25.1184.01002 Title. Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Representative Toman February 11, 2025

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

HOUSE BILL NO. 1474

Introduced by

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Representatives Toman, Dockter, Kasper, Schatz, Steiner, VanWinkle, Koppelman, D. Johnston, Louser

Senators Meyer, Castaneda, Paulson

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 57-02, a new chapter to title 57, a new section to chapter 57-09, a new section to chapter 57-11, two new sections to chapter-57-12, two new sections to chapter 57-13, and a new section to chapter 57-15 of the North-Dakota Century Code, relating to imposition of a square footage tax on residential property, provision of a solar or wind energy device or geothermal device credit and new single-family, condominium, and townhouse residential property credit, duties of the state and county boards of equalization, application of mill levy limits, and valuation requirements; to amend and reenact sections 11-23-05, 11-28.3-03, 11-28.3-04, and 11-28.3-09, subsection 2 of section 11-28.3-17, subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-04.1, sections 18-10-07, 18-10-12.1, 40-40-06, 40-40-10, and 40-58-20, subsection 2 of section 40-58-20.2, sections 57-02-11, 57-02-51, 57-02-52, 57-09-04, 57-11-03, 57-15-02, 57-15-02, 57-15-05, 57-15-07, 57-15-11, 57-15-13, 57-15-31, 57-15 57-20-01, 57-20-01, 57-20-02, 57-20-03, 57-20-04, 57-20-07, 57-20-09, 57-20-10, and 57-20-21.1, subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-23-04, section 57-23-06, subsection 2 of section 57-28-03, subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-28-20, and sections 57-28-26, 57-55-01.2, 57-55-04, 57-55-04.1, 57-55-05, and 61-24-09 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to imposition of a square footage tax on residential property, application of certainproperty tax incentives to the square footage tax, duties of state and local equalization boards, determination of taxing district budgets and tax levies, the determination of school state aidpayments, and imposition of a square footage tax on mobile homes; to repeal subsection 35 of section 57-02-08 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to a property tax exemption for new single-family, condominium, and townhouse residential property; to provide a penalty; and

- 1 to provide an effective date.for an Act to provide for a legislative management study of property
- 2 tax reform for residential property.

amended and reenacted as follows:

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

4 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 11-23-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is 5 amended and reenacted as follows: 6 11-23-05. Computing amount of levy. 7 1. The amount which the board of county commissioners shall levy as the county 8 ad valorem tax shall be computed by adding together the amounts of the annual 9 appropriation and of that part of any special appropriation which is to be raised by 10 taxation and deducting therefrom so much of the probable receipts from all sources, 11 including square footage tax levied under section 18 of this Act, except loans, and so-12 much of the unappropriated balance in the county treasury at the close of the auditor's 13 books for the previous year as the board deems advisable. 14 The board, on or before the October meeting required by section 11-11-05, shall-15 determine the amount of ad valorem taxes that shall be levied for county purposes and 16 the square footage tax rate for purposes of the tax under section 18 of this Act and 17 shall levy all such taxes in specific amounts. 18 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 11-28.3-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is 19 amended and reenacted as follows: 20 11-28.3-03. Notice of election. 21 In addition to the usual requirements of notices of election, the notice for an election at 22 which the question provided for in this chapter will be voted upon must include a statement-23 describing the boundaries of the proposed rural ambulance service district, expressed, 24 wherever possible, in terms of the government survey, a statement setting forth a maximum-25 allowed mill levy and square footage tax rate for the proposed district, which levy may not-26 exceed the limitation in section 11-28.3-09. The notice of election also must state the voting-27 areas in which the question provided by this chapter will be on the ballot. 28 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 11-28.3-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is 29

1	— 11-28.3-04. Form of ballot - Vote required to approve.
2	1. The ballot on the question of forming a rural ambulance service district must be in
3	substantially the following form:
4	Shall (name of taxing district or districts) levy a tax for the purpose of forming a
5	rural ambulance district of not to exceed mills for the purpose of forming
6	a rural ambulance districtcommercial, agricultural, and centrally assessed
7	property, \$ per residential land square foot, and \$ per
8	residential structure square foot?
9	Yes □
10	No □
11	2. The square footage tax rates must be determined in accordance with the requirements
12	of section 18 of this Act.
13	3. If a majority of all the votes cast on the question of levying a tax and forming a rural
14	ambulance service district are in favor of such athe tax levy, then the formation of the
15	district is approved.
16	SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 11-28.3-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended and reenacted as follows:
18	— 11-28.3-09. Emergency medical service policy - Levy - Financial report.
19	1. The board of directors shall establish a general emergency medical service policy for
20	the district and annually shall estimate the probable expense for carrying out that
21	policy. The estimate must be certified by the president and secretary to the proper-
22	county auditor or county auditors, on or before August tenth of each year. In the year
23	for which the levy is sought, a board of directors of a rural ambulance service district
24	seeking approval of a property tax levy under this chapter shall file with the county
25	auditor of the counties within the rural ambulance service district, at a time and in a
26	format prescribed by the county auditors, a financial report for the preceding calendar
27	year showing the ending balances of each fund held by the rural ambulance service
28	district during that year. The board or boards of county commissioners may levy a tax
29	not to exceed the mill rate and square footage rates approved by the electors of the
30	district under section 11-28.3-04. If the board wishes to levy a tax in excess of that
31	approved by the electors, the board, upon its own motion, may place the guestion of

increasing the maximum allowable mill levy and square footage rates for the electors to approve at a regular or special election. The amount of ad valorem tax levied under this section may not exceed a mill rate of fifteen mills upon the taxable property within the district for the maintenance of the rural ambulance service district for the fiscal vear as provided by law.

- 2. The tax levied for a rural ambulance service district must be:
- a. Collected as other taxes are collected in the county.
 - b. Deposited by the secretary-treasurer in a bank or credit union account.
 - c. Paid out upon warrants drawn upon the district account by authority of the board of directors of the district, bearing the signature of the secretary-treasurer and the countersignature of the president.
 - 3. The amount of the tax levy, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes authorized under section 18 of this Act, may not exceed the amount of funds required to defray the expenses of the district for a period of one year as embraced in the annual estimate of expense, including the amount of principal and interest upon the indebtedness of the district for the ensuing year. The district may include in its operating budget no more than ten percent of its annual operating budget as a depreciation expense to be set aside in a dedicated emergency medical services sinking fund deposited with the treasurer for the replacement of equipment and ambulances. The ten percent emergency medical services sinking fund may be in addition to the actual annual operating budget, but the total of the annual operating budget and the annual ten percent emergency medical services sinking fund shall not exceed the amount of revenue that would be generated by application of the maximum mill levy and square footage rates approved by the electors.
 - 4. If an ambulance operations area identified by the department of health and human services under section 23-27-01 is situated, in whole or in part, within the boundaries of a rural ambulance service district formed under this chapter, and the district does not provide emergency medical services to the territory in the ambulance operations area, whether directly or through a contract under section 11-28.3-12, the property situated in the ambulance operations area which does not receive emergency medical services from the district is exempt from the district's tax levy under this section.

1	Changes to the ambulance operations area will not impact the district under this
2	section until the subsequent tax year. The excluded territory remains responsible and
3	must discharge its proportionate share of outstanding obligations pursuant to the
4	procedure under section 11-28.3-17.
5	SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 11-28.3-17 of the North Dakota
6	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
7	2. Mill leviesLevies imposed under section 11-28.3-09 remain in effect until the
8	proportionate share of outstanding obligations are paid.
9	SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota
10	Century Code, as effective after June 30, 2025, is amended and reenacted as follows:
11	4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of
12	public instruction shall:
13	a. Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of <u>all</u>
14	property classifications in the school district in taxable year 2025; and
15	b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in
16	subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for
17	seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction
18	shall adjust revenues as follows:
19	(1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
20	(a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the
21	operation of an educational program provided at a residential
22	treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult
23	farm management program, tuition received for the education of
24	high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under-
25	an agreement to educate students from a school district on an
26	air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as
27	directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of
28	subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce
29	the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount of tuition-
30	revenue received for the education of students not residing in the

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showing the ending balances of each fund held by the rural fire protection district during that year.

