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HB 1158



Result

2003 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. HB 1158

House Agriculture Committee

Conference Committee

Hearing Date 1-17-03

Tape Number	Side A	Side B	Meter #
ONE	Α		40.1 TO 32.0
Committee Clerk Signatu	ire All	al D	lipon
linutes:			7

Minutes:

CHAIRMAN NICHOLAS: We will open the hearing on HB 1158. We will take testimony from those in favor of the Bill first.

JIM GRAY: Good morning Chairman Nicholas and Agriculture Committee. My name is Jim Gray, Pesticide Registration Coordinator with the North Dakota Department of Agriculture. I am here to provide testimony in support of HB 1158. {{{PLEASE SEE ATTACHED TESTIMONY OF JIM GRAY}}} One of the more important part of the Bill deals with the pesticide registration period. Up until recently, pesticide registrations were issued annually. We had a little over eight thousand registrants in the state, and so our staff was forced to reissue these licenses annually. Several years ago the legislators change 1918 to allow that to occur every other year. The way the language reads now the registration is good from January one to December thirty one of the following year. The problem with that it dose not designate a start and end of that period. The language has been amended to clarify



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House Agriculture Committee **Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158** Hearing Date 1-17-03

REP. BELTER : I want to question you on time tables of registration. You say all chemicals are registered or reregistered by the same day. All eight thousand registrants expired the 31st of last year. All registrations are going to be brought one time., We only have to process registrations at one time. The re-registration process consists of the department receiving the upcoming registration fee's It is mostly a processing. It is much more efficient and easier for the department to process all registrations under a short period of time. Our renewal period usually starts around November prior to expiration so we have about two and a half months to process those registrants. It is much easier to do it at one time.

CHAIRMAN NICHOLAS : Any other questions committee members.

Ok thanks Jim. Anyone else wishing to offer comments on HB1158?

MERLIN LEITHOLD: I represent the NORTH DAKOTA WEED CONTROL ASSOCIATION. I am before you this morning in favor of HB 1158. {{{{Pease see printed testimony}}}} CHAIRMAN NICHOLAS : Any other testimony? Anyone here in opposition to HB 1158? CHAIRMAN NICHOLAS : We will consider a motion on HB 1158.

ACTION TAKEN WAS A DO PASS.......MOTION WAS MADE BY REPRESENTATIVE KELSCH AND WAS SECONDED BY REPRESENTATIVE MUELLER.

VOTE WAS 13 YES

VOTE WAS 0 NO

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VOTE WAS 0 ABSENT

BILL WAS CARRIED BY REPRESENTATIVE UGLEM



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FISCAL NOTE Requested by Legislative Council 03/21/2003

Amendment to: HB 1158

1A. State fiscal effect: Identify the state fiscal effect and the fiscal effect on agency appropriations compared to funding levels and appropriations anticipated under current law.

	2001-2003 Biennium		2003-2005	Biennium	2005-2007 Biennium	
	General Fund	Other Funds	General Fund	Other Funds	General Fund	Other Funds
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Appropriations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

1B. County, city, and school district fiscal effect: identify the fiscal effect on the appropriate political subdivision.

200	1-2003 Blenn	lum	2003	3-2005 Blenn	ium	2005	-2007 Blenn	lum
Counties	Citles	School Districts	Counties	Cities	School Districts	Counties	Citles	School Districts
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	The second s	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

2. Narrative: Identify the aspects of the measure which cause fiscal impact and include any comments relevant to your analysis.

The amendment which removes the penalty results in no fiscal impact for this bill.

- 3. State fiscal effect detail: For information shown under state fiscal effect in 1A, please:
 - A. Revenues: Explain the revenue amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, for each revenue type and fund affected and any amounts included in the executive budget.
 - B. Expenditures: Explain the expenditure amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, for each agency, line item, and fund affected and the number of FTE positions affected.
 - C. Appropriations: Explain the appropriation amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, of the effect on the biennial appropriation for each agency and fund affected and any amounts included in the executive budget. Indicate the relationship between the amounts shown for expenditures and appropriations.

No additional appropriations expected.

Name:	Jeff Weispfenning	Agency:	Agriculture
Phone Number:	701.328.2231	Date Prepared:	03/21/2003



FISCAL NOTE Requested by Legislative Council 01/03/2003

Bill/Resolution No.: HB 1158

1A. State fiscal effect: Identify the state fiscal effect and the fiscal effect on agency appropriations compared to funding levels and appropriations anticipated under current law.

	2001-2003 Biennium		2003-2005	Biennium	2005-2007 Biennium	
	General Fund	Other Funds	General Fund	Other Funds	General Fund	Other Funds
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$500	\$0	\$500
Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Appropriations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

1B. County, city, and school district fiscal effect: Identify the fiscal effect on the appropriate political subdivision.

2001	-2003 Blenn	ium	2003	3-2005 Bienn	lum	200	5-2007 Blenn	ium
		School			School			School
Counties	Cities	Districts	Counties	Cities	Districts	Counties	Cities	Districts
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

2. Narrative: Identify the aspects of the measure which cause fiscal impact and include any comments relevant to your analysis.

The fiscal impact is expected to be approximately \$500 per biennium. The Department does not often request pesticide use reports from registrants and has only been refused once in the past four years by a registrant requested to provide the information. The present statute does not establish a reasonable timeline for providing the requested data, and there are no penalties for not supplying the data.

- 3. State fiscal effect detail: For information shown under state fiscal effect in 1A, please:
 - A. Revenues: Explain the revenue amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, for each revenue type and fund affected and any amounts included in the executive budget.

Additional revenue to the Environmental and Rangeland Protection Fund would be approximately \$500 per biennium.

B. Expenditures: Explain the expenditure amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, for each agency, line item, and fund affected and the number of FTE positions affected.

No additional expenditures expected.

C. Appropriations: Explain the appropriation amounts. Provide detail, when appropriate, of the effect on the biennial appropriation for each agency and fund affected and any amounts included in the executive budget. Indicate the relationship between the amounts shown for expenditures and appropriations.

No additional appropriations expected.

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	Name:	Jeff K. Weispfenning	Agency:	Agriculture Department
1	Phone Number:	328-4758	Date Prepared:	01/07/2003



HB 1158

Date: Roll Call Vote #:

2003 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES **BILL/RESOLUTION NO.**

AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE House

Check here for Conference Committee

Legislative Council Amendment Number

Action Taken

Motion Made By

Do FM35 Kilch Seconded By Muller

Representatives	Yes	No	Representatives	Yes	No
CHAIRMAN NICHOLAS	V				
VICE CHAIRMAN POLLERT	V				
REPRESENTATIVE BELTER	V				
REPRESENTATIVE BOEHNING	~				
REPRESENTATIVE KELSCH	7				
REPRESENTATIVE	1/				
KINGSBURY					
REPRESENTATIVE KREIDT	4				
REPRESENTATIVE UGLEM					
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WRANGHAM					
REPRESENTATIVE BOE					
REPRESENTATIVE FROELICH	V				
REPRESENTATIVE MUELLER	4				
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Total	(Yes)	13	N	io O	
Absent	<u></u>	0		Contrastic contrasti	

Floor Assignment



REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410) January 17, 2003 12:24 p.m.

Module No: HR-09-0720 Carrier: Uglem Insert LC: . Title: .

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE HB 1158: Agriculture Committee (Rep. Nicholas, Chairman) recommends DO PASS (13 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). HB 1158 was placed 0:1 the Eleventh order on the calendar.

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Page No. 1

HR-09-0720

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2003 SENATE AGRICULTURE

HB 1158

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2003 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. HB 1158

Senate Agriculture Committee

Conference Committee

Hearing Date 03/13/03

Tape Number	Side A	S	de B	Meter #
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2	X			3430 - 4200
Committee Clerk Signatu	rð		Blle	
Minutes:		7	DC)

Chairman Flakoll opened the hearing on HB 1158. All members were present. Jim Gray, Pesticide Registration Coordinator for the North Dakota Department of Agriculture, testified in favor of the bill. (written testimony)

Senator Seymour asked who is checking on this, do they go into the field? (meter # 4877)

Mr. Gray said yes they do inspections of retail sites.

