

CHAPTER 61-04 APPROPRIATION OF WATER

61-04-01. Petitions, reports, surveys, and other documents filed with the commission.

Any petitions, applications, surveys, reports, orders, or other documents provided for in this chapter must be filed with the commission in Bismarck, where they must be kept on file under the control of the director of the department of water resources.

61-04-01.1. Definitions.

In this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

1. "Adjudicative proceeding" means an appeal under chapter 28-32 of a recommended decision prepared by the director of the department of water resources for a water permit application.
2. "Assignment" means the change of a water permit from one permitholder to another permitholder.
3. "Beneficial use" means a use of water for a purpose consistent with the best interests of the people of the state.
4. "Commission" means the state water commission.
5. "Conditional water permit" means a water permit that has not been perfected.
6. "Domestic use" means the use of water by at least one family unit or household obtaining water from the same system for personal needs and for household purposes, including heating, drinking, washing, sanitary, and culinary uses; irrigation of land not exceeding five acres [2.0 hectares] in area for each family unit or household for noncommercial gardens, orchards, lawns, trees, or shrubbery; and for household pets and domestic animals kept for household sustenance and not for sale or commercial use.
7. "Fish, wildlife, and other recreational uses" means the use of water for the purposes of propagating and sustaining fish and wildlife resources and for the development and maintenance of water areas necessary for outdoor recreation activities.
8. "Fossil byproduct water" means water obtained as a byproduct of extraction and separation from oil, gas, and other hydrocarbons, from a formation that is both not a potable aquifer at the extraction location and is situated below the deepest potable aquifer by the practically impermeable layer.
9. "Industrial use" means the use of water for the furtherance of a commercial enterprise wherever located, including manufacturing, mining, or processing.
10. "Irrigation use" means the use of water for application to more than five acres [2.0 hectares] of land to stimulate the growth of agricultural crops, including gardens, orchards, lawns, trees, or shrubbery, or the maintenance of recreation areas such as athletic fields, golf courses, parks, and similar types of areas, except when the water for the facility is provided by a municipal water system.
11. "Livestock use" means the use of water for drinking purposes by herds, flocks, or bands of animals kept for commercial purposes.
12. "Municipal or public use" means the use of water by the state through its political subdivisions, institutions, facilities, and properties, and the inhabitants thereof, or by unincorporated communities, subdivision developments, rural water systems, and other entities, whether supplied by the government or by a privately owned public utility or other agency or entity, for primarily domestic purposes, as defined herein.
13. "Party of record" means a person who filed written comments by the date specified under subsection 5 of section 61-04-05.
14. "Perfected water permit" means a water permit where the water appropriated under a conditional water permit has been applied to a beneficial use and the department of water resources has inspected the works to verify all conditions have been met.
15. "Permitholder" means the name of the entity holding a water permit.
16. "Point of diversion" means the tract of land where the waters of the state are withdrawn or diverted.
17. "Priority date" means the date assigned to an application or water right.

18. "Public hearing" means an administrative proceeding, not an adjudicative proceeding, which provides all interested persons an opportunity to present oral or written comments on a water permit application.
19. "Rural water system" means a water supply system designed to serve regional needs.
20. "Water of the state" or "waters of the state" means those waters identified in section 61-01-01.
21. "Water right" means the right established under this title to appropriate or store waters of the state.

61-04-01.2. Beneficial use requirement.

A right to appropriate water can be acquired for beneficial use only as provided in this chapter. Beneficial use shall be the basis, the measure, and the limit of the right to the use of water.

61-04-02. Permit for beneficial use of water required.

Any person, before commencing any construction for the purpose of appropriating waters of the state or before taking waters of the state from any constructed works, shall first secure a water permit from the department of water resources unless the construction or taking from the constructed works is for domestic or livestock purposes or for fish, wildlife, and other recreational uses or unless otherwise provided by law. However, immediately upon completing any constructed works for domestic or livestock purposes or for fish, wildlife, and other recreational uses, the water user shall notify the department of water resources of the location and acre-feet [1233.48 cubic meters] capacity of the constructed works, dams, or dugouts. Regardless of proposed use, all water users, except those reusing fossil byproduct water, shall secure a water permit prior to constructing an impoundment capable of retaining more than twelve and one-half acre-feet [15418.52 cubic meters] of water or the construction of a well from which more than twelve and one-half acre-feet [15418.52 cubic meters] of water per year will be appropriated. If a permit is not required of a landowner or the landowner's lessee to appropriate less than twelve and one-half acre-feet [15418.52 cubic meters] of water from any source for domestic or livestock purposes or for fish, wildlife, and other recreational uses, those appropriators may apply for water permits to clearly establish a priority date, and the department of water resources may waive any fee or hearing for the applications. An applicant for a water permit to irrigate need not be the owner of the land to be irrigated.

