2025 House Bill No. 1021 Testimony before the House Appropriations Committee Education & Environment Division

Presented by: Art Thompson, WSI Director Workforce Safety & Insurance January 13, 2025

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

Good morning. My name is Art Thompson, Director of Workforce Safety & Insurance (WSI). I am here today to provide testimony on House Bill 1021, WSI's Appropriation bill. On behalf of WSI, I would like to thank the Chairman and the Committee for providing the agency the opportunity to testify today.

My testimony today will be brief. We have provided you with PowerPoint slides. I will reference various slides that will assist in providing you an overall picture of WSI.

Background

WSI is a special fund agency funded solely by employer premiums, which provide for the payment of medical and wage loss benefits as well as administrative expenses. WSI receives no General Fund dollars (slide 2).

WSI's Core Purpose is "To care for injured workers". That is why WSI exists (slide 3).

To accomplish this, WSI has a well-established strategic plan. The strategic plan has guided our focus and has resulted in a high performing organization that is valued by our stakeholders and recognized by industry leaders (slide 4).

WSI provides coverage to over 27,000 North Dakota businesses with an estimated covered workforce of 412,000. WSI receives approximately 17,500 claims per year (**slide 5-10**).

Throughout history, the North Dakota Legislature has also worked closely with WSI to develop policy to help ensure this purpose is fulfilled.

Collectively, this has resulted in a high performing workers compensation system. Success measures include a variety of performance indicators that we track on a routine basis (slides 11

- 15):

- Safety Focus
 - WSI has 13 Safety Consultants located regionally in ND to assist employers with safety assessment and safety program and grant implementation.
 - We have seen a 27% injury rate reduction in the last decade.
 - In fiscal year 2024, WSI issued \$24 million in safety premium discounts to employers for successful participation in Safety Programs.
 - WSI has issued \$76M in safety grants since 2005.
- Financially Strong
 - State law outlines WSI's required surplus levels which are 20% to 40% of reserve liabilities.
 - If WSI's surplus exceeds statutory surplus requirements; the statue requires dividends to be issued to policyholders.
 - WSI issued \$1.8 billion in employer dividends in the past 20 years.
 - For the current year, a 50% dividend credit was declared, which equates to an estimated \$83 million dividend.
 - Historically, favorable returns from WSI's investment portfolio have resulted in additional surplus growth.
- Enhanced Technology
 - The goal of CAPS and myWSI is to improve customer service, enhance system maintainability and create a self-service portal for our external customers and stakeholders.
 - We are committed to improving our technology and response to customer needs through two long-term system upgrades that will be discussed in more detail in our budget recommendation discussion.
- Few Disputes & Low Litigation
 - North Dakota is known to be one of the least litigious workers' compensation systems in the country.
 - Only half of 1% of decisions issued proceed to an administrative court hearing.

- Utilize Decision Review Office to provide initial analysis and review of disputed claims.
- Strong Statutory Benefits
 - North Dakota provides a favorable benefit package for injured employees as compared to other jurisdictions.
 - WSI administers a constitutionally created fund for the benefit of injured employees. Funds are not available for any other purpose.
 - North Dakota's maximum weekly benefit rate is the 3rd highest when compared to the 15 Midwest states (see slides A4 – A9 for additional benefit information).
- Low Premiums
 - Premiums were reduced for the 9th consecutive year with an average 0.6% reduction for the current policy year.
 - North Dakota continuously ranks as the lowest premium state in the nation (2022 Oregon Premium Study) this is approximately 54% lower than the median rate.
- Good Payor
 - Fair payment for medical and hospital services ensures injured employees access to quality healthcare.
 - WSI fee schedules range from 163% to 250% of what Medicare would pay.
- Customer Satisfaction
 - WSI's customer satisfaction consistently ranks high on 1 to 5-point scale: Employer – 4.41; Injured Worker – 4.24; Medical Provider – 3.94
 - WSI's employee Gallup score was 4.4

Budget Recommendation

2025-2027 HB 1021

Budget Overview	2025-2027 Submitted Budget		
WSI Operating Appropriation	\$	70,929,926	
One Time Funding Description			
Claims and Policy System (CAPS)		5,208,325	
myWSI		1,366,050	
Building Updates		2,000,000	
Total One Time Funding	\$	8,574,375	
WSI Biennial Appropriation	\$	79,504,301	
FTE Authority		260	

The WSI Submitted Budget includes (slides 16 - 19):

