BOARD OF CONTROL

CHAPTER 54.

[S. B. No. 225—Elken.]

NORMAL BOARD OF CONTROL.

AN ACT to Amend and Re-enacting Sections 6 and 8 of Chapter 61 of the Session Laws of the State of North Dakota of 1911, Relating to Normal Schools.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

- § 1. AMENDMENT.] Section 6 of Chapter 61 of the Session Laws of 1911 is amended and re-enacted to read as follows:
- § 6. Constitution of BOARD.] The Normal Board of Control shall consist of one member for each school, who shall reside within the vicinity of such school, of three members from the state at large, and of the Superintendant of Public Instruction, ex-officio, provided, that no two members shall be from the same county.
- § 2. AMENDMENT.] Section 8 of Chapter 61 of the Session Laws of 1911 is amended and re-enacted to read as follows:
- § 8. Commission, quorum, president and secretary.] The Governor shall cause to be issued to each of the appointive members of the board, a commission under the great seal of the state. A majority of the entire membership of the board shall constitue a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall elect a president from among the members at large. It shall also elect a secretary, who may or may not be a member of the board, and who shall receive such compensation as the board may determine, not to exceed two thousand dollars per annum.

Approved March 1, 1913.

CHAPTER 55.

[H. B. No. 252—Hawkinson.]

BOARD OF CONTROL.

- AN ACT to Amend Section 8 of Chapter 62 of the Session Laws of 1911, Relating to Institutions Under Jurisdiction of the Board of Control of State Institutions.
- Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:
- § 1. AMENDMENT.] Section 8 of Chapter 62 of the Session Laws of 1911 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- § 8. Institutions under control.] The Board of Control shall have full power to manage, control and govern, subject only to the limitations contained in this Act, the State Hopsital for the Insane, the State Peniteniary, the North Dakota Blind Asylum, the School for the Deaf and Dumb, the School for the Feeble Minded, the State Reform School, the North Dakota State Tuberculosis Sanitarium, and such other charitable and reformatory and penal institutions as have been or may hereafter be created or established according to law. The Board of Control so appointed and qualified shall, within ten days after their appointment, establish an office in the State Capitol at Bismarck, and shall thereafter have full access to all the state institutions mentioned in this Section, and to all books, accounts, vouchers, supplies and equipments of each of said institutions for the purpose of familiarizing themselves with the conditions, needs and requirements thereof; and, subject to the limitations in this Act contained, the said board shall assume full control of said institutions on the first day of July, A. D. 1913; provided, however, that this Act shall not apply to the Soldiers' Home.
- § 2. Repeal.] All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

 Approved March 17, 1913.

CHAPTER 56.

[H. B. No. 342-Northrup.]

MEDICAL EXAMINER.

An Act to Prevent Procreation of Confirmed Criminals, Insane, Idiots, Defectives and Rapists; Providing for a Board of Medical Examiners, and Making Provisions for Carrying Out of Same.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. Whenever the warden, superintendent or head of any state prison, reform school, state school for feeble

minded, or of any state hospital or state asylum for insane shall certify in writing that he believes that the mental or physical condition of any inmate would be improved thereby, or that procreation by such inmate would be likely to result in defective or feeble-minded children with criminal tendencies, and that the condition of such inmate is not likely to improve, so as to make procreation by such person desirable or beneficial to the community, it shall be lawful to perform a surgical operation for the sterilization of such inmate as hereafter provided.

- § 2. For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the chief medical officer of any such institution, the secretary of the state board of health, and one other competent physician and surgeon whose appointment is hereinafter provided for, shall constitute the board of examiners for such institution. The third member of such board shall be a competent physician and surgeon of good standing and of at least ten years' practice of his profession in North Dakota, who shall forthwith be appointed by the State Board of Control, and who shall serve during the pleasure of said Board of Control. One such appointment may be made in each county in which one of such institutions is located, or one may be appointed to act for any two or more of such institutions to be named in the letter of appointment. The per diem compensation of such member so appointed shall be fixed by the State Board of Control in the letter of appointment, and shall not be in excess of \$10.00 per day, while in actual performance of their duties; a duplicate of this letter shall be filed with the State Auditor, and the per diem and actual necessary expenses of such member shall be allowed and paid in the same manner as is provided for by law for the payment of the salaries and expenses of the members, agents, and employees of the State Board of Control.
- § 3. When the superintendent of any such institution shall deem it adivsable that such operation be performed on any one or more of the inmates thereof, he shall make such recommendation in writing, signed by him, and file one copy thereof with the Board of Control and one with the chief medical officer of such institution, whereupon the chief medical officer of such institution shall forthwith call a meeting of such board of examiners to be held at such institution at a date not less than fifteen days after the issuance of such call, and such call shall be in writing signed by such chief medical officer, and shall clearly set forth the date and object of such meeting, and shall contain the names of all inmates whose cases are to be considered at such meeting.