- The ad valorem tax may not exceed a tax rate of five mills per dollar of the taxable valuation of property in the district except upon resolution adopted by the board of directors and approval by a majority of the qualified electors voting on the question at an annual or special meeting of electors called by the board of directors, the ad valorem levy may be made in an amount not exceeding thirteen mills. If an electionto approve or reauthorize an excess <u>ad valorem tax</u> levy will be held at an annual or special meeting of electors of the district called by the board of directors, notice of the meeting and the proposed excess ad valorem levy election must be provided by atleast one publication in the official newspaper of each county in which the district is located at least seven days, but not more than fourteen days, before the date of the public meeting. The published notice must include the amount of the proposedad valorem tax rate increase in mills and the duration for which elector approval of the increase is sought and must include the location where, and hours during which, ballots may be cast.
 - Votes to approve or disapprove the ad valorem levy increase must be cast on the dateof the meeting. The polling place must remain open for at least six hours on the dateof the meeting. The secretary-treasurer of the district shall prepare and distribute toqualified electors at the polling place paper ballots to conduct the election on the question of increased ad valorem levy authority. Three election judges to receive and count the ballots, who are qualified electors of the district but not members of the board, must be selected at least seven days before the meeting by approval of a majority of the members of the board. A marked ballot must be delivered to one of the judges, folded to conceal its contents, the judge shall deposit it in the ballot box, and another judge shall enter the name of the elector who cast the ballot in the pollbook. When the election is closed, the judges shall count the ballots and announce the result. Results of the election must be certified by the secretary-treasurer of the district and each of the election judges to the tax commissioner and to the county auditor of each county in which the district is located within ten days after the election. The certificate must include a statement of the question as it appeared on the ballot,

- together with the total number of votes cast in favor, and the number of votes cast against, authorizing the excess <u>ad valorem levy.</u>
- 5. After July 31, 2015, approval or reauthorization by electors of increased <u>ad valorem</u> levy authority under this section may not be effective for more than ten taxable years or the period of time necessary for repayment of indebtedness incurred which was intended to be repaid from the increased <u>ad valorem</u> levy, whichever expires later. Additional <u>ad valorem</u> levy authority authorized by the board of directors after petition of electors before August 1, 2015, remains in effect under the provisions of law at the time the levy was authorized for the time period authorized by the electors but not exceeding ten taxable years or the period of time necessary for repayment of indebtedness incurred which was intended to be repaid from the increased levy, whichever expires later.
- 6. The ad valorem tax and square footage tax levied under section 18 of this Act must be:
- 1.a. Collected as other taxes are collected in the county.
- 2.<u>b.</u> Turned over to the secretary-treasurer of the rural fire protection district, who-shall have a surety bond in the amount of at least five thousand dollars.
 - 3.c. Placed to the credit of the rural fire protection district so authorizing the same by its secretary-treasurer in a state or national bank, except amounts to be carried over to a future year for purchase of firefighting equipment, ambulances, or other emergency vehicles may be invested to earn the maximum return available.
 - 4.d. Paid out upon warrants drawn upon the fund by authority of the board of directors of the district, bearing the signature of the secretary-treasurer and the countersignature of the president of the rural fire protection district.
 - 7. The amount of tax levy, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes, may not exceed the amount of funds required to defray the expenses of the district for a period of one year as embraced in the annual estimate of expense, including the amount of principal and interest upon the indebtedness of the district for the ensuing year and including any amount determined by the board of directors to be necessary to be carried over to a future year for purchase of firefighting equipment, ambulances, or other emergency vehicles.

1	SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Section 18-10-12.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended and reenacted as follows:
3	— 18-10-12.1. Withdrawal from rural fire protection district.
4	— Any person having an ownership interest in property subject to a millan ad valorem or
5	square footage tax levy as provided for in section 18-10-07 and wishing to withdraw such
6	property from the rural fire protection district may do so as provided in this section, subject to
7	the following restrictions:
8	— 1. The territory to be withdrawn from the district must border on the outer boundary of the
9	district.
10	2. The territory to be withdrawn from the district remains subject to and chargeable for
11	the payment and discharge of the proportion of obligations outstanding at the time of
12	filing the petition for the withdrawal of the territory that the taxable valuation of property
13	in the territory to be withdrawn bears to the taxable valuation of all property within the
14	district prior to withdrawal.
15	3. Mill levies Levies imposed under section 18-10-07 remain in effect until the
16	proportionate share of outstanding obligations are paid.
17	4. The proceedings for withdrawal must be initiated by the filing of a petition with the
18	appropriate county auditor or auditors signed by the fee title holders of sixty percent of
19	the surface acreage in the territory sought to be withdrawn and contain a description of
20	the boundaries of the territory sought to be withdrawn and a map or plat illustrating
21	such area.
22	5. The county auditor shall verify from the tax schedules and determine whether the
23	petition complies with the requirements of subsection 4.
24	6. The county auditor shall determine and certify the respective percentage proportions
25	of the taxable valuation of the territory petitioned to be withdrawn to the taxable
26	valuation of all property in the district prior to withdrawal to the board of directors of the
27	district concerned.
28	7. Within twenty days after receipt of the petition, verification, and computation of
29	respective percentage proportions, the board of directors of the district concerned
30	shall attach to the petition a statement of outstanding obligations of the district and
31	shall forward the petition to the appropriate board or boards of county commissioners.

c. Provide that any taxpayer may appear and discuss with the governing body the proposed square footage tax rates or any item of proposed expenditures, or may object to any item or, amount, or rate.

SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 40-40-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

40-40-10. Certified copies of levy and final budget sent to county auditor.

Immediately after the completion of the final budget, square footage tax rates for purposes of the tax under section 18 of this Act, and the adoption of the annual ad valorem and square footage tax levy by the governing body of a municipality in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and in no case later than October tenth, the auditor of the municipality shall send to the county auditor a certified copy of the levy and square footage tax rates for purposes of the tax under section 18 of this Act as adopted and a certified copy of the final budget.

SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Section 40-58-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

40-58-20. Tax increment financing.

- 1. At any time after the governing body of a municipality has approved a development or renewal plan for any development or renewal area and has filed that plan with the department of commerce division of community services, it may request the county auditor and treasurer to compute, certify, and remit tax increments resulting from the development or renewal of the area in accordance with the plan and any modifications thereof, and the county auditor and treasurer shall do so in accordance with this section.
 - a. For a tax increment district established before July 1, 2011, the base year for tax increments computed for a development or renewal area under this section or section 40-58-20.1 may not be used for more than twenty-five taxable years without the governing body of the municipality establishing a new base year using taxable values, established as of February first of the following year, or square footage taxes levied in the following taxable year, which are not more than fifteen years old. Regardless of length of the initial district, the new base year may be used to compute tax increments for up to an additional fifteen years after which time the tax increment district must be closed, except that the original-

base year for tax increments pledged for an indebtedness incurred before July 1, 2011, may continue until the indebtedness is paid.

- b. For a tax increment district established after July 1, 2011, the base year for tax increments computed for a development or renewal area under this section or section 40-58-20.1 may not be used for more than twenty-five taxable years without the governing body of the municipality establishing a new base year using taxable values, established as of February first of the following year, or square footage taxes levied in the following taxable year, which are not more than fifteen years old. The new base year may be used to compute tax increments for up to an additional five years after which time the tax increment district must be closed.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, for a tax increment district established before January 1, 2026, the tax increment or tax losses must be calculated as the difference between the square footage tax and ad valorem tax levied in dollars against the lots and parcels of real estate in the district in the current taxable year and the amount of ad valorem property tax levied in dollars against the original taxable value of the lots and parcels of real estate in the district in taxable year 2025.

 For purposes of this subsection, "original taxable value" means the taxable value of the lots and parcels of real estate in the year the tax increment district was established.
 - 3. For a tax increment district established on or after January 1, 2026:
 - a. The auditor shall compute and certify the original taxable value of square footage tax or ad valorem tax levied in dollars against each lot and parcel of real estate in the area, as last assessed and equalized before the date of the request, including the taxable value of tax levied against any lot or parcel previously acquired by the municipality or its urban renewal agency, as last assessed and equalized taxed before it was acquired. However, any real property acquired by the city or the city's urban renewal agency prior to July 1, 1973, or more than five years prior to the approval of a development or renewal plan for any development or renewal area, whichever is later, is deemed to have an original taxable value of a zero tax levy and the county auditor shall so certify.

- 3. <u>b.</u> In each subsequent year, the auditor shall compute and certify the net amount by which the original taxable value of square footage tax and ad valorem tax levied in dollars against all lots and parcels of real estate in the area, as then assessed and equalizedlevied, including real estate then held by the municipality or urban renewal agency valuedtaxed at zero, has increased or decreased in comparison with the original taxable value of all such square footage tax and ad valorem tax levied in dollars against the real estate. The net amount of the increase or decrease is referred to in this section as the incremental valuetax increment or the lost valuetax losses for that year, as the case may be respectively.
- 4. In any year when there is an incremental value, the auditor shall exclude it from the taxable value upon which the auditor computes the mill rates of taxes levied in that year by the state, the county, the municipality, the school district, and every other political subdivision having power to tax the development or renewal area, until the cost of development or renewal of the area has been reimbursed in accordance with this section. However, the auditor shall extend the aggregate mill rate of those taxes against the incremental value as well as the original taxable value, and the amount of taxes received from that extension against the incremental value is referred to in this section as the tax increment for that year.
- 5. In any year when there is a lost value, the auditor shall compute and certify the amounts of taxes which would have resulted from the extension against the lost value of the mill rate of taxes levied that year by the state and each political subdivision having power to tax the development or renewal area. The amounts so computed are referred to in this section as the tax losses for that year.
- 6. The county auditor shall segregate all tax increments from the development or renewal area in a special fund, crediting to the fund an amount equal to the tax increment, in each year when there is an incremental value, that proportion of each collection of taxes on real estate within the area which the incremental value bears to the total taxable value in that year a tax increment.
- 7.<u>5.</u> Upon receipt of any tax increments in the fund, the county treasurer, at the times when the county treasurer distributes collected taxes to the state and to each political subdivision for which a tax loss has previously been recorded, shall also remit to each

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of them from the tax increment fund an amount proportionate to the amount of that tax loss, until all those tax losses have been reimbursed. Thereafter, at the time of each distribution, the county treasurer shall remit the entire balance then on hand in the fund to the municipality, until the cost of development or renewal of the area has been reimbursed to the municipality as provided in this section.

