in subsection 1,
25		shall relieve the doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian and any custodian to whom
26		such animal may be given of any further liability for disposal; it is further provided that
27		such. Such procedure by the licensed doctor of veterinary medicineveterinarian does
28		not constitute grounds for disciplinary procedure under this chapter.
29	3.	For the purpose of this section, the term "abandoned" means to forsake entirely or to
30		neglect or refuse to provide or perform the care and support of an animal by its owner-

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1		or its owner's agentthe client; such abandonment constitutes the relinquishment of all				
2		rights and claim by the owner of such animal.				
3	<u>4.</u>	Any animal remains that are left in the possession of a veterinarian and have not be				
4		<u>clai</u>	med by the client for a period of more than ten days after a written notice, by			
5		<u>regi</u>	stered or certified letter, return receipt requested, is mailed to the client at the last-			
6		<u>kno</u>	wn address, may be disposed of by the veterinarian as deemed proper.			
7	SEC	SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 43-29-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
8	amende	nended and reenacted as follows:				
9	43-2	43-29-17. Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine - Penalty - Civil remedy.				
10	Any	Any person who				
11	<u>1.</u>	<u>An i</u>	individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual:			
12	1.	<u>a.</u>	Practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry in this state without			
13			compliance with the provisions of this chapter;			
14	2.	<u>b.</u>	Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a certificate of			
15			registrationlicense or temporary license issued by the state board of veterinary-			
16			medical examiners; or			
17	3.	<u>C.</u>	Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to be a			
18			graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma showing the satisfactory completion			
19			of a course in veterinary science in a school, college, or university			
20			recognized from a program of veterinary medicine approved by the board ;			
21	is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.					
22	<u>2.</u>	In a	ddition to the criminal penalty provided, the civil remedy of injunction is available to			
23		rest	rain and enjoin violations of any provisions of this chapter without proof of actual			
24		dan	nages sustained by any person<u>an individual</u>, upon application and unanimous vote			
25		of a	ll members of the state board of veterinary medical examiners .			
26	SEC		N 23. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
27	and enacted as follows:					
28	<u>Unl</u>	awfu	<u>l practice of veterinary technology - Penalty - Civil remedy.</u>			
29	<u>1.</u>	<u>An i</u>	individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual:			
30		<u>a.</u>	Practices veterinary technology in this state without compliance with the			
31			provisions of this chapter;			

1		<u>b.</u>	Willfully and falsely claims or pretends to have or hold a license issued by the	
2			board; or	
3		<u>C.</u>	Willfully and falsely, with intent to deceive the public, claims or pretends to be a	
4			graduate of, or to hold a degree or diploma from, a program of veterinary	
5			technology approved by the board.	
6	<u>2.</u>	<u>In a</u>	ddition to the criminal penalty provided, the civil remedy of injunction is available to	
7		<u>rest</u>	rain and enjoin violations of any provisions of this chapter without proof of actual	
8		<u>dam</u>	nages sustained by an individual, upon application and unanimous vote of all	
9		men	nbers of the board.	
10	SECTION 24. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 43-29-19 of the North Dakota			
11	Century	Code	e is amended and reenacted as follows:	
12	2.	Othe	er than a controlled substance, a licensed veterinarian may dispense a veterinary	
13		pres	scription drug without establishing a veterinarian-client-patient relationship if:	
14		a.	The drug is prescribed by a licensed -veterinarian or by a veterinarian licensed in	
15			another jurisdiction foreign practitioner who has established a	
16			veterinarian-client-patient relationship;	
17		b.	The prescribing veterinarian or foreign practitioner has an inadequate supply of	
18			the drug, failure to dispense the drug would interrupt a therapeutic regimen, or	
19			failure to dispense the drug would cause an animal to suffer; and	
20		C.	The dispensing veterinarian verifies the prescription with the prescribing	
21			veterinarian <u>or foreign practitioner</u> .	
22		d.	The dispensing veterinarian is not presumptively aware of any disciplinary action	
23			against the prescribing veterinarian or foreign practitioner.	
24	SEC		1 25. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created	
25	and ena	cted a	as follows:	
26	Vete	erinar	ry telemedicine - Teleadvice and teletriage.	
27	<u>1.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinarian may practiceshall establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship by	
28		<u>virtu</u>	e of a medically appropriate and timely in-person examination of a patient by the	
29		<u>vete</u>	erinarian, or by a timely in-person visit to the premises where the patient is	
30		mar	naged or resides before the provision of veterinary telemedicine if services.	

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1		<u>a.</u>	The veterinarian has established a veterinarian-client-patient relationship before	
2			the provision of veterinary telemedicine services;	
3		<u>b.</u>	The veterinarian employs sound professional judgement to determine whether	
4			the use of veterinary telemedicine is medically appropriate;	
5		<u>C.</u>	The veterinarian obtains appropriate consent from the client;	
6		<u>d.</u>	The veterinarian conducts all necessary patient evaluations consistent with	
7			currently acceptable standards of care;	
8		<u>e.</u>	The veterinarian maintains patient records according to rules promulgated by the	
9			board; and	
10		<u>f.</u>	The veterinarian ensures the client is aware of the veterinarian's identity, location,	
11			license number, and licensure status.	
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	provision of teleadvice or teletriage by a veterinarian does not require the prior	
13		<u>esta</u>	ablishment of a veterinarian-client-patient relationship.	
14	<u>3.</u>	<u>A ve</u>	eterinary technician may perform teleadvice and teletriage without instructions from	
15		<u>a ve</u>	eterinarian.	
16	4.	The	board may adopt rules as necessary to carry out this section.	
17	SECTION 26. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
18	and enacted as follows:			
19	<u> Sοι</u>	irce o	of data.	
20	The board shall be authorized to rely upon the expertise of and verified data gathered and			
21	stored by not for profit organizations that share in the public protection mission of the board			
22	including the American association of veterinary state boards to make determinations under this			
23	chapter and to promote uniformity and administrative efficiencies.			
24	SEC		N 27. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created	
25	and ena	and enacted as follows:		
26	Loc	ation	of the practice of veterinary medicine.	
27	The	prov	ision of veterinary services to a patient in this state which fall within the standard of	
28	practice	practice of veterinary medicine regardless of the means by which the services are provided or		
29	the physical location of the person providing those services, constitutes the practice of			
30	veterinary medicine in this state and is subject to regulation by the board.			

1	SECTION 28. A new section to chapter 43-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
2	and enacted as follows:
3	Indirect practice without a license for foreign practitioners.
4	A foreign practitioner may provide veterinary services in this state which fall within the
5	scope of practice designated by the foreign practitioner's license and by this chapter without
6	obtaining a license from the board if the services are provided through telehealth and are a
7	continuation of a previously established veterinarian-client-patient relationship as defined under
8	this chapter.
9	SECTION 29. REPEAL. Sections 43-29-09, 43-29-10, 43-29-11, and 43-29-12.1 of the
4.0	

10 North Dakota Century Code are repealed.