- § 4. At such meeting such board of examiners shall diligently inquire into the mental and physical condition of each inmate so considered, and as far as practicable, into his family history, and for that purpose any member of said board may administer an oath to any witness whom it is desired to examine, and such hearing may be adjourned from day to day, and, if necessary, sessions may be held else-
- where than at such institution.
- § 5. After fully inquiring into the condition of each such person, such board of examiners shall make separate written findings for each of the persons whose condition has been inquired into, and such findings shall either order that such inmate be sterilized by such operation as may be deemed best, or shall find that sterilization is not necessary or desirable, or shall continue the case to a time and place therein named or upon future call, for further observation and inquiry; and such hearing shall be conducted according to the provisions of Section 4 of this act. If such board in its finding order such operation upon such inmate, it shall, in such finding, designate what operation is to be performed, and its purpose, and shall designate some skilled surgeon, who may or may not be one of their own number, who shall perform it.
- § 6. Such institutions shall keep all files in any proceedings under this act, and full minutes of all such meetings, and for that purpose the chief medical officer of such institution shall be the secretary of such board of examiners and custodian of its records.
- § 7. When in the opinion of the chief medical officer of any such institution, such operation would be necessary or desirable upon any inmate thereof, for any of the purposes herein set forth, and such inmate requests in writing that such operation be performed, or consents thereto in writing, he may perform or procure the performance of such operation without bringing the matter to the attention of such board of examination. When any such operation is performed under the provisions of this section, it shall be the duty of the chief medical officer who performs or procures the performance of such operation to immediately report to the State Board of Control the details of such operation, upon such blanks as the board of Control may prescribe.
- § 8. Whenever the state's attorney of any county shall have reason to believe that any person who shall be convicted of felony, has been twice or more previously convicted of felonies in North Dakota or elsewhere, it shall be the duty of such state's attorney to investigate and to secure at the expense of the county, transcripts of records of

therefor.

conviction from other counties and states, and also such evidence of identification as may be obtained. Such proof when obtained shall be forwarded to the State Board of Control, who shall thereupon notify the chief medical officer of the institution to which such person is committed, and the Secretary of the State Board of Health, and such case shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedure stated in Section 1 of this act, that no such operation shall be performed without the consent of the board of control.

- § 9. No surgeon who shall skillfully perform any operation as authorized by this act shall be held accountable therefor, but the finding and order of this said board of examiners or the court, or the consent of such inmate and parents or guardian shall be his full warrant and authority
- § 10. It shall be the duty of the chief medical officer of any such institution in which any sterilized inmates, are confined to make careful observation of each of such inmates, particularly with the view of ascertaining the effect of such operation upon the moral, mental and physical condition of such sterilized persons, and once a year, and oftener if called for by the Governor, to make report on each of such persons in writing, keeping a copy of such report on file in such institution, and furnishing copies to the Governor, the State Board of Control, the secretary of the state board of health
- § 11. EMERGENCY.] Whereas, heredity plays a most important part in the transmission of crime, insanity, idiocy and imbecility, and our institutions for degenerates are overcrowded on account of the lack of adequate means of checking the ever increasing numbers of this class; and whereas, there is now no provision in law authorizing an operation for the sterilization of defective persons, this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved March 13, 1913.

CHAPTER 57.

[S. B. No. 362—Bond.]