- The cost of development or renewal subject to reimbursement from the tax increment fund for each development or renewal area must include all expenditures incident to carrying out the development or renewal plan for the area and any modificationsthereof, not otherwise reimbursed in one of the ways referred to below, including allexpenses of the clearance, development, redevelopment, rehabilitation, and conservation of the area, and all interest and redemption premiums paid on bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by the municipality or urban renewal agency toprovide funds for payment of those expenses, subject to section 40-58-20.1 for the purpose of determining eligible cost of development of industrial or commercial property. From the total cost to be reimbursed there must be deducted, except asprovided below, all amounts received from the federal government or others, and allspecial assessments, revenues, and other receipts except property taxes, which are actually collected and applied to the payment of the cost or the bonds, notes, or otherobligations, at the times when those payments are due. However, if the proceeds of tax increments or of bonds, notes, or other obligations are loaned to finance part or allof the cost of a project comprising the restoration, reconstruction, and improvement of a privately owned state historical site situated within the development or renewal areaor any buildings or structures thereon, as contemplated in section 55-10-08, or of a property listed in the national register of historic places, as contemplated in section-55-10-11, in consideration of the grant to the city of a historic easement with respectthereto, repayments of the loan may not be deducted from the cost of development orrenewal subject to reimbursement.
- 9.7. The tax increments from any development or renewal area may be appropriated by the governing body of the municipality for the payment of any general obligation bonds, special improvement warrants, or refunding improvement bonds issued by the municipality to provide funds for payment of the cost of development or renewal,

together with interest and redemption premiums thereon, other than that portion, if any, of such principal, interest, and redemption premiums which can be paid when due from collections of special assessments, revenues, or other funds, excluding property taxes, which are pledged for the payment thereof. When special improvement warrants or refunding improvement bonds are issued to pay the cost of public improvements of special benefit to properties within the development or renewal area, the governing body may cause those special benefits to be computed, together with the cost properly assessable against those properties, and may appropriate the tax-increments from the area to the payment of that cost, in lieu of levying special assessments upon the property. In this event, the amount so appropriated, divided into the same number of installments as the special assessments and with interest at the same rate on the declining balance thereof, is deemed a part of the special assessments appropriated for payment of the cost, within the meaning of section 40-26-08.

- Deen fully paid and all bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by the municipality to pay that cost have been retired, or funds sufficient for the retirement thereof have been received by the municipality, the governing body shall cause this to be reported to the county auditor, who shall thereafter compute the mill rates of levy all taxes upon the total taxable value, for property subject to ad valorem tax, or the total square footage, for property subject to the tax under section 18 of this Act, of the development or renewal area. Any balance then on hand in the tax increment fund must be distributed by the county treasurer to the state and all political subdivisions having power to tax property, including by ad valorem and square footage tax, in the area, in amounts proportionate to the amounts of the tax losses previously reimbursed to them.
- 11.9. As an alternative to the sale of bonds to be amortized with tax increments as provided in this section, the governing body of a municipality may, in its discretion, grant a total or partial tax exemption for the project in order to provide assistance to a project developer in a development or renewal area, pursuant to agreement with the municipality. However, if a developer of a development or renewal project receives a

tax exemption for that project pursuant to this subsection, that project developer may not receive a tax exemption for that project under section 40-57.1-03, 40-57.1-04, 40-57.1-04.1, or 40-57.1-04.3. The amount of annual tax exemption under this subsection is limited to the tax increment as defined in this section as it applies to the development or renewal project and may extend for a period not to exceed fifteen years. In determining the total amount of the tax exemption to be authorized, the municipality shall give due consideration to the same elements as are involved in the sale of bonds to be amortized by tax increments. The amount to be reimbursed, by taxexemption, to the project developer must be all or a portion of eligible public costswhich have been paid by the project developer, plus interest on those costs at a ratenot to exceed ten percent per annum. The amount of tax exemption must be anamount sufficient to reimburse the project operator for those eligible costs, amortized pursuant to the agreement between the project developer and the municipality. If an exemption has been granted under this subdivision before taxable year 2026 for property that is subject to the square footage tax under section 18 of this Act in taxable year 2026 or later, the governing body of a municipality shall convert the exemption as necessary to allow the same tax benefit to be realized by the property owner under the square footage taxation system under section 18 of this Act as would have been realized under the ad valorem taxation system before taxable year 2026.

12.10. The governing body of a municipality with an active tax increment financing district may at any time identify funds on hand that are in excess of the costs it determines necessary to complete the activities included in the last approved urban renewal planfor that district. The governing body shall cause the identified surplus to be transferred to the county treasurer to be distributed to the state and all political subdivisions having power to tax property in the area, in amounts proportionate to the most recent five-year average of the ad valorem property tax or square footage tax levy within the district.

SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-58-20.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. Before granting a property tax incentive, including an ad valorem tax or square footage tax incentive, on any parcel of property that is anticipated to receive a property tax

incentive for more than five years, the governing body of the municipality must comply with the requirements in section 40-05-24.

SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 57-02-11. Listing of property Assessment thereof Determination of square footage.
- 6 Certified assessment officials must list and assess property as follows:
 - 1. All real property subject to taxation must be listed and assessed every year with reference to its value, on February first of that year.
 - 2. An individual property record must be kept by the appropriate assessment official for each parcel of taxable property. The record may be in electronic or paper form and must include identifying information as prescribed by the state supervisor of assessments. Assessors shall prepare the records and provide copies of all property records prepared by the assessor to the county director of tax equalization. The county director of tax equalization shall maintain those records for ten years from the date the records were received from the assessors. A city with an assessor who holds a current certification as a class I assessor under section 57-02-01.1, and which has been determined by the state supervisor of assessments to have enough sales for an adequate sales ratio study, may elect to maintain the records required under this subsection on behalf of the county. A city that makes this election must include these records in a city database of taxable property to be maintained in the office of city assessor for ten years from the assessment date.
 - 3. Whenever after the first day of February and before the first day of April in any year, it is made to appear to the assessor by the oath of the owner that any building, structure, or other improvement, or tangible personal property, which is listed for taxation for the current year has been destroyed or damaged by fire, flood, tornado, or other natural disaster, the assessor shall investigate the matter and deduct from the valuation of the property of the owner of such destroyed property an amount which in the assessor's judgment fairly represents such deduction as should be made.
 - 4. By December 31, 2025, the assessor shall determine the land square footage and structure square footage of each parcel of residential property in the assessor's

1	assessment district and record the land square footage and structure square footage
2	in the individual property record for each parcel. For purposes of this subsection:
3	a. "Land square foot" or "land square footage" means the square footage
4	measurement of the land area of a parcel of property, excluding the square
5	footage of any structure or building situated on the land.
6	<u>b. "Structure square foot" or "structure square footage" means the square footage</u>
7	measurement of structures and buildings situated on a parcel of property above
8	ground level, exclusive of the land on which the structures or buildings are
9	situated. The term excludes any areas of a building or structure considered below
10	grade.
11	SECTION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is
12	amended and reenacted as follows:
13	57-02-11. Listing of property - Assessment thereof - Determination of square footage.
14	Certified assessment officials must list and assess property as follows:
15	— 1. On February first of each year:
16	<u>a.</u> All real property subject to <u>ad valorem</u> taxation must be listed and assessed
17	every year with reference to its value, on February first of for that year.
18	<u>b.</u> The land square footage and structure square footage of real property subject to
19	the square footage tax under section 18 of this Act must be listed for that year.
20	2. An individual property record must be kept by the appropriate assessment official for
21	each parcel of taxable property. The record may be in electronic or paper form and
22	must include identifying information as prescribed by the state supervisor of
23	assessments. Assessors shall prepare the records and provide copies of all property
24	records prepared by the assessor to the county director of tax equalization. The
25	county director of tax equalization shall maintain those records for ten years from the
26	date the records were received from the assessors. A city with an assessor who holds
27	a current certification as a class I assessor under section 57-02-01.1, and which has-
28	been determined by the state supervisor of assessments to have enough sales for an
29	adequate sales ratio study, may elect to maintain the records required under this
30	subsection on behalf of the county. A city that makes this election must include these

- records in a city database of taxable property to be maintained in the office of city assessor for ten years from the assessment date.
- 3. Whenever after the first day of February and before the first day of April in any year, it is made to appear to the assessor by the oath of the owner that any building, structure, or other improvement, or tangible personal property, which is listed for taxation for the current year has been destroyed or damaged by fire, flood, tornado, or other natural disaster, the assessor shall investigate the matter and deduct from the valuation or square footage of the property of the owner of such destroyed property an amount which in the assessor's judgment fairly represents such deduction as should be made.
- 4. By December 31, 2025, the assessor shall determine the land square footage and structure square footage of each parcel of residential property in the assessor's assessment district and record the land square footage and structure square footage in the individual property record for each parcel. For purposes of this subsection:
 - a. "Land square foot" or "land square footage" means the square footage

 measurement of the land area of a parcel of property, excluding the square
 footage of any structure or building situated on the land.
- b. "Structure square foot" or "structure square footage" means the square footage measurement of structures and buildings situated on a parcel of property above ground level, exclusive of the land on which the structures or buildings are situated. The term excludes any areas of a building or structure considered below grade.
- SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-51 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 57-02-51. Notice of township and city equalization meetings to be published Date of equalization meeting.
 - Each year the county auditor shall publish in the official county newspaper for two-successive weeks, a notice that proceedings for the equalization of assessments will be held by the several local equalization boards.