- \$5.2 million in one-time funding for the continuation of the development of the claims and policy system (CAPS); and
- \$1.4 million in one-time funding for the continuation of the myWSI extranet enhancement project.
- \$2.0 million in one-time funding for building improvements.
- No change in FTE authority. WSI is funded solely by employer premiums and receives no general fund dollars. The legislature has granted WSI the same FTE authority since the 2015-17 biennium. WSI views the FTE authority as a number, as we base overall staffing levels on workloads, which can fluctuate. To illustrate, during the peak of the oil boom, we were at capacity for FTE authority and hired up to 32 temporary employees to make sure WSI customers were served. Unused funds associated with WSI vacant FTEs remain in the WSI fund.

WSI is financially stable, provides excellent service, and is overall functioning very well. In closing, thank you for your time today and your consideration of WSI's biennial appropriation. At this time, I would be glad to answer any questions that you may have.

Additionally, and for your benefit, included within the appendix of the PowerPoint is the following:

- A1 WSI Organization Chart
- A2 2024 Financial Audit
- A3 Vacant FTE Funding Pool
- A4 A7 State by State Average Weekly Wage & Benefit Comparison
- A8 A9 State by State Premium Comparisons
- A10 A14 Historical Workers' Compensation Benefit & Service Enhancement Legislation
- A15 IT Projects Timeline & Funding



House Appropriations Education & Environment Committee

Art Thompson | Director January 13, 2025

Who We Are



About Us

WSI is an exclusive, employer-financed, no-fault insurance state fund covering workplace injuries and deaths (NDCC Title 65). **WSI is a special fund agency and receives no general fund dollars.**

Our Vision

As the sole provider and administrator of workers' compensation in North Dakota, WSI's vision is a safe, secure, and healthy North Dakota workforce.

WSI Philosophy

- CORE PURPOSE To care for injured workers
- **BUSINESS Providing Workers' Compensation and Safety Services**
 - VISION Is a Safe, Secure and Healthy North Dakota Workforce
 - CORE VALUES
- Loyal, Caring and Forthright

STRATEGICExceptional People, Exceptional Service andANCHORSFinancial Stability

WSI's Business

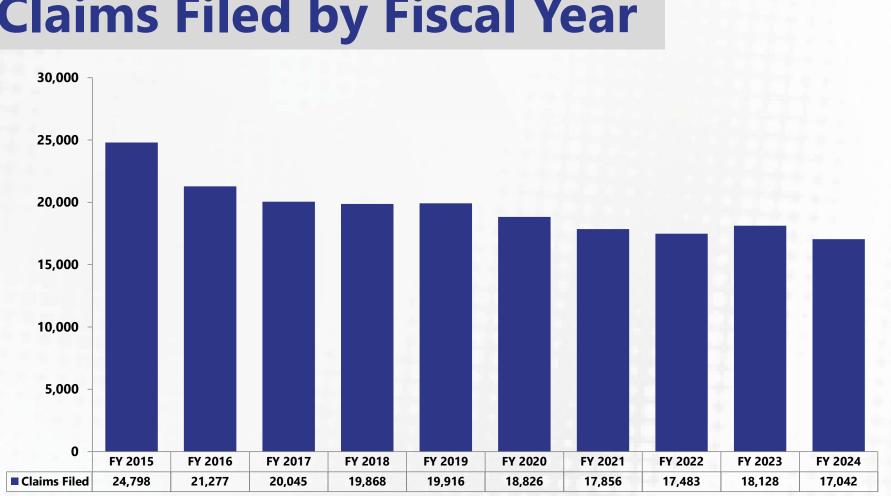
WSI's strategic plan has guided our focus and has resulted in a high performing organization that is valued by our stakeholders and recognized by industry leaders. **Our business is about relationships and partnerships.**

Who We Serve

Population: Covered Workforce: Employer Accounts: Claims Filed : WSI Staff: Earned Premiums: WSI Assets: 796,568 412,536 27,159 17,042 260 FTE \$181 M \$2.2 B