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

AN ACT to Amend and Re-enact Sections 35 and 38 of Chapter 62 of the Session Laws of 1911, Relating to Estimates, Salaries and the Purchase of Supplies for State Institutions.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. That Sections 35 and 38 of Chapter 62 of the Session Laws of 1911 be amended to read as follows:

- § 35. Institutions, salaries.] The board shall, prior to July 1st, 1911, and annually thereafter, fix, with the written approval of the Governor, the annual or monthly salaries of all the officers and employees in the several institutions, except such as are fixed by the legislative assembly. The board shall classify the officers and employees into grades and the salaries and wages to be paid in each grade shall be uniform in similar institutions in this state. The schedule of wages so fixed shall become operative on July 1st of each year. *Provided*, however, that the salaries of officers and employees of said state institutions, except the local treasurers thereof, who are now holding for a definite term, and a salary fixed by law or by contract according to law, shall remain the same until the expiration of such The salaries and wages shall be included in the monthly estimates as hereinafter provided, and paid in the same manner as other expenses of the several institutions. Officers shall be entitled to the necessary food supplies for their families, and shall receive such allowance from the supplies of the institution, but shall not be entitled to delicacies when not in season. The word "family" shall be construed to mean only the wife and minor children of an officer.
- TRIPLICATE ESTIMATES REVISIONS PURCHASE OF SUP-PLIES.] The superintendent, warden or other chief executive officers, as may be designated by the board of control, shall, on or before the fifteenth day of February, May, August and November, cause to be prepared triplicate estimates in minute detail, including estimates, cost of each item, of all the expenditures required for the institution for the ensuing quarterly period beginning on the 1st day of January, April, July and October. Such estimates shall also include a statement of the source and amount of all the revenues received by the said institution and accounted for to the state treasurer on the first day of each month. Two of the said triplicate estimates shall be sent to the officer of the board and the third shall be kept by the superintendent, warden or other chief executive officer. The board may revise the estimates for supplies of other expenditures, either as to quantity, quality or the estimated cost thereof, and shall certify that it has carefully examined the same and that the articles contained in such estimate as approved or revised by it are actually required for the use of said institution. The board shall thereupon advertise for bids for such supplies, requiring samples in every possible case, and such supplies purchased shall in all cases be at least equal in value to the sample submitted by the successful bidder. Where samples are submitted and

bids are the same the firm in the state so bidding shall have the preference. This provision, however, shall not apply to the purchase of fibre for the twine plant but the Board of Control and the warden shall jointly purchase such necessary fibre in the manner thought to be the most economical to and for the best interests of the state. When the estimates have been so certified and revised and bids for the supplies enumerated and described therein have been received and contracts for furnishing the supplies have been let a copy of such revised estimates and the contract for furnishing the supplies enumerated and described in such revised estimates duly certified shall be sent to the institution and another copy retained by the board. The certified copy sent to the institution shall be sufficient authority to the management of the institution to purchase the supplies enumerated in said estimates at prices not to exceed those named in the contract and not otherwise. Said supplies shall be so purchased as to permit at least thirty days' time to pay therefor, and the steward, clerk or other officer of the institution designated by the board shall require itemized bills to be rendered by the person who furnished supplies, in duplicate, for all purchases whether made upon contract or otherwise, which shall be in the following form: The State of North Dakota, on account of.....

of the facts herein set forth.)

(To be signed by the person having personal knowledge

Sworn to and subscribed before me this......day of.....

I hereby certify that the above account is correct and that the articles therein charged have been received in

good	d order by thein	stitution.
	Steward, Clerk or other designs	ated officer.
It s	shall be endorsed as follows:	
	Institution	. \$
Pas	assed upon by the Board of Control on the	ie
day o	of pproved March 13, 1913.	
Ădi	pproved March 13, 1913.	

CHAPTER 58.

[H. B. No. 357-Buck.]

BOARD OF CONTROL.