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly

1	2. The first publication of the notice may not be more than forty-five days before the date
2	of the equalization proceedings and the second publication may not be less than
3	fourteen days before the equalization proceedings.
4	3. The notice must contain a statement that the:
5	a. The proceedings will be held at the regular meeting place of the governing board
6	or other place designated by that board of the township or city, as the case may
7	be. The notice must also contain a statement that each; and
8	<u>b.</u> <u>Each</u> taxpayer has the right to appear before the appropriate board of review or
9	equalization and petition for correction of the taxpayer's assessment of property
10	valuation or square footage determination under section 18 of this Act.
11	4. The equalization proceedings in a city must be held within the first fifteen days of April
12	and the equalization proceedings in an organized township must be held in the month
13	of April.
14	SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-52 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15	amended and reenacted as follows:
16	57-02-52. Notice of county equalization meetings to be published - Date of
17	equalization meeting.
18	— 1. Each year the county auditor shall publish in the official county newspaper for two
19	successive weeks, a notice that proceedings for the equalization of assessments for
10	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
20	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization.
	· · ·
20	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization.
20 21	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. 2. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second
20 21 22	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. 2. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second publication may not be later than May twentieth, however, the second notice must be
20 21 22 23	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second publication may not be later than May twentieth, however, the second notice must be published more than ten days prior to the date of the meeting.
20 21 22 23 24	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. — 2. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second publication may not be later than May twentieth, however, the second notice must be published more than ten days prior to the date of the meeting. — 3. The notice must contain the:
20 21 22 23 24 25	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. 2. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second publication may not be later than May twentieth, however, the second notice must be published more than ten days prior to the date of the meeting. 3. The notice must contain the: a. The date, time, and location of the meeting. The notice must also contain a; and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second-publication may not be later than May twentieth, however, the second notice must be published more than ten days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice must contain the: a. The date, time, and location of the meeting. The notice must also contain a; and b. A statement that each taxpayer has the right to appear before the appropriate
220 221 222 23 224 225 226 227	all real property in the county will be held by the county board of equalization. 2. The first publication of the notice may not be earlier than May first and the second publication may not be later than May twentieth, however, the second notice must be published more than ten days prior to the date of the meeting. 3. The notice must contain the: a. The date, time, and location of the meeting. The notice must also contain a; and b. A statement that each taxpayer has the right to appear before the appropriate board of review or equalization and petition for correction of the taxpayer's

1	SECTION 17. A new section to chapter 57-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
2	and enacted as follows:
3	Valuation of property subject to square footage tax - Exemption.
4	Notwithstanding any other provision of law:
5	1. Except as provided in subsection 2, property subject to the square footage tax under
6	section 18 of this Act is exempt from the valuation requirements under this chapter.
7	2. For purposes of calculating the debt limits under sections 15 and 16 of article X of the
8	Constitution of North Dakota:
9	a. The true and full value of a property subject to the square footage tax under
10	section 18 of this Act must be calculated as the sum of:
11	(1) The land square footage of the property multiplied by the average price per
12	square foot of similarly situated land in the county based on real estate
13	sales; and
14	(2) The structure square footage of the property multiplied by the average price
15	per square foot of a similarly situated structure in the county based on real-
16	<u>estate sales.</u>
17	<u>b.</u> The assessed value of a property subject to the square footage tax under
18	section 18 of this Act is fifty percent of the amount calculated in subdivision a.
19	SECTION 18. A new chapter to title 57 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
20	enacted as follows:
21	— <u>Definitions.</u>
22	— For purposes of this chapter:
23	1. "Land square foot" or "land square footage" means the square footage measurement
24	of the land area of a parcel of property, excluding the square footage of any structure
25	<u>or building situated on the land.</u>
26	2. "Structure square foot" or "structure square footage" means the square footage
27	measurement of structures and buildings situated on a parcel of property above
28	ground level, exclusive of the land on which the structures or buildings are situated.
29	The term excludes any areas of a building or structure considered below grade.

1	Residential square footage tax - Imposition.
2	Property classified as residential property, which is not otherwise subject to a payment in
3	lieu of tax, is subject to a tax at a rate equal to a price per land square foot and a price per
4	structure square foot as approved by each taxing district as provided in this chapter.
5	Taxes in lieu of ad valorem property taxes.
6	Taxes imposed under this chapter are in lieu of all ad valorem property taxes levied by the
7	state or any of its political subdivisions upon property subject to the tax under this chapter.
8	— Exemptions.
9	1. Property subject to tax under this chapter which meets the criteria of the exemptions
10	listed in section 57-02-08, except subsection 27 of section 57-02-08, are exempt from
11	the tax under this chapter to the extent provided in section 57-02-08.
12	2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:
13	a. If an exemption or payment in lieu of tax was calculated based on the valuation of
14	residential property and the applicable mill rate before taxable year 2026, and a
15	conversion method is not provided under law, the county auditor shall convert the
16	exemption or payment in lieu of tax as necessary to allow the same tax benefit to
17	be realized by the property owner under this chapter as would have been
18	realized by the property owner under the ad valorem taxation system before
19	taxable year 2026.
20	b. If a specific exemption or payment in lieu of tax was granted by a taxing district
21	for a parcel of residential property for a specified number of taxable years under-
22	the ad valorem taxation system before taxable year 2026, the county auditor shall
23	apply the exemption or payment in lieu of tax to the tax levied under this chapter
24	for the remaining taxable years. If a conversion method is not provided under law,
25	the county auditor shall convert the exemption or payment in lieu of tax as
26	necessary to allow the same tax benefit to be realized by the property owner
27	under this chapter as would have been realized under the ad valorem taxation
28	system before taxable year 2026.
29	Tax exemption certificate for real property to be filed - Exceptions.
30	1. A person owning residential property located within a taxing district which claims that
31	the real property is exempt from taxation under this chapter shall file with the assessor-

1		and with the county auditor a certificate setting out the facts on which the claim for
2		exemption is based, including the names of owners, the date the property was
3		acquired, the legal description, the use to which the property was put during the twelve
4		months preceding the assessment date, and any other information which the assessor
5		may request.
6	<u> 2.</u>	Unless otherwise provided by law, the certificate shall be filed with the assessor and
7		the county auditor each year before February first.
8	<u> 3.</u>	If the certificate is not filed as provided in this section, the assessor shall regard the
9		property as nonexempt property.
10	<u>4.</u>	The provisions of this section do not apply in any case when the real property is
11		owned by the United States or the state of North Dakota or any of its departments,
12		institutions, agencies, or political subdivisions.
13	- Sola	ar, wind, or geothermal energy device credit.
14	1.	An owner is entitled to a credit of five percent of the taxes levied under this chapter
15		against the structure square footage of a new or existing building in which a solar or
16		wind energy device or geothermal energy device is installed. The credit may be
17		applied for up to five taxable years following the installation of the system.
18	<u> 2.</u>	To qualify for the credit under subsection 1, an applicant shall sign and file with the
19		county assessor, by April first of each year, an application containing a verified
20		statement of facts establishing the applicant's eligibility as of the date of the claim on a
21		form and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner.
22	<u> 3.</u>	For the purposes of this subsection:
23		a. "Geothermal energy device" has the meaning provided in section 57-38-01.8.
24		b. "Solar or wind energy device" has the meaning provided in section 57-38-01.8.
25	<u>Nev</u>	v single-family, condominium, and townhouse residential property credit.
26	<u>-1.</u>	An owner is entitled to a credit equal to thirty percent of the taxes levied under this
27		chapter against the structure square footage of a new single-family, condominium, and
28		townhouse residential property if the following conditions are met:
29		a. The governing body of the city, for property within city limits, or the governing
30		body of the county, for property outside city limits, has approved the credit under
31		this section by resolution. A resolution adopted under this subdivision may be

- 1	rescinded of amended at any time. The governing body of the city of county may
2	limit or impose conditions upon a credit under this section, including limitations of
3	the time during which a credit is allowed.
4	<u>b.</u> <u>Special assessments and taxes on the property upon which the residence is </u>
5	situated are not delinquent.
6	2. The credit may be applied for up to two taxable years after the taxable year in which
7	construction is completed and the residence is owned and occupied for the first time.
8	<u>Land and structure square footage - Determination - Certification.</u>
9	1. On or before February first of each year, certified assessment officials shall determine
10	the land square footage and structure square footage of residential property subject t
11	the tax under this chapter. The assessment official shall record the information in the
12	individual property record for each parcel of property subject to the tax under this
13	<u>chapter.</u>
14	2. For purposes of determining structure square footage of a townhouse, the structure
15	square footage of the townhouse property must be increased by the square footage
16	added by the right to use any common areas in connection with the townhouse
17	development. The common areas of the development may not be separately taxed.
18	The square footage of a common area of the townhouse development must be
19	apportioned in an equal amount to each townhouse in the development unless a
20	declaration setting out a different apportionment is recorded in the office of the county
21	recorder. The total structure square footage of the townhouse property, including the
22	square footage added as provided in this subsection, must have the benefit of any
23	credit, exemption, or other special classification if the townhouse otherwise qualifies.
24	3. The assessor shall certify the land square footage and structure square footage of
25	each parcel of real property subject to the tax under this chapter to the:
26	a. Governing board of each taxing district in which the parcel is situated;
27	b. County director of tax equalization; and
28	<u>c.</u> <u>County auditor.</u>
29	4. The assessor shall deliver written notice of the certified land square footage and
30	structure square footage to the property owner of each parcel of real property subject