Senator Klein asked when you talk about registered pesticides, you include Off, Raid, a lot of products sold in grocery and hardware stores and they all fall into the Agriculture Department registration?

Mr. Gray said yes, any products are included that repels, kills or mitigates pests. It includes agricultural pesticides as well as mosquito repellent, dog repellent and deer repellent and a variety of products.



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Senate Agriculture Committee Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158 Hearing Date 03/13/03

Senator Klein confirmed they are asking companies to provide information about how much of a product is sold in the state, for example how much Off was sold?

Mr. Gray said if a risk assessment is needed, this information is usually readily available. Most companies maintain a sales spread sheet. So far, the instances where they would need this information would involve a handful of products in areas of the state where the Agriculture Department needed to assess the risk of the products moving into ground water. He doesn't envision the need for asking for the data for household products but it would authorize them to do so.

Senator Flakoll said who refused?

Mr. Gray said he believes it was one of the 5 products covered under the groundwater program but he doesn't know which one.

Senator Urlacher asked if those products in relationship to ground water program, aren't they already proven to be safe?

Mr. Gray said the EPD provides risk assessments for pesticides. They also allow states to set additional use restrictions that may be specific to that state. For example, in Wisconsin, along the Wisconsin River, they have a very sandy river bottom so in that area, there is a greater risk of ground water contamination. EPA's risk assessments usually include a model loam soil or silty loam soil or clay soil and they are taking a benchmark risk assessment. If there was an area of a state with high water tables or specific soils that were highly conducive, that state could do a subsequent risk assessment.

Senator Klein asked if we assess a registration fee for every product? (meter # 5526)

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Page 3 Senate Agriculture Committee Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158 Hearing Date 03/13/03

Mr. Gray said there are 8300 pesticides registered in North Dakota and each pays a \$350

registration fee.

Senator Klein asked if is was previously \$300 and we went to \$350 for crop harmonization board and now the extra \$50 will go for saltcedar control.

Mr. Gray said that is correct.

Senator Klein asked regarding household products, is there a two year window when the product can be on the shelf?

Mr. Gray said for old and discontinued products, the state requires a mandatory two years of registration for a discontinued product to allow it to clear the shelves. When the registration is canceled the product can no longer be sold or distributed and the extra two year period is to allow retail inventory to be sold.

Senator Klein said for the committee's information, the company will take the product back from the merchant.

Merlin Leithold, North Dakota Weed Control Association, testified in favor of the bill. They supports the changes and don't feel they will affect the dollars generated.

Chairman Flakoll closed the hearing on HB 1158. (meter # 6119)

Senator Klein said he would like to wait until this afternoon to act on the bill.

In the afternoon session, Senator Klein referred to the penalty provisions on page 6, section 3, he is not sure how necessary it is to include this.

Senator Flakoll asked if he is concerned about the \$50 fee.

Senator Klein wants to find out if its been a problem. Are they struggling? Why do we need it?

Senator Flakoll asked if this would be more intimidating for the registrants?

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Page 4

Senate Agriculture Committee Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158 Hearing Date 03/13/03

Senator Klein said this would deal with a request from the Agriculture Commissioner for the amount of a particular product sold in North Dakota. If the manufacturer did not reply to the request within 30 days, the penalty would apply. He is thinking of striking the penalty portion, lines 22 to 24.

Senator Flakoll asked what would the ramifications be if they did not comply?

Senator Klein said the same as it is now.

Senator Urlacher said then it would be pretty empty.

Senator Klein said he is trying to find the good things in the bill. Page 7, number 4 in section 18 would allow someone who is distributing unregistered pesticides who is allowed an emergency exemption, would they need this?

Senator Nichols said he thought that had more to do with experimental use.

Senator Klein said why is this bill necessary?

Senator Nichols said he will check with Jim to see if this important.

Senator Klein will check with Paul Germolis on the section 18 issue.

Chairman Flakoll closed the discussion on HB 1158.

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2003 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. HB 1158

Senate Agriculture Committee

Conference Committee

Hearing Date 03/14/03

Tape Number	Side A	Side B	Mcter #
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Minutes:

Chairman Flakoll opened the discussion on HB 1158. All members were present.

Senator Klein said he was still doing some checking on the bill. Paul Germolis was out yesterday.

Senator Nichols said he talked to Mr. Gray and asked him about several aspects of the bill and he would like to come down and talk to the committee before the bill is acted on. Senator Nichols told him there were some concerns about the penalty phase.

Senator Flakoll confirmed we do not need to send the bill to appropriations.

Senator Klein said regarding the late fees and the fiscal note of \$500, that would mean 10 of

8400 registrants were late.

Chairman Flakoll closed the discussion on HB 1158.

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2003 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. HB 1158

Senate Agriculture Committee

Conference Committee

Hearing Date 03/20/03

Tape Number	Side A	Side B	Meter #
1	X		4766 - 5163
Committee Clerk Signatu	re and	Alix	
linutes.	77		

Minutes:

Chairman Flakoll opened the discussion on HB 1158. All members were present. Senator Klein distributed amendment .0101 which removes the penalty provisions on page 6. He visited with Paul Germolis regarding whether or not we needed the bill but apparently it is necessary to clear up some issues with chemicals related to section 18.

It was moved by Senator Klein, seconded by Senator Nichols and passed on a roll call vote that the Senate Agriculture Committee adopt amendment .0101. Voting yes were Senator Flakoll, Senator Erbele, Senator Klein, Senator Urlacher, Senator Nichols and Senator Seymour. There were no negative votes cast.

It was moved by Senator Klein, seconded by Senator Nichols and passed on a roll call vote that the Senate Agriculture Committee take a Do Pass As Amended action on HB 1158. Voting yes were Senator Flakoll, Senator Erbele, Senator Klein, Senator Urlacher, Senator Nichols and Senator Seymour. Senator Klein will carry the bill to the floor.



38138.0101 Title.0200

Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Senator Klein

March 19, 2003

3-20-03

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1158

Page 1, line 4, remove "to provide a penalty;"

Page 6, line 16, remove "- Penalty"

Page 6, line 22, remove "Notwithstanding the civil penalty provided in section 19-18-08, a person who violates"

Page 6, remove lines 23 and 24

Renumber accordingly



2003 SENATE STAN BILL/RESOL	ITTION	NO.	1/53		
Senate Agriculture				Com	mitte
Check here for Conference Con	nmittee				
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Motion Made By	100		conded By	an jera	
		No	Senators	Yes	No
Senators	Yes				
Senators Senator Flakoll, Chairman	Yes		Senator Nichols		
	Yes	110		- 12	
Senator Flakoll, Chairman	Yes		Senator Nichols	- F	
Senator Flakoll, Chairman Senator Erbele, Vice Chairman	Yes		Senator Nichols	- F	
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Senator Flakoll, Chairman Senator Erbele, Vice Chairman Senator Klein			Senator Nichols		

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:

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2003 SENATE STAN BILL/RESOL		OMM	Date:		
Senate Agriculture				Com	nittee
Legislative Council Amendment Nu Action Taken	Pass	A	136.0101 S AmenDal conded By		
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Motion Made By	Yes	No	conded By	Yes	
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Senators	424	ال مراد البد ال	Senators	وفعايينه البريد الأفاريات	
Senators Senator Flakoll, Chairman	Yes	ال مراد البد ال	Senators Senator Nichols	وفعايينه البريد الأفاريات	
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Senators Senator Flakoll, Chairman Senator Erbele, Vice Chairman Senator Klein	Yes	ال مراد الرو ال	Senators Senator Nichols	وفعايينه البريد الأفاريات	
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Senators Senator Flakoll, Chairman Senator Erbele, Vice Chairman Senator Klein	Yes	ال مراد الرو ال	Senators Senator Nichols	وفعايينه البريان	
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Senators Senator Flakoll, Chairman Senator Erbele, Vice Chairman Senator Klein	Yes	ال مراد الرو ال	Senators Senator Nichols	وفعايينه البريان	

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:



REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410) Murch 20, 2003 3:20 p.m.

