#### 2009 HOUSE JUDICIARY

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HB 1223

### 2009 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. HB 1223

House Judiciary Committee

Check here for Conference Committee
Hearing Date: 1/20/09
Recorder Job Number: 7325, 7327
Committee Clerk Signature

Minutes:

Chairman DeKrey: We will open the hearing on HB 1223.

Rep. Larry Klemin: Sponsor, explained the bill.

Gail Hagerty, South Center District Court Judge: Support (attachment).

Rep. Delmore: How would the sheriff make the determination on who uses the equipment.

**Ms. Hagerty:** The administrator would look at the criminal history record, they have more knowledge of the defendant's history. The sheriffs will work on guidelines for determining who is appropriate for electronic monitoring. The judge can also determine who might be appropriate for electronic monitoring with the criterion put out by the sheriff.

Chairman DeKrey: Thank you. Further testimony in support.

**Sheriff Pat Heinert, Burleigh County:** Support (attachment). The qualifications would be determined based along the lines of who is eligible for work release programs. There would be an assessment. Not every inmate would qualify.

**Chairman DeKrey:** Thank you. Further testimony in support. Testimony in opposition. Neutral testimony.

Charles Placek, Dep. Director of Administrative Services, Adult Services Division, Dept.

of Corrections: Neutral (attachment).

**Rep. Delmore:** How many inmates are currently on the program, and how much are you losing?

**Charles Placek:** We currently have 35-40 people on any given day on the program. As far as the \$5 assessment, I don't know. Anecdotally, I would say \$3-5/day. The vast majority of the inmates on the program are either from a sex offenders tax force request or a request from staffing.

Chairman DeKrey: Thank you. Further testimony. We will close the hearing.

Chairman DeKrey: We will take a look at HB 1223.

**Rep. Delmore:** I would like to offer an amendment on HB 1223. If we change "shall" to "may" I think we can reduce the problem that we have.

Rep. Klemin: That's only one of the two fees listed in this section. The first fee is for the

assessment and the second fee is administrative fee. Maybe we should just delete the parole board and the department out of that one.

Chairman DeKrey: We will take this bill up again later. Bring your amendments.

## 2009 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. HB 1223

House Judiciary Committee

Check here for Conference Committee
Hearing Date: 1/21/09
Recorder Job Number: 7401
Committee Clerk Signature

Minutes:

Chairman DeKrey: We will take a look at HB 1223. What are the committee's wishes.

**Rep. Delmore:** I move that we amend the bill on page 1, line 11, to remove the overstrike over "or the" and after "court" insert "administrator". On page 4, line 17, replace the first underscored comma with "or" and remove ", the parole board, or the department", page 4, line 18, replace the underscored comma with "or", page 4, line 19, remove ", the parole board, or the department".

Rep. Klemin: Second.

**Chairman DeKrey:** Discussion, voice vote, motion carried. We now have the bill before us as amended. What are the committee's wishes.

Rep. Delmore: I move a Do Pass as amended.

Rep. Wolf: Second.

12 YES 0 NO 1 ABSENT DO PASS AS AMENDED CARRIER: Rep. Klemin

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1/21/09

#### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1223

Page 1, line 11, remove the overstrike over "or the" and after "eourt" insert "administrator"

Page 4, line 17, replace the first underscored comma with "<u>or</u>" and remove "<u>, the parole board</u>, <u>or the department</u>"

Page 4, line 18, replace the underscored comma with "or"

Page 4, line 19, remove ", the parole board, or the department"

Renumber accordingly



Date:	421/09	
Roll Cal	Vote #:	

DNP AS AMEND

2009 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES BILL/RESOLUTION NO. 1223

DP AS AMEND

# HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

DNP

Check here for Conference Committee

DP

Legislative Council Amendment Number

Action Taken

Motion Made By Rep. Del	more	Se	econded By <u>Rep. W</u>	alf	•
Representatives	Yes	No	Representatives	Yes	No
Ch. DeKrey			Rep. Delmore	~	
Rep. Klemin	V		Rep. Griffin	/	
Rep. Boehning			Rep. Vig	V	
Rep. Dahl			Rep. Wolf	~	
Rep. Hatlestad			Rep. Zaiser		
Rep. Kingsbury					
Rep. Koppelman					
Rep. Kretschmar					
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Total (Yes)	2	No	0		
Absent		1			
Floor Carrier: Rep. Klemin					

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:



#### **REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE**

HB 1223: Judiciary Committee (Rep. DeKrey, Chairman) recommends AMENDMENTS AS FOLLOWS and when so amended, recommends DO PASS (12 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 1 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). HB 1223 was placed on the Sixth order on the calendar.