1	to the tax under this chapter at least fifteen days before the meeting of the local board
2	<u>of equalization.</u>
3	<u>a.</u> The tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for written notices under this
4	subsection. The written notice must include the date prescribed by law for the
5	meeting of the local board of equalization of the assessment district in which the
6	property is located and the meeting date of the county board of equalization.
7	<u>b.</u> <u>Delivery of written notice under this subdivision must be by personal delivery to</u>
8	the property owner, mail addressed to the property owner at the property owner's
9	last-known address, or electronic mail to the property owner directed with
10	verification of receipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner
11	has consented to receive notice.
12	5. The determination of taxable land square footage and structure square footage may
13	be appealed through the equalization or abatement process.
14	Square footage determination of real property exempt from taxation.
15	1. At the time of making the determination of land square footage and structure square
16	footage, the assessor shall enter in a separate list each description of property exempt
17	from taxation under this chapter and shall determine the land square footage and
18	structure square footage of the property in the same manner as other property subject
19	to taxation under this chapter, designating in each case to whom the property belongs
20	and for what purpose used.
21	2. This section does not apply to property of the United States, this state, or a political
22	subdivision of this state or farm buildings or farm residences exempt from property
23	taxes by law.
24	Square footage tax rate - Determination - Limitation - Hearing.
25	1. A taxing district shall:
26	a. Propose square footage tax rates in an amount per structure square foot and an
27	amount per land square foot, calculated as follows:
28	(1) Subject to the requirements and limitations in subsections 4 and 5, for
29	taxable year 2026:
30	(a) The proposed price per structure square foot of residential property is
31	egual to the ad valorem property tax levied in dollars in taxable year

1			2025 attributable to residential structures situated in the taxing district
2			divided by the total residential structure square footage in the taxing
3			<u>district.</u>
4		<u>(b)</u>	The proposed price per land square foot of residential property is
5			equal to the ad valorem property tax levied in dollars in taxable year
6			2025 attributable to residential land situated in the taxing district
7			divided by the total residential land square footage in the taxing
8			district.
9		<u>(2) Subj</u>	ect to the requirements and limitations in subsections 4 and 5, for
10		<u>taxa</u>	ble years after 2026:
11		<u>(a)</u>	The proposed price per structure square foot of residential property is
12			equal to the price per structure square foot imposed in the preceding
13			taxable year multiplied by the percentage increase or decrease of the
14			taxing district's proposed budget for the current taxable year
15			compared to the preceding taxable year.
16		<u>(b)</u>	The proposed price per land square foot of residential property is
17			equal to the price per land square foot imposed in the preceding
18			taxable year multiplied by the percentage increase or decrease of the
19			taxing district's proposed budget for the current taxable year
20			compared to the preceding taxable year.
21	<u></u>	b. Notify the	county auditor of the proposed square footage tax rates under
22		<u>subdivisio</u>	n a according to the procedures in section 57-15-02.2 on or before
23		August te	nth of each year.
24	-	c. Notify me	mbers of the taxing district of the proposed square footage tax rates
25		under sub	odivision a according to the procedures in section 57-15-02.2 on or
26		before Au	gust thirty-first of each year.
27	<u>2.</u>	The taxing dist	rict shall consider the proposed square footage tax rates under
28	<u> </u>	subsection 1 d	uring the taxing district's budget and proposed square footage tax rate
29	ł	hearing require	ed under section 57-15-02.2.
30	<u>3.</u>	Subject to the I	requirements and limitations in subsections 4 and 5, after the taxing
31	<u>•</u>	district's budge	t and proposed square footage tax rate hearing required under section

1	57-15-02.2, the taxing district shall approve the following square footage tax rates by a
2	resolution approved by the governing body of the taxing district:
3	a. Price per structure square foot of residential property.
4	<u>b.</u> Price per land square foot of residential property.
5	4. For purposes of the square footage tax rates under this chapter, a taxing district shall
6	impose a square footage tax rate at a rate which will generate sufficient revenue,
7	together with the ad valorem tax assessed against commercial, agricultural, and
8	centrally assessed property, to pay outstanding bonded indebtedness secured with ad-
9	valorem property tax in taxable years before 2026.
10	5. The governing board of a taxing district, in levying taxes, including ad valorem taxes
11	and square footage taxes under this chapter, is limited by the amount necessary to
12	meet the appropriations included in the taxing district's budget for the ensuing fiscal
13	year, and to provide a reserve fund as limited by law, together with a tax sufficient in
14	amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the taxing district and to provide a
15	sinking fund to pay the principal at maturity.
16	— <u>Certification of square footage tax rates.</u>
16 17	Certification of square footage tax rates. The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be
17	
	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be
17 18	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as
17 18 19 20	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of
17 18 19	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body.
17 18 19 20 21	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter.
17 18 19 20 21 22	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter. Duty of county auditor upon certification of square footage tax rate.
17 18 19 20 21	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter: — Duty of county auditor upon certification of square footage tax rate. — The county auditor of each county, upon receipt of the square footage tax rates certified to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter. Duty of county auditor upon certification of square footage tax rate. The county auditor of each county, upon receipt of the square footage tax rates certified to the county auditor by the proper authorities of a taxing district, shall acknowledge receipt of the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter. Duty of county auditor upon certification of square footage tax rate. The county auditor of each county, upon receipt of the square footage tax rates certified to the county auditor by the proper authorities of a taxing district, shall acknowledge receipt of the certification to the official so certifying them immediately upon receiving the certification.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter. Duty of county auditor upon certification of square footage tax rate. The county auditor of each county, upon receipt of the square footage tax rates certified to the county auditor by the proper authorities of a taxing district, shall acknowledge receipt of the certification to the official so certifying them immediately upon receiving the certification. Square footage tax levy - Calculation.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	The square footage tax rates approved by the governing board of a taxing district to be applied to a parcel subject to the tax under this chapter must be certified by the officer acting as business manager or clerk of the governing body of the taxing district to the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is situated immediately following the action of the governing body, or within ten days thereafter. — Duty of county auditor upon certification of square footage tax rate. — The county auditor of each county, upon receipt of the square footage tax rates certified to the county auditor by the proper authorities of a taxing district, shall acknowledge receipt of the certification to the official so certifying them immediately upon receiving the certification. — Square footage tax levy - Calculation. — The county auditor shall compute the amount of square footage tax to be levied against a

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2. The combined structure square footage rates for each taxing district in which the parcel is situated multiplied by the structure square footage of the parcel.

<u> Enforcement - Administration - Collection - Penalties - Delinquency.</u>

Provisions of law relating to enforcement, administration, collection, penalties, and delinquency proceedings for ad valorem taxes apply to taxes levied under this chapter.

Abatement procedure.

The procedures for abatement under chapter 57-23 apply to the tax levied under this chapter.

SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 57-09-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-09-04. Duties of board - Limitation on increase - Notice - Review of square footage determination.

- 1. The township board of equalization shall ascertain whether all taxable property subject to ad valorem taxation in its township has been properly placed upon the assessment list and duly valued by the assessor. In case any real property has been omitted by inadvertence or otherwise, the board shall place the same upon the list with the truevalue thereof. The board shall proceed to correct the assessment so that each tract orlot of real property is entered on the assessment list at the true value thereof. The board may not increase the valuation returned by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the previous year's assessment without giving the owner or the owner's agent reasonablenotice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the board to increase it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the township must be heard and decided by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by nonresidents with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints byothers with reference to any assessment made after the meeting of the townshipboard of equalization must be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. The board must comply with any requirement for notice of anassessment increase under section 57-02-53.
- 2. The township board of equalization shall hear complaints and grievances of residents of the township regarding the determination of land square footage and structure

square footage for purpose of taxation under section 18 of this Act. The board shall resolve the complaints and grievances and may make corrections to the square footage determinations as appear to be just.