AN ACT to Amend and Re-enact Section 1189 of the Revised Codes of North Dakota for 1905.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

- § 1. AMENDMENT.] Section 1189 of the Revised Codes of North Dakota for 1905 is hereby amended and re-enacted to read as follows:
- § 1189. Powers and duties of board. Salaries. board of control shall have general control and management of the hospital, and shall make all by-laws, rules and regulations necessary for the government of the same, not inconsistent with the laws of the state. It shall appoint a superintendent who must be a physician of acknowledged skill and ability and a graduate of a reputable medical The superintendent shall appoint one or more college. assistant physicians who shall possess like skill and ability, and be a graduate of a reputable medical college; the board of control shall appoint a steward, also a matron, all of whom shall be styled the resident officers of the hospital, and who shall reside therein, and be governed by the laws and by-laws of the institution. The annual salaries of the resident officer shall be as follows: Superintendent, not to exceed \$4,000.00; matron, not to exceed \$900.00; steward, not to exceed \$2,000.00; assistant superintendent, not to exceed \$2,000.00; assistant physician, not to exceed \$1,600.00; which said salaries shall be fixed by the board of control.

Approved March 14, 1913.

CHAPTER 59.

[H. B. No. 378—Bartley.]

BOARDS OF HEALTH.

AN ACT to Amend Sections 259, 262, 263, 264, 267, 275, 3116 and 3117 of the Revised Codes of 1905, Relating to County and Township Boards of Health and Relating to the Meetings and Duties of Officers of County Boards of Health.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

- § 1. AMENDMENT.] That Section 259 of the Revised Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:
- § 259. There is hereby established county boards of health, composed of a president, vice-president and superintendent; the state's attorney in each county shall be president of the county board; the county superintendent of schools shall be vice-president, and it shall also appoint a superintendent of public health for the county, who shall be learned in medicine and hold a license to practice medicine and surgery within the state, and the several persons appointed shall hold their offices for one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Provided, however, that whenever the state board of health has reason to believe that the county superintendent of public health is failing to perform his duties as prescribed by law they may report the case to the board of county commissioners, and the latter shall at their next meeting declare the office vacant, and appoint another physician in his place for the remainder of the unexpired term.

- § 2. AMENDMENT.] That Section 262 of the Revised Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:
- § 262. The several county boards of health shall have power within their respective counties outside of the corporate limits of cities having a city board of health, subject to the supervisory control of the state board of health and its secretary.
- 1. To supervise all matters relating to the preservation of life and health of the people, including public water supplies and sewerage system, and have supreme authority in matters of quarantine, which it may declare and enforce when none exists and modify, relax or abolish when it has been established.
- 2. To isolate, kill or remove any animal affected with contagious or infectious diseases that is a meance to the health of human beings.
 - 3. To remove or abate, or cause to be removed or abated,

any public or private nuisance that may endanger the health of others.

4. To make and enforce orders in local matters when emergency exists, or when the local board of health has neglected or refused to act with promptness or efficiency, or when such board has not been established, as provided by law. In such cases the necessary expense incurred shall be paid by the county for which the services are rendered. All expenses actually and necessarily paid or incurred by the county board of health in carrying out the provisions of this Article, such as livery, hotel bills, quarantine guards, automobile hire, railroad fare, stamps, etc., shall be audited by the board and certified to the county commissioners, and shall be paid the same as other county expenses are paid. § 3. Amendment.] That Section 263 of the Revised

Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:

§ 263. Powers and duties of the superintendent.] The county superintendent of health shall have charge of and superintend, subject to the supervisory control of the state board of health, all matters and things mentioned in Subdivisions 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Section 2 of this Act, throughout the county outside of the corporate limits of cities. He shall ex ercise supervisory control of the local boards of health within his county, known as village boards of health and township boards of health. He shall furnish at the expense of the county board of health all township and village clerks and all physicians within his jurisdiction with proper blanks for reporting to him all contagious and infectious diseases. He shall properly instruct the township and villarge clerks and the physicians within his jurisdiction on the proper methods to employ in reporting contagious diseases. He shall be charged with strict and thorough enforcement of the laws, rules and regulations to the end that the health of the people be conserved and protected. When it shall come to his notice, or when he believes that there is a probability that a dangerous disease exists within his jurisdiction he shall make such sanitary inspection of such places as he may deem advisable, and shall take such action and enforce such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary for the protection of the public health. ever a village board of health or township board of health within his jurisdiction neglects or refuses to perform any of its duties as specified in this Act, or refuses or neglects to execute any of the orders or regulations of the county board of health, then the superintendent of said county board of health may execute its orders and regulations by agents of its own appointment. He shall have full and complete control, subject to the supervisory control of the state board of health, of all matters pertaining to public health outside the