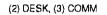
Page 1, line 11, remove the overstrike over "or the" and after "eourt" insert "administrator"

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Page 4, line 18, replace the underscored comma with "or"

Page 4, line 19, remove ", the parole board, or the department"

Renumber accordingly



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#### 2009 SENATE JUDICIARY

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HB 1223

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## 2009 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 1223

Senate Judiciary Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: March 3, 2009

Recorder Job Number: 10048

Committee Clerk Signature

Minutes:

**Senator Nething** opens the hearing on HB 1223, relating to electronic monitoring of certain offenders.

Judge Gail Hagerty, introduces the bill (see attached testimony).

Senator Nething is the change dealing with the administrator is that the thrust of the bill?

Judge Hagerty yes and the fee is also another thrust to the bill.

Senator Fiebiger Can the sheriff decide if the person will be a good candidate for this system? Judge Hagerty yes, I think they could. I don't anticipate law enforcement doing that in our situation. I think that it would put them parallel to the Department of Corrections. When we sentence to the Department of Corrections we don't decide where people will be placed or how they will be incarcerated, so I am comfortable with this as well.

Senator Nething closed the hearing on HB 1223.



## 2009 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 1223

Senate Judiciary Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: March 3, 2009

Recorder Job Number: 10050

Committee Clerk Signature

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Minutes:

Senator Nething opens the discussion on HB 1223, relating to electronic monitoring of certain

offenders.

Senator Lyson moves a Do pass on HB 1223.

Senator Schneider seconds the motion.

The bill received a Do Pass on a vote of 6 to 0.

#### 2009 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES BILL/RESOLUTION NO.

3/3

1223

Roll Call Vote #: /

Date:

egislative Council Amendment Nun	-		Do Not Pass	Amende	ed .
	~		econded By Ser	Z	Ine
Senators	Yes	No	Senators	Yes	No
Sen. Dave Nething – Chairman	X		Sen. Tom Fiebiger	X	
Sen. Curtis Olafson – V. Chair.	X		Sen. Carolyn Nelson	X	
Sen. Stanley W. Lyson	X		Sen. Mac Schneider	X	
otal (Yes)			<u></u>	<u></u>	

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:



#### **REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE**

HB 1223, as engrossed: Judiclary Committee (Sen. Nething, Chairman) recommends DO PASS (6 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). Engrossed HB 1223 was placed on the Fourteenth order on the calendar. 2009 TESTIMONY

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HB 1223

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# Testimony of District Judge Gail Hagerty in support of House Bill 1223 House Judiciary Committee January 20, 2009

Chairman DeKrey, Members of the Committee:

I'm Gail Hagerty, a district judge in Bismarck. I am testifying today in support of House Bill 1223, which deals with electronic monitoring.

During the last legislative session, legislation was passed which allows for use of electronic monitoring. I support use of electronic monitoring. It provides a meaningful penalty while allowing offenders to continue in employment. It also is part of the solution to overcrowding in detention facilities.

As I worked with the sheriffs in counties within the South Central Judicial District to implement use of electronic monitoring, I became concerned about a couple issues. I was concerned about the Court's role in electronic monitoring and I was concerned about the ongoing expenses to the counties in supervising electronic monitoring.

Soon after the last session, I began receiving requests from organizations which wished to provide electronic monitoring services. I didn't feel I had the proper background to determine what the requirements should be for providing this service and asked for assistance from sheriffs I work with.

I believe the people who deal with corrections on a local basis are the people who are best able to determine who should provide electronic monitoring. I realize that those are the people who will be working with electronic monitoring on a day-to-day basis.

House Bill 1223 defines "Administrator" to include the sheriff, chief of police, administrator, superintendent, director, or other individual serving as chief executive officer of a correctional facility. It then gives the administrator a role in determining who will provide electronic monitoring services and whether a particular offender is appropriate for electronic monitoring.

If this legislation is passed, I will sentence people to the county detention facility and then indicate the individual may be placed on electronic monitoring if approved by the sheriff. I am attaching a copy of a judgment form to show you how I would accomplish this.

House Bill 1223 also provides for a fee of not more than \$5 to be used to reimburse the sheriff or other law enforcement agency for electronic monitoring. The sheriff (or whoever is managing electronic monitoring) will incur costs to set up electronic monitoring and to respond when there are violations.

I urge you to recommend passage of House Bill 1223.