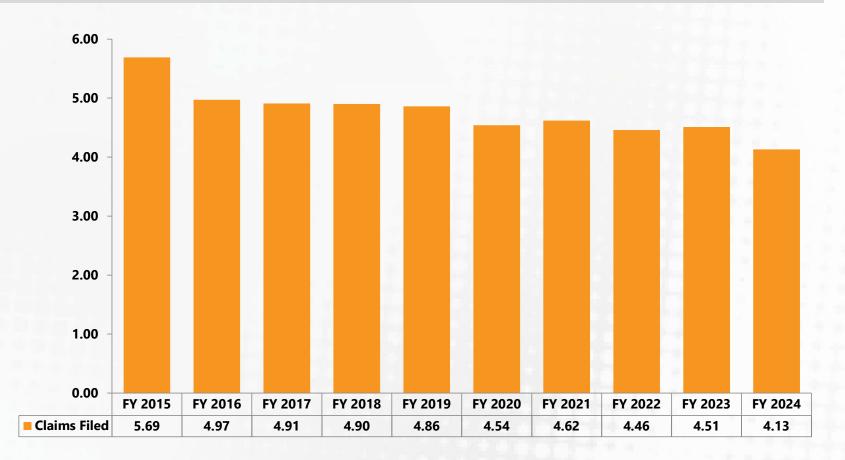




Claims Filed by Fiscal Year

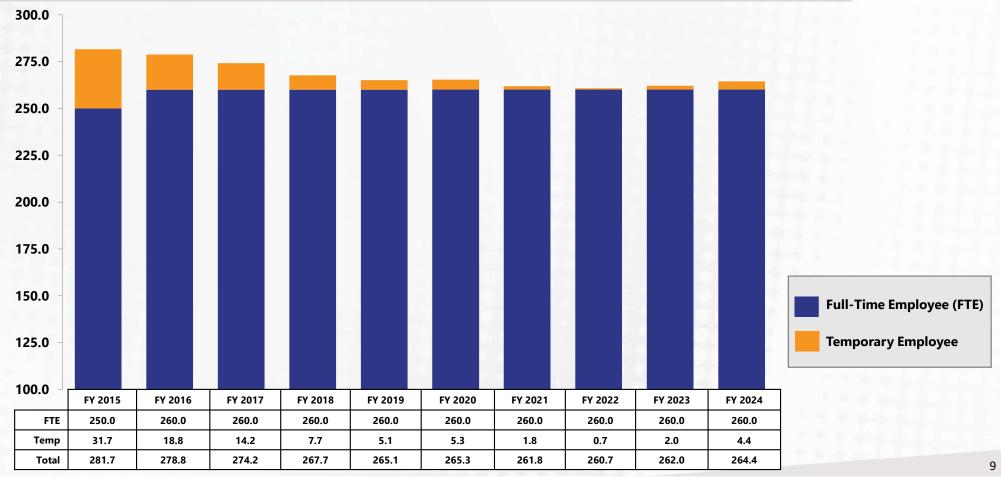
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Claims Filed Per 100 Covered Workers

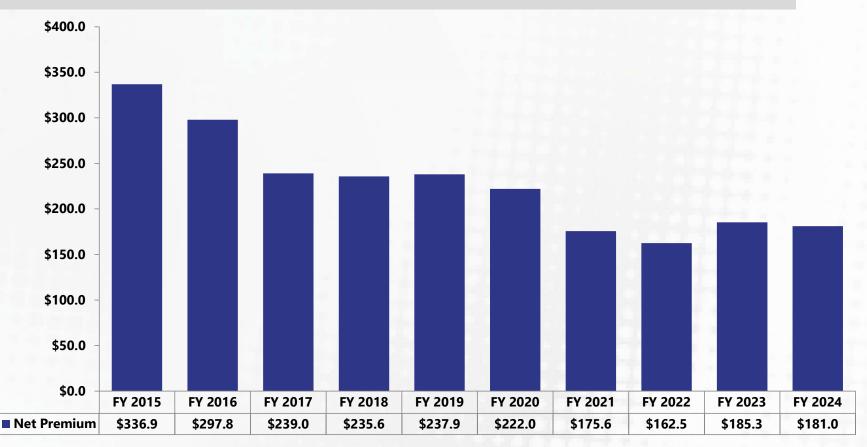


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Employee Count by Fiscal Year



Net Earned Premiums (\$ Millions)



Safety Focus

Injury rates have been reduced by 27% over the last decade. In fiscal year 2024, WSI issued \$23.9 million in safety premium discounts to employers for successful participation in Safety Programs.

Financially Strong

The WSI fund exceeds statutory surplus requirements. WSI issued \$1.8 billion in employer dividends in the past 19 out of 20 years.