SECTION 20. A new section to chapter 57-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

- Equalization of valuation of property subject to square footage tax Exemption.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, property subject to the square footage tax under section 18 of this Act is exempt from the equalization requirements under this chapter pertaining to the valuation of the property.
- SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 57-11-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 57-11-03. Duties of board Limitation on increase Notice Review of square footage determination.
 - 1. At its meeting, the board of equalization shall proceed to equalize and correct the assessment roll. It may change the valuation and assessment of any real property subject to ad valorem taxation upon the roll by increasing or diminishing the true and full valuation thereof as is reasonable and just to render taxation uniform, except that the board may not increase the valuation of any property returned by the assessor to an amount that results in a cumulative increase of more than fifteen percent from the amount of the previous year's assessment without first giving the owner or the owner's agent reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard regarding the intention of the board to increase it. All complaints and grievances of residents of the city must be heard and decided by the board and it may make corrections as appear to be just. Complaints by nonresidents with reference to the assessment of any real property and complaints by others with reference to any assessment made after the meeting of the city board of equalization must be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. The board shall comply with any requirement for notice of an assessment increase under section 57-02-53.
 - 2. The board of equalization shall hear complaints and grievances of residents of the city regarding the determination of land square footage and structure square footage for purpose of taxation under section 18 of this Act. The board shall resolve the

ı	complaints and grievances and may make corrections to the square footage				
2	determinations as appear to be just.				
3	SECTION 22. A new section to chapter 57-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is created				
4	and enacted as follows:				
5	Equalization of valuation of property subject to square footage tax - Exemption.				
6	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, property subject to the square footage tax under				
7	section 18 of this Act is exempt from the equalization requirements under this chapter pertaining				
8	to the valuation of the property.				
9	SECTION 23. A new section to chapter 57-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is created				
10	and enacted as follows:				
11	Review and correction of taxable square footage determination.				
12	1. The county board of equalization shall hear complaints and grievances of residents of				
13	the county regarding the determination of land square footage and structure square				
14	footage for purpose of taxation under section 18 of this Act. The board shall resolve				
15	the complaints and grievances and may make corrections to the square footage				
16	determinations as appear to be just.				
17	2. The owner of a parcel of real estate for which the square footage for purposes of				
18	taxation under section 18 of this Act has been calculated may appeal the square				
19	footage determination to the state board of equalization as provided in section 25 of				
20	this Act; provided that the owner has first appealed the assessment to the local				
21	equalization board of the taxing district in which the property is situated and to the				
22	county board of equalization of the county in which the property is situated.				
23	SECTION 24. A new section to chapter 57-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is created				
24	and enacted as follows:				
25	Equalization of valuation of property subject to square footage tax - Exemption.				
26	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, property subject to the square footage tax under				
27	section 18 of this Act is exempt from the equalization requirements under this chapter pertaining				
28	to the valuation of the property.				
29	SECTION 25. A new section to chapter 57-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is created				
30	and enacted as follows:				

1	Review of appeals regarding taxable square footage determination.
2	1. If a property owner has properly appealed the property's square footage
3	determination, the board may hear and resolve the appeal and may make corrections
4	to the square footage determination as appear to be just.
5	2. In the case of an appeal, the owner of the property must establish to the satisfaction of
6	the board that the owner of the property had first appealed the square footage
7	determination to the local equalization board of the taxing district in which the property
8	is situated and to the county board of equalization of the county in which the property
9	<u>is situated.</u>
10	SECTION 26. A new section to chapter 57-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
11	and enacted as follows:
12	Equalization of valuation of property subject to square footage tax - Exemption.
13	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, property subject to the square footage tax under
14	section 18 of this Act is exempt from the equalization requirements under this chapter pertaining
15	to the valuation of the property.
16	— SECTION 27. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
17	amended and reenacted as follows:
18	— 57-15-02. Determination of rate.
19	— The tax rate of all taxes, except taxes the rate of which is fixed by law and the square
20	footage tax under section 18 of this Act, must be calculated and fixed by the county auditor-
21	within the limitations prescribed by statute. If any municipality levies a greater amount than the
22	prescribed maximum legal rate of levy will produce, the county auditor shall extend only such
23	amount of tax as the prescribed maximum legal rate of levy will produce. The rate must be
24	based and computed on the taxable valuation of taxable property in the municipality or district
25	levying the tax. The rate of all taxes must be calculated by the county auditor in mills, tenths,
26	and hundredths of mills.
27	SECTION 28. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-02.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
28	amended and reenacted as follows:

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly

1	d. <u>(4)</u>	-A col	umn indicating the difference between the taxing district's total levy
2		from	the previous year and the taxing district's estimated levy with the word
3		"INC	REASE" printed in boldface type if the proposed tax levy is larger in
4		dolla	rs than the levy in dollars in the previous year;.
5	e.(<u>5)</u>	—Infor	mation identifying the estimated property tax savings that will be
6		provi	ded pursuant to section 57-20-07.1 based on the best information
7		avail	able;_
8	<u>b.</u> For	prope i	rty subject to the square footage tax under section 18 of this Act:
9	(1)	The	date, time, and location of the public budget and square footage tax
10		<u>rate l</u>	hearing for each of the taxing districts in which the property owner's
11		parce	el is located and the location at which the taxing district's budget is
12		<u>avail</u> :	able for review.
13	<u>(2)</u>	The	preliminary land square footage and structure square footage tax rates
14		for re	esidential property under section 18 of this Act.
15	(3)	-The t	total land square footage and structure square footage for each parcel
16		<u>of lar</u>	nd.
17	(4)	– <u>Begi</u> r	nning in taxable year 2027:
18		(-)	A column showing the actual land square footage and structure
10		(a)	
19		-(a)-	square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of
		(a)	
19		(a)	square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of
19 20		- (a) -	square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in
19 20 21		(a)	square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the
19 20 21 22		(a)	square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates
19 20 21 22 23		(<u>a)</u>	square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing
19 20 21 22 23 24			square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25			square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies. A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's actual
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26			square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies. A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's actual land square footage and structure square footage tax rates in the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27			square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies. A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's actual land square footage and structure square footage tax rates in the previous year and the taxing district's proposed land square footage.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28			square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district that levied taxes against the parcel in the immediately preceding taxable year and a column showing the proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates to be applied against the square footage of the parcel by the taxing district levying tax in the taxable year for which the notice applies. A column indicating the difference between the taxing district's actual land square footage and structure square footage tax rates in the previous year and the taxing district's proposed land square footage and structure square footage tax rates with the word "INCREASE"

1 57-15-05. County tax levy. 2 The board of county commissioners, in levying county taxes, including square footage 3 taxes levied by the board of county commissioners under section 18 of this Act and 4 ad valorem taxes, is limited to the amount necessary to meet the appropriations-5 included in the county budget for the ensuing fiscal year, and to provide a reserve fund-6 as limited in this chapter, together with a tax sufficient in amount to pay the interest on-7 the bonded debt of the county and to provide a sinking fund to pay the principal at 8 maturity. 9 2. The county budget shall show the complete expenditure program of the county for the 10 ensuing fiscal year and the sources of revenue from which it is to be financed. 11 SECTION 31. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is 12 amended and reenacted as follows: 13 57-15-07. City tax levies. 14 The governing body, in levying city taxes, including square footage taxes levied by the 15 governing body under section 18 of this Act and ad valorem taxes, is limited by the amount 16 necessary to meet the appropriations included in the city budget for the ensuing fiscal year and 17 to provide a reserve fund as limited in this chapter, together with a tax sufficient in amount to-18 pay the interest on the bonded debt of the municipality, and to provide a sinking fund to pay the 19 principal at maturity. 20 SECTION 32. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is 21 amended and reenacted as follows: 22 57-15-11. Park district tax levies. 23 The board of park commissioners, in levying park district taxes, including square footage 24 taxes levied by the governing body under section 18 of this Act and ad valorem taxes, is limited-25 by the amount necessary to meet the appropriations included in the park district budget for the 26 ensuing fiscal year, and to provide a reserve fund as limited in this chapter, together with a tax-27 sufficient in amount to pay the interest on the bonded debt of the municipality and to provide a 28 sinking fund to pay the principal at maturity. 29 SECTION 33. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is 30 amended and reenacted as follows:

1 57-15-13. School district tax levies. 2 School district taxes must be levied by the governing body of each school district on or 3 before the tenth day of August of each year. 4 The governing body of the school district may increase or decrease its tax levy and 5 budget for the current fiscal year on or before the tenth day of October of each year-6 but the certification must be filed with the county auditor within the time limitations-7 under section 57-15-31.1. 8 Taxes for school district purposes must be based upon an itemized budget statement 9 which must show the complete expenditure program of the district for the current fiscal-10 year and the sources of the revenue from which it is to be financed. 11 The school board of each public school district, in levying taxes, <u>including square</u> 12 footage taxes levied by the school board under section 18 of this Act and ad valorem 13 taxes, is limited by the amount necessary to be raised for the purpose of meeting the 14 appropriations included in the school budget of the current fiscal year, and the sum-15 necessary to be provided as an interim fund, together with a tax sufficient in amount to-16 pay the interest on the bonded debt of the district and to provide a sinking fund to pay-17 and discharge the principal thereof at maturity. 18 SECTION 34. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is 19 amended and reenacted as follows: 20 57-15-31. Determination of ad valorem property tax levy. 21 The amount of ad valorem property taxes to be levied by any county, city, township, 22 school district, park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes must be 23 computed by deducting from the amount of estimated expenditures for the current 24 fiscal year as finally determined, plus the required reserve fund determined upon by 25 the governing board from the past experience of the taxing district, the total of the 26 following items: 27 The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance; 28 Estimated revenues from sources other than direct ad valorem property taxes, 29 including the amount of square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act; 30 The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years; 31 d. Expenditures that must be made from bond sources;