	E OF NORTH DAKOTA TY OF BURLEIGH	ORDER		IN DISTRICT COUR SOUTH CENTRAL JUDICIAL DISTRIC	
	OF NORTH DAKOTA, Plaintiff,			Case #	
-	-VS-	ant			
	On, Defenda	ndant ( 🗋 appeared 🗧		r) before the Court on the offense of and;	
	defendant ( entered a plea of guilty			ial, the defendant was found NOT GUILTY	
🔲 iii	after review, the defendant is found to be	in violation of the Coul IT IS ORDERE			
ΔA	The matter is dismissed.	B A judgment of	acquittal is ente	ered.	
□с	Imposition of the sentence is deferred, and 61 days after probation ends (if all conditions are met) the guilty plea is withdrawn, the case dismissed, and the file sealed.				
🗆 D	Judgment of guilty is entered, and defend	lant is sentenced for a	period of	to the	
	County Detention Center/Jail				
ΠE	with suspended f Defendant shall pay a fine in the amount of suspended on conditions.	or of \$	, through the C	on conditions. lerk of District Court, with \$	
X F	Defendant must pay the mandatory court Misdemeanor; \$200 for Class A Misdeme AA Felony; or D waived \$	anor; \$400 for Class C			
🛛 G	Defendant must pay the mandatory \$100	indigent defense / cou	rt facility improv	vement fee; or 📋 waived \$	
🗌 н	Defendant must pay the \$25 indigent defense application fee; or $\Box$ waived \$				
	Defendant shall pay a crime victim witness program fee in the amount of \$				
	All fines and fees shall be paid to the C	Clerk of District Court	immediately.		
	Other				
]		CONDITIONS			
	•	-		ato'clockm.	
2.	The defendant's imprisonment shall be with work release privileges if with electronic monitoring privi	approved by the Sheri	ff.	or time served ( days)	
□ з.	The defendant shall make restitution in th directly to victim and file proof of paym County State's Attorney. Payment is du of District Court.	e sum of \$ nent by ue immediately, unless	to be paid	by certified check or money order or through the ments are made with the Clerk	
4.	The defendant shall complete a chemical with the Court by	ow through with any re	commended tre	eatment by and file proof with	
□ 5.	The defendant is placed on probation for a period of and shall not violate this Order or any municipal, state, or federal laws and such probation is: unsupervised supervised and subject to the additional conditions set forth by the Court.				
□ 6.	The defendant shall complete	hours of 🔲 commun			
	attend ACT class by; Submit to fingerprinting. Defendant must pay the mandatory \$50 community service supervision fee waived \$				
7.	Other:				
<b>X</b> 8.	Any violations of this Order may result in a sentence or penalty.	a revocation or termina	ition of probatic	on, and the imposition of any suspended	
	[	District Judge:			
	the conditions of this sentence and I acknowledge I have received a ny of the conditions, it is my responsibility to provide the Court and the	copy of this Order. If my address cha	nges before com-	Counsel for State:	
PIER			<u>.</u>	Counsel for Defendant:	
Defenda	ant's Signature			Waived Counsel: 🛄 Yes	



# BURLEIGH COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPT.

#### PAT HEINERT, SHERIFF

514 E. Thayer P.O. BOX 1416 BISMARCK, ND 58502-1416 TELEPHONE 701-222-6651 FAX 701-221-6899

TO:HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEEDATE:January 20, 2009FROM:Pat Heinert, Sheriff, Jail AdministratorRE:HB 1223

Good Afternoon Chair man DeKrey and members of the House Judiciary Committee.

I am Pat Heinert, Sheriff of Burleigh County and also the appointed Jail Administrator for Burleigh County.

I am here to day in support of HB 1223. We have been part of many discussions with Judge Gail Hagerty, South Central Judicial District in reference to electronic monitoring.

We feel that this would be a benefit to our local judiciary as well as assisting with jail overcrowding. This would allow people to continue employment, while still being monitored for the safety of the community.

l urge your support and passage of HB 1223.

Thank You

## House Judiciary Committee Duane DeKrey, Chairman January 20<sup>th</sup>, 2009

Charles R. Placek, Deputy Director of Administrative Services Adult Services Division Department of Corrections Presenting Testimony Re: HB 1223

The DOCR is neutral on the passage of this bill but questions the deletion of the court from line 11 of page 1. By deleting the court, is it the intent that only the DOCR approves electronic monitoring device for all state and political subdivisions? Would it not be better to include "Administrator" in the list authorized to approve electronic monitoring devices? If a County or City wishes to use electronic monitoring and can obtain services from another vendor, not used by the DOCR, would they be allowed to use it if they are not listed in sub-section 2, line 10, page 1 of this bill?

The DOCR would request that, on page 4, line 17 and line 19, the parole board or the department be deleted from this bill. Currently the DOCR uses GPS primarily on our sex offender population. Many of these offenders have GPS installed as a request from a local Sex Offender Containment Board. These offenders are not assessed the cost of the GPS since it is either a request of a local Sex Offender Containment Board or our staff, and not the result of negative behavior while on supervision.

Those offenders who have GPS placed on them as a result of negative behavior are assessed \$5.00 a day. Our current cost of GPS is determined through a procurement of services contract. Currently the daily cost is \$8.25 a day for active GPS and \$5.50 for passive GPS. The DOCR pays the remaining daily cost from our appropriation, as an intermediate measure to avoid revocation, and at the same time assures public safety.

Attachment / 1223

# Testimony of District Judge Gail Hagerty in support of House Bill 1223 Senate Judiciary Committee March 3, 2009

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