Open Claims Greater Than \$100,000

100-250K 250-500K 500-999K 1-5M 5-10M 10-15M Greater the	46, 66, 334, 59, 52,	eserves 197,014 224,932 713,366 808,093 988,009 376,543 110,413	Total Paid 109,473,364 166,890,245 227,550,767 396,805,279 53,449,740 26,513,579 25,240,389	Total Incurred (P	aid & Reserves) 138,670,378 213,115,177 294,264,133 731,613,372 113,437,748 78,890,122 76,350,802	Claim Cour 84 66 42 44	19)4 24
Total \$800,000,000	\$640,4	18,370	\$1,005,923,361		\$1,646,341,732		
\$700,000,000							
\$600,000,000							
\$500,000,000							
\$400,000,000							
\$300,000,000							
\$200,000,000							
\$100,000,000	100.050						
	100-250K	250-500K	500-999K	1-5M	5-10M	10-15M	Greater than 15M
Total Incurr	2 0 0	\$213,115,177	\$294,264,133	\$731,613,372 442	\$113,437,748	\$78,890,122 7	\$76,350,802
Claim Coun	849	604					

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Enhanced Technology

The goal of CAPS and myWSI is to improve customer service, enhance system maintainability for our internal and external customers.

Few Disputes & Low Litigation

North Dakota is known to be one of the least litigious workers' compensation systems in the country. Only half of 1% of decisions issued proceed to an administrative court hearing.

Strong Statutory Benefits

North Dakota provides a favorable benefit package for injured employees as compared to other jurisdictions.

Low Premiums

Premiums were reduced for the 9th consecutive year with an average 0.6% reduction for the current policy year. North Dakota continuously ranks as the lowest premium state in the nation (2022 Oregon Premium Study).

Good Payor

Fair payment for medical and hospital services ensures injured employees access to quality healthcare. WSI fee schedules range from 163% to 250% of what Medicare would pay.

Customer Satisfaction

WSI's customer satisfaction consistently ranks high on 1 to 5-point scale: Employer – 4.41; Injured Employee – 4.24; Medical Provider – 3.94.

WSI 2025-2027 Biennial Appropriation Request

		2025-2027 Requested Budget*		
1	WSI Base Level Appropriation	\$70,929,926		
	One-Time Funding Description			
	Claims and Policy System (CAPS)	\$5,208,325		
	myWSI	\$1,366,050		
	Facility Improvements	\$2,000,000		
2	Total One-Time Funding	\$8,574,375		
	WSI Biennial Appropriation (1 + 2)	\$79,504,301		
	FTE Authority	260		
	*Minus employee pay package.			
	Unspent funds remain in the WSI fund.			

One-Time Funding

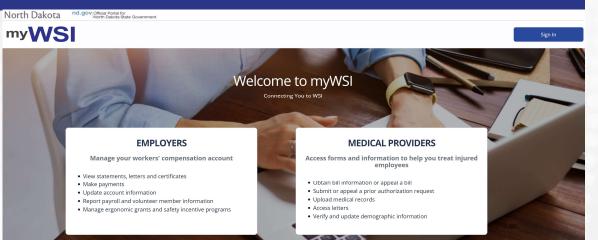
Continued Development of Claims and Policy System (CAPS)

The goal of CAPS is to replace WSI's core business system software with web-based technology to improve customer service, enhance system maintainability and provide enhanced reporting and accessibility to information.

Current Biennium\$4,950,000Next Biennium\$5,208,325

One-Time Funding

Continued Development of myWSI



The goal of myWSI is to create a secure, self-service portal for external customers and stakeholders to view, update, submit and retrieve information relating to interactions with WSI.

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Current Biennium\$1,830,000Next Biennium\$1,366,050

One-Time Funding

Facility Improvements



Initiatives include a roof replacement, carpet installation, bathroom counters and sink upgrades, and exterior block and mortar repairs to ensure longterm protection and efficiency.

Next Biennium

\$2,000,000

WSI Summary

- WSI is financially stable, with proven programs to reduce workplace injuries and to treat and return injured employees to the job.
- North Dakota provides a favorable benefit structure for injured employees
- WSI is a good steward of premium dollars.
- WSI is strong partner with the medical community.
- WSI has few disputes and high customer satisfaction.

Questions?