Module No: SR-60-5373 Carrier: Kieln Insert LC: 38136.0101 Title: .0200

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE

HB 1158: Agriculture Committee (Sen. Flakoli, Chairman) recommends AMENDMENTS AS FOLLOWS and when so amended, recommends DO PASS (6 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). HB 1158 was placed on the Sixth order on the calendar.

Page 1, line 4, remove "to provide a penalty;"

Page 6, line 16, remove "- Penalty"

Page 6, line 22, remove "Notwithstanding the civil penalty provided in section 19-18-08, a person who violates"

Page 6, remove lines 23 and 24

Renumber accordingly



2003 HOUSE AGRICULTURE

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

HB 1158



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2003 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. HB 1158

House Agriculture Committee

Conference Committee

Hearing Date 4---08----03

Tape Number	Side A	Side B		Meter #
ONE	Α			00 TO END
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Minutes:

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CHAIRMAN BELTER: Chairman called the Conference Committee to order. The roll was taken and all six members were present. Ok gentlemen we have HB 1158. I have a set of amendments.

SENATOR KLEIN: You don't have any problem with our amendments. To remove the penalty provision.

REPRESENTATIVE BELTER: No

SENATOR KLEIN: The amendment is on page six of the bill. Line twenty two. Just

removing the penalty provision. There is a small fiscal note attached to it.

REP. BELTER : I don't have a problem with you taking the penalty out.

SENATOR KLEIN: Mr. Chairman, we would be excited then to see your amendments.

REP. BELTER: What these amendments do is adds to the selection of the membership.

Marine Barris Mathematica and a second of the States of States and the States of the S aile addinitions in the trans فسناك ورد The micrographic images on this film are accurate reproductions of records delivered to Nodern Information Systems for microfilming and were filmed in the regular course of business. The photographic process meets stondards of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for archival microfilm. NOTICE: If the filmed image above is less legible than this Notice, it is due to the quality of the document being filmed. -103 Dan 200 Operator's Signature 4

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House Agriculture Committee Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158 **Hearing Date** 4----08-----03

It add the president of North Dakota Grain Growers Association to the selection committee as well as an individual who is a resident of this state and a member of the US Durum Growers Association. These are the amendments I have. Any discussion on the amendments. REP. FROELICH: Mr. Chairman, I don't have a problem with your amendments but isn't The board getting kind of large.

REP. BELTER: I am open to that as to a motion.

SENATOR KLEIN: Mr. Chairman, we have Agriculture Commissioner, The president of the North Dakota Crop Improvement Association, director of the experiment station--extension service, Farm Bureau, Grain Dealers and so now we make it nine. Obviously maybe someone Could, the president of the North Dakota Crop Improvement Association, who is that where do Fall into the picture?

REP. BELTER: The president of the North Dakota Crop Association is: every county had there crop improvement association. I believe they do. And apparently when they meet they elect a state president. I think I am correct in that.

SENATOR KLEIN: The Agriculture Commissioner. Where dose he fall in. Is he a viable part of it?

REPRESENTATIVE BELTER: I am not sure. I am assuming that he attends.

SENATOR KLEIN: More of a ceremonial position.

REP. BELTER : Could be. He could designate someone.

SENATOR KLEIN: Chairman, what I am getting at if people who are actively important to the wheat industry. Really members who we think should be, I am just sorting through that.



Page 3 House Agriculture Committee Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158 Hearing Date 4----03

extension service, correct? Farm Bureau and Farmers Union, I am assuming would represent producers. So where do the grain dealers. They are the ones have the opportunity to move the grain on. What are the grain dealers on the board for?

REP. BELTER: I am assuming they are in the marketing industry.

SPEAKER FROM AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT. Mr. Chairman the grain growers are also representatives of there industry. Just following up on Rep. Froelichs question is there someone That you would like to take off the board.

REP. FROELICH : Mr. Chairman, if we put the grain growers and the durum growers on there I don't see a lot of need for the grain dealers.

REP. BELTER: The only difficulty if you remove one then you have a eight member

committee. You could end up with a tie situation.

SENATOR KLEIN: I see a value to adding two association members. I think they should be on there. The question that I would ask the committee is do we need to eliminate anyone.

REP. BELTER: What are the committees wishes. Is there a majority that we should eliminate anyone? I am sensing that there is a majority would support adding the two members. What about removing any members?

SENATOR KLEIN: I wan to leave it the way it is. Nine.

REP. BELTER : Any other discussion?

SENATOR ERBELE: Who is the appointed chair of the nominated committee then? How do they go about conducting there organization, who heads it and who calls for the vote? REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE: The committee chooses the chairman every time they convene. Rotates, on and off. I think in the past it has always been



Page 4

House Agriculture Committee Bill/Resolution Number HB 1158 Hearing Date 4----08-----03

The Agriculture Commissioner.

REPRESENTATIVE BEUTHER: Any other questions. Any other discussion. If not All those in favor of proposed amendment to winove the individual who is representing the grain dealers signify by saying yes.

REPRESENTATIVE FROELICH: 1 make a motion to accept the 103 amendment.

SENATOR KLEIN: SECONDED THE MOTION.

REP. BELTER: Will the clerk read the roll?

THE ROLL WAS TAKEN. THERE WERE 6 YES 0 NO 0 ABSENT

REP. BELTER : The adoption of the amendments 103 to HB 1158

REPRESENTATIVE BELTER: WILL CARRY THE BILL.

REPRESENTATIVE BELTER: CLOSED THE MEETING ON HB 1158

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38136.0103 Title.0300

Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Representative Belter April 4, 2003 V,

Conference Committee Amendments to HB 1158 - 04/08/2003

That the House accede to the Senate amendments as printed on page 1012 of the House Journal and page 851 of the Senate Journal and that House Bill No. 1158 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, line 1, after "reenact" insert "section 4-28-03," and after "19-18-02" insert a comma

Page 1, line 4, after the first "to" insert "wheat commission membership and"

Page 1, after line 5, insert:

"SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 4-28-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

4-28-03. Wheat commission - Members. There is hereby created the North Dakota state wheat commission which consists of seven members. One member must be appointed or elected from each of the districts of the state established by the provisions of this chapter and one member must be appointed or elected from the state at large. Each member, except the member from the state at large, must be a bona fide resident of and a qualified elector in the district the member represents, must have farming operations in such district, and must have been actually engaged in the production of wheat and have derived a substantial portion of the member's income therefrom for at least five years next preceding the member's appointment or election. The member from the state at large must have similar qualifications except as limited by district lines.

Not more than sixty days prior to expiration of the term of the member from the state at large, a nominating committee consisting of the agriculture commissioner, the president of the North Dakota crop improvement association, the director of the North Dakota agricultural experiment station, the director of the North Dakota state university extension service, the president of the North Dakota farm bureau, the president of the North Dakota farmers union, and the president of the North Dakota grain dealers association, the president of the North Dakota grain dealers association, the president of this state and a member of the United States durum growers association, or their duly authorized representatives, shall submit to the governor a list of three names and within sixty days after expiration of the term the governor shall appoint, from the nominees so named, the member at large to the commission.

Each member of the commission shall hold office for a term of four years and until the member's successor has been selected and has qualified except that the commissioners elected and serving from the first and fourth districts shall hold office for terms ending on June 30, 1984; the commissioners elected and serving from the second and fifth districts shall hold office for terms ending on June 30, 1985; and the commissioners elected and serving from the third and sixth districts shall hold office for terms ending on June 30, 1982; and the commissioner appointed and serving as the state at large member shall hold office for a term ending on June 30, 1983. No producer is entitled to serve more than three terms.