61-04-02.1. Emergency or temporary authorization.

The department of water resources may authorize emergency or temporary use of water for periods not to exceed twelve months if the department determines the use will not be to the detriment of existing rights. The department shall establish by rule a separate procedure for processing applications for emergency or temporary use. Prescriptive and other rights to the use of water may not be acquired by use of water as authorized in this section.

61-04-02.2. Property interest required to hold a water permit.

A permitholder must have a legal interest in each point of diversion identified on the permit. If the permitholder does not have a legal interest in each point of diversion, the department of water resources shall assign the permit, or portion of the permit, as provided in this chapter to the title owner.

A permitholder must have a legal interest in each irrigated tract of land identified on the permit. If the permitholder does not have a legal interest in each irrigated tract of land, the permitholder may transfer the approved acres to other land, as provided in this chapter.

61-04-03. Water permit application - Contents - Information to accompany.

A permit application to make beneficial use of any waters of the state must be in the form required by the rules established by the department of water resources. The rules must prescribe the form and contents of, and the procedure for filing, the application. The application, along with all other information filed with it, must be retained with the commission after approval

or disapproval of the application. The department of water resources may require additional information not provided for in the general rules if the department deems the information necessary.

61-04-03.1. Limitation on amount of water.

An applicant may not apply for a permit or permits for irrigation which, if approved, would enable a person, at any one time, to hold a conditional water permit or permits for more than seven hundred twenty acre-feet [888106.75 cubic meters] of water from a single surface or ground water source that has not been applied to beneficial use. Applications submitted in violation of this section may not be assigned a priority date and must be returned to the applicant by the department of water resources. This section may not apply to water permit applications from the Missouri River or to applications submitted by irrigation districts organized pursuant to this title. For the purposes of this section, "person", when applied to an individual, means the individual and the individual's spouse and dependents within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. 152].

61-04-04. Filing and correction of application.

The date of receipt of the application provided for in section 61-04-03 in the commission must be noted on the application. If the application is defective as to form, incomplete, or otherwise unsatisfactory, it must be returned with a statement of the corrections, amendments, or changes required, within thirty days after its receipt, and sixty days must be allowed for refiling. If the application is corrected as required and is refiled within the time allowed, the application, upon being accepted, must take priority as of the date of its original filing. Any corrected application filed after the time allowed must be treated in all respects as an original application received on the date of its refiling. The application may be amended by the applicant at any time prior to the commencement of administrative action by the department of water resources as provided in sections 61-04-05 through 61-04-06.3.

61-04-04.1. Application fees.

The following fees must accompany a conditional water permit application and must be paid by the department of water resources into the resources trust fund of the state treasury:

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| 1. For municipal or public use | \$500 |
| 2. For irrigation use | \$500 |
| 3. For industrial use of one acre-foot [1233.48 cubic meters] or less | \$250 |
| 4. For industrial use in excess of one acre-foot [1233.48 cubic meters] | \$1,000 |
| 5. For recreation, livestock, or fish and wildlife | \$100 |
| 6. Water permit amendment | \$100 |

61-04-04.2. Refund of water permit application fees.

The department of water resources may refund a water permit application fee, upon the request of the applicant, if the application is withdrawn by the applicant, and:

1. The department has not published notice of the application; or
2. The department determines other good and sufficient cause exists to refund the application fee.

61-04-04.3. Rejection of applications.

If the department of water resources determines a conditional water permit application does not meet this chapter's requirements or the rules in North Dakota Administrative Code article 89-03, the department shall reject the application and decline to order the publication of notice of application.

61-04-05. Notice of application - Contents - Proof - Failure to file satisfactory proof.