Legislators' Guide to WSI

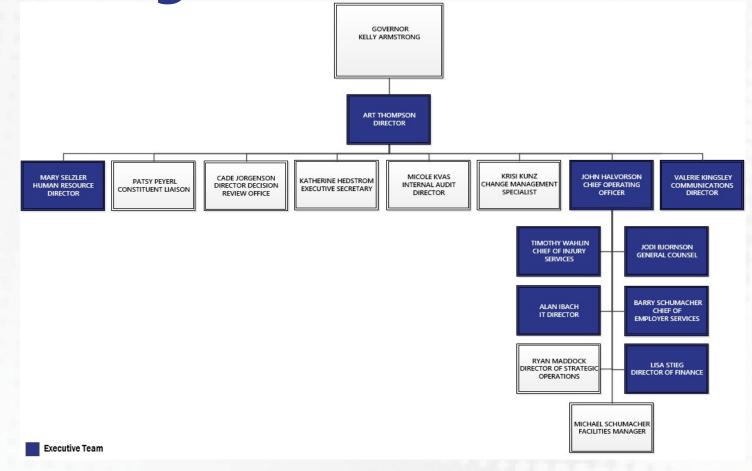
Learn more about WSI and our services that support our vision of creating a safe, secure, and healthy North Dakota workforce.



Appendix

- A1 WSI Organization Chart
- A2 2024 Financial Audit
- A3 Vacant FTE Funding Pool
- A4 A7 State by State Average Weekly Wage & Benefit Comparison
- **A8 A9** State by State Premium Comparisons
- A10 A14 Historical Workers' Compensation Benefit & Service Enhancement Legislation
- A15 IT Projects Timeline & Funding

WSI Organizational Chart



Financial Audit

The FY2024 Financial Audit conducted by Eide Bailly noted no material weaknesses, no significant compliance findings, and no prior year findings to update.

Vacant FTE Funding Pool

Amount removed from WSI appropriation: 70% of total available to request: Total funds requested: Remaining FTE Pool Amount: \$3,701,233 \$2,590,863 \$2,398,056 \$192,807

Benefit Comparison (2024)

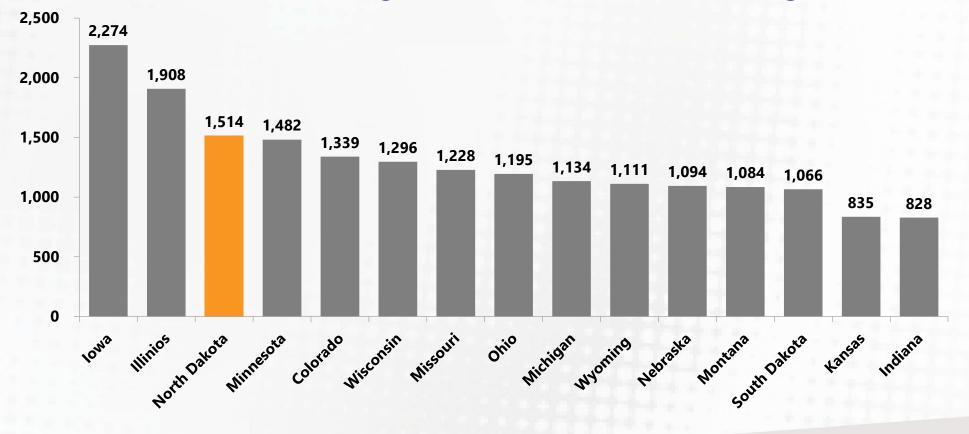
State's Average Weekly Wage by State



* No data available for Indiana. Wyoming - 2/3 of monthly gross wage can not exceed 100% of the statewide average monthly wage calculated quarterly – Data shown is from 3rd quarter 2024.

Benefit Comparison (2024)