limits of incorporated cities within his county. He shall decide when quarantine and disinfection are necessary for the safety of the public, and shall have power to establish and perform the same. All expenses incurred in quarantining or disinfecting outside of incorporated cities shall be audited by the county board of health and paid for out of the general fund of the county. He may send out circulars permitting the use of the long distance telephone at the expense of the county board of health in all cases of emergency. He may also investigate, subject to the supervisory control of the state board of health, all public water and ice supplies which are suspected of being infected and cause them to be condemned whenever he finds it necessary. He may also investigate public milk supplies and prohibit the sale of unwholesome milk and dairy products, stop shipment of spoiled or unwholesome meat, the slaughtering of diseased animals, and subsequent sale of the meat thereof. He shall enforce cleanliness in schools, inspect over-crowded, poorly ventilated and insanitary school houses, and when necessary report such cases to the board of inspection, as provided in Section 80, Chapter 266, of the Sessions Laws of 1911. He shall by the tenth day of each month report to the secretary of state board of health, on blanks furnished for that purpose, the name and address of each case of dangerous and contagious, infectious diseases occurring in his jurisdiction for the preceding month, with the name of the party reporting the same, together with a detailed statement of his official acts.

4. AMENDMENT.] That Section 264 of the Revised Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:

§ 264. The president and vice-president of the board shall receive three dollars per day for every day in which they may be actually and necessarily engaged in the performance of their duties, and five cents per mile for every mile actually and necessarily travelled in the discharge of their duties. The county superintendent of health shall receive from three hundred dollars to six hundred dollars a year for his office work, which sum shall be determined annually by the county commissioners, and according to the efficiency of the health officer and the amount and character of the work performed. He shall also receive five dollars per day for every day or fraction thereof that he may be actually and necessarily engaged in the performance of his official duties, not including work confined to his office, and in addition to his expenses and other renumerations shall receive five cents for each mile actually and necessarily traveled in the performance of his duties.

§ 5. AMENDMENT.] That Section 267 of the Revised Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:

§ 267. At the first meeting of the city council in April of each odd-numbered year there shall be appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the council one health officer, who shall hold his office for two years and until his successor is appointed and qualified. *Provided*, however, that when the state board of health is satisfied that the city health officer is neglecting or refusing to perform the duties of his office in conformity with the laws, rules and regulations which are in force governing such matters they may report the case to the city council and the mayor shall at the next meeting declare the office vacant and appoint another physician to fill the unexpired term.

Sub-division A. MEETINGS.] The board shall meet on the first Tuesday after the first meeting of the city council in April at such hour and place as may be named by the city health officer. The board shall organize by electing from its members a president and vice-president. The city health officer shall be secretary and executive officer of the board. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. The other regular meetings of the board shall be held on the second Tuesday in July, October and January. Special meetings may be held at any time on call of the president

and secretary.

Sub-division B. Duties of officers of Board. The president of each city board of health shall preside at the meetings thereof and in his absence the vice-president shall perporm the duties of the president. The secretary shall keep a record of all the proceedings of the board and of his official acts. He shall see that the health ordinances of the city, the rules and regulations of his board and the rules and regulations of the state board of health and the health laws of the state are fully complied with throughout his jurisdiction and he is hereby charged with strict enforcement of the same. He shall properly instruct the physicians within his jurisdiction in the proper methods to employ in reporting contagious diseases and shall furnish said physician with the necessary blanks for that purpose, such blanks to be of the form prescribed by the state board of health. He shall keep a record of all dangerous, contagious and infectious diseases occurring within his jurisdiction, which record shall show the name and address of the party affected, the name of the disease, by whom reported and such other statistical data as may be required by the state board of health. He shall by the tenth of each month report to the secretary of the state board of health on blanks furnished for the purpose, all cases of dangerous, infectious and contagious diseases that have occurred within his jurisdiction during the preceding month, with such further data as may be required by the state board of health. The diseases that

shall be regarded as infectious or contagious shall be those so designated in the rules and regulations of the state board of health.