At least sixty days prior to the expiration of the term of office of a commissioner representing any district, a meeting of producers must be held in each county in the district for the purpose of electing a county representative. The county agent shall call



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and must be called to order by the county agent. The county agent, in cooperation with the cooperative extension service, shall conduct all elections under this section in each county in the manner the county agent deems fair and reasonable. Votes must be canvassed by the county agent and certified by the county agent with the name and post-office address of the elected county representative to the director of the North Dakota state university extension service who shall thereupon, as expeditiously as possible, call a meeting of the county representatives of the district. Notice of such meeting must be sent to each county representative by registered or certified mail not less than five days prior to the meeting which must be held at a central location within the district. At such district meeting, the county representatives shall elect one of their number as the district member of the commission. The ballots at such meeting must be canvassed by the North Dakota state university extension service and the result of election certified to the governor by the director. Additional meetings of county representatives may be called by the state wheat commission for the purpose of promoting its programs. All expenses of all such meetings and elections must be paid from commission funds. County representatives must be reimbursed for expenses necessarily incurred in attending meetings and performing other official duties on the same basis as other state officers. Any vacancy occurring on the commission other than by expiration of term of office must be filled by the county representatives who shall elect one of their number as the district member of the commission for the remainder of the unexpired term. If the vacancy is from the state at large, appointment must be made from three nominations submitted by the nominating committee as in the case of the original appointment."

S. 24 1981

Conference Committee Amendments to HB 1158 - 04/08/2003

Page 7, line 21, replace "Section 3" with "Sections 1 and 4" and replace "is" with "are"

Renumber accordingly

38136.0103 2 of 2 Burn Statistics Statistics association of the second statistics of the The micrographic images on this film are accurate reproductions of records delivered to Nodern Information Systems for microfilming and were filmed in the regular course of business. The photographic process meets standards of the American National Standards Institute (AMERICAN EXAMPLE) and the delivered to business. (ANSI) for archival microfilm. NOTICE: If the filmed image above is less legible than this Notice, it is due to the quality of the Signature Operator's

HB 1158 4-8-03

Date: Roll Call Vote #

2001 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES BILL/RESOLUTION NO.

louse				Comr	nittee
Subcommittee on	·····		·····		
or K Conference Committee					
	nber	10	3 - Adopt St	-1 I	AMENdM
egislative Council Amendment Nur			DA AN	un 7	
otion Made By PRUEL	İCH	Se	conded By KLE	is l	
Representatives	Yes	No	SENATORS	Yes	No
REP. BELTER	L.		SEN KLEIN SEN ERBELE		
REP. FRUELICH	-		SEN SEVMONE	U	
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al (Yes)		No	0		
sent 🖉				, ,	
or Assignment	FP		BELTER		

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:



REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE (ACCEDE/RECEDE)

Bill Number HB 1158 (, as (re)engrossed):

Your Conference Committee HOUSE AGRICULTURE

For the Senate:

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For the House:

1. C. 1983

SENATOR KLEIN	REPRESENTATIVE BELTER
SENATOR ERBELE	REPRESENTATIVE KREIDT
SENATOR SEYMOUR	REPRESENTATIVE FROELICH

recommends that the (SENATE/MOUSE) (ACCEDE to) (RECEDE from)

the (Senate/House) amendments on (SJ/HJ) page(s) 1012 --

and place ______ on the Seventh order.

, adopt (further) amendments as follows, and place 1158 on the Seventh order:

having been unable to agree, recommends that the committee be discharged and a new committee be appointed.

was placed on the Seventh order of business on the calendar. ((Re)Engrossed)

DATE: 4/4/	03		
CARRIER:	REP	BEC	TER

38136.0103 LC NO. of amendment

LC NO. of engrossment

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Emergency clause added or deleted

Statement of purpose of amendment



REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE (420) April 9, 2003 9:00 a.m.

Module No: HR-94-7152

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insert LC: 38136.0103

REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

HB 1158: Your conference committee (Sens. Klein, Seymour, Erbele and Reps. Belter, Kreidt, Froelich) recommends that the HOUSE ACCEDE to the Senate amendments on HJ page 1012, adopt further amendments as follows, and place HB 1158 on the Seventh order:

That the House accede to the Senate amendments as printed on page 1012 of the House Journal and page 851 of the Senate Journal and that House Bill No. 1158 be further amended as follows:

Page 1, line 1, after "reenact" insert "section 4-28-03," and after "19-18-02" insert a comma

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Each member of the commission shall hold office for a term of four years and until the member's successor has been selected and has qualified except that the commissioners elected and serving from the first and fourth districts shall hold office for terms ending on June 30, 1984; the commissioners elected and serving from the second and fifth districts shall hold office for terms ending on June 30, 1985; and the commissioners elected and serving from the third and sixth districts shall hold office for terms ending on June 30, 1982; and the commissioner appointed and serving as the state at large member shall hold office for a term ending on June 30, 1983. No producer is entitled to serve more than three terms.



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REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE (420) April 9, 2003 9:00 a.m.

Module No: HR-94-7152

Insert LC: 38136.0103

such meeting by publishing notice in the official newspaper of the county for two successive weeks, the last publication to be not less than five nor more than ten days prior to the meeting. The meeting must be held at a central location within the county and must be called to order by the county agent. The county agent, in cooperation with the cooperative extension service, shall conduct all elections under this section in each county in the manner the county agent deems fair and reasonable. Votes must be canvassed by the county agent and certified by the county agent with the name and post-office address of the elected county representative to the director of the North Dakota state university extension service who shall thereupon, as expeditiously as possible, call a meeting of the county representatives of the district. Notice of such meeting must be sent to each county representative by registered or certified mail not less than five days prior to the meeting which must be held at a central location within the district. At such district meeting, the county representatives shall elect one of their number as the district member of the commission. The ballots at such meeting must be canvassed by the North Dakota state university extension service and the result of election certified to the governor by the director. Additional meetings of county representatives may be called by the state wheat commission for the purpose of promoting its programs. All expenses of all such meetings and elections must be paid from commission funds. County representatives must be reimbursed for expenses necessarily incurred in attending meetings and performing other official duties on the same basis as other state officers. Any vacancy occurring on the commission other than by expiration of term of office must be filled by the county representatives who shall elect one of their number as the district member of the commission for the remainder of the unexpired term. If the vacancy is from the state at large, appointment must be made from three nominations submitted by the nominating committee as in the case of the original appointment."

Page 7, line 21, replace "Section 3" with "Sections 1 and 4" and replace "is" with "are"

Renumber accordingly

HB 1158 was placed on the Seventh order of business on the calendar.

Page No. 2 (2) DESK, (2) COMM HR-94-7152 **斯阿尔巴尔斯尼亚的**拉拉拉拉 States of the New Market The micrographic images on this film are accurate reproductions of records delivered to Nodern Information Systems for microfilming and were filmed in the regular course of business. The photographic process meets standards of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for archival microfilm. NOTICE: If the filmed image above is less legible than this Notice, it is due to the quality of the document being filmed. document being filmed. Operator's Signature



12/2/03 Operator's Signature Lat

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Roger Johnson Agriculture Commissioner www.agdepartment.com

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Phone Toll Free Fax

(701) 328-2231 (800) 242-7535 (701) 328-4567

600 E Boulevard Ave., Dept. 602 Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE LEGISLATIVE TESTIMONY

Testimony of Jim Gray Pesticide Registration Coordinator House Bill 1158 January 17, 2003 9:00 a.m. House Agriculture Committee Peace Garden Room

Chairman Nicholas and members of the committee, I am Jim Gray, Pesticide Registration Coordinator with the North Dakota Department of Agriculture. I am here to provide testimony is support of HB 1158, a bill that amends Chapter 19-18 of the North Dakota Century Code (N.D.C.C.). This is mostly a housekeeping bill to clean up language throughout the chapter, some of which was outdated and conflicted with other sections of the Century Code. For brevity, I will not discuss each specific recommended change included in this bill, but I would like to add some general comments.