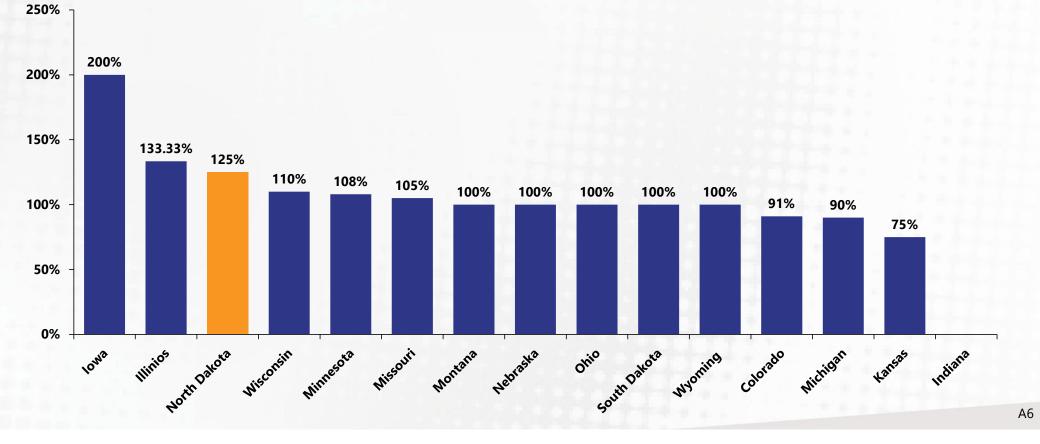
Maximum Weekly Benefit Amount by State



A5

Benefit Comparison (2024)

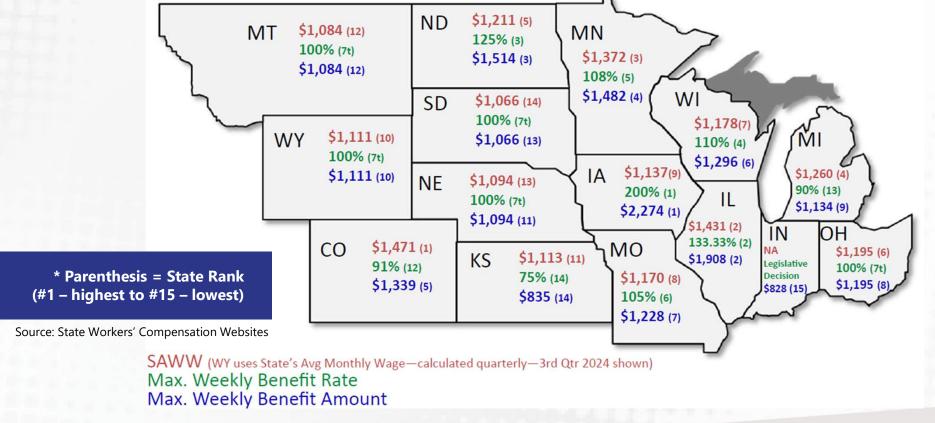
Maximum Weekly Benefit Rate by State



Midwest States (2

(2024)

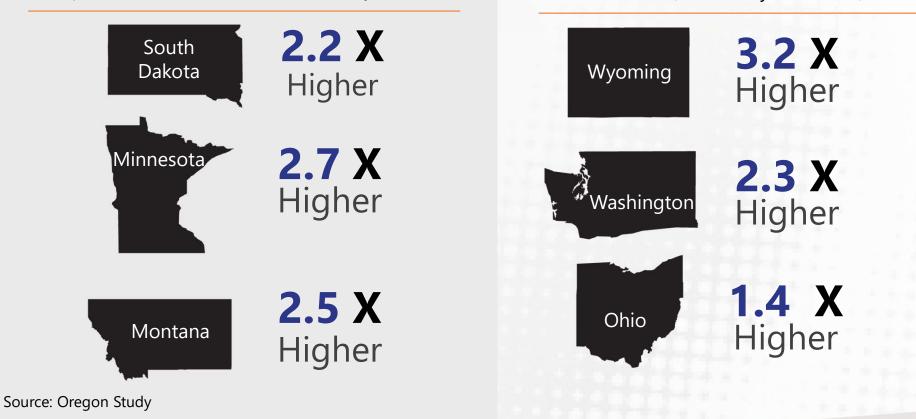
State's Average Weekly Wage, Maximum Benefit Rates and Maximum Weekly Benefit Amounts