When an application is filed which complies with this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter, the department of water resources shall instruct the applicant to:

1. Give notice of the application by certified mail in the form prescribed by rule, to all record title owners of real estate within a radius of one mile [1.61 kilometers] from the location of the proposed water appropriation site, except:
 - a. If the one-mile [1.61-kilometer] radius extends within the geographical boundary of a city, the notice must be given to the governing body of the city and no further notice need be given to the record title owners of real estate within the geographical boundary of the city.
 - b. If the one-mile [1.61-kilometer] radius includes land within the geographical boundary of a rural subdivision where the lots are of ten acres [4.04 hectares] or less, the notice must be given to the governing body of the township or other governing authority for the rural subdivision and no further notice need be given to the record title owners of real estate within the geographical boundary of the rural subdivision.
 - c. If the one-mile [1.61-kilometer] radius includes a single tract of rural land which is owned by more than ten individuals, the notice must be given to the governing body of the township or other governing authority for that tract of land and no further notice need be given to the record title owners of that tract.
2. Give notice of the application by certified mail in the form prescribed by rule to all persons holding water permits for the appropriation of water from appropriation sites located within a radius of one mile [1.61 kilometers] from the location of the proposed water appropriation site. The department of water resources shall provide a list of all persons who must be notified under this subsection to the applicant.
3. Give notice of the application by certified mail in the form prescribed by rule to all municipal or public use permitholders within a twelve-mile [19.32-kilometer] radius of the proposed water appropriation site. The department of water resources shall provide a list of all municipal or public use permitholders that must be notified under this subsection to the applicant.
4. Provide the department of water resources with an affidavit of notice by certified mail within sixty days from the date of the department's instructions to provide notice. If the applicant fails to file satisfactory proof of notice by certified mail within sixty days and in compliance with the applicable rules, the department shall treat the application as an original application filed on the date of receipt of the affidavit of notice by certified mail in proper form. If a properly completed affidavit of notice is not submitted within one hundred twenty days, the department shall consider the application withdrawn. Upon receipt of a proper affidavit of notice by certified mail, the department shall publish notice of the application, in a form prescribed by rule, in the official newspaper of the county in which the proposed appropriation site is located, once a week for two consecutive weeks.
5. The notice must give all essential facts as to the proposed appropriation, including the places of appropriation and of use, amount of water, the use, the name and address of the applicant, and the date by which written comments and requests for a public hearing regarding the proposed appropriation must be filed with the department of water resources. The notice also must state anyone who files written comments with the department will be mailed the department's recommended decision on the application. Persons filing written comments will become a party of record to the application. The comment deadline is five p.m. on the first business day thirty days after the first published notice in the official county newspaper as specified in subsection 4.
6. The applicant shall pay all costs of the publication of notice.

61-04-05.1. Comments - Hearing.

1. Comments regarding a proposed appropriation must be in writing and filed by the date specified by the department of water resources under subsection 5 of section 61-04-05. The comments must state the name and mailing address of the person filing the comments. Comment letters submitted electronically must state the name and

- mailing address of the person filing the comments, and must be signed by the submitter to be considered valid and part of the official record.
2. A person filing written comments also may request a public hearing for the department to obtain additional information to evaluate the application or to receive public input by the date specified by the department of water resources under subsection 5 of section 61-04-05. If a request for a public hearing is made and the department determines a public hearing is necessary, the department shall designate a time and place for the public hearing and notify the applicant and any person who filed written comments by certified mail at least twenty days before the hearing.
 3. If two or more municipal or public use permit holders request the public hearing to be held locally, the department of water resources shall hold the hearing in the county seat of the county in which the proposed water appropriation site is located.
 4. The department of water resources shall consider all written comments received and testimony presented at a public hearing, if held, and shall make a recommended decision in writing. The recommended decision must be mailed to the applicant and any party of record and may constitute:
 - a. Approval of all or a portion of the application, with the remainder held in abeyance or denied;
 - b. Denial of the application; or
 - c. Deferral of the application.
 5. Within thirty days of service of the recommended decision, the applicant and any party of record who would be aggrieved by the decision may file additional written comments with the department of water resources or request an adjudicative proceeding on the application, or both. A request for an adjudicative proceeding must be made in writing and must state with particularity how the person would be aggrieved by the decision and the issues and facts to be presented at the proceeding. If a request for an adjudicative proceeding is not made, the department shall consider the additional comments, if any are submitted, and issue a final decision. If a request for an adjudicative proceeding is made and the department determines an adjudicative proceeding is necessary, the department shall designate a time and place for the adjudicative proceeding and notify the applicant and any person who filed written comments by certified mail at least twenty days before the hearing.