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Section 1 amends several definitions of terms found in N.D.C.C. 19-18-02. These changes are recommended for clarification and to eliminate conflicting language. For instance, the statement found in N.D.C.C. 19-18-02.19(7) states that a pesticide label is "misbranded" unless it contains a registration number assigned by the Agriculture Commissioner as a result of state registration. However, this directly conflicts with N.D.C.C. 19-18-02.19(2), which prohibits any statement on labeling referencing state registration under this chapter.

1.

Section 2 of the bill amends the section of N.D.C.C. 19-18 that describes the process of pesticide registrations, including the registration period and the information required from applicants prior to the Commissioner granting a registration. This amendment will clarify the pesticide registration period. The change would establish a registration period of two years but all registrations expire on December 31st of "every odd number year". This has been the interpretation of the law by our staff for many years, but a recent request from a registrant and discussions with the assistant attorney general assigned to our office suggested that the current law is unclear. Clarification of a two year period for pesticide registration allows the department to maintain a registration process that is more cost effective and time efficient. This allows the department to coordinate registration renewals.

It is most efficient to make this biennial registration period a designated two-year period, beginning in a certain year and expiring at the end of the subsequent year. For

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Instance, our current registrations were renewed on January 1, 2002, meaning that they will expire on December 31, 2003. In a system of designated registration periods, all registrations would expire at the same time, allowing staff to process renewals for all products at one time. This would allow for a more cost effective and simplified process of monitoring pesticide registrations. However, according to the current language in N.D.C.C. 19-18-04, "[E]ach registration covers a two-year period beginning January first and expiring December thirty-first of the following year." An example is, a company could be granted a registration for a new product in the summer of 2001, but that registration would not expire until "December thirty-first of the following year", meaning that it would expire on December 31, 2002. This would put the registration expiration one year out of synch with all the other registrations. The bill language clearly defines a designated registration period, coordinating registration renewals.

Section 3 of the bill clarifies authority for the Commissioner to request the amount of a registered pesticide sold or offered for sale in the state. This information is sometimes useful when it is needed to assess how much of a product is being used in the state. For instance, it is sometimes necessary to place use restrictions on certain pesticides to reduce the risk of adverse effects to endangered species or groundwater. To perform an accurate risk assessment to determine whether use restrictions are needed, it is necessary to quantify pesticide exposure, and exposure is directly linked to use. Under the current language, the Commissioner can request this information from registrants,

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but there is no penalty for non-compliance, and mandatory timelines for reporting are vague. The suggested changes correct this.

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Section 4 of the bill amends N.D.C.C. 19-18-07, the section of the chapter that describes exemptions to pesticide registrations. The most important change to this section is the addition of an exemption to persons distributing, selling, or offering for sale unregistered pesticides allowed under Section 18 exemptions. For background, Section 18 exemptions are unregistered pesticide uses granted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to address emergency pest problems. North Dakota leads the region in the number of emergency exemptions requested and granted every year, and they are critically important for our growers and ranchers. Some of the pesticides used under these emergency exemptions are not EPA registered products. For example, a Section 18 exemption has been granted in recent years to allow sugarbeet growers to use Eminent[®] fungicide to control Cercospora. This product is an unregistered pesticide, but the EPA allowed its use due to the severity of the disease problem. Without the Section 18 exemption, sugarbeet growers would have suffered devastating losses. However, unless a change is made to N.D.C.C. 19-18-07, sale or use of unregistered pesticides allowed under Section 18 exemptions would be illegal in North Dakota.

Thank you for your consideration of HB 1158. I would be happy to answer any



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NORTH DAKOTA WEED CONTROL ASSOCIATION

TESTIMONY ON HB 1158 HOUSE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE JANUARY 17, 2003

Good Morning, Mr. Chairman, members of the committee. My name is Merlin Leithold. I am the area director for the ND Weed Control association. I am before you this morning in favor of HB 1158.

The Environmental and Rangeland Protection Fund was first created in 1991, by the 52nd Legislative Assembly, SB 2451. It was the brainchild of our association, as monies to fund noxious weed control in North Dakota. It also provided funding to the Health Dept for groundwater testing. It began, what is now a very successful program, Project Safe Send. EARP has evolved into funding other areas as well.

The success it has given weed control has been enormous. Without it, weed control would be quite small.

Thank-you

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North Dakota Department of Agriculture

Report to the 2003 Legislature

Project Safe Send and Recycling of Pesticide Containers

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INTRODUCTION

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D using the past decade, more than 3,700 participants have used Project Safe Send to safely dispose of more than 1.3 million pounds of dangerous, unusable pesticides, such as DDT, chlordane, arsenic and mercury.

In just the past biennium, 739 people, mostly farmers, pesticide dealers and applicators, brought in 338,616 pounds of unusable pesticides to Project Safe Send collection sites.

The need for the program continues. The North Dakota Department of Agriculture (NDDA) continues to receives calls asking when and where the next collection will take place. Participants have overwhelmingly said the program should be continued.

This support is understandable – the program is simple, effective and free. Participants bring their unusable pesticides to a scheduled, local collection site. They are asked to complete a voluntary survey and inventory form. A contractor unloads the wastes for the participants and collects any paperwork. The whole process usually takes just a few minutes.

The contractor properly packs the waste pesticides for shipment to out-of-state incinerators and prepares the necessary shipping manifests and bills of lading. The contractor accepts most of the program liability. NDDA carefully monitors the collection events and documentation, withholding a substantial portion of the payment to the contractor until final certificates of disposal are received.

Thanks to the foresight of the 1991 Legislature, what would be a difficult, dangerous and expensive undertaking for individual producers has become easy and affordable and a model of sound public policy for dealing with complex environmental issues.

I encourage the 2003 Legislature to continue Project Safe Send.

Sincerely,

Roger Johnson Agriculture Commissioner



2001 Collections

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Site	Participants	Pounds
Garrison	16	5,030
Napoleon	20	2,870
Watford City	4	288
Carson	6	732
Crosby	14	1,780
New England	6	1,269
New Town	4	1,098
Beach	9	2,436
Fessenden	17	3,057
Richardton	8	1,707
Minot	18	13,397
LaMoure	20	2,088
Bottineau	13	5,219
Wyndmere	23	5,218
Langdon	46	8,494
Pekin	15	6,065
Drayton	12	4,730
Larimore	26	12,493
Mayville	28	24,578
Valley City	25	5,764
Casselton	<u>39</u>	<u>39,536</u>
TOTALS	369	147,857

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2002 Collections

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Site	Participants	Pounds
Selfridge	3	426
Bismarck	28	4,686
Hettinger	12	1,456
Medina	19	5,699
Dickinson	23	7,492
Ellendale	17	3,343
Stanley	12	3,386
Lisbon	21	4,209
Velva	26	17,202
Wahpeton	25	4,056
Cando	20	3,845
Maddock	17	8,742
Grafton	42	24,436
Grand Forks	32	26,972
Finley	28	28,065
West Fargo	<u>45</u>	<u>46.744</u>
TOTALS	370	190,759

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Project Safe Send	Summary
1992-2000	

Year	Participants	Pounds
1992	396	80,910
1994*	608	131,838
1995	145	48,222
1996	341	94,389
1997**	484	167,319
1998	367	131,709
1999	321	158,938
2000	332	166,949
2001	369	147,857
2002	370	190,759
	3,733	1,318,890

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* Two series of collections were held in 1994.