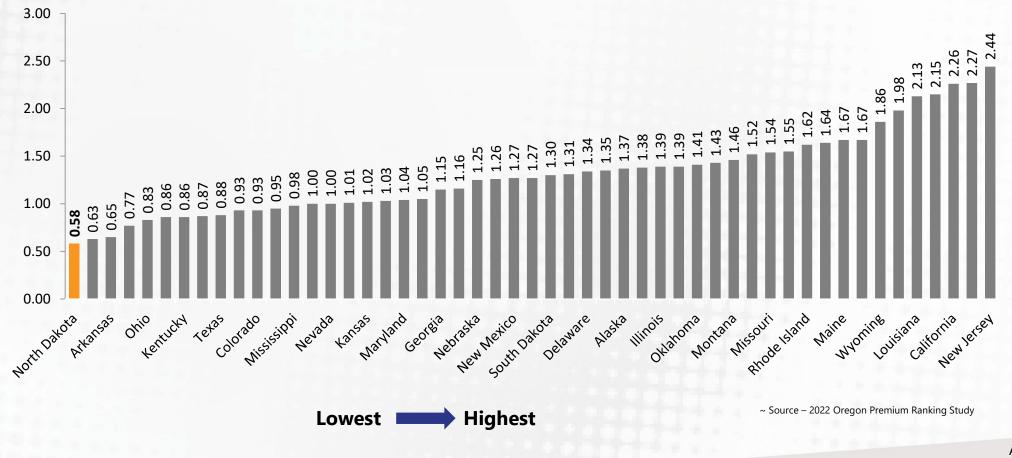
Premium Index Comparison

Per 2022 Oregon Study - Neighbor state's rates compared to North Dakota (before any dividends)

Monopolistic States: State's rates compared to North Dakota (before any dividends)







2023 Legislation

- Expands coverage for preventive treatment for exposures to bloodborne pathogens to all covered occupational classifications (HB 1052)
- Extends presumption coverage to full-time paid law enforcement and paid firefighter personnel with less than 5 years of continuous service for cardiac related events that result from strenuous activity and occur within 48 hours of participating in that activity (HB 1279)

2021 Legislation

- Extends injured worker appeal timeframes from 30 to 45 days after a notice of decision or administrative order has been issued (HB 1040)
- Provides WSI a communication mode with relevant parties in the event of a deceased or incapacitated injured worker absent a signed release (HB 1084)

2019 Legislation

- Establishes case processing, tracking, and reporting requirements for Office of Administrative Hearings (HB 1064)
- Allows WSI to establish alternative dispute resolution pilot programs (HB 1073)
- Provides up to three years of disability benefits for injured workers that had disability benefits discontinued pre-retirement and a reapplication for benefits post-retirement (HB 1188)

- Provides for payments of an injured worker's attorney fees and costs at the level in which they prevailed regardless of whether the organization ultimately prevails (SB 2048)
- Establishes a civil penalty in the amount of \$5,000 for an employer who willfully makes a false statement attempting to preclude an injured worker from securing benefits (SB 2094)

2015 Legislation

- Expanded eligibility for the scholarship fund to include children up through age twenty-six (HB 1102)
- Expanded the eligibility of children that can utilize the educational revolving loan fund (HB 1102)

2013 Legislation

- Provided for a study of the preferred provider program (HB 1051)
- Strengthened notification requirements for employers participating in the preferred provider program (HB 1052)
- Increased benefits for National Guard members who are injured while serving on state active duty (HB 1080)
- Expanded definition of law enforcement officer to include peace officers with the North Dakota Parks Department (SB 2134)
- Increased vehicle and vehicle adaptation allowance from \$100,000 to \$150,000 (SB 2178)

- Established a vocational rehabilitation grant program (HB 1050)
- Provided up to two years of benefits for workers injured within two years of their presumed retirement date (HB 1051)
- Reduced the threshold for percentage of whole-boy impairment to qualify for a PPI award (HB 1055)
- Increased permanent partial impairment awards (multipliers) for the lower impairment levels (HB 1055)
- Expanded eligibility for the scholarship program (SB 2114)
- Increased the annual cap that the organization can award in scholarships from \$300,000 to \$500,000 (SB 2114)
- Increased the maximum scholarship amount payable per applicant from \$4,000 per year to \$10,000 per year (SB 2114)
- Streamlined the personal reimbursement process for injured workers (SB 2114)
- Expanded eligibility for the educational revolving loan fund (SB 2114)