1	e. The amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool
2	under section 57-15-61; and
3	f. The estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project-
4	under section 40-57.1-03.
5	2. Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to-
6	exceed five percent of the amount of the levy.
7	SECTION 35. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-31.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended and reenacted as follows:
9	57-15-31.1. Deadline date for amending budgets and certifying taxes.
10	1. No taxing district may certify any taxes, including ad valorem tax and square footage
11	tax levied under section 18 of this Act, or amend its current budget and no county
12	auditor may accept a certification of taxes, including ad valorem tax and square
13	footage tax levied under section 18 of this Act, or amended budget after the tenth day
14	of October of each year if such certification or amendment results in a change in the
15	amount of tax levied.
16	2. The current budget, except for property taxes and square footage tax under section 18
17	of this Act, may be amended during the year for any revenues and appropriations not
18	anticipated at the time the budget was prepared.
19	SECTION 36. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
20	amended and reenacted as follows:
21	57-20-01. Real and personal property taxes - When due and delinquent - Penalties.
22	1. All real andproperty taxes, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes levied
23	under section 18 of this Act, all personal property taxes, and yearly installments of
24	special assessment taxes become due on the first day of January following the year-
25	for which the taxes were levied.
26	2. The first installment of real estate taxes, including ad valorem taxes and square
27	footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, all personal property taxes, and
28	yearly installments of special taxes become delinquent after the first day of March-
29	following and, if not paid on or before said date, are subject to a penalty of three
30	percent, and on May first following an additional penalty of three percent, and on July

- first following an additional three percent, and an additional penalty of three percent on October fifteenth following.
- 3. From and after January first of the year following the year in which the taxes become due and payable, simple interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum upon the principal of the unpaid taxes on personal property must be charged until the taxes and penalties are paid, with the interest charges to be prorated to the nearest full month for a fractional year of delinquency.
- 4. The second installment of real estate taxes, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, becomes delinquent after October-fifteenth, and, if not paid on or before that date becomes subject to a penalty of six percent.
- SECTION 37. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-01.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 57-20-01.1. Extension of due date for property taxes when county treasurer's office is closed.
- When the due date for full or installment payment of any property taxes, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, or special assessments falls on a day on which the county treasurer's office is not open for business, the payment may be made on the first day following on which the office is open without penalty or loss of discount.
- SECTION 38. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 57-20-02. Tax list made out by county auditor.
- 1. As soon as practicable after the taxes, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, are levied, and after the levies of the several taxing districts within the county have been certified, the county auditor shall make out the tax lists according to the prescribed form to correspond with the assessment districts of the county.
- 2. The <u>ad valorem</u> tax percentage rate necessary to raise the required amount of the various taxes must be calculated on the taxable valuation of property after equalization by the state board of equalization, but no <u>ad valorem tax</u> rate may be used which

and transmitted by the county auditor of the county in which the main office of that taxing district is located.

- 3. The tax commissioner shall compile information received from the county auditors in subsection 2 and prepare a statewide report of <u>ad valorem</u> property tax <u>and square</u> footage tax increase. The report must include the annual increase in <u>ad valorem</u> property taxes <u>and square footage taxes</u> levied by each taxing district of the state after adjusting for property that was not taxable in the preceding year and property that is no longer taxable which was taxable in the preceding year. The report must be provided to the legislative management by April first of each year.
- 4. The tax commissioner shall prescribe the form and manner of providing the reports and certifications required under this section.
- 5. On or before December 31, 2017, the county auditor shall provide a report to the tax commissioner providing the information identified in subsection 2 for the 2015 and 2016 tax years.

SECTION 41. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-20-07.1. County treasurer to mail real estate tax statement - Contents of statement.

- 1. On or before December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail aan ad valorem or square footage real estate tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's last-known address. The form of the ad valorem or square footage real estate tax statement to be used in every county must be prescribed and approved for use by the tax commissioner. The statement must be provided in amanner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed record of the obligation for payment of ad valorem or square footage taxes and special assessments as provided in the statement. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the county treasurer shall send only one statement to one of the owners of that property.

 Additional copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their request and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. The tax statement must:
 - a. For property subject to ad valorem tax:

the parcel by the county and school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel. c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012-taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012-taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills: (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	1	(1) Include a dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the
showing, for the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately preceding taxable years, the property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel. c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 45.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 45.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)(1) Fifty mills; or (b)(2) The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills: (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	2	property and the total mill levy applicable.
immediately preceding taxable years, the property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel. c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012-taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills: (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zene by the taxable value of taxable property in the	3	b. (2) Include, or be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns
the parcel by the county and school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel. c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	4	showing, for the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two-
levied-taxes against the parcel. c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of North-Daketa. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012-taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	5	immediately preceding taxable years, the property tax levy in dollars against
c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012-taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a-human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	6	the parcel by the county and school district and any city or township that
state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15	7	levied taxes against the parcel.
entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012-taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills: (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	8	c. (3) Provide information identifying the property tax savings provided by the
savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 13 15.1-27. 14 (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable 16 16 year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of 17 mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012- 18 taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from 19 the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel 20 is located the lesser of: 21 (a)[1] Fifty mills; or 22 (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty 23 mills: 24 (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying 25 the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the 26 tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing 27 the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a 28 human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	9	state of North Dakota. The tax statement must include a line item that is
before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter 15.1-27. (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable 16 year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of 17 mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012 18 taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from 19 the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel 20 is located the lesser of: 21 (a)[1] Fifty mills; or 22 (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty 23 mills: 24 (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying 25 the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the 26 tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing 27 the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a 28 human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	10	entitled "legislative tax relief" and identifies the dollar amount of property tax
13	11	savings realized by the taxpayer under chapter 50-34 for taxable years
14 (1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter 15 15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable- 16 year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of- 17 mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012- 18 taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from- 19 the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel 20 is located the lesser of: 21 (a)[1] Fifty mills; or 22 (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty- 23 mills. 24 (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying- 25 the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the- 26 tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing- 27 the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a- 28 human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the-	12	before 2019, chapter 50-35 for taxable years after 2018, and chapter
15 15	13	15.1-27.
year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012- taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a- human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	14	(1)(a) For purposes of this subdivision, legislative tax relief under chapter
mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012- taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying- the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing- the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a- human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the-	15	15.1-27 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable
taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	16	year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of
the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	17	mills of mill levy reduction grant under chapter 57-64 for the 2012
is located the lesser of: (a)[1] Fifty mills; or (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying- the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	18	taxable year plus the number of mills determined by subtracting from-
21 (a)[1] Fifty mills; or 22 (b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty- 23 mills. 24 (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying- 25 the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the 26 tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing- 27 the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a 28 human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	19	the 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district in which the parcel
(b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	20	is located the lesser of:
mills. (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	21	(a)[1] Fifty mills; or
24 (2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying 25 the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the 26 tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing 27 the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a 28 human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	22	(b)[2] The 2012 taxable year mill rate of the school district minus sixty
the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	23	mills.
tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	24	(2)(b) Legislative tax relief under chapter 50-35 is determined by multiplying
the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	25	the taxable value for the taxable year for each parcel shown on the
28 human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the	26	tax statement by the number of mills of relief determined by dividing-
	27	the amount calculated in subsection 1 of section 50-35-03 for a
29 zone for the tayable year.	28	human service zone by the taxable value of taxable property in the-
Zone for the taxable year.	29	zone for the taxable year.
30 <u>b. For property subject to the square footage tax under section 18 of this Act:</u>	30	<u>b.</u> For property subject to the square footage tax under section 18 of this Act:

1	(1) Include the total land square footage and structure square footage for the
2	parcel of land and the the land square footage and structure square footage
3	tax rates applicable to the parcel of land.
4	(2) For taxable year 2027, include, or be accompanied by a separate sheet,
5	with two columns showing, for the taxable year to which the tax statement
6	applies and the immediately preceding taxable year, the square footage tax
7	levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school district and any
8	city or township that levied taxes against the parcel.
9	(3) For taxable years after 2027, include, or be accompanied by a separate
10	sheet, with three columns showing, for the taxable year to which the tax
11	statement applies and the two immediately preceding taxable years, the
12	square footage tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and
13	school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel.
14	2. Failure of an owner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor
15	extend the discount privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.
16	SECTION 42. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended and reenacted as follows:
18	— 57-20-09. Discount for early payment of tax.
19	1. Except as provided in section 57-20-21.1, the county treasurer shall allow a five
20	percent discount to all taxpayers who shall pay all of the ad valorem or square footage
21	real estate taxes levied on any tract or parcel of real property in any one year in full on-
22	or before February fifteenth prior to the date of delinquency. Such
23	2. The discount applies to all general real estate taxes, including ad valorem taxes and
24	square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, levied for state, county, city,
25	township, school district, fire district, park district, and any other taxing districts but
26	does not apply to personal property taxes or special assessment installments.
27	3. Whenever the board of county commissioners, by resolution, determines that an
28	emergency exists in the county by virtue of weather or other catastrophe, it may
29	extend the discount period for an additional thirty days.
30	SECTION 43. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
31	amended and reenacted as follows:

1	— 57-20-10. Installment payments of real estate tax.
2	RealAd valorem and square footage real estate taxes, either current or delinquent, may be
3	paid in installments of not less than ten percent of the amount of the tax, plus penalty and
4	interest if any, but each such installment in no event may be less than ten dollars. Credit must
5	be given on the tax records for the installment payments so made, and penalty and interest
6	must be computed only upon the balance of the tax remaining unpaid.
7	SECTION 44. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-21.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended and reenacted as follows:
9	57-20-21.1. Priority for delinquent taxes.
10	1. When payment is made for any real or personal property taxes, including ad valorem
11	taxes and square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, or special
12	assessments, payments must be applied first to the oldest unpaid delinquent taxes or
13	special assessments due, if any, shown to exist upon the property for which the tax-
14	payments are made, including any penalty and interest.
15	2. The discounts applicable to payment of taxes set out in section 57-20-09 do not apply
16	to payment of taxes made on property upon which tax payments are delinquent.
17	SECTION 45. AMENDMENT. Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-23-04 of the North
18	Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
19	a. When an error has been made in any identifying entry or description of the
20	property, in entering the valuation or square footage thereof, or in the extension
21	of the tax, to the injury of the complainant.
22	SECTION 46. AMENDMENT. Section 57-23-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
23	amended and reenacted as follows:
24	57-23-06. Hearing on application.
25	1. Within ten days after receiving an application for abatement, the city auditor or the
26	township clerk shall give the applicant a notice of a hearing to be held before the
27	governing body of the city or township, or such other committee as it may designate, in
28	which the assessed property is located. Said hearing must be set for no more than
29	sixty days after the date of the notice of hearing, and in any event, must be held before
30	the recommendations provided for in subsection 2 are made. The applicant may
31	waive, in writing, the hearing before such governing body or designated committee at

any time before the hearing. Any recommendations provided for in subsection 2 must be transmitted to the county auditor no more than thirty days after the date set for the hearing. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to applications for abatement pursuant to section 57-02-08.2.

- 2. At the next regular meeting of the board of county commissioners following the filing of an application for abatement or, if forthcoming, at the next regular meeting of the board of county commissioners following transmittal of the recommendations of the governing body of the municipality, the applicant may appear, in person or by a representative or attorney, and may present such evidence as may bear on the application. The applicant shall furnish any additional information or evidence requested by the board of county commissioners. The recommendations of the governing body of the municipality in which such assessed property is located must be endorsed upon or attached to every application for an abatement or refund, and the board of county commissioners shall give consideration to such recommendations. The board of county commissioners, by a majority vote, either shall approve or reject the application, in whole or in part. If rejected, in whole or in part, a written explanation of the rationale for the decision, signed by the chairman of the board, must be attached to the application, and a copy thereof must be mailed by the county auditor to the applicant at the post-office address specified in the application.
- 3. At a hearing before the board of county commissioners on an application for abatement, the applicant or the applicant's representative or attorney is limited to the relief claimed in the application for abatement submitted to the board of county commissioners. The applicant or applicant's representative or attorney may not submit evidence during a hearing on an application for abatement suggesting a lower valuation, a lower square footage determination, a lower square footage tax rate, a lower tax levy, or a different taxable status than was requested in the application for abatement submitted to the board of county commissioners.

SECTION 47. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 57-28-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	2. The amount of delinquent ad valorem property taxes, square footage taxes levied
2	under section 18 of this Act, and special assessments, with penalties, interest, and
3	foreclosure costs, for the tax year foreclosed.
4	SECTION 48. AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 1 of section 57-28-20 of the North-
5	Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
6	c. Sold for less than the total amount of the taxes due, the treasurer shall write tax
7	receipts beginning with the earliest year and for as many subsequent years as
8	the proceeds realized from the sale will satisfy, and the remainder of any unpaid
9	general taxes, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes levied under
10	section 18 of this Act, or special assessments must be canceled by the board of
11	county commissioners.
12	SECTION 49. AMENDMENT. Section 57-28-26 of the North Dakota Century Code is
13	amended and reenacted as follows:
14	— 57-28-26. Disposition of rental revenue.
15	<u>1.</u> All the net revenue from leases of property under this chapter and all federal payments
16	for property acquired by the county by tax deed must be paid into the county treasury.
17	2. On or before January tenth in each year, the county treasurer shall apportion these
18	amounts received in the previous calendar year to the county, city, school district,
19	township, or other taxing districts in which the property is located in the proportion that
20	the previous year's general fund and square footage tax levy in the taxing district
21	bears to the total of general fund and square footage tax levies of all taxing districts in
22	which the property is located.
23	SECTION 50. AMENDMENT. Section 57-55-01.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
24	amended and reenacted as follows:
25	— 57-55-01.2. Statements of full consideration and square footage to be filed with
26	application for title to mobile homes - Sales ratio study - Penalty.
27	<u>1.</u> Any person who has purchased a mobile home and is applying for a title under section
28	39-18-03 shall present, with the application, a certified statement of the full-
29	consideration paid for the mobile home and the square footage of the mobile home.
30	2. The director of the department of transportation may not issue a certificate of title to
31	the mobile home until the certified statement is received. The director of the

- department of transportation shall accumulate and at least monthly forward to the state board of equalization a report containing the information filed in the director's office pursuant to this section.
- 3. The state board of equalization shall prescribe the necessary forms for the statements and reports to be used in carrying out the purposes of this section, and the forms must contain a space for the explanation of special circumstances which may have contributed to the amount of the consideration or square footage. The state board of equalization shall furnish this information to the state tax commissioner who shall conduct a sales ratio study to determine the proper assessment values of mobile homes under this chapter.
- 4. Any person who, in the statement provided for in this section, willfully falsifies the consideration paid for or square footage of the transferred mobile home is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- SECTION 51. AMENDMENT. Section 57-55-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-55-04. Taxes - How determined - Disbursement.

- 1. The director of tax equalization shall determine the tax for each mobile home by placing an evaluation on determining the square footage of the mobile home based upon its assessed value and by adjusting the valuation of the mobile home by the percentage provided in section 57-02-27 to determine its taxable valuation under standards and guides determined by the state tax commissioner and applying that evaluation the square footage to the preceding year's total mill levies applying residential structure square footage tax rates determined under section 18 of this Act which apply to property within the taxing district in which the mobile home is located. The director of tax equalization may refer to the statement required under section 57-55-01.2 to determine the square footage of the mobile home.
- 2. The county treasurer shall provide a tax statement for each mobile home subject to taxation under this chapter, including.
- a. For taxable year 2028, the tax statement must include two columns showing, for the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the immediately preceding taxable year, the square footage tax levy in dollars against the mobile

1	<u>5.</u> The decision of the county commissioners may be appealed in the manner provided
2	by law.
3	SECTION 53. AMENDMENT. Section 57-55-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4	amended and reenacted as follows:
5	57-55-05. Taxes in lieu of other property taxes.
6	The taxes provided for in this chapter are in lieu of all property taxes, including ad valorem
7	taxes and square footage taxes levied under section 18 of this Act, upon such mobile homes for
8	the calendar year for which the tax permit is valid. However, such taxes may in no way be
9	construed as exempting any mobile home owner from the requirements of registering such-
10	mobile home with the director of the department of transportation or securing license plates
11	entitling such mobile home to be hauled upon the state's highways pursuant to section
12	39-18-03.
13	SECTION 54. AMENDMENT. Section 61-24-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amended and reenacted as follows:
15	61-24-09. District budget - Determination of amount to be levied - Adoption of levy -
16	Limitation.
17	1. In July of each year, the board of directors shall estimate and itemize all the expenses
18	and obligations of the district, including expenses of directors, expenses of operating
19	the office, debt service and retirement, and obligations and liabilities to the United-
20	States for which provision must be made.
21	2. The board of directors may include in such budget funds deemed necessary to create
22	reserve funds to meet future payments under district contracts.
23	3. Upon the completion and adoption of such budget, the board of directors shall make a
24	tax levy, including ad valorem taxes and square footage taxes under section 18 of this
25	Act, in an amount sufficient to meet such budget. Such
26	4. The levy shall be in the form of a resolution, adopted by a majority vote of the
27	members of the board of directors of the district. Such
28	<u>5. The resolution shallmust include an ad valorem levy in mills, but not exceeding one</u>
29	mill, and a square footage tax levy sufficient to meet all the expenses, obligations, and
30	liabilities of the district as provided in the budget.

taxable years beginning after December 31, 2026.

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SECTION 55. REPEAL. Subsection 35 of section 57-02-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.

54 and 55 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Section 6 of this Act is effective July 1, 2026. Sections 51, 52, and 53 of this Act are effective for

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - PROPERTY TAX REFORM FOR RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.

- During the 2025-26 interim, the legislative management shall consider studying property tax reform for residential property, including the feasibility of imposing limitations on taxable valuation increases and of replacing the current property tax structure for residential property with a price per square foot taxation method. The study must include:
 - A review of the current property tax system for residential property, including a. procedures for property assessment, the function of the equalization and abatement process, and the process for determining taxing district budgets.
 - b. Consideration of methods to limit the growth of residential property values, including potential advantages and disadvantages for property owners and taxing districts.
 - Consideration of implementation and administration of a new taxation method C. based on a price per square foot, the potential impact of the new taxation method on taxpayers and taxing districts, potential unintended consequences related to a transition from the current ad valorem taxation system to a new taxation method, and potential approaches to mitigate unintended consequences related to the transition to a new taxation method.
- 2. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the seventieth legislative assembly.