** Additional collections were made in 1997 to gather pesticides damaged in the flooding of the Red River Valley.

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Pesticide Container Recycling Program

The number of empty, plastic pesticide containers collected for recycling increased more than 40 percent from 1999 to 2000.

The container collection program is conducted by a private company, UAP Northern Plains of Fargo.

The North Dakota Department of Agriculture promotes these collections through paid advertisements, news releases and personal communications with growers.

The North Dakota State University Extension Service promotes container rinsing and recycling at pesticide applicator training meetings.

UAP reported that empty containers weighing 53,144 pounds were collected in 2001, and that 51,757 pounds were collected in 2002.

2001 COLLECTION SITES

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Ambrose, Arthur, Beach, Belfield, Bentley, Berthold, Carrington, Clifford, Devils Lake, Dickinson, Drayton, Elgin, Fairdale, Golva, Grand Forks, Gwinner, Halliday, Harvey, Hebron, Hettinger, Jamestown, LaMoure, Landa, Lanaford, Minot, New England, Plaza, Regent, Rolla, Rugby, Scranton, Stanley, Taylor, Tolley, Watford City, Williston, Wimbledon.

2002 COLLECTION SITES

Ambrose, Arthur, Belfield, Bentley, Berthold, Bowbells, Bowman, Carrington, Clifford, Devils, Lake, Dickinson, Drayton, Elgin, Fairdale, Golva, Grand Forks, Gwinner, Halliday, Harvey, Hebron, Hettinger, Jamestown, LaMoure, Lansford, Mapleton, Minot, New England, Plaza, Regent, Rolla, Rugby, Scranton, Stanley, Taylor, Watford City, Williston, Wimbledon.

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PROJECT SAFE SEND SURVEY FOR 2002

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How did you learn about Project Safe Send?

123 Newspaper 12 Television 76 Radio 45 Extension Agent 25 Poster-Cenex 3 Poster-Local Restaurant <u>30</u> Poster-Local Elevator 8 REC Magazine **9** Farm Bureau/Farmers Union newsletter 39 North Dakota Department of Agriculture 33 Other - Drove by sign, poster mailed to us, Elevator Agronomy Center, Extension Service

newsletter, Safety Director, Boss, Flier, drove down road, word of mouth, called Health Dept., DTN, ND Pesticide Quarterly, co-worker, County DES Office, saw truck, NDWCA newsletter

Should Project Safe Send be continued?

275 Yes Q No

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What changes would you like to see in Project Safe Send?

OK. It is excellent as is. Don't see anything wrong with program now. Company like UAP should pay to dispose. Well organized. Notification of date collection site will be set up and where. They do a very good job. I think this is a very good program and continuing to do what you do is an excellent asset to North Dakota and its people. More pickup spots. Better advertising, should send postcard to all chemical applicators or license holders. Ads did not note location until shortly before event. Seems to be very good right now. First time. Sufficient equipment for loading/moving large & heavy items. Possible place to obtain containers/packaging for waste chemicals/granules. Make sure date and time are prominently displayed. If it's working, don't try and fix it. More promotion earlier in season with locations and times. Keep doing it every year. Maybe have it twice a year. This was my first experience; everything seems to be handled very well. Very good program, no need to change anything as I can see. Thank you. Take paint. More signs as to where to go. I like it. Very good now. Take more kinds of hazardous materials.

Should there be more or less advertising of Project Safe Send?

<u>99</u> Mora <u>0</u> Less <u>160</u> Same as this year

What is your business?

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155 Farmer/rancher 43 Pesticide Dealer 25 Pesticide applicator 75 Other - dad was a farmer, golf course. Home owner, food manufacturing facility, retired, college, bought a farm site-inherited some pesticides, grain elevator, x-farmer, UND lab technician, DOT employee lab, welder mechanic, horse owner, landowner, Farm Credit System, state agency, Fed government employee, housewife, Ag research, clean old farmstead, beekeeper, chemist, construction & DES director, Extension Agent, work at service station, diesel technician, research center, Government applicator, weed board secretary

Operator's Signature

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2002 PROJECT SAFE SEND COLLECTIONS BY SITE

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	X	0	HSOK	BLENDALE	2	NOL	GRAND FORKS	HETTINGER	z	QC	5	IEL FROGE	L		WAHPETON	NEST FANGO	
CHENICAL		CMDO	DICINISON	BIB	FINLEY	GRAFTON	GRAN	E	LISBON	MADOCH	MEDNIA	L DR	STAMLEY	VEVA	HVM	WEST	TOTAL
ACTAMASTER																2427	2427
AGSORS																3576	3576
ALUM. PHOSPHICE	2		20	2		316	2		91	20				50	4	40	547
ALACHLORE														450			450
AMINOPURIDINE						861											851
AMINOTRIAZOLE	584															172	844
AMITROLE								108		359						378	643
ANMONIUM SULFATE																440	440
ARSENIC	44	4	1	90			1	19		1	12		1	1412	4	448	2036
ATRAZINE	45			55	4250	530	6		156		450			94	35	647	6277
Avenge		50			20	29								- 54		315	472
BACILLUS T.			422													130	562
BARBAN		\$2				131										186	371
NBCH					878									120		55	1063
BLADEX			110		545	800	30			65			24		28	320	2019
NAZER											204						204
BROMOXYNIL							134										222
BUCTRIL	T	101		#5				[21						128	80	501
CALCIUM MICRO NUTRIENTS	T	1		T	2173			1	[[95	2266
CARBOFURAN	1	11		1		11	2750		[270						3042
ARBANATE	T	[55				97									155	307
CARBARYL	1	32	T										44				80
CARBYNE	T	232	9	1	1247	679	50	25	146	365	45		1	3	266	784	3671
CAPTAN	1	1			40	1		25			150		1	565		346	1128
CHLORDANE	11		7	1				2									21
CHLOROPICRIN	5		402		46		9		40	402						90	994
CHLOROPYRIFOS		1		1		41	175	1	44						12	1610	1900
COPPER SOLUTION	1	1	1	1												630	650
COUNTER	1		[261		1									560	821
CROP OIL	1	627	1	576	2161	95	1							547		150	4056
CYLINDER	1	[1	1	1		[30	30
σοτ	103	6	20	16	34	173	1	2	16	20	45	181	5		69	16	685
DIAZINON	15		298		[2	315
DIELDRIN					880			7					5			65	967
DIMETHOATE	1	[22		1			376					والمراجعة المراجع	118	518
DIOXINS	648	7	84		<u> </u>			24	87	9					1	45	865
DOWPON	1			1		152										405	557
ENDRIN	1			[107											76	182
EPTAM	1	202			300		61	89							27	420	1069
ERADICANE	1	87			453	309	75				623				113	330	1990
FARGO	1	261	200	232	875	180	147			1249			131			1750	4845
FIRST MATE	1	11			1120					فتستعيد						161	1292
FURADAN	1					212	4072		22		270		28			175	4779
FUSION					105										178	115	396
	g-sector and	,															

•	GAUCHO RINSEATE										861			661
	ELIX RINSEATE										2891			2891
•	HEPTACHLOR						60	70					215	353
	HOELON	111	118		425	40			12			63	179	938
	HUNIC ACHNGOLD TECH)										2240			2240