- Provided for payment of eyeglasses and other devices if an injury occurs and damages those prescriptive devices (HB 1061)
- Provided for an extension of an additional 20 weeks to the current 104-week limit for retraining programs (HB 1062)
- Increased the eligibility pool for job search benefits (HB 1062)
- Established pilot program to assess new methods of providing rehabilitation services (HB 1062)
- Established parameters of liability for medical expenses paid for treatment of unknown pre-existing conditions (HB 1063)
- Shortened eligibility period for cost of living adjustments (COLAs) for pre-1/1/06 total disability claims from 7 to 3 years (HB 1064)
- Expanded COLA eligibility for pre-1/1/06 claims to include temporary total benefit recipients (HB 1064)
- Outlined coverage parameters for emergency volunteer healthcare practitioners (HB 1073)
- Increased the maximum disability benefit from 110% to 125% of the state's average weekly wage (SAWW) (HB 1101)
- Increased lifetime cap on death benefits from \$250,000 to \$300,000 (HB 1101)
- Increased burial expense from \$6,500 to \$10,000 and one-time payments for spouses and dependent children (HB 1101)
- Increased the dependency allowance from \$10 to \$15 per week per child (HB 1101)
- Increased pre-acceptance disability benefits from the minimum benefit rate to the standard rate (HB 1101)
- Increased travel and other personal reimbursements on aggravation claims to 100% (HB 1101)
- Provided up to six months benefits for the surviving spouse of a PTD that provided home health care during disability (HB 1455)
- Provided that OAH conduct WSI hearings and that OAH's decisions are final (HB 1464)
- Provided for a study of the post-retirement benefit structure to be conducted during the interim (HB 1525)
- Provided that WSI outline reasons for disregarding a treating doctor's opinion (HB 1561)
- Resolution to study workers' compensation laws regarding pre-existing injuries (HCR 3008)
- Resolution to study injured worker access to legal representation (HCR 3013)
- Established a clear and convincing evidence standard to rebut the presumption clause (SB 2055)

2009 Legislation – Continued

- Provided door to door reimbursement of mileage to attend medical appointments (SB 2056)
- Established a PPI schedule award for the partial loss of eye sight (SB 2057)
- Distinguished an independent medical exam (IME) from an independent medical record review (IMR) (SB 2058)
- Provided for attorney fees and costs for review of a claim after OIR completion (SB 2059)
- Provided for a rehab training expense for maintaining a second household or traveling more than 25 miles to school (SB 2419)
- Provided WSI make a reasonable effort to designate an IME doctor within a certain radius of worker's residence (SB 2431)
- Shortened the time period in which an injured worker can request a change of doctor (SB 2432)
- Provided that WSI notify injured workers of work search obligations (SB 2433)

- Provided funds for purchase or adaptation of motor vehicles for catastrophically injured (HB 1038)
- Provided increased post-retirement additional benefits for certain injured workers (HB 1038)
- Expanded the population that is eligible for death benefits (HB 1038)
- Shortened eligibility period for cost of living adjustments (COLAs) from seven years to three years (HB 1038)
- Expanded the eligibility pool for WSI's revolving loan fund (HB 1038)
- Provided inflation adjustment for long-term Temporary Partial Disability benefit recipients (HB 1140)
- Provided funds for the purchase or adaptation of motor vehicles for catastrophic and exceptional circumstance claims (HB 1411)
- Provided benefits for firefighters and law enforcement officers in the event of a false positive test (SB 2042)

2005 Legislation

- Established additional safety incentives (HB 1125)
- Established ongoing funding for safety education, grant, and incentive programs (HB 1125)
- Created retraining options for injured workers (HB 1171)
- Established an injured worker educational revolving loan fund (HB 1491)
- Increased the non-dependency death award (HB 1506)
- Increased post-retirement additional benefit payments (SB 2351)

2003 Legislation

- Increased lifetime cap on death benefits from \$197,000 to \$250,000 (HB 1060)
- Established a \$50,000 home remodeling and vehicle adaptation allowance for catastrophic injured workers (HB 1060)
- Increased the maximum amounts for scholarship awards (HB 1120)

2001 Legislation

• Increased certain permanent partial impairment awards (HB 1161)

1999 Legislation

- Increased permanent partial impairment awards for the severely impaired (HB 1422)
- Increased the maximum disability benefit from 100% to 110% of the State's Average Weekly Wage (SB 2214)
- Shortened the waiting period for eligibility for cost-of-living adjustments from 10 years to 7 years (SB 2214)

- Increased weekly death benefits for surviving spouses (SB 2116)
- Created the Guardian Scholarship program (SB 2116)
- Established a post-retirement additional benefit (SB 2125)

IT Projects Timeline & Funding

	CAPS	myWSI
Program Start Date	2015	2016
Current Estimated End Date *	2031	2027
Actual Cost:	\$ 20.3M	\$ 5.4M
Release In Progress:	\$ 2.5M	\$ 1M
Total Estimated Expenditures Remaining:	\$ 14.7M	\$ 1.4M
Estimate of Total Program Cost at Completion **	\$ 37.5M	\$ 7.8M

* This estimated end date is dependent upon the detailed planning and baselines of the individual projects

** Figures as of December 2024