61-04-06. Criteria for issuance of permit.

1. The department of water resources shall issue a permit if the department finds all of the following:
 - a. The rights of a prior appropriator will not be unduly affected.
 - b. The proposed means of diversion or construction are adequate.
 - c. The proposed use of water is beneficial.
 - d. The proposed appropriation is in the public interest. In determining the public interest, the department shall consider all of the following:
 - (1) The benefit to the applicant resulting from the proposed appropriation.
 - (2) The effect of the economic activity resulting from the proposed appropriation.
 - (3) The effect on fish and game resources and public recreational opportunities.
 - (4) The effect of loss of alternate uses of water that might be made within a reasonable time if not precluded or hindered by the proposed appropriation.
 - (5) Harm to other persons resulting from the proposed appropriation.
 - (6) The intent and ability of the applicant to complete the appropriation.
2. Subsection 1 of section 28-32-38 does not apply to water permit application proceedings unless a request for an adjudicative proceeding is made. If an application is approved, the department of water resources shall issue a conditional water permit allowing the applicant to appropriate water. However, the commission, by resolution, may reserve unto itself final approval authority over any specific water permit in excess of five thousand acre-feet [6167409.19 cubic meters].

61-04-06.1. Preference in granting permits.

When there are competing applications for water from the same source, and the source is insufficient to supply all applicants, the department of water resources shall adhere to the following order of priority:

1. Domestic use.
2. Municipal or public use.
3. Livestock use.
4. Irrigation use.
5. Industrial use.
6. Fish, wildlife, and other recreational uses.

61-04-06.2. Terms of permit - Disposition of fees.

The department of water resources may issue a conditional water permit for less than the amount of water requested. Except for water permits for incorporated municipalities or rural water systems, the department may not issue a permit for more water than can be beneficially used for the purposes stated in the application. Water permits for incorporated municipalities or rural water systems may contain water in excess of present needs based upon what may reasonably be necessary for the future water requirements of the municipality or the rural water system. The department may require modification of the plans and specifications for the appropriation. The department may issue a permit subject to fees for water use and conditions the department considers necessary to protect the rights of others and the public interest. The fees must be used by the department for planning, research, and administration required to regulate the allocation and appropriation of the waters of the state. Conditions must be related to matters within the department's jurisdiction. Fees collected under this section must be deposited in the resources trust fund of the state treasury. All conditions attached to any permit issued before July 1, 1975, are binding upon the permit holder.

61-04-06.3. Priority.

Priority in time gives the superior water right. Priority of a water right acquired under this chapter dates from the filing of an application with the department of water resources, except for water applied to domestic or livestock purposes, or fish, wildlife, and other recreational uses in which case the priority date must relate back to the date when the quantity of water in question was first appropriated, unless otherwise provided by law.

Priority of appropriation does not include the right to prevent changes in the condition of water occurrence, such as the increase or decrease of streamflow, or the lowering of a water table, artesian pressure, or water level, by later appropriators, if the prior appropriator can acquire reasonably the prior appropriator's water under the changed conditions.

61-04-07. Rejection of applications - Appeal to district court.

Repealed by S.L. 2019, ch. 508, § 33.

61-04-07.1. Approval of applications with conditions.

Repealed by S.L. 1977, ch. 569, § 27.

61-04-07.2. Conditional water permit application denial.

If the department of water resources determines an application or any portion of an application does not meet the criteria prescribed in section 61-04-06 for any reason other than sufficient information or data is lacking to allow for sound decisionmaking of the impacts of the proposed diversion on the prior appropriators, the resource, or the public interest, the application or portion must be denied.

61-04-07.3. Conditional water permit application deferral.