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LINDANE/THIRAM	341	2		80	2702	3372	810	70	198	667	317	-	400	1305	63	2007	1371
MANCOZER						172				-				+	+	48	-
MALATHION	185	7	219			1018	140		740	210				364	17	617	450
	27	19	47	1		772		30				1	200	600		1089	1130
MCPA			80			180	22	1		80			1		1	30	38
MERCURY-ORGANIC	19	1 11				205	2	Ţ	25		10					<u> </u>	2
METHOXYCHLOR	2	1		2		180	10	11	1					1	1		25
NAPHTHALINE				1	283	T	T		Î							284	617
NEWTONE	T		T		1027				1			1				106	113
PARATHICH		1	2					<u> </u>		2		1			1	178	171
PHOSPHORIC ACID						1		4	300	1			1				315
PHENOL MERCURY		1		T		70			1	1			1	1			70
POAST	1	18	70	1			100				828	1	1			225	945
POTABONIM PYRIDAZINONE	1	T	1	1		1183						1			1		1165
PRANITOL		1	1		1		1	[41	Î	1		1	315	364
PRINCEP		22	25	100	130	1	Γ									300	667
BOWL						49			27						61	175	312
HINIS	T	12						6			1	1	T		1	-	102
						35	4670	27						33	30	410	6222
NEVIN	247	22	27					264		107			48	33		13	880
MAZINE				86		183										15	283
DORUM CYANIDE														101			101
ODILIN HYDROXIDE										100							186
DORUM TCA						640										1107	1747
IONALAN	51		14	329	4485	2451	542		980	267	128				111	2045	11441
PRAY ADJUVANT		173	20				130	162			486					40	1011
TAMPEDE						260								750		380	1500
TRYCHNINE	10		1						1		128		11	40	6		196
OXAMINE	33		5	8		106		45		17			53	47	108		421
RILIN			200				350										550
REFLAN	140	200	400	114	1361	5324	258		182	1735	396	50	21	290	401	8080	10040
HIRAM						1017			130					498	29		1874
HIMET																316	316
READOR	329																329
ITAVAX		58	450		878		660			385	167		309	2176	80	1008	8045
ARFARIN		4		15			14									8	41
4-D	1486	978	3070	1071	1725	779	1717	200	374	2082	230	185	197	1183	1808	7225	24313
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Project Safe Send Survey Results North Dakota, 2000

Survey Results

Seven out of 10 (70 percent) of producers contacted said they were familiar with Project Safe Send. Using 1997 Census of Agriculture data as a base, this leaves just 9,105 North Dakota producers unaware of the project. The last time this survey was conducted in 1995, '74 percent of the producers were familiar with Project Safe Send.

When asked if they had any unusable pesticides for disposal, nearly 1 in 10 (8 percent) said yes. The same number (8 percent) was reported in 1995. Again using Census data as a base, this translates to about 2,333 producers who could benefit from the program. Of this number, 21 percent had some dry chemical and 89 percent had some liquid. Dry quantity on hand ranged from 1 to 400 pounds, averaged 60 pounds, and expands to a total of 24,927 pounds in the state, compared to 23,676 pounds in 1995. Liquid quantity ranged from 1 to 500 gallons, averaged 13 gallons, and expands to a 25,940 gallon state total, compared with 21,171 gallons in 1995

Holders of unusable pesticides reported that they were willing to travel an average of 33 miles to an official collection site. The shortest distance producers were willing to travel was 1 mile, the longest distance was 100 miles. In 1995, producers were willing to travel an average of 38 miles. When asked if there should be more local announcements of Project Safe Send collection dates and sites, 82 percent of respondents with unuscable pesticides said yes.

Background

This report is the result of a phone survey conducted in November and December by the USDA's North Dakota Agricultural Statistics Service. The survey results are based on reports from approximately 3,800 North Dakota farming and ranching operations. It was undertaken to determine familiarity with Project Safe Send, quantity of unusable pesticides on hand, distances producers would travel to collection sites and whether or not more local announcements should be made with respect to collection dates and sites. Data has been aggregated to the county, district, and state levels. It was also summarized by selected farm type strata. Details are listed in accompanying tables.

The survey was requested by the North Dakota Department of Agriculture who provided supporting funds. They also provided the original data items for the inquiry. This is the second time this survey has been conducted. The first was in 1995.

Familiar With Safe Send Percent of Producers, North Dekots, 2000



Have Unusable Pesticides Percent of Producers, North Dakota, 2000



61 - 70 Percent

Over 75 Percent



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N.D. Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA + P.O. Box 3166, Fargo, ND 58108-3166 + 701-239-5306

E-mail: nass-nd@nass.usda.gov • Internet: http://www.nass.usda.gov/nd/



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		North Da	kota, 2000		• All the second		
 Vistrict and	Number		Producers Fam	iliar with Project Send		rith Pesticides Ispose	- (
County	1997 Census	Reporting	Pct.	Expanded	Pct.	Exp. No.	-
Burke Divide Mountrail Renville Ward Williams Northwest	479 535 755 390 1,172 850 4,181	54 70 75 37 105 89 430	74 80 67 78 70 67 71	355 428 503 306 815 573 2,980	60 10 33 97 6	27 34 20 11 100 57 269	
Benson Bottineau McHenry Pierce Rolate North Central	604 808 905 491 511 3,319	77 86 141 90 62 456	77 69 67 75 52 68	463 554 603 366 264 2,250	8 5 4 5 6	47 47 45 22 25 186	-
Cavalier Grand Forks Nelson Pembina Ramsey Towner Walsh Northeet	682 768 471 615 525 428 755 4,244	83 149 58 99 90 48 129 656	77 83 74 66 87 79 71 76	526 639 349 404 455 339 533 3,245	6 15 10 9 7 13 8 10	41 113 49 56 35 54 64 412	_
Dunn McKenzie McLean Mercer Oliver West Central	618 668 969 473 327 3,055	53 59 126 26 30 294	68 64 74 58 77 68	420 430 715 273 251 2,089	8 14 9 4 1/ 8	47 91 85 18 1/ 241	
'dy Har Sheridan Stutuman Wells Central	288 282 513 380 979 593 3,035	42 41 73 38 99 93 386	62 76 71 71 67 74 70	178 220 365 270 653 440 2,126	12 15 4 3 9 6 8	34 41 21 10 89 38 233	
Bames Cass Criggs Stolle Traili East Central	772 919 357 290 471 2,809	103 145 50 85 94 477	75 78 80 79 72 77	577 716 286 229 341 2,149	10 10 20 19 12	75 89 36 58 90 348	
Adams Billings Bowman Golden Valley Hettinger Slope Stark Southwest	367 237 358 244 436 263 802 2,707	31 11 31 15 47 21 41 197	58 64 65 47 85 71 68 67	213 151 231 114 371 188 548 1,816	3 9 6 1/ 8 5 12 8	12 22 23 1/ 37 13 98 205	
Burleigh Emmons Grant Morton Sioux South Central	867 744 596 907 193 3,307	81 88 61 113 13 356	64 58 61 70 38 62	557 431 362 634 74 2,058	5 3 1/ 6 8 4	43 25 1/ 56 15 139	
 Dickey LaMoure Logan McIntosh Ransom Richland Trent	517 616 401 505 485 874 449 3,847	82 88 41 48 88 135 69 551	62 74 73 67 67 71 74 70	322 455 293 337 325 622 332 2,686	5 2 1/ 9 10 9 8	25 91 10 1/ 44 91 39 300	
	20 604	2 002	70	21 200		1 222	

Producer Familiarity with Project Safe Send, by County and District, North Dakota, 2000

Project Safe Send Survey Results =

heast 21,399 30,504 3,803 70 8 2,333 .TE 2 17 Insufficient data. 5 ì 2 1 - 24 الوم الأصل Section Marshes The micrographic images on this film are accurate reproductions of records delivered to Nodern Information Systems for microfilming and user filmed in the regular course of business. The photographic process meets standards of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for archival microfilm. NOTICE: If the filmed image above is less legible than this Notice, it is due to the quality of the document being filmed. ାସ୍ୟୁ D 103 ar MOL Operator's Signature \mathbf{P}

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Project Safe Send Survey Results