§ 6. AMENDMENT.] That Section 275 of the Revised

Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:

§ 275. Any physician to report cases of contagion.] Whenever it shall come to the knowledge of any physician or other person that a case of tuberculosis, typhoid fever or any other dangerous infectious disease exists within the jurisdiction of any county or city board of health, he shall immediately report to the superintendent of the county board of health or to the city health office in whichever jurisdiction the case may be, the name and place of residence, if known, of every person afflicted with such disease, and if he is the attending physician of such person he shall report not less than twice each week, the condition of each person so afflicted with the state of such disease.

§ 9. AMENDMENT.] That Section 3116 of the Revised

Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:

§ 3116. The supervisors of each township and the trustees of each incorporated village shall constitute a board of health and within their respective townships or villages shall have and exercise under the supervisory control of the county superintendent of public health, all the powers necessary for the preservation of public health.

§ 10. AMENDMENT.] That Section 3117 of the Revised

Codes of 1905 be amended to read as follows:

§ 3117. The board of health may examine into all nuisances, sources of filth and causes of sickness and make such temporary regulations respecting the same as it shall judge necessary for the public health and safety of the inhabitants, but upon taking such action, the board shall immediately report the same to the county superintendent of public health, who shall then take the matter up and give the board specific instructions or proceed to the place and take such action as he may deem necessary for the protection of public health, and each person who violates any order or regulation made by any board of health, and duly published, is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months.

Approved March 15, 1913.

CHAPTER 60.

[H. B. No. 78—Everson.]

DEFINING BOOTLEGGING AND MAKING IT A CRIME.

AN ACT Defining Bootlegging, Making It a Crime, and Fixing the Punishment Therefor.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

- § 1. Bootlegging defined. Bootlegging is herewith made a crime. The person committing the crime of bootlegging may be designated a bootlegger. The crime of bootlegging within the meaning of this act is committed by any person who sells or barters intoxicating liquors one or more times to one or more persons upon the public roads of this state, or upon the streets or alleys of any fown, or incorporated village or city, or upon the right of way or in the buildings of any railroad or other common carrier, or upon the lands or in the buildings belonging to the state of North Dakota or any of its political subdivisions, or upon the lands or in the buildings of any person, partnership or corporation without the permission of the owner or the person entitled to the possession of such lands or buildings Any person who aids, assists or abets in the commission of said crime or receives any portion of the proceeds of such sales of intoxicating liquors shall be also held guilty of said crime.
- § 2. Penalty.] Every person convicted of the crime of bootlegging shall for the first offense be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than six months and not more than one year; and for the second and each successive offense shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one or more than two years.

§ 3. Emergency.] Whereas, there is no adequate punishment for the crime herein defined, now therefore an emergency is hereby declared to exist, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved February 20, 1913.

CHAPTER 61.

[S. B. No 174—Davis.]

PREMIUMS ON BONDS AND INSURANCE.

AN ACT Repealing Section 7 of Chapter 235 of Session Laws of 1911, Relating to the Payment of Premium on Bonds and Insurance.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. Section 7 of Chapter 235 of Session Laws of 1911, is

hereby repealed.

§ 2. EMERGENCY.] An emergency exists in that unnecessary expenditures are made by the state of North Dakota for premiums on bonds and insurance policies. This act shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and approval.

Approved March 11, 1913.

BUDGET

CHAPTER 62.

[S. B. No. 293—Williams.]

ANNUAL COUNTY BUDGET.

AN ACT to Provide for the Preparing of an Annual County Budget.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. It shall be the duty of every officer in charge of any institution, office or undertaking supported wholly or in part by the county, to file with the county auditor, on or before March 15th, of each year, on suitable blanks furnished by him, an itemized statement of the amounts of moneys which, in the opinion of such officer, will be required for the proper maintenance, extension or improvement of such institution, undertaking or office for the fiscal year next ensuing. The local officers who have charge of any poor relief which is supported wholly, or in part, by the county, shall in like manner furnish the county auditor with statements of the estimated amounts required from the county for poor relief during the ensuing financial year. It shall be the duty of the county auditor to furnish each officer or person required to make a statement with suitable blank forms, on or before March 1st of each year.