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Version 7-13-10

NORTH DAKOTA LOTTERY

<u>Underlining</u> represents proposed additions to the present rules. Strikethrough represents proposed deletions to the present rules.

10-16-03-02. Ineligible player. A ticket issued by a retailer or a subscription may not be bought by, or a prize won by that ticket or subscription play or lottery-related promotion may not be paid or issued to:

- 1. An employee, officer, or director of the lottery's online gaming system vendor or the MUSL;
- 2. A person who regularly resides in the same household of a person described in subsection 1; <u>or</u>
- 3. A minor; or

4.----A person who is in the United States illegally.

History: Effective February 1, 2004; amended effective November 8, 2005; April 1, 2008; January 1, 2011. General Authority: NDCC 53-12.1-13 Law Implemented: NDCC 53-12.1-02, 53-12.1-08, 53-12.1-13

10-16-03-08. Claim of a prize. A prize for a validated winning ticket must be claimed as follows:

- 1. No prize may be awarded nor is the lottery liable for a ticket not submitted for validation or for an announcement or dissemination by the lottery or any other person of an incorrect number, letter, or symbol drawn.
- 2. A ticket bought or used to claim a prize in violation of federal or state law, or bought in violation of the lottery law or rules, is void and may not be used to claim a prize.
- 3. A ticket for a prize must be actually received or, if mailed, postmarked, within one hundred eighty days after the date of a draw for the game for which the ticket was issued. If the final day of the claim period is a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday, the claim period is extended to the next business day. An unclaimed prize is forfeited and retained by the lottery. However, if the grand prize for the game of POWERBALL®, MEGA MILLIONS®, HOT LOTTO®, or WILD CARD 2® is unclaimed, the MUSL shall administer the grand prize money.
- 4. A person who owns or redeems a winning ticket:

- a. Agrees to be bound by the lottery law, rules, procedure, policy, validation requirements, dispute resolution, and game group game rules related to the game for which the ticket was issued; and
- b. Agrees that the state, lottery, the MUSL, game group, and their officers, employees, agents, representatives, and contractor are discharged from any liability upon payment of a prize on a ticket.
- 5. The owner of a winning ticket may win only one prize per play for the winning numbers, letters, or symbols drawn and is entitled only to the prize won by those numbers in the highest matching prize category.
- 6. A retailer may redeem a ticket only at the business address listed on the license. The retailer may pay a prize in cash or by business check, certified or cashier's check, money order, or combination of methods.
- 7. A person may redeem a winning ticket for a prize only during the normal business hours of a retailer provided that the lottery's online computer system is operating and a ticket may be validated. If the retailer is normally open for business before or after the hours when the lottery's online computer system operates, the retailer shall post the hours at the site when a person may redeem a ticket.
- 8. To claim a prize for an apparent winning ticket of less than six hundred dollars, a player may:
 - a. Present the ticket to a retailer, regardless of which retailer sold the ticket; or
 - b. Complete the back side of the ticket by entering the person's full name and address and signing the ticket, and present or mail the ticket to the lottery's office.
- 9. If a ticket has a prize value of less than six hundred dollars, is owned by one person, and is presented to a retailer, the retailer may redeem the ticket and pay the prize to the person who physically possesses an unsigned ticket or to the person whose signature is shown on the ticket. If a person desires to redeem a winning ticket that is signed, the retailer shall request evidential proof of identity from the player before the retailer may validate or pay the prize. If the player does not provide proof of identity, the retailer may not validate the ticket or pay the player a prize and shall return the ticket to the player. For an unsigned ticket or a signed ticket in which the ticket holder is the identified owner, the retailer shall validate the ticket and, for a winning ticket, pay the prize to the player. If the retailer is unable to validate a ticket, the retailer shall provide the ticket holder with a prize claim form and instruct the ticket holder how to file a claim with the lottery.

- 10. If an apparent winning ticket has a total prize value of all plays of six hundred dollars or more and one person signed or claims ownership of the ticket, a retailer may not redeem the ticket and shall provide the ticket holder with a prize claim form and instruct the ticket holder how to file a claim with the lottery. The ticket holder shall complete and sign the form and back side of the ticket and present or mail the form and ticket to the lottery. For a validated winning ticket, the lottery shall present or mail a check to the player for the amount of the prize, less withholding of income tax required by federal or state law and any debt setoff according to section 10-16-01-03, unless the payment is delayed according to section 10-16-03-12. The lottery shall pay the prize to the person whose name is on the ticket, notwithstanding the name on the claim form. For a nonwinning ticket, the lottery shall deny the claim, notify the claimant, and return the ticket.
- 11. If more than one person signed or claims ownership of an apparent winning ticket, the retailer shall provide the claimant with a prize claim form and instruct the claimant how to file a claim with the lottery, as follows:
 - a. Each person who claims part ownership of the ticket must complete and sign the prize claim form and designate the person's percentage of ownership and, if subdivision d applies, the one authorized payee;
 - b. At least one of the people who claim ownership must sign the ticket and that signature must be on the prize claim form;
 - c. The prize claim form and ticket must be presented or mailed to the lottery;
 - d. For a validated ticket, if the amount of the prize allocated to each claimant is six hundred dollars or more, the lottery shall present or mail a separate prize check to each claimant. The lottery shall present or mail a check to each claimant for the amount of each player's prize, less withholding of income tax required by federal or state law and any debt setoff according to section 10-16-01-03, unless the payment is delayed according to section 10-16-03-12. If the prize allocated to each claimant is less than six hundred dollars, the lottery shall issue a single prize check to the person designated and authorized on the prize claim form to receive payment of the prize on behalf of all the claimants; and
 - e. Notwithstanding subdivision d, if the claimants desire to designate one person in whose name the entire claim may be made and list the persons to whom the winnings are taxable, the claimants may file, along with a claim prize form, internal revenue service form

5754 (statement by person(s) receiving gambling winnings) with the lottery.