If the department of water resources determines an application or any portion of an application does not meet the criteria prescribed in section 61-04-06 because sufficient information or data is lacking to allow for sound decisionmaking of the impacts of the proposed

diversion on the prior appropriators, the resource, or the public interest, the conditional water permit application must be placed in a deferred status. The applicant must be notified by mail the application has been placed in deferred status.

61-04-08. Prosecution of work - State engineer may approve another application upon failure of original applicant to complete - Exception.

Repealed by S.L. 1965, ch. 447, § 24.

61-04-09. Application to beneficial use - Inspection - Perfected water permit.

After the permit's beneficial use date, or upon notice from the permitholder that water has been applied to a beneficial use, the department of water resources shall notify the conditional water permitholder and inspect the works. The inspection must determine the safety, efficiency, and actual capacity of the works. If the works are not constructed properly and safely, the department may require the necessary changes to be made within a reasonable time. Failure to make the changes within the time prescribed by the department will result in postponement of the permit's priority date to the date the changes are made to the satisfaction of the department. Any intervening application submitted before the date the changes are made will have the benefit of the postponement of priority. When the works are constructed properly and safely and inspected, the department shall issue the perfected water permit, setting forth the actual capacity of the works and the limitations or conditions upon the water permit as stated in the conditional water permit authorized by section 61-04-06.2. All conditions attached to any permit issued before July 1, 1975, are binding upon the permitholder.

61-04-10. Certificate of construction issued when works found in satisfactory condition - Contents.

Repealed by S.L. 1965, ch. 447, § 24.

61-04-11. Inspection of works.

If the department of water resources, in the course of the department's duties, finds any works used for the storage, diversion, or carriage of water are unsafe and a menace to life or property, the department shall notify the owner or the owner's agent, specifying the changes necessary and allowing a reasonable time for putting the works in safe condition. Upon the request of any party, accompanied by the estimated cost of inspection, the department shall inspect any alleged unsafe works. If the works are found unsafe by the department, the money deposited by the party must be refunded, and the fees for inspection must be paid by the owner of the works. If the owner of the works does not pay the fees within thirty days after the decision of the department, the fees must be a lien against any property of the owner, and the state's attorney of the county shall initiate a suit to recover the fees from the owner at the request of the department. The department may inspect any works under construction for the storage, diversion, or carriage of water and may require any changes necessary to secure the safety of the works. The fees for the inspection must be a lien on any property of the owner and must be subject to collection as provided in this chapter but neither the United States nor the state of North Dakota nor any government agency may be required to pay such fees.

61-04-12. Use of unsafe works - Penalty.

Any person using works for the storage, diversion, or carriage of water after an inspection of the works by the department of water resources and receipt of notice from the department that the works are unsafe for the purpose for which the works are used and before the receipt of notice from the department that the department deems the works to have been made safe, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

61-04-13. Application of water to beneficial use - Inspection.

Repealed by S.L. 1965, ch. 447, § 24.

61-04-14. Extending time for application to beneficial use.

The department of water resources may extend the time for the application of water to the beneficial use cited in the conditional water permit for good cause shown. When the time has expired, the department may renew and extend the time upon application. However, a conditional water permit, or any portion of the permit must be considered forfeited if no request for renewal is received by the department within sixty days after the date the permitholder is informed the period for applying water to the beneficial use cited in the conditional water permit has expired. If a request to extend the time for application to beneficial use for any conditional water permit, or portion of the permit, is denied, the conditional water permit, or portion of the permit, must be considered forfeited. Sections 61-04-23 through 61-04-25 do not apply to this section.

61-04-15. Assignment of conditional or perfected water permit.

Any conditional or perfected water permit may be assigned only upon approval by the department of water resources. Upon reasonable proof the assignment can be made without detriment to existing rights, the department shall assign the water permit without losing priority of any right previously established. The transfer of title to land in any manner must carry with it all rights to the use of water for irrigation of the land, except any conditional or perfected water permit for irrigation purposes must be assigned in accordance with this section.

61-04-15.1. Change in point of diversion or use.

Repealed by S.L. 2019, ch. 508, § 33.

61-04-15.2. Add a point of diversion.