N.		Unusable	• Peeticides	by District	, North Da	kota, 200	0			
	I.				Unusable	Pesticide	5			
			Dry					Liquid		
District				(Pounds)					(Gallons)	
	Pct. "		Reported	Average	Exp. Total	Pct. 1/	Range	Reported	Average	Exp. Total
		Min.	Max.	Average	icop. (Otal		Min.	Max.		
Northwest	14	1	300	105	3,077	93	1	30	7	1,946
North Central	24	1	100	31	1,368	88	1	60	10	1,510
Northeast	15	1	350	112	4,895	94	1	100	14	4,923
West Central	17	10	200	78	2,116	92	1	35	10	2,318
Central	17	7	25	14	509	90	1	30	8	2,025
East Central	23	1	400	89	5,654	86	1	150	15	4,640
Southwest	14	2	2	2	44	86	1	90	22	2,246
South Central	27	4	200	42	2,393	87	1	25	9	1,101
Southeast	30	2	150	42	4,871	87	1	500	19	5,231
STATE	21	1	400	60	24,927	89	1	500	13	25,940

If hafters only to these producers who indicated they had unuable pesticides to dispose of.

strict	Miles Willing to Travel to Collection Site								
hd -county	Range P	betroqe	August						
	Min.	Max.	Average						
Northwest	10	100	36						
North Central	10	80	36						
Northeast	1	100	35						
West Central	10	100	36						
Central	10	100	28						
East Central	8	100	31						
Southwest	6	50	28						
South Central	3	65	33						
Southeast	5	100	32						
STATE	1	100	33						

Producers' Willingness to Travel to Collection Sites,

1/ Refers only to those producers who indicated they had unusable pesticides to dispose of.

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Need for More Publicity on Dates and Sites,

ALL DOLL

District	More Local Publicity for Dates and Sites							
and County	Number Perce							
Northwest	25	86						
North Central	20	77						
Northeast	55	81						
West Central	17	65						
Central	22	71						
East Central	57	89						
Southwest	11	85						
South Central	11	69						
Southeast	44	92						
STATE	262	82						

 Refers only to those producers who indicated they had unusable pesticides to dispose of.

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Producer Femiliarity and Unusable Pesticides, North Dakota, 2000					
Operation Type	Number of Reports	Producers Familiar with Project Safe Send (Percent)	Has Pesticide to Dispose (Percent)		
Potato	20	70	15		
Oilseed	348	83	1.11		
Dry Bean	81	84	16		
Small to Medium	229	71	7		
Large	158	84	11		

Willingness to Trevel to Collection Sites by Operation, North Dekote, 2000

Orantian	Miles Willing to Travel to Collection Sites			
Operation Type	Range Reported		Average	
	Min.	Max		
	Miles			
tato	25	75	50	
Oilseed	8	100	31	
Dry Bean	1	50	34	
Small to Medium	3	100	24	
Large	10	100	31	

2/ Refers only to these producers who indicated they had unmable posticides to dispose of.

Need for More Publicity on Dates and Sites by Operation, North Dakota, 2000

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Onemation	More Local Publicity on Dates and Sites		
Operation Type	Number	Percent	(
Potato	3	100	
Oilseed	32	80	
Dry Bean	12	86	
Small to Medium	11	65	
Large	-16	89	

1/ Refers only to those producers who indicated they had unusable pesticides to dispose of.

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Roger Johnson Agriculture Commissioner www.aydepartment.com



Phone	(701)) 328-223
Toll Free	(800)	242-753
Fax	(701)	328-4567

600 E Boulevard Ave., Dept. 602 Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

NORTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE LEGISLATIVE TESTIMONY

Testimony of Jim Gray Pesticide Registration Coordinator House Bill 1158 March 13, 2003 10:15 a.m. Senate Agriculture Committee Roosevelt Park Room

Chairman Flakoll and members of the committee, I am Jim Gray, Pesticide Registration Coordinator with the North Dakota Department of Agriculture. I am here to provide testimony is support of HB 1158, a bill that amends Chapter 19-18 of the North Dakota Century Code (N.D.C.C.). This is mostly a housekeeping bill to clean up language throughout the chapter, some of which was outdated and conflicted with other sections of the Century Code. For brevity, I will not discuss each specific recommended change included in this bill, but I would like to add some general comments.

Section 1 amends several definitions of terms found in N.D.C.C. 19-18-02. These changes are recommended for clarification and to eliminate conflicting language. For

instance, the statement found in N.D.C.C. 19-18-02.19(7) states that a pesticide label is amandimen survers datas capaning internation of the constraint of the data in the total sector in the termination of the sector internation of the The micrographic images on this film are accurate reproductions of records delivered to Nodern Information Systems for microfilming and Were filled in the regular course of business. The photographic process meets standards of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for archival microfilm. NOTICE: If the filmed image above is less legible than this Notice, it is due to the quality of the document being filmed. እጉ Operator's Signature Date è

"misbranded" unless it contains a registration number assigned by the Agriculture Commissioner as a result of state registration. However, this directly conflicts with N.D.C.C. 19-18-02.19(2), which prohibits any statement on labeling referencing state registration under this chapter.

Section 2 of the bill amends the section of N.D.C.C. 19-18 that describes the process of pesticide registrations, including the registration period and the information required from applicants prior to the Commissioner granting a registration. This amendment will clarify the pesticide registration period. The change would establish a registration period of two years but all registrations expire on December 31st of "every odd number year". This has been the interpretation of the law by our staff for many years, but a recent request from a registrant and discussions with the assistant attorney general assigned to our office suggested that the current law is unclear. Clarification of a two year period for pesticide registration allows the department to maintain a registration process that is more cost effective and time efficient. This allows the department to coordinate registration renewals.

It is most efficient to make this blennial registration period a designated two-year period, beginning in a certain year and expiring at the end of the subsequent year. For instance, our current registrations were renewed on January 1, 2002, meaning that they will expire on December 31, 2003. In a system of designated registration periods, all registrations would expire at the same time, allowing staff to process renewals for all

an registration model expire at the same antity anothing such as provide the first and



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products at one time. This would allow for a more cost effective and simplified process

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of monitoring pesticide registrations. However, according to the current language in N.D.C.C. 19-18-04, "[E]ach registration covers a two-year period beginning January first and expiring December thirty-first of the following year." For example, a company could be granted a registration for a new product in the summer of 2001, but that registration would not expire until "December thirty-first of the following year", meaning that it would expire on December 31, 2002. This would put the registration expiration one year out of synch with all the other registrations. The bill language clearly defines a designated registration period, coordinating registration renewals.

Section 3 of the bill clarifies authority for the Commissioner to request the amount of a registered pesticide sold or offered for sale in the state. This information is sometimes useful when it is needed to assess how much of a product is being used in the state. For instance, it is sometimes necessary to place use restrictions on certain pesticides to reduce the risk of adverse effects to endangered species or groundwater. To perform an accurate risk assessment to determine whether use restrictions are needed, it is necessary to quantify pesticide exposure, and exposure is directly linked to use. Under the current language, the Commissioner can request this information from registrants, but there is no penalty for non-compliance, and mandatory timelines for reporting are vague. The suggested changes correct this.

Section 4 of the bill amends N.D.C.C. 19-18-07, the section of the chapter that describes exemptions to pesticide registrations. The most important change to this

section is the addition of an exemption to persons distributing, selling, or offering for

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sale unregistered pesticides allowed under Section 18 exemptions. For background, Section 18 exemptions are unregistered pesticide uses granted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to address emergency pest problems. North Dakota leads the region in the number of emergency exemptions requested and granted every year, and they are critically important for our growers and ranchers. Some of the pesticides used under these emergency exemptions are not EPA registered products. For example, a Section 18 exemption has been granted in recent years to allow sugarbeet growers to use Eminent[®] fungicide to control Cercospora. This product is an unregistered pesticide, but the EPA allowed its use due to the severity of the disease problem. Without the Section 18 exemption, sugarbeet growers would have suffered devastating losses. However, unless a change is made to N.D.C.C. 19-18-07, sale or use of unregistered pesticides allowed under Section 18 exemptions would be illegal in North Dakota.

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Thank you for your consideration of HB 1158. I would be happy to answer any questions.

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