- 12. The lottery shall pay a prize to a player within a reasonable time after the player's winning ticket is validated by the lottery.
- 13. Except as provided by rule, if two or more plays win the grand prize, the prize money must be divided equally among the players whose tickets won. Except as provided by rule, for a set prize, each player wins the set amount of a prize regardless of whether two or more players have winning tickets for the prize.
- 14. The lottery is not liable for a ticket not delivered to the correct address of the lottery or a delay in delivery of a ticket or damage to a ticket while being delivered to the lottery.
- 15. A player who redeems a winning ticket is solely responsible for any federal or state income tax liability related to the prize.
- 16. A person's right to a prize is assignable and payment of a prize may be made to a person pursuant to an appropriate judicial order.
- 17. A prize may not be payable to a trust until after the lottery conducts a debt setoff on the beneficiaries of the trust.
- 18. If a player redeems an original multi-draw ticket before the ticket's last draw and a retailer returns the original ticket, rather than an issued exchange ticket, to the player, the lottery may not pay another prize on the original ticket until after the exchange ticket expires and has not been redeemed.
- 19. A winning ticket with a total prize value of all plays of six hundred dollars or more may not be paid to a person who is identified as being in the United States illegally.

History: Effective February 1, 2004; amended effective April 1, 2006; April 1, 2008; January 31, 2010<u>; January 1, 2011</u>. General Authority: NDCC 53-12.1-13 Law Implemented: NDCC 53-12.1-02, 53-12.1-03, 53-12.1-08, 53-12.1-09, 53-12.1-13

10-16-08-04. Megaplier® option.

- 1. The Megaplier® option is a limited extension of the MEGA MILLIONS® game and is conducted according to the game group's game rules. The option offers the owner of a qualifying play a chance to multiply the amount of a set prize.
- 2. A qualifying play is a single MEGA MILLIONS® play for which the player pays an extra one dollar for the Megaplier® option. Megaplier® does not apply to the grand prize.

- 3. A qualifying play which wins one of the eight seven lowest set prizes (excluding the match 5+0 prize) will be multiplied by the number selected, two through four, in a separate random Megaplier® drawing. <u>The match</u> 5+0 prize shall be multiplied by four regardless of the number two through four drawn as the multiplier for the seven lowest set prizes.
- 4. A single number from a series of twenty-one numbers is selected according to the following frequency: two number 2s, seven number 3s, and twelve number 4s. The game group may change one or more of the multiplier numbers for a special promotion.
- 5. A prize awarded must be paid as a lump sum set prize. Instead of the normal set prize amount, a qualifying Megaplier® will pay the amounts shown below when matched with the Megaplier® number drawn:

MEGA MILLIONS® Pays Instead

Matches per Play	Prize Amount	4X	3X	2X
5 white + 0 gold	\$250,000	\$1,000,000	\$750,000	\$500,000
5 white + 0 gold	\$250,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
4 white + 1 gold	\$10,000	\$40,000	\$30,000	\$20,000
4 white + 0 gold	\$150	\$600	\$450	\$300
3 white + 1 gold	\$150	\$600	\$450	\$300
2 white + 1 gold	\$10	\$40	\$30	\$20
3 white + 0 gold	\$7	\$28	\$21	\$14
1 white + 1 gold	\$3	\$12	\$9	\$6
0 white + 1 gold	\$2	\$8	\$6	\$4

Rarely, a set prize amount may be less than the amount shown. In that case, a Megaplier® prize will be a multiple of two through four for the new set prize amount for the seven lowest set prizes. The Megaplier® prize for a match 5+0 prize will be a multiple of four. For example, if the match 4+1 set prize amount of ten thousand dollars becomes five thousand dollars under the game group's rules, a Megaplier® player winning that prize amount when a "4" has been drawn would win twenty thousand dollars (\$5,000 x 4). If the match $\frac{5}{5+0}$ set prize amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars becomes one hundred fifty thousand dollars under the game group's rules, a Megaplier® player winning that prize amount when a "4" has been drawn would win twenty thousand dollars under the game group's rules, a Megaplier® player winning that prize amount when a "4" has been drawn would dollars under the game group's rules, a Megaplier® player winning that prize amount when a "4" has been drawn would dollars under the game group's rules, a Megaplier® player winning that prize amount when a "4" has been drawn would dollars under the game group's rules, a Megaplier® player winning that prize amount when a "4" has been drawn would win six hundred thousand dollars (\$150,000 x 4).

6. The following table reflects the probability of the Megaplier® numbers being drawn:

Megaplier®

Probability of Prize Increase

4X - Prize won times 4	12 in 21
3X ⁻ - Prize won times 3	7 in 21
2X - Prize won times 2	2 in 21

History: Effective January 31, 2010<u>; amended effective September 14, 2010</u>. General Authority: NDCC 53-12.1-13 Law Implemented: NDCC 53-12.1-13