A permitholder may add a point of diversion to a conditional or perfected permit without affecting the priority date, if approved by the department of water resources. Applications to add a point of diversion must be processed and evaluated in the same manner as a conditional water permit application. The department may approve the additional point of diversion if the proposed addition will not adversely affect the rights of other appropriators.

61-04-15.3. Transfer of approved irrigated acreage.

A permitholder may transfer acres approved for irrigation on a conditional or perfected water permit to any tract of land owned or leased by the permitholder without affecting the priority date, if approved by the department of water resources. The department shall cause the water permit involved to be simultaneously severed and transferred from the land.

61-04-15.4. Change in purpose of use.

1. A permitholder may change the purpose of use of a conditional or perfected water permit without affecting the priority date, if approved by the department of water resources.
2. An application to change the purpose of use must be processed and evaluated in the same manner as a conditional water permit application.
3. The department of water resources may approve the proposed change if the proposed change will not adversely affect the rights of other appropriators and if a change in the purpose of use is:
 - a. To a superior use under the order of priority in section 61-04-06.1; or
 - b. To livestock use or fish, wildlife, and recreation use for a reservoir authorizing no withdrawal of water.

61-04-16. Referee or referees appointed in water suits - Duties.

Repealed by S.L. 1977, ch. 569, § 27.

61-04-17. Surplus water to be delivered to persons entitled to beneficial use - Charges - Compelling delivery.

Repealed by S.L. 2019, ch. 508, § 33.

61-04-18. Appropriation of water from minor stream for agricultural use.

Repealed by S.L. 1963, ch. 419, § 7.

61-04-19. Filing of location certificate - Contents.

Repealed by S.L. 1963, ch. 419, § 7.

61-04-20. Approval of state engineer - Rights of claimant - Procedure.

Repealed by S.L. 1963, ch. 419, § 7.

61-04-21. Amount of water allowed.

Repealed by S.L. 1963, ch. 419, § 7.

61-04-22. Prescriptive water right.

Repealed by S.L. 2019, ch. 508, § 33.

61-04-23. Cancellation of water rights - Inspection of works.

Any appropriation of water must be for a beneficial use, and when the appropriator fails to apply it to the beneficial use cited in the permit or ceases to use it for the beneficial use cited in the permit for three successive years, unless the failure or cessation of use has been due to the unavailability of water, a justifiable inability to complete the works, or other good and sufficient cause, the department of water resources may cancel the water permit or right. For purposes of this chapter, an incorporated municipality or rural water system has good and sufficient cause excusing the failure to use a water permit, if the water permit reasonably may be necessary for the future water requirements of the municipality or the rural water system. The department of water resources, as often as necessary, shall examine the condition of all works constructed or partially constructed within the state and compile information concerning the condition of every water permit or right and all ditches and other works constructed or partially constructed under the permit or right.

61-04-24. Cancellation of water rights - Notice - Contents.

1. If it appears any water appropriation or portion of an appropriation has not been used for a beneficial use, or having been so used at one time has ceased to be used for that purpose for more than three successive years, unless the failure or cessation of use is due to the unavailability of water, a justifiable inability to complete the works, or other good and sufficient cause, the department of water resources shall give notice of cancellation by certified mail to the permitholder and to the owners of land benefited by the appropriation as indicated on the water permit.
2. The notice must contain:
 - a. A description of the water appropriation.
 - b. The permit number.
 - c. The date of priority.
 - d. All points of diversion.
 - e. A description of all land benefited by the appropriation as indicated on the water permit.
 - f. Notification a notice of cancellation will be published in the county newspaper of record indicating when written comments on the cancellation must be submitted to the department for consideration.
3. The department shall publish a notice of cancellation in the official newspaper of the counties in which each point of diversion is located once each week for two consecutive weeks. The notice of cancellation must include the name and address of the permitholder, a description of the water appropriation, the permit number, the priority date, the location of all points of diversion, and a description of all land benefited by the appropriation as indicated on the water permit. The notice must state a person that files written comments with the department will be mailed the department's final decision on cancellation.

4. The department shall pay the notice of cancellation publication costs.

61-04-24.1. Cancellation of water rights - Comments.

Comments regarding the proposed cancellation must be in writing and filed by the date specified by the department. The comments must state the name and mailing address of the person filing the comments. Comment letters submitted electronically must state the name and mailing address of the person filing the comments, and must be signed by the submitter to be considered valid and part of the official record.

