SB 2232 Senate Human Services Committee 69th Legislative Session

Chair Lee and Honorable Members of the Human Services Committee, my name Dr. Danielle Thurtle, I am a pediatrician in Bismarck and I am writing asking for your support for SB 2232.

Stigma from medical providers, particularly around areas of child custody, are a large barrier for women of childbearing age when considering seeking treatment for their substance use disorder. Concerns over compulsory testing and mandatory reporting to state social services is a serious deterrant to seeking treatment for substance use disorders.

As the law currently stands, we are one of only 3 states in the country that REQUIRES compulsory testing of newborns for substance use at any time during pregnancy. This goes against recommended policy from the American Academy of Pediatrics, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology among other national organizations. If a woman is currently enrolled in and compliant with a treatment program there is no medical reason to drug test the infant. Drug testing is highly flawed, with many normal and subscribed medications, such as blood pressure medications frequently prescribed to pregnant mothers, yielding false-positive results and significant financial and social stress to families. In women who are currently prescribed a medication for their substance use disorder and enrolled in a treatment program, I have only ever felt the required drug testing of infants dissolves trust with the medical system and invites unneccessary scrutiny for the family that does not result in improved safety or care for the child.

The amendments in the law from "shall" to "may" still allows pediatricians and practitioners the freedom to screen infants for illicit substances if there are clinical concerns for unexplained symptoms or concerns in providing a safe discharge plans for families while not mandating such testing where it is not needed. Additionally, changing the mandatory reporting of positive screens from "shall" to "may" also allows physicians to rule out false positive results of drug screening before reporting to county CPS unneccessarily.

I ask that this Committee and the Legislature support SB 2232 for these reasons. Thank you and I would be happy to take questions.

Danielle Thurtle, MD Pediatric Hospitalist