61-04-25. Cancellation of water rights - Appeal.

If no comments are submitted by the date specified by the department, the water permit or portion of the water permit must be canceled. If comments are received, the department shall consider all written comments and issue a final decision. The final decision must be mailed to the permitholder, to the owners of land benefited by the appropriation as indicated on the water permit, and any person that submitted written comments by the date specified by the department. If the final decision is to cancel the water permit or any portion of the water permit, the order canceling the water permit or any portion of the water permit must be sent to the permitholder with the final decision. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the department in accordance with chapter 28-32.

61-04-26. Recorder to record water permit or order affecting water right.

A water permit may be recorded as any other instrument affecting the title to real property without acknowledgment or further proof. The order canceling a water right or portion of a water right must be filed by the department of water resources with the county recorder where the affected land is located and recorded as any other instrument affecting the title to real property without acknowledgment or further proof. Any document filed under this section must be listed in the index of the property affected as provided in section 11-18-07.

61-04-27. Information filed with department of water resources - Installation of measuring devices.

By March thirty-first of each year, permitholders shall file with the department of water resources, on forms supplied by the department, water use and other information as the department requires. The department also may require permitholders to install measuring devices conforming to the department's specifications, at all points specified by the department.

61-04-28. Correction of application or water right by department of water resources.

Upon proof satisfactory to the department of water resources that a water permit application or water permit contains a nonmaterial error, the department, by written notice to the holder of the affected water permit or application, may correct the error without publication of notice.

61-04-29. Enforcement.

The department of water resources has full power and authority to institute, maintain, and prosecute to determination in an administrative proceeding or any of the courts of this state, or in any of the federal courts, any and all actions, suits, and special proceedings that may be necessary to enjoin unauthorized use of water, enforce an order of the department or the commission, or otherwise administer the provisions of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department of water resources may issue administrative orders requiring the immediate cessation of water use when the department has a reasonable belief the use is unauthorized or continued use will damage the rights of prior appropriators.

61-04-30. Penalty.

A person who constructs works for an appropriation, or diverts, impounds, withdraws, or uses a significant amount of water from any source without a permit specifically authorizing such action, except as otherwise provided in section 61-04-02; who violates an order of the department of water resources; who fails or refuses to install meters, gauges, or other

measuring devices or to control works; who violates an order establishing corrective controls for an area or for a source of water; who violates the terms of the permit; or who knowingly makes a false or misleading statement in a declaration of existing rights is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. As used in this section, "significant amount of water" means any amount of water in excess of that allowed in a valid water permit, or any amount of water in excess of the needs for domestic and livestock purposes where no permit has been issued. The department of water resources shall inform the tax commissioner of violations of industrial use permits.

61-04-31. Reservation of waters - Public hearing - Notice.

1. Whenever it appears necessary to the department of water resources, or when directed by the commission, the department may reserve and set aside waters by regulation for beneficial use in the future.
 - a. Before the adoption of a regulation under this section, the department shall conduct a public hearing in each county where waters relating to the regulation are located. At least seven days before the date set for the public hearing, a notice must be published in the official county newspapers within each of the counties.
 - b. Regulations adopted hereunder are subject to chapter 28-32.
2. When sufficient information or data is lacking to allow for sound decisionmaking on a water permit application, the department of water resources may withdraw various waters of the state from additional appropriations until sufficient data or information is available. Water permit applications pending from these sources will be placed in a deferred status.

61-04-32. Damages for illegal diminishment of water supply.

If a court of competent jurisdiction determines that a water supply has been illegally diminished in quantity or quality and that a valid water right to use that supply has been damaged as a result of the diminishment, damages awarded to the owner of the water right shall be an amount to cover the cost of making such repairs, alterations, or construction that will ensure the delivery to the surface owner of that quality and quantity of water available to the surface owner prior to the diminishment.

61-04-33. Water storage contracts.

A federal agency that enters into discussions with an entity relating to a water storage contract from a reservoir partially or wholly located within the state shall provide the department of water resources with a sixty-day notice once the discussions begin. Communications regarding a water storage contract must be copied to the department of water resources. The department of water resources must be provided with an executed copy of a water storage contract.